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....S. A. PATTISON....

Editor and Proprietor.

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No. 3—Portland, leaves ..... 4:02 a. m.
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Spokane Flyer 7:22 p. m.	Walla Walla, Spokane, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth, Milwaukee, Chicago and East	Spokane Flyer 3:13 a. m
8:00 p. m.	Ocean Steamships From Portland. Sail every five days.	4:00 p. m.
8:00 p. m. Ex. Sunday Saturday 10:00 p. m.	Columbia River Steamers. To Astoria and Way Landings.	4:00 p. m. Ex. Sunday
6:00 a. m. Ex. Sunday	Willamette River. Oregon City, Newberg, Salem & Way Landings.	4:30 p. m. Ex. Sunday
7:00 a. m. Tues., Thur. and Sat.	Willamette and Yamhill Rivers. Oregon City, Dayton, & Way Landings.	3:30 p. m. Mon., Wed. and Fri.
6:00 a. m. Tues., Thur. and Sat.	Willamette River. Portland to Corvallis & Way Landings.	4:30 p. m. Tues., Thur. and Sat.
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EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

TERSE TICKS FROM THE WIRES

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

General Miller, now in the Philippines, having reached his 64th year, has retired.

President McKinley has returned to Washington after an outing of two weeks and a day.

Stocks of the sugar companies in the Hawaiian market are booming and large advances are noted all through the list.

A list prepared in the office of the adjutant-general shows the casualties in Manila since February 4 to be 157 killed and 864 wounded.

A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Vienna says there are 20,000 cases of influenza in the city of Brunn, capital of the province of Moravia, Austria, and that the death rate is enormous.

The restoration of the wages of 1,700 employes in the York cotton mills, Saco, Me., is announced to begin Monday, when a similar raise will affect over 2,000 hands in the Laconia and Pepperell cotton mills, of Biddeford.

Harry Sanderson, the young farmer, who attempted to murder his sweetheart, Myrtle Fleischer, near Mayetta, Kan., but instead wounded Mrs. John Fleischer, her aunt, so that she died later, was lynched by a mob from Mayetta.

Since General MacArthur made a gallant advance north of Manila there has been some talk that he should be chosen as a brigadier-general of volunteers, his rank in the regular army being lieutenant-colonel of the adjutant-general's department.

A Washington dispatch says: General Thomas M. Anderson has been for some time past slated as a brigadier-general in the regular army until he retires next fall. He is to command the department of the Columbia, with headquarters at Vancouver.

The cruiser Chicago, which left Hampton Roads March 13 under orders to overtake the American liner Paris and transfer from that ship ex-Secretary of State John Sherman, who had been taken seriously ill, has arrived at Newport News with the distinguished invalid on board.

Senors Jose R. Villalon and A. Hevia, who were appointed by the Cuban assembly to present to the Washington authorities the resolutions of that body, have arrived in Washington. Their mission, in addition to the presentation of the resolutions, is to explain in detail the situation with reference to the insurgent army.

Polo has been burned and abandoned by the Filipinos.

Japan is considering a project for the nationalization of railways.

A school of psychology will be held at Chicago from April 3 to 8, inclusive.

The Twelfth New York volunteers have arrived home for muster out.

Secretary of War Alger has arrived at Havana on a tour of inspection.

Two thousand men are idle as the result of the pantsmakers' strike at Philadelphia.

Half the business portion of Harrison Valley, Pa., was destroyed by fire. Loss, $40,000.

By a collision between freight trains near Pittsburg two men were killed and two fatally injured.

The funeral of ex-Governor Francis Harrison Pierpont, of the Virginias, was held at Pittsburg.

Denmark proposes to demand cession of a treaty port in China, and will send out a cruiser for the purpose.

Arrangements have been completed for construction of a railroad from Alvarado to San Andreas Tuxeto, Mexico.

War department officers express unqualified satisfaction with the work of the volunteers before and around Manila.

The search of the Windsor hotel ruins, at New York, for dead bodies continues. Parts of human remains were found.

Two carloads of Eastern oysters are on their way to Willapa harbor for an artifical propagation experiment by oystermen.

The steamship Tacoma, which has arrived at Tacoma from China and Japan, brought 327 Japanese, most of them of the laboring class.

Rear-Admiral Sampson arrived at Santiago de Cuba on board the cruiser New York, and was given a royal welcome by the people.

Queen Victoria has been petitioned to force President Kruger, of the Transvaal, to reform existing abuses, which bear heavily on the Uitlanders.

In the victorious charges on the insurgents at Polo, Sunday, General Irving Hale fell wounded—it is thought seriously—while directing the advance.

Minor News Items.

It is proposed in Denver to establish a public park in that city as a memorial to the late Rev. Myron W. Reed.

Manuel Garcia, who, at 94, claims to be the oldest singing master in the world, is a cousin of the Cuban general.

In 1898, 6,609,017 gross tons of bessemer steel ingots were produced in the United States, an increase of more than 20 per cent over 1897.

LATER NEWS.

It is announced in Madrid that Count de Villa Gonzalo, former Spanish ambassador to Russia, has been appointed Spanish ambassador to Great Britain.

Samuel Haller, 38 years old, a ticket-seller with Buffalo Bill's wild west show, was shot and probably mortally wounded by William H. Holland, at New York.

Oscar Straus, the United States minister at Constantinople, has had an audience with the sultan. The interview, which was protracted, was of the most cordial character.

The secretary of interior has approved a patent of 3,194 acres in the Walla Walla, Spokane and Olympia land districts, Wash., to the Northern Pacific Railway Company.

It is announced that the Paris Figaro, which is publishing daily the evidence given before the criminal chamber of the court of cassation in the Dreyfus affair, will be prosecuted.

Miss Mary Wilson, a prominent young society woman of Augusta, Kan., committed suicide on learning that Alva Dix, her lover, had been killed on the battlefield of Malolos.

The Third United States volunteers (Ray's immunes) has arrived at Savannah, Ga., from Sagua de Tanamo, on the transport Sedgwick. The regiment will go into detention camp at Sapello.

The body of Austin Bidwell, the Bank of England swindler, was buried at Chicago. The body of his brother George was shipped to Hartford, Conn. Both men died recently at Butte, Mont.

While suffering from nervous trouble, Rear-Admiral Charles C. Carpenter committed suicide at a sanitarium in Boston. At one time he enforced American demands on China by firing upon a Chinese vessel.

The Chinese authorities have notified the British consul at Tien-Tsin that the whole foreshore recently opened at Port Ching Wan Tao is reserved for a Chinese mining company. The British legation has enetered a protest, pointing out that this action renders the opening of the port nugatory.

The whole country between Malolos and Calocan is now full of friendless women, children and old people, who are returning to their homes, carrying white flags. The Americans are trying to gain the confidence of the inhabitants by proving to them that, if they will return and attend to their ordinary work peacefully no harm will befall them.

An event of interest to all Americans, whether foreign or native-born, will occur in Cincinnati during the week of June 19. The 21st annual convention of the Music Teachers' Association, organized for the purpose of encouraging American musical art, progress and professional fraternity, will then hold its sessions. A large attendance is promised.

Ecuador has decided to go to the gold basis.

Immense damage to Texas crops by frost is reported.

The maple sugar crop of Vermont will be a total failure this year.

A presidential boom in behalf of Richard Olney has been launched.

Five bodies were recovered in the ruins of the Armour felt works, at Chicago.

Washington gossips are busy with the name of General MacArthur as a presidential possibility.

Admiral Dewey is said to have cabled to Washington a requisition for more men and more ships.

Plans are afoot to reorganize the National Red Cross Society, with a view to greatly increasing its scope.

Brigadier-General D. A. Flagler, chief of ordnance, is dead at his home at Old Point, Va.

Claude Holland, a victim of the Santa Fee wreck, at Lang, Kan., in 1897, has just received $11,500 in settlement of his claim against that company.

A positive statement to the effect that the Philippine group was offered by the United States to England on certain conditions has been published in London.

The steamer Rowena Lee, with about 31 passengers, besides her crew of 30, exploded opposite Tyler, Mo., and immediately sank, with all on board, except Captain George Carvell and one of the crew.

Claus Spreckles has decided to establish in San Francisco an electric plant that will be without a rival in the world, and which will furnish to the people of that city light, heat and power almost at cost.

The Oregon wounded will be brought home as soon as possible from Manila. They will come on the first ships designated for that purpose by the war department. The dead will also be brought to this country for burial.

At Wednesday's session the army beef court of inquiry had Eagan on the stand. He explained his contracts with the beefpackers, but his testimony was in no way startling. He declared that Senator Hanna had nothing to do with the matter.

Miss Caroline Hazard, of Peacedale, R. I., has been elected president of Wellesley (Mass.) college.

Noah Webster was born in West Hartford, Conn., and a movement has been started there for the erection of a gigantic memorial.

Dr. E. M. Chamel, of the chemical department of Cornell university in Ithaca, N. Y., has announced that nearly all wall paper sold at the present time contains arsenical poisons, some of them in surprising quantities.

ENGLAND OUR FRIEND.

British and Americans Acting Hand-in-Hand in Samoa.

Washington, April 1.—While public regret is expressed officially by members of the administration at the occurrence in Samoa, there seems to be an undercurrent of opinion among outsiders that this regret is feigned rather than real. There can be no doubt but the administration has taken every possible course to secure a more friendly and intimate relation with England; and if the two nations can be bound together in the Samoan affairs, as they are now acting together, other difficulties might be set aside. The better feeling that existed during and has continued since the Spanish war between England and America is fostered by some officials even to the extent of surrendering some of our just rights in the disputes with Canada. There may be a disposition to bring Germany up rather short, as that is popular with the people. The prominence which Germany assumed at Manila, and her evident disposition to prevent the introduction of any kind of American products in the empire has caused a feeling to grow up among the people against Germany. What a few years ago was gratifying to the American people, "Twisting the lion's tail," can be supplanted by baiting the Germans where opportunity offers.

Bombardment Continues.

Berlin, April 1.—A brief dispatch from Apia, Samoa, dated March 31, says: The bombardment of the coast villages by British and American warships continues. In pursuance of military orders, white residents have evacuated many houses. The chiefs of the Malietao Tanus patry, who were exiled to the other islands, have been brought back from Upola. The firearms and ammunition taken from Tanus January 2 have been returned.

SERVE THEM RIGHT.

Money for the Cuban Army May Be Brought Back.

Havana, April 1.—Governor-General Brooke has almost made up his mind to send the $3,000,000 back to the United States, if the Cuban military assembly does not give up the army rolls.

"You may as well do so and not trifle much longer," said Secretary Alger, when discussing the matter two days ago in conference with General Brooke and General Gomez. The latter said that such a course would serve the assembly right.

Anyway the impression is spreading that the governor-gneeral may return the money to Washington, and it is stirring up fresh feeling against the assembly.

FOUR WERE DROWNED.

Mississippi River Disaster Less Serious Than First Reported.

Memphis, Tenn., April 1.—Last night news was received here to the effect that the steamer Rowena Lee, of the Lee line, had foundered near Tyler, Mo., and that all on board were lost save the captain and one officer. As there were supposed to be 50 passengers on board, there was much excitement. This morning came definite news that the steamer foundered yesterday near Tyler, and that four persons were drowned.

Fish Deputy Fired at.

Astoria, April 1.—Deputy Fish Commissioner Cathcart, while partolling the river near Rainier, found several boats drifting in the sloughs around there, but was unable to arrest any of them, as the fishermen got into too shallow water for the patrol boat. He exchanged shots with them, but no one was injured. He took his boat over to Oak Point this morning, where he stayed during the day with the intention of returning this evening and making another effort to arrest the fishermen and seize their boats and nets.

Another Fire at Dawson.

Seattle, Wash., April 1.—The steamer City of Seattle, which arrived tonight from Skagway, Alaska, brings news of a $20,000 fire at Dawson, March 9. The fire started from a defective flue in a barber shop in the Rosenthal building, which was destroyed, together with the Adcock building. William J. Terry, who arrived at Skagway last Friday with a bicycle claims to have made the trip from Dawson on his wheel in a little over nine days.

Abundant Supplies at Manila.

Washington, April 1.—The following has been received at the war department:

"Manila, April 1.—Subsistence supplies are excellent and abundant. Meats deteriorating in this hot climate are sold at public auction at high figures. Considerable hard bread has been spoiled. There will be some loss. Supplies in all other departments are good. Medical supplies are abundant.

More Territory for Germany.

Kiao Chau, via Shanghai, April 1.—The population of a village near I-Tscho-Fu (I-Chau-Fu) recently attacked with guns a German officer named Hanneman, a dragoman named Mootz, and a mining engineer named Vorschulte, who were on a peaceful journey to I-Tscho-Fu. In the fight which ensued several Chinese were killed and others were wounded, but the Germans finally arrived here safely.

Will Test War Revenue Law.

San Francisco, April 1.—The restaurant men of this city have organized for the purpose of testing the validity of the war revenue law requiring the placing of a stamp on every bottle of wine sold to patrons. The restaurant men claim the law works a hardship and that the law was not originally made applicable to restaurants.

No man can resist rattling a little money he has in his pocket.

FOUNDERS IN A FOG

Steamer Stella Wrecked on the English Coast.

THE LOSS OF LIFE REACHES 120

The Vessel Struck the Dreaded Casquet Rocks and Went Down in Ten Minutes.

Southampton, April 3.—The passenger steamer Stella, plying between this port and the Channel islands, crashed upon the dreaded Casquet rocks, near the island of Alderney, yesterday afternoon, in a dense fog, and foundered in 10 minutes. Her boilers exploded with a tremendous report as she went down. The coasting steamer Lynx, which brought the news of the disaster here, picked up four boats and 40 persons.

It is estimated that 120 persons were drowned.

The second officer of the steamer, who was among the rescued, says a collapsible boat was launched full of people, but he thinks it struck on the rocks, owing to the fog. Another steamer has picked up a boat containing 45 persons, including 20 women who escaped from the wrecked steamer.

The Stella left Southampton yesterday conveying the first excursion of the season to the Channel islands. There were about 185 passengers on board and a crew numbering 25 men. The weather was foggy. At 4 o'clock Casquet rock suddenly loomed up through the fog bank, and the steamer almost immediately afterwards struck amidships. The captain, seeing the steamer was fast sinking, ordered the lifeboats launched. Women and children were embarked in the boats. Then the captain ordered the men to look after themselves.

A survivor stated that he and 25 others put off from the steamer in a small boat. The sea was calm, but there was a big swirl around the rocks. When this boat was a short distance away from the wreck the boilers of the Stella burst with a terrific explosion and the vessel disappeared stern foremost in the sea. The last thing the survivor saw was the figure of the captain of the Stella standing calmly on the bridge and giving his last instructions. The survivor referred to said:

"The suction was so tremendous that we thought our boat would be engulfed. I saw five boats and the collapsible boat besides our own leave the wreck. They contained altogether between 80 and 100 people. Five of the boats were soon lost to view, but we took a boat filled with women in tow, and the occupants of our boat took oars in turn and rowed all night long until most of us dropped asleep, thoroughly exhausted. We sighted a sailboat at 6 o'clock in the morning, but the steamer Lynx from Weymouth had meanwhile hove in sight. She took us all on board. She eventually landed us at Guernsey."

The Great Western Railway Company's steamer Vera, from Southampton, picked up 40 others of the survivors and landed them at Guernsey.

Up to noon 112 passengers have been unaccounted for.

Later accounts say the Stella had 140 passengers on board, and that her crew numbered 42 persons.

Another steamer of the same company which arrived at the island of Jersey about noon today reports having passed many bodies of victims of the disaster about the Casquet rocks.

A survivor of the disaster named Bush says the speed of the Stella in the fog was not diminished, though the fog whistles were sounded. Bush adds that at 3:30 P. M. the engineer showed him in the engine-room a dial registering a speed of 18½ knots. He says the vessel struck within 25 minutes afterward. Bush further asserts that two lifeboats were sunk with the steamer, which after resting on the rocks for 10 or 15 minutes split in two and disappeared. It is thought possible the Partons were the only Americans on board, as the list of survivors does not contain the names of any other Americans, as far as known. The second mate was the only officer of the Stella who was saved.

PLAN AGREED UPON.

Joint High Commission to Settle the Samoan Question.

Washington, April 3.—A joint high commission, to settle the entire Samoan trouble, has been practically agreed upon by the United States, British and German governments. Lord Salisbury's absence from London alone delays the formal acceptance by Great Britain, though in his absence Sir Thomas Sanderson and Mr. Villiers, who are understood to be specially familiar with the Samoan question, have approved the plan for a commission. The United States has informally expressed its approval, and the formal acceptance, it is learned from the best quarter, will follow speedily. As the proposition emanates from Germany, her approval, of course, is assured. This high commission, it is felt, affords a pacific solution to the whole trouble at the moment when Samoan affairs began to look the most threatening.

Spanish Reserves Called Out.

London, April 3.—Thirty thousand Spanish reserves have been called out, says the Madrid correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, and it is probable that there will be a Carlist uprising.

The central council of the National Sound Money League, consisting of vice-presidents of the league, met in New York city, re-elected the officers of the league, listened to reports of officers and exchanged views as to the validity of the silver movement.

HIS ARMY BROKEN.

Aguinaldo's Men Scattered and His Power Gone.

Manila, April 3.—Aguinaldo's army is broken. There are many deserters, and that means that his power is forever gone. The rebels will now become bandits, fighting guerrilla warfare from the mountains.

The American troops are in fine spirits, in spite of the terrible heat. They are resting today at Malolos, previous to pressing forward.

The details of the capture of the town are interesting. The Americans camped all night, and a council of war was held by the commanding officers. It was the general belief that the enemy was 20,000 strong, but the resistance was nominal, and the losses light. Colonel Funston, of the Kansas volunteers, dashed up to the barricade in the principal thoroughfare with his men and charged it, yelling, "Give 'em hell." He was the first to enter the city. After the Kansas men came the Montana regiment. These troops rescued Chinamen about to be murdered by the rebels, and put out fires set by the Filipinos.

The city is desolate today, but over it floats Old Glory, and in its streets are tired but happy American soldiers.

Aguinaldo's palace was burned, and his government is a wreck. His plan is to burn everything as he flies.

Prisoners say that Malolos citizens begged the insurgents to surrender to the Americans, but these were shot by Aguinaldo's orders.

All the prisoners say that misrepresentations were made to them about the Americans. Papers and orders found in Malolos show that the insurgents had been told that Otis, Hale and the others were killed, and the United States troops terribly demoralized.

Twenty-two Spaniards, picked up by the army transport Roanoke, off San Fabian, after escape from the rebels, say the natives are suffering from scarcity of food, and fear the American warships will shell the coast towns.

The Americans hope to force a decisive battle at Calumpit or at a point not further than that from Malolos.

The American commissioners are delaying their proclamation till the rebels can be cornered and whipped.

Chinese residents of Malolos were panic-stricken, but were quieted by the Americans. They say the main army of the rebels retreated to Calumpit, Wednesday, leaving only enough behind to make a show of resistance.

BOLD STREET ROBBERY.

Sack Containing $2,500 Stolen From an Express Messenger.

San Francisco, April 3.—One of the boldest and most daring robberies in the annals of San Francisco was committed yesterday in front of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express office, on Second street, when a sack containing $2,500 in gold coin was stolen from the seat of an express wagon belonging to Jos. N. H. Waters, while the latter was engaged in conversation by a stranger.

Waters was carrying the coin from the Anglo-California bank to the express office for shipment to Morris Bros., at Chino, Cal. The person who accosted Waters asked him the location of the Grand hotel. Waters was tying his horse at the time, but gave the desired information. On turning again to his wagon, he saw that the money had been taken. Waters has been engaged in carrying the coin of the Anglo-California and other large banking concerns for more than 30 years, and no suspicion attaches to him.

THE KINGSTON FIGHT.

Two American Sailors and Eight Natives Were Killed.

New York, April 3.—A dispatch to the Herald from Kingston, Jamaica, says: During the fight between American sailor sand native boatmen on Tuesday, at the wharf, the casualties were:

Indiana—Two killed (O. Grady and another) and several wounded.

Texas—James Darcy, oiler, concussion of the brain, and W. F. R. McMahon, fractured knee, are going North on the Supply.

Three men from the Texas are in the hospital. One named Green, a water tender, may die from a stab wound; twenty-five other sailors were injured, including four on the Supply. That ship's whaleboat crew, being stoned by natives, were forced overboard to escape death.

Eight natives are reported killed. The Newark arrived this morning.

Commission Will Be Named.

Washington, April 3.—A modus vivendi for the settlement of the Samoan troubles has been proposed and is now under favorable consideration by the three governments concerned. It contemplates the creation of a joint high commission consisting of one member of each country, to pass upon the recent clash of authority and resulting disorder.

The proposition, it is understood, was put forward by Germny, and is the second one submitted for the settlement of the entire question.

Chief Moses Dead.

Seattle, April 3.—A Post Intelligencer special from Creston, Wash., says Chief Moses, the well known In-

WHITE FLAGS ARE UP

The Filipinos Desert to the American Lines.

AGUINALDO'S CAUSE IS LOST

Philippine Commission Will Issue a Proclamation Demanding Unconditional Surrender.

Manila, April 4.—The arrival of Colonel Denby, the last member of the American Philippine commission, has decided the commission to issue a proclamation to the rebels at once. It contains no reference whatever to independence, and calls for an unconditional surrender of Aguinaldo and his forces.

All round Malolos white flags are being waved by groups of natives and deserters from Aguinaldo's army. MacArthur is allowing all such to come within the lines, but is insisting on close inspection, to prevent treachery.

It is believed that the rebels will make a fight at Mariquina, near Manila, where a clash between Hall's troops and the rebels took place the other day. This would please the Americans, as it is believed a decisive battle could be secured. From the reports of deserters who are pouring into the American lines at Malolos, Aguinaldo has but a small force left, and his control is visibly impaired.

Americans Resting.

Manila, April 4.—The American troops under General MacArthur are still resting at Malolos, where every thing has been quiet today. Hostilities elsewhere, so far as officially reported, have been limited during the last 24 hours to an occasional exchange of shots between the insurgents and the troops forming the lines of General Lawton and General Hall, extending from the waterworks to La Lonia. But this shooting has been just active enough to make the lives of the soldiers a burden and to compel the officers to sleep in trenches, clothed, and in readiness to repel possible attacks.

Drawing the Americans Inland.

Paris, April 4.—Agoncillo, the agent of Aguinaldo, in the course of an interview published today in La Patrie, says:

"The capture of Malolos is not as important as the Americans are trying to make it appear. The Filipino government had already determined on removal to San Fernando, and a small detachment of troops was left with orders to burn the town, and thus to draw the Americans inland.

"Two months of rain and fever will save the Filipinos their ammunition and a good deal of trouble, and the war will not end while a single Filipino remains to bear arms."

Agoncillo charges Major-General Otis with opening the hostilities, and holds the Americans responsible for the transfer of the Spanish prisoners and for preventing the Filipinos negotiating a treaty with Spain.

Agoncillo is confined to his room with the influenza.

TURKS DRIVEN BACK.

They Attempted to Capture a Bulgarian Position.

Vienna, April 4.—A serious collision has taken place between Bulgarian and Turkish frontier guards at Kozyl-Agob, between Jamboli, Eastern Roumelia, and Adrianople, on the banks of the Toonja, 56 miles south of Jamboli. According to a dispatch from Sofia, capital of Bulgaria, the Turks attacked a weak Bulgarian outpost, but the Bulgarians, aided by armed inhabitants, repulsed their assailants after a fierce fight. Both sides suffered losses of killed and wounded. The Turks, the dispatch says, were seeking to secure a position hitherto held by the Bulgarians. Kozyl-Agob is the railway station nearest the Turkish frontier in Bulgarian territory, and it would be an important strategic point for Turkey if she desired to pour troops into Bulgaria.

Farmers Murdered.

Victoria, B. C., April 4.—The steamer Tartar arrived from the Orient today, after a stormy voyage. She brings news of the massacre of 29 farmers by aborignes at Byorsetsu, Japan.

Germany is said to be concentrating a fleet at Amoy, with the intention of seizing Futsien.

Dispatches from Tokio to Japanese coast papers charge Americans with shooting down men, women and children in the Philippines.

Serious Disturbances at Canton.

London, April 4.—According to a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Hong Kong, serious disturbances have recently occurred in the vicinity of Canton, and a British torpedo-boat has been sent to protect British interests. The destroyer will soon be followed by other vessels carrying troops.

London, April 4.—The Rome correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says he learns in official circles that Italy and Great Britain have arrived at an agreement which will result in an Italian occupation of San Mun bay, province of Chi Kiang, China, before April 25.

Damage at Ilo Ilo.

Chicago, April 4.—The Record's Tacoma, Wash., special says: Foreign business houses lost over $1,000,000 by the destruction of Ilo Ilo by the Filipinos before General Miller captured the city. Stephens & Company, an English firm, estimates its loss at $140,000 on stored hemp. Numerous other firms had warehouses and stocks destroyed. English insurance companies will be the chief losers. The French firm of jewelers, La Estrella de Norte, lost $300,000 worth of property.