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Table with columns: DEPART FOR, TIME SCHEDULES FROM ARLINGTON, ARRIVE FROM. Lists routes to Salt Lake, Denver, Ft. Worth, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago, and East.

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IT DIED HARD.

Oregon Legislature Adjourned sine die at Seven o'clock Saturday.

Although the hour set for the final adjournment of the Oregon legislature was 12 o'clock noon Saturday, the session was prolonged till 7 o'clock.

The house refused to concur in some of the senate's reductions of items in the bill, and it was necessary to appoint conference committees before agreement could be reached.

Rioting is occurring in different parts of Paris, the result of the election of Loubet.

The Columbia river fish cannery combine will close half of the canneries the coming season.

M. Loubet was elected president of France on the 21st. The assembly cast 813 votes, of which Loubet received 493 to 279 cast for M. Melne, and 50 scattering.

A battle has occurred at Tallen-Wan between Russian soldiers and Chinese, in which 300 of the latter were slain.

Grading has begun on the Snake River Valley railroad, between Union flat and the head of the south fork of the Penawawa creek.

A dispatch from Cape Charles, Va., says 50yster sloop and schooners have been carried out to sea by drifting ice from Maguthys bay.

It is expected that General Otis will shortly begin an aggressive campaign in the Philippines, as the recent battles have not subdued the insurgents, as was expected.

The torpedo-boat Fox, built by the Wolf & Zwickler iron works, at Portland, Or., is the first torpedo-boat in the world to come up to the requirements specified in the contract upon her first official trial.

A fire at the Brooklyn navy-yard on the 15th destroyed \$1,000,000 worth of property.

The graves of the Maine victims at Havana were decorated with flowers on the 16th, the anniversary of the explosion.

A British syndicate has obtained a concession from China to build a railroad from Hankau to Canton, along the coast.

Col. Miller, who captured Ilo Ilo without the loss of a man in his command, has been promoted to brigadier-general by the president.

The Cunard liner Etruria and the cruiser Marblehead narrowly averted a collision during a blinding sleet and snow storm about 70 miles off Sandy Hook Monday morning.

Representative Stallings, of Alabama, has introduced in the house a bill to authorize the president to appoint General Wheeler a major-general in the regular army.

Terrific weather is prevailing on the coast of Jamaica. The winds are high and the sea is encroaching on the land.

Naval ordnance officers in Washington are elated over the remarkable results secured with the new smokeless navy powder for large caliber guns in a test at the Indian Head proving grounds on the Potomac.

State Entomologist Scott, of Georgia, says the peach crop has been utterly destroyed, and in all probability the growers will be so discouraged that they will abandon the business.

A battle took place near Ilo Ilo on Sunday, when a battalion of the Eighteenth infantry met a large force of insurgents and put it to flight.

Ex-Consul Duckert, of Belgium, has been commissioned to make a tour of China in the interests of Belgian manufacturers at a salary of \$29,000 a year.

The idea of the tour emanated from King Leopold, who will contribute \$5,000 to the salary.

President Zelaya has issued a decree declaring the republic of Nicaragua to be in a state of siege.

A deposit of earth strontian has been found on Pat-in-Bay island in Lake Erie. It is many acres in extent.

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LEGISLATURE ENDS.

Much Work Crowded in the Closing Hours of the Session—The Last Working Day.

The last working day of the Oregon legislature was full of business, mostly devoted to the routine of passing bills. The general appropriation bill was passed by both houses.

In the senate the bill to provide for executions of murderers at the penitentiary was indefinitely postponed, because it carried objectionable matter relating to appeals.

Three bills touching military affairs were passed, as follows: To cover into the military fund all moneys received from the United States on account of transportation, etc.; to restore to the military fund some \$3,000 expended in suppressing fishermen's riots in 1896; to reorganize the official staff of the Oregon National Guard.

The following bills were passed: To regulate license fire insurance companies; to protect the fruit and hop industry by requiring the destruction of pests; to cure certain defects in judicial sales and deeds; to prevent the maintenance of armed bodies of men other than the duly constituted authorities; to amend the charter of Newberg; to provide for criminal prosecutions on information; to protect trout and certain other food fishes; to relieve the state of the necessity of advancing the costs of giving a bond in a proceeding to which the state is a party; to amend the law relating to irrigation rights and ditches; to amend the law relative to liens against mines for labor or supplies; to amend the charter of Arlingston; to fix the annual salary of the supreme court clerk at \$3,000, with one deputy in Salem at \$50, and providing that the fees be paid into the state treasury; to fix the salaries of Columbia county officers; to regulate the manner of sturgeon fishing and making a close season on the Columbia river from March 1 to November 1; to provide for inspecting sheep brought in bands into Oregon from another state (same as the Washington law); to amend the law relative to the duties of public road viewers; to fix the annual salary of the Linn county assessor at \$2,400, including the pay of deputies; to regulate the practice of the vocation of barbers; to provide for the appropriation of water to be used for mining purposes.

In the house a long discussion occurred on the bill to adopt the Torrens system of land title. The bill, when put upon its passage, was defeated.

Bills passed were: To authorize construction of skids across county roads for logging purposes; to provide for submission to the vote of the people the proposed constitutional amendments; to authorize the sale of agricultural school lands on the market for 25 years at less than the price fixed by statute; to provide for payment of taxes in coin, instead of county warrants; to provide for the manner of securing the release as surety upon bonds; to reduce fees to be charged by county clerks in probate cases; to make the law prohibiting the fraudulent use of labels or trademarks more effective; to fix the salaries of county clerk, sheriff and recorder in Washington county; to amend the code so as to give parties the right to give notice of appeal without assignment of error; to authorize the printing of 800 copies of supreme court reports at \$2.50 per copy; to prohibit the running of push cars upon railroad tracks; to create a state board of equalization, consisting of the governor, secretary of state and state treasurer; to authorize the working of county prisoners on county roads; to fix the salaries of county treasurers, after amendment increasing the salary of the treasurer of Lane county from \$500 to \$800, and the salary of the treasurer of Willamette county from \$250 to \$350; to amend code relative to attachments making the filing of a writ with the county clerk answer the purpose of posting a notice on property; to amend the code relative to action for adverse possession; to fix the compensation of county commissioners after amending the bill by increasing the per diem in Union county from \$4 to \$5; to reduce the mileage of jurors and witnesses in cities of 50,000 population or over, from 10 to 5 cents; to give preference in the employment in public service to honorably discharged soldiers and sailors; to appropriate \$2,000, in aid of the Oregon Historical Society, and to authorize printing at the state's expense to the same amount; to provide for the payment of certain fees to recorders of conveyances; to constitute six days' publication of a notice a weeks notice; amending the law relative to the appointment of official stenographers; to abolish the office of recorder of Clatsop county, and require that the duties of that office be performed by the county clerk; to regulate the purchase, sale and transfer of stocks of goods, by requiring the purchaser to exact from the vendor a list of creditors and the extent of liabilities; to prohibit the running at large of stallions.

State Fair Appropriation. In the Oregon senate Wednesday the bill to repeal the annual appropriation of money to the state fair was defeated by a vote of 12 to 16.

The Daily School Bill. After the most exciting and dramatic half-day of the session, the Oregon house shortly before 1 o'clock Wednesday noon passed the Daily-text-book bill by a vote of 33 to 26, only one member being absent. The bill, which had been made a special order of business for 10 A. M., did not come to a vote without sensational incidents.

The debate was participated in by all the orators of the house, and the lobby and gallery were filled with interested spectators.

THE NEW LAWS.

Bills That Have Passed During the Session.

Bills passed by both houses previous to the last day are as follows: To authorize the town of Antelope to borrow \$5,000 to build water works.

To incorporate the city of Pendleton. To amend charter of town of Adams. To regulate pilotage on Columbia and Willamette rivers.

To create office of state biologist, without salary. To reduce salaries of Douglas county officers.

To incorporate Nebalem. To provide that summaries only of county assessment rolls be transmitted to secretary of state.

To amend charter of Hillsboro. To amend the charter of Albany. To incorporate town of Tillamook. To incorporate the town of Canyon City.

To constitute beach of Clatsop county a public highway. To amend the charter of Grants Pass. To authorize Jefferson institute to sell out to the school district.

To amend charter of Oregon City. To incorporate Port of Tillamook and provide for the improvement of Hoquiam slough.

To incorporate the town of Lakeview. To incorporate Cottage Grove. To amend charter of town of Tangent. To provide clerical aid for judges of the supreme court.

To incorporate Drain. To incorporate New Astoria, adjoining Fort Stevens.

To amend charter of Monmouth. To incorporate the city of Ontario. To incorporate the town of Bay City.

To incorporate the city of Heppner. To incorporate the city of Warrenton. To incorporate the city of Willowa.

To amend charter of Gold Hill. To regulate and fix the salary of the assessor of Jackson county.

To incorporate the town of Marshfield. To amend charter of Woodburn.

To restrict the state for senators and representatives. To create the office of tax collector in Multnomah county.

To amend the charter of Corvallis. To prevent production and sale of unwholesome foods and medicines. (Looney pure food bill.)

To incorporate the town of Seaside. To raise the salary of sheriff of Marion county.

To regulate and fix salaries of Tillamook county officers. To fix salaries of county officers in Clackamas, Morrow, Wasco and Yamhill counties.

To amend the charter of Eugene. To amend the charter of Astoria. To incorporate the town of Gandy.

To create a separate commission for transaction of county business in Clackamas county.

To amend the charter of Arlingston. Incorporating Weston. Incorporating Defur.

Incorporating Enterprise. Withdrawing school lands from sale and placing interest on school fund loans at 6 per cent.

Incorporating Dalles City. Incorporating Moro. Incorporating Brownsville.

Incorporating Lebanon. Incorporating Burns. Incorporating Carlton.

To protect salmon in Aleas bay and tributaries. To create a trust fund in Multnomah county.

To provide for the election of road supervisors. To create the office of clerk of the justice court in cities of 50,000 population or over.

To authorize Multnomah county to lease the upper deck of the steel bridge. To provide for the sale of tide lands. Protecting salmon in the Rogue river and Curry county.

To reorganize the state board of horticulture. Creating park commission in cities of 3,000 population or over. To amend section 5 of the mining laws.

Amending the code relative to sheriff's deeds. Requiring county clerks to administer oaths without charge, in pension matters.

PRESIDENT OF FRANCE

Now Lies Dead From an Attack of Apoplexy.

HE SURVIVED BUT A FEW HOURS

Fears of Disturbances in Paris—Measures Taken to Prevent Disorders.

Paris, Feb. 18.—President Faure died from apoplexy tonight.

It has been known for some time that his health was weak, but the first intimation that he was sick was given at half past 6 this afternoon, when a message was dispatched to the premier, M. Dupuy, announcing that the president was ill. M. Dupuy immediately repaired to the Elysee.

All medical efforts proved futile and the president died on the stroke of 10.

It was not until 12 o'clock that the news began to become known to the general public in Paris. From this time began a continuous arrival of public men. Strict orders, however, were issued, and only members of the cabinet were admitted to the Elysee.

The report spread rapidly throughout the city, and large crowds soon assembled in the vicinity of the palace.

It is reported that the recently formed league, known as La Patrie Francaise, will actively push M. de Beaurepaire's candidature.

Under the present exceptionally exciting conditions, anything may be expected to happen. Much depends upon what General Zurlinden, military governor of Paris, as the head of the military element, may decide to do.

M. de Freycinet has ordered the troops confined to barracks today.

THE TREATY APPROPRIATION. It Caused a Long Debate in the National House.

Washington, Feb. 18.—In the house today the senate amendments to the agricultural bill were nonconcurrent in, and the bill was sent to conference.

Without further preliminary business, the house went into committee of the whole, and resumed consideration of the sundry civil bill.

When the paragraph appropriating \$20,000,000 for the payment to Spain under the treaty of Paris was reached, Wheeler made a point of order against it.

His point of order was that the paragraph was obnoxious to rule 21, invoked yesterday against the Nicaragua canal amendment. If the treaty of Paris was completed, if it was vitalized by the ratification of the Spanish cortes and the exchange of ratifications had taken place, he confessed that the treaty would be the law of the land and the amendment would be in order.

He cited numerous decisions of the supreme court in support of his position.

Then followed a long debate on that portion of the bill, and without getting beyond that point the house adjourned.

In the Senate. Soon after the senate convened today the house joint resolution authorizing the secretary of the navy to pay certain laborers, workmen and mechanics at the United States navy-yards and naval stations 50 per cent additional for work performed in excess of eight hours per day was called up and adopted.

The military academy appropriation bill was passed without debate, and consideration of the naval personnel bill began.

Morgan offered the Nicaragua canal bill as an amendment to the river and harbor bill, and had it referred to the committee on commerce now considering that measure.

The military affairs committee reported the army reorganization bill, which brought out an extended discussion.

A house bill setting apart a certain tract of land, containing 10 acres, in Oklahoma to the Stella Friends Academy and Church Association was passed.

Consideration was then begun of the postoffice appropriation bill. Practically the only obstacle encountered by the bill was the committee amendment providing for special mail facilities on the trunk lines from New York and Washington to Atlanta and New Orleans, and from Kansas City, Mo., to Newton, Kan.

The amendment which appropriates \$171,338 special mail facilities from New York and Washington to Atlanta and New Orleans, was then agreed to, 43 to 10. The amendment appropriating \$25,000 for special mail facilities between Kansas City, Mo., and Newton, Kan., was also agreed to. Mantle of Montana, presented the credentials of William A. Clark, and Turley of Tennessee, presented the credentials of Hon. William B. Bate, each elected as senator from his state for the term of six years from March 4, 1899.

At the conclusion of the reading of the postoffice appropriation bill, it was allowed to go over.

A bill providing for an additional circuit judge in the third judicial circuit was passed.

Washington, Feb. 18.—General Brooke today cabled from Havana, reporting three deaths among the American soldiers in Cuba since February 14.

The Rebels Retreated. Manila, Feb. 18.—A large body of the enemy, presumably reconnoitering, was discovered on the right of Brigadier-General King's position, near San Pedro Macati, this morning. The entire brigade turned out, and after an exchange of volleys, the rebels retreated into the jungle and disappeared.

CANAL PROVIDED FOR.

Senate Committee Adds It to the River and Harbor Bill.

Washington, Feb. 20.—The senate committee on commerce decided today to put the Morgan Nicaragua canal bill on the river and harbor bill. The action of the committee was preceded by a brief argument by Senator Morgan, in which he went over the general grounds favorable to the construction of the canal.

Aside from the Nicaragua canal, the committee increased cash appropriations to the extent of about \$2,000,000 over the house cash appropriations, while the amount of continuing contracts is increased to the extent of about \$10,000,000.

In the senate the only business of importance was the consideration of bills on the pension calendar, which was begun under a special order. Among the bills passed was one providing procedure in certain pension cases. It provides that no pension shall be withheld, modified or cancelled except for fraud, or mistakes in facts, and provides a scheme of procedure. The private pension calendar was completed, 74 bills being passed.

In the House. Washington, Feb. 20.—In the house today several railroad right-of-way bills were passed. Among the bills was one to authorize the construction of the Clearwater Valley road through the Nes Perces reservation.

The census bill was sent to conference. A bill was passed authorizing the president to appoint five additional cadets-at-large to the naval academy. The sundry civil bill was then passed. The naval appropriation bill was formally reported. The house went into committee of the whole and took up the bill. No general debate was demanded on the bill, and its reading for amendment under the five minute rule was immediately commenced.

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AFFAIRS AT MANILA

Oregon Soldiers Sent to the Fighting Line.

REBELS NOW CONCENTRATING

Cruiser Buffalo Bombarbs the Insurgents, Driving Them Inland—Heat Intense and Increasing.

Manila, Feb. 21.—The California volunteers abandoned Guadalupe church at 5 o'clock this morning, which has since been set on fire, and retired to San Pedro Macati. The rebels still hold the country in the vicinity of Guadalupe, Pasig and Patero, despite the efforts of the gunboats to dislodge them from the jungles on both sides of the river.

The heat is intense, and is increasing perceptibly daily. Under present conditions, it is impossible to provide shade for the troops in different parts of the line, particularly McArthur's division. King's brigade is also exposed from San Pedro Macati to Cull-cull, where it joins Orvenshine's brigade.

In view of the fact that the enemy were concentrating on the American right preparations were made last night to give them a warm reception in the event of attack.

General Orvenshine's line, consisting originally of the North Dakota volunteers, the Fourteenth infantry, and two troops of the Fourth cavalry, stretching from the beach at Camp Dewey to General King's right, was reinforced by two battalions of Oregon volunteers and three troops of the Fourth cavalry, as infantry.

The Buffalo's searchlight discovering the rebels unusually active about 10 o'clock in the evening, signaled the flagship for permission to fire upon them, and, this being granted, bombarded the enemy's trenches for 20 minutes. The only effect of the fire was apparently to drive the rebels further inland.

Beyond a few ineffectual volleys from the trenches, which were returned with interest, the enemy made no demonstration, and all is quiet along the rest of the line.

Scouts claim to have seen General Pio del Pilar, who commanded the rebels at Paco, with his arm in a sling, directing the troops. General Montenegro, the insurgent commander-in-chief, is reported to be personally conducting the movements in front of General King's line at San Pedro Macati.

Guerrilla Tactics. Manila, Feb. 21.—The enemy have apparently realized the hopelessness of attacking the American position, and are occupied chiefly by occasional sharpshootings from the jungle, whenever feasible. Fortunately, their ignorance of the use of sights minimizes the effect of their guerrilla tactics.

The retirement of General King's advance posts upon San Pedro Macati has evidently been construed by the rebels as a sign of weakness, as they pressed forward along both sides of the river, persistently harassing the occupants of the town.

Last night the rebels poured volley after volley into San Pedro Macati from the brush on the adjacent ridge; but fortunately without effect. General King's headquarters in the center of the town was the target for scores of Remington and Mauser bullets.

The rebels are using smokeless powder, and it is extremely difficult to locate individual marksmen.

RUSSIA AND CHINA. First Rupture Occurred at Tallen-Wan—300 Chinese Killed.