SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

VOL. IX.

CONDON, GILLIAM CO., OREGON, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1899.

NO. 35.

O. R. & N. Co. Time Card. New time card, taking effect Sunday, Pebru-ary lith:

2-Via Huntington, leaves. 4-Via Spokane, leaves...... 24-Local freight, leaves..... WHIT BOUND.

EAST BOUND.

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The Regulator Line.

## The Dalles, Portland & Astoria what Secretary Gage will ask for in his annual report. He will recommend NAVIGATION CO.

THROUGH FREIGHT AND PASSENGER

LINE ....

Daily Line of Steamers Between Portland Vancouver, Cascade Locks, Hood River

and all Points on the Washington side. The steamers Dalles City and Regulator leave Fortland every morning (except Sonday) at 7 and The balles at 8 a. m. arriving at destina-tion is supple time for outgoing trains.

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DEPART	From Arington	ABOM
Fant Mail 1:50 a.m.	Sait Lake, Denver, Ft. Worth, Omaha, Kunsas City, St Louis, Chicago, and East.	Fast Mail. 1:06 p. us.
Spokane Fiyer 7:33 p. m.	Walla Walla, Spo- kane, Minneapo- lis, St. Paul, Du- luth, Milwankee, Chicago and East	Spokane Flyer \$:15a. m
€:00 p.m.	Ocean Steamships From Portland. Sail every five days.	4:00 p. m.
8:00 p. m. Ex. Sunday Saturday 10:00 p. m.	Columbia River Steamers. To Astoria and Way Landings.	4:00 p. m. Ex. Sunday
6:00 a.m. Ex. Sunday	Williamelle filver.  Oregon City, Newborg, Salem & Way Laudings.	4:30 p. m. Ex. Sunday
7:00 a. m. Tues. Thur. and Sat.	Willemette and Yam- hill filvers. Oregon City, Day- ton, & Way Land- ings.	3:80 p. m. Mon. Wed. and Fri.
6:00 a.m. Tues., Thur- and Sat.	Wittamelte fliver. Portland to Corval- lis & Way Land- lings.	4:00 p. m. Tues., Thur- and Sat.
Lv. Riparia 1:45 a. m. Daily Ex.Saturday	Snake Siver. Riparia to Lewiston	Lv. Lewiston 5:45 a. m. Bally Ex. Priday

J. E. CRANE, Agent, Arlington.

W. H. HURLBURT, Seneral Passenger Agent, Portland, Co.

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

PERSE TICKS FROM THE WIRES

in Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

Captain Geary, who was killed at Malabon, October 16, was a native of

Boer losses at Ladysmith are estinated at between 900 and 1,000 killed and wounded.

Oregon salmon eggs are being sent to Australian waters where they are exected to thrive.

England has called out more reserve and within 10 days men to replace the captured forces will sail for South

The state will pay the Iowans' fares home. Three special sleeping-car trains and subsistence will be fur-

The Pullman-Wagner Company has so pulled its strings that even independent railway lines will turn their sleep-

Cable advices to the war department udicate that General Young's column pressing on toward San Jose, though progress is difficult on account of wet

The Washington regiment has been mustered out. About 300 men, including the Seattle companies, left by steamer for home. The others go north by rail.

Although all regiments have their full quota, recruiting will be continued for the Philippines. Men will be needed each month to fill vacancies by casualties and discharges.

Colonel Wholley, of the Washingrton colunteer infantry, has been appointed najor of the Forty-first volunteer infantry and has been ordered to join that regiment for service in the Philippines.

A party of students from the University of Chicago will go to the Kentucky mountains, where the recent feuds have occurred, to study simple frontier life as retained by the moun-

A Lima, Peru, dispatch says Durand's revolutionary forces are being closely pursued by the government troops, and according to official dispatches, the situation of the leader of Peru's latest revolution seems to be

An elastic bank note currency with the gold standard enacted into law is what Secretary Gage will ask for in enactment of a law for the issue of bank notes against deposits of bonds and greenbacks, and allowing banks t issue notes against their assets under

certain restrictions. The recuperative powers of the Boen are regarded with wonder by the

The Peruvian cocoa crop is a failure. The plants were damaged by insects and the price has already doubled,

A professional baseball league for 1900, to include Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and Vancouver, B. C., is now on

Admiral Schley will go to South lantic squadron to protect American

interests during the progress of the war. Interesting experiments of Marconi's system on warships resulted in wireess telegraph messages being successfully transmitted over 29 miles of

Professor Arthur McGiffert, of Union eminary. New York, refuses to quietly resign from the Presbyterian ministry, and another heresy trial seems inevt-

The president, it is said, considers that the Germans and British caused the trouble at Samoa and that they should pay the greater portion of the

At Kamloops, B. C., John Hayes is to be tried for murder. He is accused by the confession of his sister of having killed her husband, she acting as

Dwight L. Townsend, founder of the Postal Telegraph Company, United Lines Telegraph Company and the fam ous Havemeyer sugar factory, is dead at New York.

In his message President McKinley will ask for an appropriation for a commission to be appointed to investigate the commercial and industrial condition of the Chinese empire.

The Aberdeen Packing Company's cannery at Fairhaven, Wash., was burned. All machinery and stock, including 15,000 cases of canned salmon, went up in smoke; loss, \$150,000.

Captain Leary, the naval governor of the island of Guam, in the Ladrones, was forced to adopt heroic measures to snforce his administration. The friars were hostile to his orders so he invited them to leave.

William Waldorf Astor has paid \$406,896 taxes in New York this year. A bust of ex-Speaker Reed is being executed in bronze for the Maine legis-

George F. Edmunds has presented 2,500 volumes of standard books to the

high school library in Burlington, Vt. Mrs. D. M. Rice, of Aptos, Cal., is the clest daughter of American parents born in that state. She is but 58 years

### LATER NEWS.

The British think they inflicted torrible loss on the Boers in Thursday's

Ex-President Harrison has returned to the United States after an extended trip abroad. Puerto Cabello har surrendered to

General Castro and the officials of the de facto government. Half a million dollars' worth of

property was destroyed by fire in Kansas City. The Washington boys are home.

They were greeted everywhere with en-The general belief in London is that

the Boers are now waiting for more guns from Pretoria before attacking Ladysmith. Eastern Oregon is experiencing its first labor strike. Fifty miners of the

Sonanza mine near Baker City, are out Of the Coeur d'Alene rioters tried in Moscow for conspiracy against the United States, 10 were found guilty

and three were acquitted. The ship Charles E. Moody, long overdue at Honolulu, has at last arrived. She was 190 days in making the assage from Norfolk navy yard.

Boers are said to have issued letters of marque in Europe and the United States, and British commerce may suffer, even if the transports do not. In his annual report United States

treasurer suggests the impounding of releemed treasury notes and thinks banks should increase their circulaton. England has sent 10,000 rounds of yddite shells to South Africa. Ac-

cording to estimates, a single shell of will kill 800 men. John R. McLean, Democratic candi date for governor of Ohio, has given out an address through the press in

which he predicts that "Hanna is beaten." The most important expedition of the fall campaign chasing Aguinaldo is now on, and it is predicted that the

ebel capital will soon be untenable for Marconi will not operate with the was demanded was the expulsion of signal corps of the United States, but the friars and the restitution to the will return to England in connection

telegraphy in South Africa. Nicaragua wants some of Costs Rica's coast territory. The government has completely routed the insur gents and dealt a death blow to the re colutionary movement in Peru.

The Shamrock has sailed for home Vice-President Hobart's days of pubic service are said to be over.

A lone highwayman held up six peo ple at one time near Pendleton, Or. It was reported in London that one of the troopships which sailed for the

Cape last week had been lost at sea. The Russian minister of finance as-

smith was caused by mules running away with all the reserve ammunition. The receipts for the Jeffries-Sharkey

prizefight in New York were the largest or any sporting or dramatic event in The transport Hancock since her

emodeling at San Francisco can lay claim to being the finest troopship in One of the greatest financial combi-

nations of the century is now forming.

the United States army, is in San Francisco, where he will remain some time on official business Announcement is made at San Fran

Company is a go. It is otherwise known as the cracker trust. Germany cannot trade for England's

interests in Samoa without the approval and consent of Uncle Sam. egotiations to that end are now on. Wireless telegraphy is to be used in the Samoas. It costs much less and will be more practicable than the cable

system, in view of the coral growth in Senator Allison says President Mo-Kinley has no authority to order withdrawal of the army and navy from the

cial act of congress to do this. President Schurman, of the Philippine commission, says that we did not acquire entire control of the sultan of Sulu's domain in the war with Spain and we have only an external protec

The international commercial cor gress in their resolutions adopted at Philadelphia favor lasting peace among laws, parcel post system, international bureau of statistics and inter-oceanic pore:

General Funston, of the Twentieth Kansas, was charged in the San Franeisco Monitor, a Catholic paper, with taking two magnificent chalices from Philippine churches. He has brought suit against that paper and against Archbishop Ireland for criminal libel.

A charter has been issued by the state department of Pennsylvania to the Sharon Steel Company, of Sharon, with a capital of \$3,000,000. Steps are being taken in Hartford,

Conn., for the erection of a free library

building in memory of Noah Webster,

the lexicographer. Dr. Mary E. Mosher is the only wo man doctor alowed to practice in the Yukon district and the only homeopath in the entire Northwest territory.

Dewey Made No Promises to Aguinaldo.

REPORT OF THE COMMISSION dore.

of Its Investigations in th Philippines-A History of the Islands.

Washington, Nov. 4.—In accordance with the understanding reached at the conference at the White House yesterday, the Philippine commission submitted to the president the preliminary report which it had promised to pre-

The report appears to be a compact summary of conditions on the islands as the commission left them; of the historical events which preceded the Spanish war and led to the original Filipino insurrection: of the exchanges between Admiral Dewey and the other American commanders and the insur gents, the breaking out and progress of the present insurrection, and finally a statement of the capacity of the Filipinos for self-government. A notable feature of the report is a memorandum by Admiral Dewey, explanatory of his relations with Aguinaldo.

The commission tells briefly how it conducted the task intrusted to it, hearing statements from all classes of people in Manila as to the capability the Filipinos for self-government, the habits and customs of the people, and also the establishment of municipal governments in many towns. All this this kind falling into a compact body matter is to be included in the final report.

History of the Islands. Turning to the history of the islands, the commission attaches a little importance to the divers rebellions which had preceded that of 1896. As to this movement, it declares it was in no sense an attempt to win independence, but solely to obtain relief from intolerable abuses. To sustain this statement the commission quotes from an insurgent proclamat on showing that what was demanded was the expulsion of people of their lands, with a division with the use of the wireless system of of the Episcopal sees between Spanish and native priests. It was also de-manded that the Filipinos have parliamentary representation, freedom of the press, religious toleration, economic autonomy and laws simlar to those of Spain. The abolition of the power of and equality in pay between Spanish

and native civil servants. The commission declares that these demands had good ground; that on paper the Spanish system of government was tolerable, but in practice every serts that his country is better in con- strict press censorship. Allusion is engaged was unavoidable. We were wounded. dition than either France or England. made to the powerful Katipunan so- attcked by bold, adventurous and enand mainly made up of Tagals, as a powerful revolutionary force.

The war begun in 1896 was termin-The Filipinos were numerous, but possessed only about 800 small arms. The Spanish felt that it would require 100,-000 men to capture their stronghold, and concluded to resort to the use of

The arrangement was not acceptable to the people. The promises were never carried out. Spanish abuses be-It will control all the telephones and gan afresh, in Manila alone more than two 200 men being executed. Hence sporadic revolutions occurred, though they possessed nothing like the strength of the original movement. The insurgents lacked arms, ammunition and leaders. The treaty had ended the war, which, with the exception of an cisco that the Pacific Coast Biscuit unimportant outbreak in Cebu, had been confined to Luzon, Spain's sovreignty in the islands never having been questioned and the thought of independence never having been enter-

The report then tells how General Angustini came to Manila as governorgeneral at this juncture, and war broke out between Spain and the United States. Angustini sought to secure the support of the Filpinos to defend Spain against America, promising them autonomy, but the Filipinos did not trust him. Then came the first of May and the destruction of the Spanish fleet Philippines. It would require a spe- by Dewey, with the resulting loss of prestige to Spain. Then in June, Aguinaldo came.

Relations With Aguinaldo.

On this point the commission says: "The following memorandum on this subject has been furnished the commission by Admiral Dewey:

" 'Memorandum of relations with following cipher dispatch was received nations, assimilation of trade-mark at Hong Kong from E. Spencer Pratt, fctory than at any previous time for a United States consul-general at Singa-

" ' 'Aguinaldo, insurgent leader, Will come to Hong Kong, arrange with commodore for general cooperation insurgents Manila if desired. PRATT.'"

Aguinaldo come soon as possible." The Gunboat Sank a Poscher

San Francisco, Nov. 4.—The whaling bark Charles A. Morgan, which artion of the casualties in action and rived today from Japanese waters, brings the story of the sinking of a arimes between May 1, 1898, and June Japanese sealing schooner by the Russian gunboat Alexis. The schooner, which carried a crew of, 21 men, was caught poaching on Russian sealing men.

Three of her men were picked up by

# necessity for haste being due to the fact that the squadron had been notified

by the Hong Kong government to leave those waters by the following day. The squadron left Hong Kong on the morning of the 25th, and Mirs bay on the 27th. Aguinaldo did not leave Singapore until the 26th, and so did not arrive in Hong Kong in time to have a conference with the commo

"It had been reported to the commo dore as early as March 1 by the United States consul at Manila and others, that the Filiipnos had broken out in insurrection against the Spanish authority in the vicinity of Manila, and on March 30 Mr. Wlliams had telegraphed: 'Five thousand rebels armed in camp near city. Loyal to us in case of war.

Upon the arrival of the squadron at Manila it was found there was no insurrection to speak of, and it was accordingly decided to allow Aguinaldo to come to Cavite on board the McCulloch. He arrived, with 13 of his staff, on May 19, and immediately came on board the Olympia to call on the com-mander-in-chief, after which he was allowed to land at Cavite and organzie an army. This was done with the purpose of strengthening the United States forces and weakening those of the enemy. No alliance of any kind was entered into with Aguinaldo, nor was any promise of independence made to him, then or at any other time."

First Idea of Independence. The commission's report then rap idly sketches events now historical. It tells in substance how the Filipinos attacked the Spanish, and how General Anderson arrived, and Aguinaldo, a. his request, removed from Cavite to Baccor.

The report states that Aguinaldo wished to attack the Americans wher they landed at Paranaque, but was de terred by lack of arms and ammunition. From that point on there was a growing friction between the Filipinoe and the American troops. A brief chapter tells of the lack of success attending the effort made at

Filipino people.

intention, purposes and desires of the

The Outbreak. This brings the story up to the outbreak on the evening of February 4, with the attack upon the American troops following the action of the Ne brasks sentinel. The commission, in concluding this chapter, says:

"After the landing of our troops Aguinaldo made up his mind that it would be necessary to fight the Ameribanishment was demanded, with a cans, and after the making of the legal equality for all persons in law treaty of peace at Paris his determination was strengthened. He did not only openly declare that he intended to fight the Americans, but he excited everybody, and especially the military, by claiming independence, and it is ernment were hidden from Spain by war is, the one in which we are now oners. The Americans had 11 men ciety, patterned on the Masonio order, thusiastic army. No alternative was

left to us except ignominious retreat. issued the following announcement: "It is not to be conceived that any American had sanctioned the surrender formation to the effect that the Britis. ated by the treaty of Biac-Na-Bate. of Manila to the insurgents. Our ob- troops have withdrawn from Colens ligations to other nations and to the and have concentrated further south, friendly Filipinos and to ourselves and but we have no news of any engageour flag demanded that force should be ment in that neighborhood." met with force. Whatever the future of the Philippines may be, there is no doubtedly a most serious matter for the course open to us now except the prose- British in Natal, as it not only testifies cution of the war until the insurgents to the complete investment of Ladyare reduced to submission. The com- smith by the Boers, but makes the mission is of the opinion that there has relief of General Sir George Stewart been no time since the destruction of White an extremely difficult operation. the Spanish squadron by Admral Dewey when it was possible to withdraw our forces from the islands, either with honor to ourselves or with safety to the d'Alene miners' trial brought in a ver-

inhabitants." which would excuse, if it did not ne cessitate, the invtervention of other powers, and the eventual division of the islands among them. Only through American occupation, therefore, is the idea of a free government and united Philippine commonwealth at all conceivable.

GOVERNOR GEER PROCLAIMS November 30 a Day of Thanksgiving— Things to Be Thankful For.

Salem, Nov. 3-Governor Geer today proclaimed November 30 a day of general thanksgiving. The proclamation among other things contains the fol-

"The year just drawing to a close has been one of general happiness and contentment. The earth has given forth abundance of its proudets, for which in all cases better compensatior has been received than in former years.

"The mandates of spreading civilization are calling upon us as a great na tion, to carry forward the banner of progress and enlightenment, and the their homes. task is being performed with willing ness and enthusiasm that do credit to our recognition of duty that we could On the same day Commodore our recognition of duty that we could Dewey telegraphed Mr. Pratt: 'Tell not shirk if we would and would not if

Washington, Nov. 4 .- A recapitula-

deaths in the regular and voluntees 30, 1899, contained in the annual re port of the adjutant-general of the army shows a grand total of 10,076 The casualty list alone aggregates 8,454, of whom 85 officers and 458 enlisted men were killed and 197

Mest Important Expedition of Fall Campaign.

Fleet of Transports and Gunboats Sail to Co-Operate With Land Forces -End Next Spring.

Manila, Nov. 7 .- This evening a fleet of transports and gunboats left Manila for the most important expedition of the autumn campaign. Its destination is supposed to be Dagupan, or Weaton commands, with a brigade consisting of the Thirteenth infantry, the Sixth artillery and two gatlings. The transports Sheridan, Francisco de Reys and Aztec carry the troops, with the gunboat Helena as escort. A dispatch boat was sent ahead to arrange s rendezvous with the United States that are patrolling the northern coast

It is assumed here that the purpose of the expedition is to move down the Dagupan-Manila railroad towards Tarlac, in order to prevent Aguinaldo's forces making another base farther south. Dagupan and Apparri are the strongholds of the insurgents in the

It has been the unanimous opinion of military experts that Dagupan should be made a base of operations, but sufficient troops have heretofore been lacking. With Generals Wheaton, Mac-Arthur and Lawton moving upon Tarlac from three directions, and the mountains hemming in the other side, the insurgents' capital will soon become untenable. Aguinaldo may attempt to shift his headquarters to the rich tobacco country at the northern end of the this time by Generl Merritt, through . island. It will be difficult for the commission, to arrive at a mutual uninsurgents to escape. Should the derstanding with Aguinaldo as to the scheduled operations succeed, organized insurrection on a large scale should be at an end early next spring, although guerrila warfare is likely to continue for a long time. No one anticipates that the insurgents will make many

hard battles. Manila, Nov. 7, 10:15 A. M.-Two sion yesterday took Magaling, about six miles northeast of Angeles. Colonel Smith, with two battalions of the Seventeenth infantry, two guns of the First artillery, and a body of engineers, advanced from Angeles. O'Brien, with a battalion of the Seventeenth infantry and two troops of the

Fourth cavalry, moved from Calulut. Colonel Smith killed 11 insurgents, wounded 128 and captured 50, as well doubtful whether he had the power to as taking a lot of insurgent transporta-Spanish governor did what he saw fit, check or control the army at the time tion. Major O'Brien killed 49 insurgand the evil deeds of men in the gov- hostilities broke out. Deplorable as ents, wounded many and took 28 pris-

Retreat Cut Off. "The colonial office has received i

The evacuation of Colenso is un

Ten Men Convicted. Moscow, Id., Nov. 7.—The jury which has been out in the Coeur dict at 11 a. m. today. The jurymen "Should our power, by any fatality, be withdrawn the commission believes was delivered by Foreman Tucker. filed into the courtroom and the verdict the government of the Philippines Ten of the defendants were found guilty would speedily lapse into anarchy, and three not gulty. The convicted men are: Dennis O'Rourke., Arthur netti, C. R. Burres, Francis Butler, E. Abinola, P. F. O'Donnell, Mike Malvey, Loins Salla. Those who were

Shaw, W. V. Bundren. Under the statutes the penalty for conspiracy against the United States and a delay of the mails is a one of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000. has been requested to fix the date of or not to exceed two years imprisonment, or both fine and imprisonment.

Tacoma, Nov. 7.—Companies A, C, I, E and L, of the First Washington Dayton, and company G, of Vancouver, Coast steamship Company, and all of Aguinaldo: On April 24, 1898, the Our laboring classes are more generally attend the Seattle celebration, the that Goodall, Perkins & Co., which employed at wages more nearly satis Tacoma company going over in the firm for years was the company's morning, and the other two leaving late tonight. The First Washington

A banquet and reception were ten dered the companies here today, and a parade of military and civic societies pany, with headquarters in Seattle, has escorted the companies to the banquet halls. Between 80,000 and 50,000 steamship company. people cheered the returned volunteers at the depot and along the line of

cipally by the Manhattan Bed & Spring running mate for Presidnet McKinley, Company, and it is believed caused the should the president be renominated the Russian's boats, but the rest were officers and 2,764 enlisted men Charles Smith and a youth named senate, to preside over its deliberations wounded.

## GALE ON THE LAKES.

OF ANY PAPER IN THE COUNTY.

ADVERTISING BATES.

Business locals will be charged at 10 cents per

charged to the party ordering them, at lega mess, and paid for before affidavit is furnished

Hany Vessels Reported in Trouble-One

Chicago, Nov. 6.-The northeast gale, which has been raging for over 48 nours and brought the first snow of the season to this locality, still continues. Life savers at various lake points have been kept busy watching for and aid-REBEL CAPITAL SOON UNTENABLE ing vessels in distress. The following vessels were reported as being in trouble at various points:

Schooner William H. Dunham, ashore near St. Joseph, Mich.; steamer, name unl'nown, ashore near Bois Blanc Island; schooner Kate Lyons, stranded near Cathead; schooner Elgin, put in at Milwaukee, leaking badly.

The fleet of sheltered vessels in Chicago harbor last night was reported as greatly increased. Over 240 boats have been reported in shelter during some other northern port. General the last two days, which makes an unusually large list.

The schooner rigged yacht Chiquita, Thirty-third infantry, two guns of the with a dead man supposed to be D. S. Way, the owner and captain, lashed to the rigging, went ashore in the gale three miles east of Miller's Station. Ind. It is believed that all the crew and passengers have perished. Garments found in the cabin indicated cruiser Charleston and the warships that at least one woman was among the unfortunate party on the yacht. Where the vessel belonged was not ascertained last night, but it was thought it was from some Michigan port.

The dead man lashed to the rigging was apparently 50 years of age. On his left temple was a deep cut, probably caused by a falling spar. The signature "D. S. Way" was found on a number of papers and effects in the cabin. The name "D. S. Way" was found also on the silverware. In the cabin was found a woman's complete wardrobe.

In the cabin there was a fully equipped amateur photographer's outfit and among other things a large number of pictures. The supplies had all been bought in Charlevoix, Mich. The Chiquita was first seen by Albert Sabinske, a fisherman, who lives on the shore a mile from Miller's, as he was looking for driftwood in the morning. At that time he saw three or the crew on the deck.

savers is patrolling the beach in search of the missing bodies.

A squad from the South Chicago life

INSURGENTS FIGHT HARD. columns of Generals MacArthur's divi- But Lawton Scatters Them in All Directions-Their Cavalry Gone Washington, Nov. 6 .- The war department has received the following

cablegram: "Manila-On November 1, Lieuten ant Slavens and 18 men reconnoitered in McArthur's front, and struck 40 or more insurgents. They immediately attacked and dispersed them, killing three and wounding a number. No casualities.

"Yesterday, in Lawton's advance at Aliago, he struck the enemy both west and south of the city. Batson's Macabebe scouts, reconnoitering south, struck the insurgents in ambush. Lieutenant Boutelle was killed and one scout wounded. Batson routed the enemy, and left seven dead in the thickets.

"Yesterday, Bell, of the Thirty-sixth volunteers, with regiment and troop of the Fourth cavalry, cleared the country of all armed insurgents from Florida Blanca to a considerable distance beyond Porac, pursuing them into the mountains, capturing nine of their cavalry forces, several guns' considerable property, killing, wounding and cap-turing a number of the enemy. The insurgents' cavalry of that section is practically destroyed. Bell's casualties were one man killed and two

A Dewey Reunion Tacoma, Nov. 6 .- A. M. Dewey, special agent of the government depart ment of labor, has announced here that all members of the Dewey family related to Admiral Dewey would hold s reunion at the Waldorf Astoria hotel in New York in January or February. Wallace, Henry Maroni, John Luncin- Dewey, who is a consin of the Admiral has been one of the prime movers in the plan for reunion. He says acceptance have been received from all parts acquitted are: F. W. Garrett, Fred of the country, indicating that 1,500 Deweys will gather in New York to meet the admiral and his bride.

> coast will be present. Admiral Dewey the reunion.

Over 100 Deweys from the Pacific

San Francisco, Nov. 6.—The Call mays that on January 1 San Francisco regiment, arrived today. Company F will cease to be the shipping and genwent direct home from Portland to eral business center of the Pacific stopped at its home. Companies A and the local interests of that concern will L, of Spokane, went to Spokane at 7 be moved to Seattle. Although no o'clock tonight, while the Walla Walla, public announcement of the fact has Tacoma and Yakima companies will been yet made, it has become known agents and managers, have been deprived of the agency and is closing up regiment band accompanied the com- its books as rapidly as possible in order panies coming north by rail, and dis- that the formal transfer of the business banded here, the members going to may take place on or before the appointed date.

> The change is due to the fact that the Great Northern Railway Comsecured a controlling interest in the

New York, Nov. 4.-A special to the Herald from Washington says: Vice-President Hobart's announcement, through members of his family, New York, Nov. 6 .- Fire today of his retirement from public life will gutted the seven-story building at 94, make it necessary for the republican 96 and 98 Mott street, occupied prin- national convention to choose another death of three persons. Michael Con- next year. It will also necessitate the until a new vice-president takes office.