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# CONDON GLOBE

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## EVENTS OF THE DAY

### Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

### TERSE TICKETS FROM THE WIRES

An interesting collection of items from the two Hemispheres presented in a condensed form.

The battleship Iowa has arrived at San Francisco. It is expected she will be sent to Manila with supplies for Dewey.

The American losses in killed and wounded in the recent battle at Manila, is officially given at 250, and the losses of the insurgents at 4,000.

Gen. Gomez will arrive in Havana in a few days, where he will meet Senator Proctor, and aid in carrying out his promise to disband the Cuban army.

In the New York assembly a resolution urging the unseating of Congressman-elect Roberts, because of his identification with polygamy, was adopted by a viva voce vote.

Representative Stallings, of Alabama, has introduced in the house a bill to authorize the president to appoint General Wheeler a major-general in the regular army.

The government forces defeated and captured the Colorado, who recently revolted against Senator Cuevas, the provisional president of Uruguay. Tranquility is now restored.

Agonillo, the representative of the so-called Filipino government, and who left this country for Canada, upon hearing of the outbreak at Manila is being closely watched by secret service detectives. Agonillo was in Montreal at last reports.

Mrs. Botkin's attorneys have given notice of an appeal from the conviction and sentence of life imprisonment recently passed upon her. Judge Carroll Cook allowed 10 days' stay of execution, and 30 days in which to prepare a bill of exceptions.

President McKinley has pronounced sentence on Gen. Egan, recently tried by court-martial. The sentence was dismissal from the army, but the president commuted this to suspension for six years, which covers the time prior to Egan's retirement in 1905.

The steamers Justin and Celtic, now at Mare Island, are being overhauled, and in a few days will be ready to sail for the Philippines, following the supply vessel Centennial, which left on the 6th. The Justin will carry coal for the fleet and the Celtic frozen meat.

Rear Admiral Dewey has captured another schooner from Hong Kong loaded with arms and ammunition intended for the insurgents in the Philippines. It is reported that the German consul at Hong Kong was concerned in the procuring and dispatch of the arms to the islands.

The peace treaty was ratified by the senate by a majority of three votes over the required three-fourths. The treaty was ratified without amendment.

Isaac Osher, a groceryman, doing business in Portland, Or., was held up and robbed in his store about 8:30 in the evening by a lone highwayman.

John M. Comstock, for 40 years chief of the customs division of the treasury department, died in Washington after an illness of several weeks.

A monster petition to President McKinley and the members of the joint high commission is being signed, asking their assistance in securing the repeal of the alien exclusion act recently passed by the government of British Columbia, in which the Atlin mining district is located.

According to a recent dispatch, 19 iron and steel sheet manufacturers in Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, Kentucky and Indiana, controlling an aggregate annual output of 318,000 tons of steel and iron sheets, are preparing to consolidate. This action, it is added, is made necessary by the combination of tin-plate plants, and it is believed that the proposed consolidation will eventually be absorbed by the tin-plate trust.

Local representatives at Tacoma admit that the street railway systems of that city are to be consolidated, with Eastern capitalists in control. A company with \$3,000,000 capital has been organized to operate all street-cars and furnish power to manufacturers. A water-power plant will be constructed. Representatives of J. P. Morgan & Co., the Northern Pacific railway, Union Pacific and the O. R. & N., with local men, are interested in the deal.

The two highwaymen who for the past two months have been holding up citizens and stores and terrorizing all Portland are safely lodged in jail. One of them, Harry Tracy, was arrested by Detective Weiner, after a shooting affray that stopped a passenger train and roused a whole neighborhood. The other, Dave Merrill, fell into the hands of Detectives Gordon and Ford Sunday, and gave the information which led to the capture of his accomplice. Both are ex-convicts and desperate men.

Minor News Items.  
The town of Stillborn, Ga., was nearly wiped out of existence recently by a tornado. No lives were lost, but several people were injured.

There is trouble is sight for all the Chinese in the United States, resulting from the total disappearance of Chinese who were admitted to the country in order to take part in the trans-Mississippi exposition. Inspector James Stone, of the government service, is investigating the situation.

## LATER NEWS.

The Spanish government has decided not to sell the Caroline islands.

The secretary of war has given orders for the mustering out of the Third regiment of immunes, now stationed at Santiago and vicinity.

The fortifications appropriation bill, as it will be recommended by the committee, carries \$4,744,798, as against estimates of \$13,151,198.

It is said the administration will uphold Chief Justice Chambers, at Apia, in his selection of Malietoa Tanuasi as king of the Samoan islands.

The secretary of war reports that sickness in some of the American regiments in the Philippines is high as 17 per cent, but the average is about 10 per cent.

The report of the war investigating commission is in the hands of the president, and the commission is dissolved. During the investigation 500 witnesses were examined.

Many accounts of deaths from freezing are reported from the East. At Bloomington, Ind., J. W. Hinkle, who has served several terms as sheriff, was frozen to death while going to his home. Near Dayton, O., Martin Duffinger suffered a like fate while feeding his hogs.

The Filipino junta at Hong Kong has issued a statement in which it is claimed that the American soldiers precipitated the recent battle at Manila, and that the bombardment of the towns of Malate, Paco, Santa Ana and Malabon caused the slaughter of 4,000 women and children.

A contract has been let for two 12,000-ton steamships for the Pacific Mail steamship Co. They will be the largest ever built at an American shipyard, their dimensions being greater than those of the American liners St. Louis and St. Paul. They are to ply between San Francisco and China.

The supreme military court, of Spain, which has had under consideration the loss of the Spanish squadron at Santiago de Cuba on July 3 last, has decided to prosecute, in connection with the disaster, Admiral Cervera and Commandant Emilio Diaz de Moren, ex-captain of the destroyed cruiser Cristobal Colon.

Chinese rebels are raiding Christian churches and driving out missionaries. At Chang Yang and Liechuan the Roman Catholic chapels have been burned and the houses of the native church members have been destroyed. Several hundred children under the care of the Roman Catholics, are said to have been drowned by the raiders near Kueifu.

There seems to be an idea in Paris that Japan will make trouble for the United States by surreptitiously aiding the Philippines.

Many of the recently disbanded California volunteers are enlisting in the regular army, being desirous of going to the Philippines.

The controller of the currency has issued a call for reports of the condition of all national banks at the close of business February 4.

It is reported that the executive committee of the Cuban assembly will call on Gomez to account for accepting the proposition from this government relative to disbanding the Cuban army.

A freight train on the O. R. & N. was wrecked near Corbett, Or., by running into a landslide. The fireman and a tramp were injured. Fifteen cars were piled up in a heap.

Duke d'Arcos, formerly Spanish minister to Mexico is likely to be legislated for the Madrid government as its minister to Washington to exchange the ratifications of the treaty of peace.

Stanley Brewer, single, aged 80, was thrown under his wagon, loaded with wood, near Eugene, Or., and killed almost instantly. He was found at midnight with a wheel on his back between the shoulders.

Wolf & Zwicker, the Portland shipbuilders, propose to build a floating dry-dock capable of raising a 5,000-ton vessel, providing the state of Oregon or the city of Portland will guarantee bonds to the amount of \$250,000.

It is reported from Washington that the war investigating committee will severely criticize General Miles on his conduct during the late war with Spain. The committee will report that Miles' statement about chemically prepared beef is not sustained by any evidence before the committee.

Four happy Dawsonites passed through Skagway recently with a canvas sack of Yukon gold that weighed 100 pounds dead weight, and which came from French gulch diggings on Eldorado creek. They are all Canadian citizens and first came to Alaska during the popular Klondike rush of December, 1897.

The steamer Moana Loa, which has arrived at San Francisco, brings information from Honolulu that it has been definitely determined that the wreck on the Kahala coast was the four-masted steamer Nomad, Captain McAlloy, which sailed from Shanghai for Puget sound in ballast 10 months ago. The vessel was a new one, and belonged to Hall Bros., of San Francisco. Captain McAlloy was accompanied on the trip by his wife, daughter and three sons. All are undoubtedly lost.

A fatal head-on collision occurred at Imlay City, Mich., on the Chicago & Grand Trunk railroad, in which four persons were killed and seven were injured.

R. C. Judson, industrial agent of the O. R. & N., returned from Buffalo Hump, Idaho, confirms the news of a wonderfully rich strike on the Cracker Jack claim, owned by Rufus Hawley, Flint & Co. The assays are the highest ever seen in that country, running \$2,309.55 in gold and \$40.95 in silver.

## SALEM LEGISLATURE.

### The Bill to Fix Interest on Loans From School Fund Recommended—The State Fair Appropriation.

In the Oregon senate Wednesday the vote was reconsidered by which the bill to reduce interest on loans from the state school fund was passed Tuesday in order that the rate might be fixed absolutely at 6 per cent, the bill as passed authorizing 8 per cent if it could be obtained. It was deemed an objection to leave the matter open to possible brokerage arrangements. The bill was recommitted for amendment.

Dufus' bill to extend the privileges of the Soldier's Home to the wives and widows of old soldiers was lost, receiving only six votes.

The following bills were passed: To reduce the salary of the Wasco county clerk to \$800 and that of the treasurer to \$600; to do away with the necessity of personal service or posting notice in case of attachment of real property; to create the office of recorder of conveyances for Polk county at a salary of \$1,000 per year; to provide the manner of releasing sureties who may be come dissatisfied with their risk; to provide that surety companies may sign bonds; to cure defects in certain deeds and judicial sales; to amend the law as to a retainer credits to the sheriff in the tax list charged against him.

State Fair Appropriation Knocked Out.  
The Wednesday forenoon session of the house was devoted largely to reports of committees and first reading of bills. Twenty-seven committees made reports and 68 bills were reported on.

The principal business to occupy the time of the house in the afternoon was the consideration of the general appropriation bill. The house went into committee of the whole and the various items were taken up one at a time. The most important item knocked out was the state fair appropriation, by a vote of 29 to 20.

Other bills passed were: To prohibit the manufacture and sale of adulterated commercial fertilizers; to authorize county courts to levy a special tax of 10 mills and a road poll tax of \$2 for the road fund; to prohibit the sale of deer and deer hides from August 1 to December 1; to give laborers in mines and supply agents furnishing supplies a lien on mining property for claims; to change the time of court terms in the second district; to fix salaries of county judges and to place the clerk of the supreme court upon a salary of \$5,000 and give him two deputy clerks at \$75 and \$50 per month respectively.

In the Oregon senate Thursday, Harmon's registration bill was passed by unanimous vote. The merits of the bill were discussed at length on Mitchell's motion to recommit which finally received only his own vote. In debate the expressions were generally unfavorable to the bill, which passed the house a few days ago by a decisive vote.

The pure food bill passed the senate by a unanimous vote. There was no objection to the main feature of the bill, but a slight amendment was made so as to exempt from making annual reports persons selling less than 25 pounds of butter weekly; specifying the number and the pay of employees of the legislature, including committee clerks, was passed without discussion, six voting against it.

Other bills passed were to incorporate Eugene, Carlton, Burns, Prineville and Canby, the two last named being house bills.

Two important measures came before the Oregon senate Friday, and neither reached a vote. Amendments to the Daly school law were discussed for half an hour, and the matter being difficult to understand, in its present form, the entire bill was ordered printed again with amendments.

The bill to encourage the use of wide-tire wagons on public roads was passed. The bill to repeal the section appropriating \$5,000 for the state fair was discussed half an hour and then made a special order for Wednesday morning. The pure licensed-oll bill was lost, 13 to 11; the bill providing for the Torrens system of registering land titles passed with only three negative votes; the bill for an irreducible school fund in Douglas county passed without question; the bill to reduce the salaries of the county clerk, clerk of the circuit court and recorder in Multnomah county from \$3,500 to \$2,500 each was passed.

New bills were introduced as follows: To authorize the state school land board to contract loans now out at 6 per cent interest for the future; to provide for the appointment of three supreme court commissioners.

The vote by which Stanley's bill to regulate the practice of dentistry in Oregon was defeated Thursday, was reconsidered in the house Friday, and the bill passed by a vote of 84.

Two other important bills were passed. One is an amendment to the mining laws to facilitate the building of ditches and canals, of special interest to mining sections, and the other is a bill to withdraw certain school lands from public sale and reduce the interest on loans of school funds in conformity with recommendations of the governor in a recent message to both houses of the legislature.

In the house Thursday the following bills were passed: Senate bill providing for a separate board of county commissioners for Clackamas county; to authorize county courts and school districts to display flags on courthouses and schoolhouses, to amend the code relative to the loan of school funds by reducing the rate to 6 per cent, and providing for foreclosure proceedings whenever interest becomes in arrears six months; to regulate the blighting of sheep from one county to another and directing inspection;

## DISTRICT ATTORNEY BILL.

It Passed the Oregon House Almost Unanimously.

In the Oregon house Monday the district attorney salary bill was passed, after amendment by the judiciary committee by almost a unanimous vote. The bill as passed fixes salaries as follows: First district, \$2,000; second district, \$4,000; third district, \$5,500; fourth district, \$7,000; fifth district, \$4,000; sixth district, \$3,000; seventh district, \$3,000; eighth district, \$3,500; ninth district, \$3,000.

Flag's bill to require all executions to be held at the state prison and conducted by the superintendent of the penitentiary was the first defeated, receiving only 29 votes, but upon reconsideration of the vote and a speech by the author later in the day it was passed by a vote of 50.

Blackley's bill to empower county courts and clerks of school districts to sell property and bid in for taxes was passed by 43 votes.

Other bills passed were: To limit appeals to the supreme court in money actions to amounts involving \$200 or more, and to give street railway companies the right of eminent domain; to amend the code relative to new trials so as to nullify the plea of former jeopardy and to require street railway companies to provide cars with vestibules from October 1 to April 1; to prohibit the adulteration of candy; to require the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company to fence its tracks between Portland and Huntington; to prohibit persons from running push cars or hand cars on railroad tracks without the consent of the railway officials; to appropriate \$15,000 for bridging the south fork of the Nehalem river. This bill came up on a reconsideration of the vote by which it was defeated February 2, when it received only 30 votes. The motion to reconsider carried by 32 votes and then the bill was passed by a vote of 55.

Glaze's bill to extend the time in which a laborer's lien may be filed from 30 to 60 days and contractor's from 60 to 90 days was defeated, as was also Stillman's bill to repeal section 1890 of the code, providing for the observance of Sunday.

At the night session the following bills were passed: To regulate travel over county bridges; to repeal the act of 1891 prohibiting driving or herding livestock along public highways; to fix the salaries of county treasurers so as to increase the salary of the Tillamook county treasurer from \$250 to \$550; to fix the salary of the sheriff of Lincoln county at \$1,800 and salary of clerk of county court at \$1,250; to require the signatures of householders to petitions for saloon licenses instead of the signatures of legal voters as under the present law; to prohibit the sale of liquor in private boxes or booths of restaurants; to amend the liquor laws so as to require a license for the sale of any quantity, whether more than a gallon or less.

Moody's bill to regulate the practice of horseboating in counties of 50,000 population and over and creating a board of examiners to be appointed by the governor was snowed under by 30 negative votes as against only 22 affirmative.

The Oregon senate Monday passed unanimously Joseph's bill to make the cost of the maintenance of insane persons chargeable against their estates in certain cases, and to provide for the transportation of insane patients to the asylum in charge of trained nurses from the asylum.

Other bills passed were as follows: Charter of Dalles City (The Dalles); to amend the charter of the town of Dufur, to amend the law relating to tenancy in common, and abolishing joint tenancy; by request, to give preference to honorably discharged soldiers and sailors in all public employment; to amend the law so as to make records of official court reporters prima facie evidence, and to authorize the settling and signing of bills of exceptions by successors of the trial judge; to require Multnomah county to take the city of Portland's lease of the steel bridge; to amend the charter of Lebanon.

## INCREASED APPROPRIATIONS.

The Washington Legislature Favoring the Normal Schools.

The Washington house appropriation committee has increased the Cheney normal school appropriation from \$25,000 to \$31,000, and Ellensburg from \$25,000 to \$45,000.

In the house Monday bills introduced were: For the publication of notices by posting in counties of from the 10th to the 29th class; for the relief of Mrs. J. H. Stahl; relating to the sufficiency and justification of bail on bonds; amending the constitution by permitting women to vote on a constitutional amendment granting suffrage to women; relating to dyke districts.

During the afternoon session of the house Mr. Englebert occupied the chair. Speaker Guise received a telephone message announcing that the Paris treaty had been ratified by the United States senate. The announcement was greeted with hearty applause by the house.

Delayed by Trains.  
Only 21 out of 34 senators were present when the senate convened Monday. Senator Wooding is sick with grip at Seattle, and all of the east-of-the-mountain senators were detained by trains being late.

Bills introduced were: Prohibiting the organization of corporations until all bills and claims are paid; amending the revenue law by making personal property taxes delinquent on 80 days' notice being given; permitting acceptance of taxes on any part of a parcel of land with reference to taxes due on other parts of same property; house bill, providing for the building of ferries to be operated on lakes as well as streams was re-referred, because of objection to the condemnation rights contained in the old law.

## ATTACK ON CALOCAN.

Town Reduced by Combined Assault of American Forces.

Manila, Feb. 13.—The American forces at 3:30 this afternoon made a combined attack upon Calocan and reduced it in short order. At a signal from the tower of the de la Loma church (United States signal station), the double-turreted monitor Monadnock opened fire from the bay with the big guns of her fore turret on the earthworks, with great effect. Soon afterward the battery bombarded the place from another position.

The rebels reserved their fire until the bombardment ceased, when they fired volleys of musketry as the Montana regiment advanced on the jungle. The Kansas regiment, on the extreme left, with the artillery deploying to the right, charged across the open and carried the earthworks, clearing under a heavy fire. Supported by the artillery at the church, the troops further advanced, driving the enemy, fighting every foot, right into the town line, and penetrated to the presidency and lowered the Filipino flag at 5:30 P. M.

The enemy's sharpshooters in the jungle on the right fired at long range on the Pennsylvania regiment, but the rebels were soon silenced by sharpnel shells and the Pennsylvania remained in the trenches. As the Americans advanced they burned the native houses. The rebels were moved down like grass, but the American losses were slight.

Frightened Filipino Emigrants.  
San Francisco, Feb. 13.—On the steamer from Yokohama today came "General" E. Riego de Dios and Senor M. Rivera, who are Aguinaldo's special commissioners to Washington. They were very much disturbed when told of the latest developments in the Philippines.

England Wants Warships.  
Lima, Peru, via Galveston, Tex., Feb. 13.—Great Britain, it is reported here today, has offered to purchase the Chilean and Argentine warships. Senor Carlos Walker Martinez, minister of the interior, has demanded of the Bolivian minister, Dr. Emeterio Cano, a guarantee of the immunity of the lives and property of the Chileans in Bolivia during the hostilities between President Alonzo of Bolivia and the federalists, or insurgents.

MUST HAVE A CABLE.  
President McKinley's Message to Congress Urges Action at This Session.  
Washington, Feb. 13.—The president's message on the Pacific cable, transmitted to congress today, is as follows:

"As a consequence of the ratification of the treaty of Paris by the senate of the United States, and its expected ratification by the Spanish government, the United States will come into possession of the Philippine islands, on the farther shores of the Pacific, the Hawaiian islands and Guam being United States territory, and forming convenient stopping places on the way across the sea, and the necessity for speedy cable communication between the United States and all the Philippine islands has become imperative.

Such communication should be established in such a way as to be wholly under the control of the United States, whether in time of peace or war. At present, the Philippines can be reached only by cables which pass through many foreign countries, and the Hawaiian island and Guam can only be communicated with by steamers, involving delays in each instance of at least a week. The present conditions should not be allowed to continue for a moment longer than is absolutely necessary. The time has arrived when a cable in the Pacific must extend as far as Manila, touching at the Hawaiian islands and Guam on the way.

"Under these circumstances, it becomes a paramount necessity that measures should be taken before the close of the present congress to provide such means as may seem suitable for the establishment of a cable system. I recommend the whole subject to the careful consideration of congress, and to such prompt action as may seem advisable.

IN BLEAK SIBERIA.  
Bodies of Andree and Party Probably Found—Discovered by Natives.  
Krasnovarsk, Siberia, Feb. 13.—A gold mine owner named Monastyrzhichin has received a letter saying that a tribe of Turgusos, inhabiting the Timir peninsula, North Siberia, recently informed the Russian police chief of the district that on January 7 last, between Komo and Pit, in the province of Yeniseisk, they found a cabin constructed of cloth and cordage, apparently belonging to a balloon. Close by were the bodies of three men, the head of one badly crushed. Around them were a number of instruments, the use of which were not understood by the Turgusos.

The police chief has started for the spot to investigate, and it is believed that the bodies are those of the aeronaut Hier Andree and his companions.

Missouri Fruit Crops Killed.  
Nebraska, Mo., Feb. 13.—The peace and apricot crops of Vernon and Cedar counties are reported killed today. The loss is estimated at more than \$100,000. The weather is the coldest known here in 30 years.

Trial Revision Bill Adopted.  
Paris, Feb. 13.—The trial revision bill was adopted by a vote of 332 to 233 in the chamber of deputies. Late this evening there was considerable ferment in the streets, caused by the shouting of the rival parties.

Olathe, Kan., Feb. 13.—Annun Dicy Dibbs, aged 80 years, was found frozen to death in her home at Shawnee, here she had lived alone for years. She had apparently hurt herself by a fall and was unable to call for help.

## DAKOTA ASYLUM FIRE

Sixteen Women Patients Burned to Death.

### ONE OF THE COTTAGES GUTTED

A Like Institution Was Destroyed in 1888, Causing the Death of Six Persons.

Yankton, S. D., Feb. 14.—A most horrifying fire occurred this morning at 2 o'clock at the state insane asylum, when one of the cottages was completely gutted and caused the loss of the lives of 17 women inmates.

The cottage had stone and granite walls with wooden interiors, and intended for laundry purposes. Owing to the crowded condition of the main building, 40 of the female patients were placed here with the laundry in the basement. The fire originated in the dryroom of the laundry. Here there was a coil of steam pipes, and the theory is that either fine particles similar to lint settled on the pipes and ignited, or that clothes which were thickly hung close by dropped on to the pipes and were fired.

The fighting of the fire was greatly hindered by the loss of power. The only source of water was an artesian well, 400 feet distant, the pipes for pumping which ran through the cottage. The intense heat soon caused the pipes to burst, thus leaving the firemen without power, and dependent entirely upon the direct pressure from the tank. But two streams of water could be thrown on the building, and these did but little good.

Fifty-two persons were in the building, 40 patients and 12 attendants. The structure was three stories and an attic high, and had two entrances. There was one stairway from the second and third floors, which led into the main hall, thus giving but one egress for those above the first floor.

Patients and attendants fled with terror, great confusion resulting, especially among those on the upper floors. Many heartrending scenes were enacted as the inmates, clad only in their night clothes and barefooted, rushed down the narrow flight of stairs, and finally out into the snow. The temperature was 23 degrees below zero, and further loss of life from freezing was prevented alone by prompt work of the attendants from the main buildings. The attendants escaped, as did the others, who were saved, with none of their personal effects, many losing all they possessed. Portions of charred remains can be seen in the debris at the bottom of the basement. The four walls of stone still stand, black and grim, and will make the work of removal dangerous, as a total collapse is liable to occur without a moment's warning.

The institution was destroyed by fire in 1888, when six lives were lost. The pecuniary loss at today's rate is \$18,000, uninsured.

BURIED IN AN AVALANCHE.  
Many Italian Miners Victims of the Slide—Eight Bodies Recovered.  
Denver, Feb. 14.—Two mighty avalanches combined into one swept down Cherokee gulch at 8 o'clock this morning, carrying away a dozen or more mine buildings, cabins and machinery, and causing a great loss of life and damage to mine property. How many dead bodies lie in this great mass of snow and debris will not be known before spring. Eight dead bodies are now at the morgue, two more persons are known to be lost, and three have been taken out alive. The rescuing party has only penetrated about 15 feet into the mass of snow and wreckage piled up at the foot of the gulch to the depth of 75 feet.

Agoncillo Ordered the Fight.  
Washington, Feb. 14.—The following cablegram was received at the war department today from Otis: "Manila, Feb. 14.—Adjutant-General Aguinaldo to drive out the Americans before the arrival of reinforcements. The dispatch was received a Hong Kong and mailed to Malolos, which decided on the attack to be made about the 7th inst. The eagerness of the insurgent troops to engage the Americans precipitated the battle."

Panama Strike Continues.  
Colon, Colombia, Feb. 14.—At a conference held yesterday at Panama, a representative of the strikers declared that the men were willing to accept \$2.93 a day in currency, but the railway officials declined to entertain the proposition. Fifty more laborers from Fortuna island arrived today on the steamer Finance. The general situation, so far as the strike is concerned, is unaltered. This end of the Panama railroad is completely blockaded.

Gale in England.  
London, Feb. 14.—A heavy gale swept the British islands yesterday and has continued today, causing floods at many points. Rivers have overflowed their banks, railways have been submerged and there have been numerous casualties along the coast.

In reply to the representations of Ambassador White, Germany has assured the United States that she will investigate the conduct of her agents in Samoa, and should it be shown that they have acted in violation of the treaty of Berlin, she will recall them.

The chief officer and boatswain of the British steamer Martello, from New York for Hull, England, were killed and the quartermaster and a seaman drowned, during a fearful storm recently.

## O. R. & N. Co. Time Card.

ASLENOTW, OREGON.  
New time card, taking effect Sunday, February 13th:  
FAST BOAT.  
No. 2—Via Huntington, leaves.....1:55 a. m.  
No. 4—Via Spokane, leaves.....7:20 p. m.  
No. 24—Local freight, leaves.....7:20 p. m.  
FAST BOAT.  
No. 1—Portland, leaves.....12:07 a. m.  
No. 3—Portland, leaves.....4:00 a. m.  
No. 25—Local freight, leaves.....11:36 a. m.  
W. C. HINDLE, Agent, Arlington.

## D. J. J. HOGAN

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.  
Condon, Or.  
Office—Oregon ave., between Catholic Church and residence of S. P. Stout.

## L. W. DARLING

Attorney at Law,  
Notary Public and Conveyancer.  
Condon, Or.  
Collection and insurance. Terms reasonable. Office in rear of postoffice building, Main street.

## S. A. D. GURLEY

Attorney and Counselor at Law  
Arlington, Or.

U. S. Commissioner and Notary Public in office. Practice in all the state and federal courts of Oregon and Washington. All kinds civil, U. S. land and legal business transacted.

## W. H. WILSON

Attorney and Counselor at Law.  
The Dalles, Or.  
Will attend to local business in all courts in the state.

## ARLINGTON-FOSSIL

Stage leaves Arlington every morning (Monday excepted) at six o'clock; is due at Condon at 1 P. M. and arrives at Fossil at 7 P. M.  
Comfortable coaches and careful, experienced drivers.

## H. REED & A. C. OGILVIE, PROPRIETORS.

Fare from Arlington to  
Fossil (90 miles) \$3.00 Round trip..... \$9.00  
Mayville (53 miles) \$2.00 Round trip..... 7.00  
Condon (39 miles) 3.00 Round trip..... 7.00  
Clatsop (78 miles) 2.00 Round trip..... 6.00  
Clatsop (78 miles) 1.50 Round trip..... 4.50  
Stage leaves Arlington every morning (Monday excepted) at six o'clock; is due at Condon at 1 P. M. and arrives at Fossil at 7 P. M.  
Comfortable coaches and careful, experienced drivers.

## The Regulator Line.

## The Dalles, Portland & Astoria

NAVIGATION CO.  
THROUGH FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE....  
Daily Line of Steamers Between Portland, Vancouver, Cascade Locks, Hood River and all Points on the Washington side.  
The steamers Dalles City and Regulator leave Portland every morning (except Sunday) at 11 and The Dalles at 1:30.  
Freight Rates Greatly Reduced.  
W. C. ALLAWAY, Gen. Agt.,  
Foot of Court Street, The Dalles, Or.

## O. R. & N.

DEPART FOR ARRIVE FROM

DEPART FOR	TIME SCHEDULES	ARRIVE FROM</
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