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CONDON GLOBE

VOL. X. CONDON, GILLIAM CO., OREGON, THURSDAY, APRIL 12, 1900. NO. 5.

ADVERTISING RATES. Professional cards, \$1.00 per month. One square, 1.50 per month.

Business locals will be charged at 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line thereafter.

Legal advertisements will in all cases be charged to the party ordering them, at legal rates, and paid for before insertion is published.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

FERSE TICKS FROM THE WIRES

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

W. J. Bryan addressed 10,000 people at Tacoma, Wash.

War tax will not be reduced at this session of congress.

The Puerto Rican bill passed the senate by a vote of 40 to 31.

The public debt decreased \$6,000,000 during the month of March.

A bill was passed to throw open Idaho and Oklahoma Indian lands.

The journeymen plumbers of Indianapolis have struck, demanding an increase in pay.

The legislative council of Trinidad has ratified the reciprocity treaty with the United States.

Aguinaldo is in Singapore. Singapore papers mention the fact and publish short interviews with him.

The plasterers of Minneapolis have been locked out, pending the settlement of their dispute as to hours.

Pearl harbor, in the Hawaiian islands, will be improved and fortified and made available for naval purposes.

Mexico's army convicts will be abolished by the new secretary of war. Volunteer service is to be encouraged.

The marine hospital service has sent an urgent request to congress for an appropriation of \$500,000 to fight plague in various seaport towns.

The casualties in the Philippine war since January 1, have been: Americans, 68 killed, 163 wounded; insurgents, 1,426 killed; 1,453 captured.

Great preparations for war are going on in Russia. All messages in regard to movements of troops are censored and all officers are denied leaves of absence.

The Illinois Brick Company, of Chicago, the brick combine of that city, has filed with the secretary of state a certificate of increase of capital stock from \$10,000 to \$9,000,000.

The party of scientists under Professor A. Agassiz, who left San Francisco several months ago on an expedition to the South Seas, has returned. This scientific expedition went first to the Phoenix, exploring the northern part of those islands, a region never before examined by scientists.

After refitting the vessel at Tahiti, the remainder of the Society islands, as well as the Cook, Savage and the islands of the Tonga group were explored. After refitting at Suva, the Ellice, Gilbert and Marshall islands were explored and the island of Guam was visited.

Republicans elected their entire ticket at Cincinnati.

Democrats made several striking gains in Michigan.

Plumbers of Cleveland are on a strike for higher wages.

Fire at Newport, Ark., destroyed property to the amount of \$500,000.

Roberts' communication with Kimberley has been cut off by the Boers.

No Puerto Rican franchise will be granted until government is established.

Two small boys of Astoria, Or., were drowned in the Columbia while out in a small boat.

Boers captured seven guns and 350 men in an engagement 17 miles from Bloemfontein.

Painters and carpenters of St. Louis are on a strike, pending adjustment of their demand for higher wages.

Beri-beri, small-pox and bubonic plague are prevalent at Manila, establishing a death rate of over 40 per 1,000.

Webster Davis, assistant secretary of the interior, has resigned to go on the lecture platform in the interest of the Boers.

Governor Roosevelt, of New York has signed the bill repealing the Horton boxing law. It will go into effect September 1.

There is a general desire among all classes in the Philippines for a speedy establishment of some form of permanent government.

Joe Pete, an Indian, under sentence of death for murder at Carson, Nev., has escaped from custody. He was to have been hanged May 4.

Diamonds, jewelry and money to the value of \$15,000 was stolen from a Philadelphia residence, and suspicious rests on the coachman, who is missing.

A British steam launch was captured by pirates near the Cheong Heung Shat district, the pilot of the boat murdered and the launch and lighter, which it had in tow, looted.

In a severe engagement near Bolivar, Venezuela, General Hernandez was defeated by General Penabaz, commanding the government troops. The revolutionists lost 228 killed.

Gov. Smith, of Vermont, owns a private locomotive. It is fitted with luxurious accommodations for eight passengers.

There is a scheme to construct a direct railroad from New York to Chicago, saving 300 miles and making the distance in 16 hours.

An chairman of the board of directors of the New York Central Railroad, Chauncey Depew draws the snug salary of \$60,000 annually.

LATER NEWS.

Emily Coplan, the actress, died at Stamford, Conn., aged 96 years.

Half the village of Proctorville, Ohio, was destroyed by fire. Loss \$200,000.

A German scientist has invented a compound which melts iron in five seconds.

Boers in Natal are becoming active, and an engagement with Buller is imminent.

The German flag has been raised over the Samoan islands of Upolu, Manono, Apolonia and Saru.

Captain John Codman, the famous advocate of free ships and free trade, is dead at Boston, aged 86.

The statue of Maud Adams will not be admitted to the Paris exposition because it is a personal exhibit.

At Pittsburg, Pa., a big eight-story department store was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of over a \$1,000,000.

Another brother of President Steyn, of Orange Free State, was captured at Kares Siding, and is now at Bloemfontein.

The squadron of the United States navy, recently formed in Chinese waters, is to have its headquarters at Hong Kong.

Forty people lost their lives at Austin, Texas, due to an overflow of the Colorado river. Property destroyed exceeded \$3,000,000.

Walter E. Groff, the defaulting cashier of the Adams Express Company at Dayton, Ohio, who left the city October 6 last, taking with him \$3,000 of the corporation's money, has been arrested in San Francisco.

The situation in Ashantee is unchanged. A Coomassie runner reports that all the Ashantee tribes are in arms, the king of Bekwai alone remaining loyal. It is believed that the Ashantee golden stool has been found and that the rising is due to the endeavor of the governor of the colony, Sir Frederic Mitchell Hodgson, to take possession of it.

The American Plate Mirror Company was chartered at Harrisburg, Pa., with a capital of \$50,000,000. This company is composed of well-known plate glass men, and is looked upon as the beginning of a determined move on the part of the American plate-glass men to wrest the trade in this country from foreign manufacturers.

Senator Tillman, from the committee on mines and mining, reported the bill providing for the utilization of a part of the proceeds of the sales of public lands in support of schools for mining in the public land states. It provides for the appropriation of \$10,000 annually for the present in each case and the gradual increase of the amount to \$20,000.

The Republicans elected 19 out of 35 aldermen in Chicago.

Admiral Dewey has announced himself as a candidate for president.

General French has given up his chase after the retreating Boers.

Boston is agitating the question of prohibition of ringing church bells.

The United States building at the Paris exposition will be closed on Sundays.

Queen Victoria landed at Dublin, Ireland, her first visit to the island in 39 years.

A temperance movement has been inaugurated in Mexico, owing to the increase of drunkenness.

Admiral Dewey's collection of curios and trophies, at his request, will be placed in the Smithsonian institute.

Turkish tower at the Paris exposition obstructs the view of the United States building and Commissioner Peck has protested against it.

The Vanderbilts and Morgans now have plans almost perfected which will give them absolute control of the coal supply of America.

Forty-four young men of Thurston, Or., have petitioned the military board for the organization of a company of the National Guard at that place.

The mammoth auditorium in which the Democratic National convention was to have been held on July 4, was burned to the ground, entailing a loss of \$350,000.

At Logansport, Ind., 160 masked men blew up two bridges and burned two toll houses on the Logansport and Burlington pike at midnight. The road is the only pike in the county, and protests have been directed against high toll and the alleged bad condition of the pike.

Michael J. Daly, the Brooklyn contractor who obtained from the Spanish city government of Havana a \$12,000,000 contract for sewerage and paving, has received a letter from Governor General Wood, informing him that his plans for the construction of sewers and the paving of the city of Havana are disapproved and rejected.

The newly organized American Match Machine Company, a New Jersey corporation, is about to enter into competition with the Diamond Match Company, known as the match trust. The new company does not intend to confine its attention to the trade of the United States, but will make a vigorous fight for European trade, through the sale of rights.

A national congress of mothers is to be held at Des Moines, Ia., May 21-25.

The department of agriculture will plant 100,000 rubber trees in the Hawaiian islands.

At Lady Lansdowne's concert in London, Mme. Patti is said to have worn diamonds worth over \$1,000,000.

Gen. John J. Elwell, a hero of the civil war, died at Cleveland, O. His military service extended from 1861 to 1866.

CAPTURED BY BOERS

Roberts Loses Five Companies of Infantry.

SURROUNDED BY A LARGE FORCE

General Villebois Mareuil, a Frenchman in the Dutch Army, Killed in a Fight With Methuen's Forces.

London, April 9.—Lord Roberts reports that five companies of British troops have been captured by Boers near Bethanie. The following is the text of his dispatch to the war office, announcing the capture:

"Bloemfontein, April 9.—Another unfortunate occurrence has occurred, resulting, I fear, in the capture of a party of infantry, consisting of three companies of the Royal Irish Fusiliers and two companies of the Ninth regiment of mounted infantry, near Redderbury, a little eastward of the Bethanie railway station, within a few miles of this place. They were surrounded by a strong force of the enemy, with four or five guns.

"The detachment held out from noon of April 8 until April 4, at 9 P. M., and then apparently surrendered, for it is reported that the firing ceased at that time. Immediately after I heard the news, during the afternoon of April 3, I ordered Gatacre to proceed from Springfontein, his present headquarters, to Redderbury with all possible speed, I dispatched the Cameron Highlanders hence to Bethanie. He arrived at Redderbury at 10:30 A. M., without opposition, but could get no news of the missing detachment. There can be no doubt that the whole party has been made prisoners."

The lost companies are probably a part of the force guarding the railroad at Bethanie, 30 miles south of Bloemfontein. The Boers are evidently operating in force near the railroad, and there is a possibility of the lines being interrupted for a brief period at any time. As the captured British soldiers were in a position to defend themselves for nearly 24 hours and were then forced to surrender, the fighting must have been severe.

The Boers were in force yesterday five miles from Jagersfontein, situated 60 miles up from Bloemfontein. They had a brush with British patrols.

Gen. Villebois Mareuil Killed.

London, April 9.—The war office received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts, dated Bloemfontein, April 9:

"Methuen telegraphs from Boshof, in the Orange Free State, a little northwest of Kimberley, as follows:

"Surrounded General Villebois Mareuil and a body of Boers today, and they could not escape. Villebois and seven Boers were killed, eight wounded and 50 are prisoners."

WORK OF REVOLUTIONISTS.

American Consul Strung Up by the Thugs in Peru.

Chicago, April 9.—A special to the Record from Washington says: Edward Gottfried, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., late consular agent of the government at Truxillo, Peru, in a sworn statement which he has filed with the state department, asserts that in the summer of 1898 at Huamacho, 50 or 60 Peruvian revolutionists dragged him half dressed to the public square, where they demanded that he produce 5,000 soles (between \$3,000 and \$4,000) and 25 rifles within 15 minutes or submit to chastisement in what is termed the "flying stocks."

Gottfried says he protested that he was unable to comply with the demand and was immediately knocked down and with a blow from a gun and overpowered. His thumbs were tied together with thoughts and his hands twisted back of his head. Heavy rifles were inserted between the inverted elbows and his head and in that position he was strung up. In a short time the agonizing pains rendered him insensible. The administration will demand restitution and an apology.

BURMAH FRONTIER FIGHT.

Battle Between Chinese Raiders and the British Police.

Vancouver, B. C., April 9.—Oriental papers state that Chinese official enmity towards foreigners is being specially directed against British citizens in China. Instigated, it is said, by Russian suggestions, the Chinese have lately been especially troublesome on the Burma-Chinese frontier, where a medical officer and an assistant commissioner were murdered.

A story was brought by the Empress of Japan from Yokohama today of a series of additional Chinese raids on the Burman boundary, culminating in a battle between 500 Chinese and 75 military police under District Superintendent Herts, of Rangoon.

The Indian military police, with 50 Gurkhas, attacked the main body of Chinese, killing 84 and capturing their guns, jingals and banners. The Chinese leader was among the killed. Six of the British forces, including two officers, were wounded, only one seriously. The scene of the battle was eight miles on the Burma side of the frontier.

Lehigh Laboratory Burned.

Bethlehem, Pa., April 9.—The physical laboratory of Lehigh University, one of the largest in the country, was burned today, and all its scientific apparatus was destroyed. The loss on the building and contents is \$200,000; insurance, \$50,000.

Tragedy on a California Farm.

St. Helena, Cal., April 9.—W. H. Alexander, a farmer, shot and killed his wife today and then took his own life by cutting his throat with a razor.

AMBUSHED BY OUTLAWS.

Thrilling Experience of Two New Mexico Officers.

Phoenix, Ariz., April 7.—The following details of the ambushing of Officers Scarborough, of Deming, N. M., and Birchfield, by outlaws in the Chiricaca mountains, have been received here.

The outlaws discovered that they were being followed and laid a trap for the officers, who walked into it. As soon as they came within rifle range, the party of three bandits opened fire. The first volley wounded Scarborough and Birchfield, one shot striking Scarborough in the leg badly shattering the bone; another struck Birchfield in the left arm. Both men were disabled. The wounded officers held the outlaws at bay, although hard pressed, several times. A continuous firing was kept up until dark.

In the meantime, Birchfield managed to build a rude rock fort in which he placed Scarborough, and as soon as darkness prevented his movements from being observed by the bandits, he slipped away, secured a horse and went for assistance. Returning at daybreak he found Scarborough still alive and holding the fort, but suffering intense pain from his wound and exposure, it having rained and snowed all through the night. The party arrived at San Simon at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon with Scarborough, and he was sent to his home in Deming. His wound will probably prove fatal.

A large posse has started in pursuit of the outlaws, who have evidently gone further back in the mountains, where it will be almost impossible to dislodge them.

NEWS FROM HAWAII.

Two Fresh Plague Cases Reported March 25.

Honolulu, March 30, via San Francisco, April 7.—Two cases of plague were reported March 25. One was a Japanese fisherman, the other a white man named John Hurley. Since that date no cases have appeared.

Word has reached here that the disabled steamer Cleveland reached Honolulu safely March 28. The distance of 400 miles was made under sail in 10 days.

Three hundred or more steamer passengers will probably sail from here on the next steamer for San Francisco. Dr. Carmichael has decided that, in view of the recognition now given the prophylactic as a preventative remedy, effective for from 30 to 40 days, he will give permits for steamer passage to persons who take the prophylactic and are in good health, have their baggage disinfected and are otherwise under sanitary conditions.

A riot occurred at Pauhaus plantation March 17. A captain of police and four officers arrested eight Japanese for gambling. About 200 Japanese, armed with cane knives and clubs, surrounded the officers and forced them to release their prisoners.

A disastrous case fire swept over 530 acres on the Hawaiian Commercial & Sugar Company's plantation March 20.

Combination of Jobbers.

San Francisco, April 7.—The case of the St. Louis petitioners was taken up today before the interstate commerce commission, and considerable evidence was introduced in support of their application for a smaller differential in freight rates between the Middle West and the Pacific coast. Hardware merchants from Petaluma, San Jose and Oakland were before the commission today, and their testimony was directed to the allegation that Pacific coast jobbers have united in a combination to restrain trade by shutting out Eastern and Middle West competition, thereby forcing up prices. Several witnesses testified to their belief that such a combination existed.

Disturbances in Panama.

New York, April 7.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: "It is now admitted that the disturbances in Panama, Colombia, are serious, and the authorities are beginning to pay attention to them. Mail service has been interrupted in consequence of the operations of the troops, and it was reported today that there had been fighting in the streets of Panama. Inquiry at the department of state, however, failed to elicit any information on this point.

"A revolution in Colombia is of especial importance to the United States, because of the guarantee made by this government to preserve free transit between Colon and Panama."

New Cuban Railroad.

New York, April 7.—A strong syndicate has been formed for the purpose of constructing a railroad extending the length of Cuba, a distance of about 800 miles, as soon as the necessary authority can be obtained. The full amount of capital required for this undertaking, it is understood, has already been subscribed by the syndicate, which is headed by Sir William C. Van Horne.

Nep Perfection's Smallpox Situation.

Washington, April 7.—The officers of the marine hospital service have consented to handle the smallpox situation on the Nep Perfection's settlement in Idaho. They will co-operate with the agents and inspectors of the Indian bureau, and will establish detention camps and do whatever else is necessary to stamp out the disease and prevent its spread.

Business Block Burned.

Menominee, Mich., April 7.—Fire today destroyed the Spies building, the largest business block in the city. The loss on the building is \$60,000; insurance, \$12,000. The total loss, including the losses of firms occupying the block, is estimated at \$200,000.

New York, April 7.—The jury in the case of Olga Nethercole and others, accused of maintaining a nuisance in performing the play "Sappho," has returned a verdict of not guilty.

FLOOD AT AUSTIN

Swollen Colorado River Carried Away the Great Dam.

THIRTY OR FORTY LIVES LOST

Similar to the Johnstown Disaster—Great Loss to Property—Part of the City Inundated.

Austin, April 10.—This city is tonight in pitch darkness, with a raging river, one mile wide, swollen far beyond its natural banks, roaring and surging through all the lower portion of the town, having spread death and destruction in its wake. In addition to the vast loss to property interests, it is calculated that between 30 and 40 lives have been sacrificed, and the reports coming in from the tributary country tonight do not tend to improve matters. The flood is not unlike the disastrous Johnstown flood of some years ago, in that a raging river, already swollen far beyond its capacity, bore to heavily upon an immense dam spanning a river, breaking it and letting loose a reservoir of water 30 miles long, half a mile wide and 60 feet deep, to aid in carrying destruction down the valleys of the Colorado river.

The great dam in the Colorado gave way at noon from the enormous pressure of water and debris, and with a roar and crash swept the valley below the city, wrecking the immense light and power plant and drowning eight workmen.

Last Wednesday night it began to rain very hard at this place, the storm extending north of here along the watershed of the Colorado river. The precipitation continued until this morning, the down fall averaging six inches within an hour. All this vast quantity of water all along the watershed of the Colorado river rapidly swelled the current until at 8 o'clock this morning the dam was overtopped and the reservoir of water was made under sail in 10 days.

Three hundred or more steamer passengers will probably sail from here on the next steamer for San Francisco. Dr. Carmichael has decided that, in view of the recognition now given the prophylactic as a preventative remedy, effective for from 30 to 40 days, he will give permits for steamer passage to persons who take the prophylactic and are in good health, have their baggage disinfected and are otherwise under sanitary conditions.

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SANNAS POST AMBUSCADE.