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CONDON GLOBE

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C. R. & N. DEPART FOR TIME SCHEDULES ARRIVE FROM. East Mail 8:00 p. m., Spokane Flyer 8:30 p. m., 8:00 p. m., 8:00 a. m., 7:00 a. m., 6:00 a. m., 7:00 a. m., 7:00 a. m., 7:00 a. m.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

TERSE TICKETS FROM THE WIRES

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

The United States collier Nero has arrived at Nagasaki, Japan. British naval preparations for possible war continue unabated.

The London Daily Mail urges the American people to pronounce boldly for retaining the Philippines. In Portland, Or., Andrew C. Groom, a traveling medicine vender, shot and killed his wife in a lodging house and then blew out his brains.

A plot has been discovered at Paris which has for its object the fomentation of a general revolt against the government in case the revision of the Dreyfus case results favorably to the prisoner. The monthly statement of the director of the mint shows the total coinage at the United States mint during October to have been \$8,600,841, as follows: Gold, \$5,180,000; silver, \$3,354,191; minor coins, \$66,850.

William C. Hipp, of the Massillon (O.) Fire Brick Company, has secured options on the plants of all the leading fire brick companies of this country, and they will soon be purchased and operated by a trust. Rich gold mines have been discovered a Terra del Fuego, according to a report made by Franklin Hanson, who has just returned to Cleveland, O., from that country with \$18,000 in dust, as a result of two years' work.

The mayor of Spokane has declared an emergency, and issued a proclamation enrolling all persons over 21 years of age as special constables, to assist in arresting robbers who have been rampant lately. A reward of \$500 is offered for the conviction of any one of the robbers.

The labor problem at Santiago is becoming serious. Native Cubans will not work, and the situation is most trying. Capital seeking investment holds aloof because of the fact that there is no stable government and no assurance that labor could be secured to develop properties in which money might be invested.

The Cuban assembly has effected permanent organization at Santa Cruz. The United States, it is said, will offer to buy the Philippines from Spain. Siam is about to re-establish its legation in the United States after the lapse of many years.

Henry Failing, president of the First National bank, of Portland, Or., and a well-known citizen, is dead. Mrs. Leslie Carter, the actress, has filed a petition in bankruptcy at New York, showing liabilities of \$63,773 and no assets.

LATER NEWS.

Six of the Fergus Falls train robbers have been captured. A fire and an explosion in a store in Hanover, Mass., killed four men.

According to astronomical calculations a shower of meteors is due this month. Five hundred men were thrown out of employment by a fire in a copper mine at Houghton, Mich.

Havana torpederos will petition President McKinley to permit professional bull-fighting in Cuba under the new regime. With a desire to encourage investment, a bill has been sent to the Mexican congress to exempt from taxation special privilege companies.

Charles A. Wheeler cut his throat with a razor in the Woodmen's hall at Portland, Or. He left a letter, saying that drink was the cause of his downfall. No provision was made for the comfort of the evacuating Spanish troops, and of those embarking at Santiago, 30 per cent are certain never to reach Spain alive.

A fierce duel between the notorious Horst Wolff and the Polish deputy, Chevalier de Gnieznowski, is the sensation of the hour in Vienna. Swords were the weapons used and De Gnieznowski was badly wounded. The insurgents have taken the island of Negros, one of the Philippines separated by narrow channels from Panay and Zebu, and are besieging Iloilo, the capital of the island of Panay, and the second largest port in the Philippines.

Miss May Wallace, a teacher in the Pendleton academy, was shot through the body while standing by a window at the home of her parents in that city. A Chinese youth is suspected, his motive being revenge for being expelled from class.

Five were instantly killed and four others seriously injured in a collision on a Pennsylvania railroad. Two express trains crashed head-on by failure of the air-brakes on one of the locomotives to work. All the killed and injured men were members of the crews of the wrecked trains.

Sickness among the soldiers in camp at Honolulu is increasing. Typhoid fever is rampant. The military hospital is crowded, and the nursing force is entirely inadequate to the demands made upon it. Since August 28, 15 soldiers have succumbed to various diseases, typhoid carrying off seven. There are no less than 208 'New Yorkers on the sick list.

The administration has decided, says a Washington dispatch, to put little cash to the Dons. The Philippine public improvements debt will be made good, but no more. The whole amount to be allowed will probably not exceed one million. The president and cabinet carefully noted the sentiment of the country in regard to an indemnity as expressed at the election, and conclude that payment of the sum first proposed would not be in accord with the will of the people.

A new cabinet has been formed in Japan. The Creek Indians had a fight over the elections, and one of them was killed. At Geneva, Switzerland, Luchenni, the Italian anarchist who assassinated the Empress of Austria, was sentenced to imprisonment for life.

There is a general belief in England that the danger is not past, that Fashoda was but one incident, and that war with France is yet probable. The Cubans at Holquin are reported to be in a terrible condition and are rotting to death without the care of a doctor. The death rate is 30 a day.

At a council of admirals held in Paris it was decided to fit out all French war vessels available. Thirty reserve ships have been ordered into commission. Lake Michigan was again swept by a northeast gale, and great damage to the sea wall has resulted. The work of repairing the damage created by the last gale is all undone, and the outer driveway in Lincoln park was undermined.

French newspapers are becoming hostile and are criticizing the proceedings of the peace commission. The Americans are accused of having adopted an irregular form of procedure in presenting the reply to the Spanish proposal. An early rupture in the negotiations is predicted. A serious clash of authority, in which the government inspector and Red Cross agent were involved, occurred in Cuba, and the warehouse at Gibara was seized. The agent protested against the seizure, but his protest was disregarded. He then appealed to General Wood, who promised to see that no further friction occurred.

At Wilmington, N. C., white men provoked trouble with negroes and a fight to the death ensued, in which eight of the blacks were killed. Armed men patrolled the streets of the city. The battle was precipitated by the destruction of the plant of a newspaper run by a negro, and in which had been published an article derogatory to the white women of Wilmington. The negroes were disarmed to prevent further trouble. Charles G. Dawes, comptroller of the currency, has ordered that the system of semiannual examinations of national banks in effect in the country shall extend over all cities, without any exception, as heretofore. Postmaster-General Smith has issued an order directing that Hawaiian postage stamps shall be recognized at their face value for payment of postage on all articles mailed in Hawaii, whether addressed for delivery in the United States or elsewhere.

NOVEMBER ELECTIONS

Fifty-Sixth Congress Will Be Republican—Roosevelt Successful in New York.

All except three of the 45 states, Maine, Vermont and Oregon, held elections the first Tuesday in November. Forty-two states elected congressmen. In Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Rhode Island, Virginia and West Virginia only congressmen were chosen.

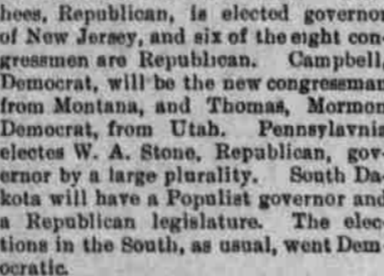
Twenty-three of the states elected legislatures, which will name United States senators. These are: California, Connecticut, Florida, Delaware, Indiana, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, Wisconsin and West Virginia. Theodore Roosevelt has been elected governor of New York by a plurality of 20,000. Republicans lose 10 congressmen, electing 15, while Democrats elected 19. The legislature will be Republican. The Ohio congressional delegation remains unchanged, but the Republicans have elected their state ticket by over 50,000 plurality. Returns from Indiana are favorable to the Republicans by about 15,000 plurality; all but four congressmen are Republicans, and the legislature is Republican. In Illinois the house will be Democratic and the senate Republican. The state is Republican by probably 30,000. In Massachusetts the Republicans elected their state ticket, but lost two congressmen. The fusion state

VOTE OF WASHINGTON.

Table showing the vote of Washington by county for Representatives and Supreme Judges. Columns include Adams, Clark, Columbia, Kitsap, Lewis, Mason, Pierce, Skagit, Snohomish, Thurston, Wahkiakum, Yakima, etc.

IN WASHINGTON.

Both Republican Congressmen Elected—Legislature Republican on Joint Ballot—Amendments Defeated. The state of Washington changed from Populism to the column of gold-standard states, and elected Jones and Cushman, the Republican nominees for representatives in congress, and Anders and Fullerton, the Republican candidates for supreme judges. Their majorities appear to be between 2,000 and



W. L. (YAKIMA) JONES, Successful Republican candidate for congress from the state of Washington. 2,600. The proposed municipal tax amendment to the constitution was badly defeated, and the woman-suffrage amendment shared the same fate.

All but two legislative districts have been heard from. The legislature, which is composed of 84 senators and 78 representatives, now stands: Republicans.....15 Independent.....1 Fusionists.....18

Table showing the vote of Washington by state for the Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth Congresses. Columns include Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming.

The Next Senate.

States to elect senators in which Republican legislatures appear to be successful are: Michigan, Minnesota, Delaware, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Wisconsin, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and California. Five of these states are now represented by Democrats, who will give way to Republicans. The other five states are now represented by Republicans.

Table showing the list of senators to be elected in various states, including Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming.

WASHINGTON LEGISLATURE.

Senate. First district, Lincoln and Okanogan—P. M. Baum, dem. Second district, Stevens and Spokane—W. C. Gray, ind. Third district, Spokane—W. H. Plummer, rep. Fourth district, Spokane—Herman D. Crow, rep. Fifth district, Spokane—W. E. Runner, rep. Sixth district, Whitman—John H. Carpenter, rep. Seventh district, Whitman—Oliver Hall, rep. Eighth district, Asotin, Columbia and Garfield—J. C. Van Patten, pop.

House. First district, Stevens—G. M. Welby, rep. Second district, Spokane—H. E. Allen, rep. Third district, Spokane—Wallace Mount, rep. Fourth district, Spokane—Harry Rosenhaupt, rep. R. N. McLean, rep. J. F. Sexton, rep. Fifth district, Spokane—F. P. Whitaker, rep. A. Harrison, rep. Sixth district, Whitman—R. F. Totten, rep. J. B. Frick, rep. Seventh district, Whitman—W. L. La Follette, rep. Wilford Allen, rep. Eighth district, Asotin—John F. Christian, rep. Ninth district, Garfield—C. M. Baldwin, rep. Tenth district, Columbia—C. S. Gerard, rep. Eleventh district, Walla Walla—Grant Copeland, rep. Twelfth district, Walla Walla—Columbus C. Gees, rep. Thirteenth district, Franklin—Robert Gerry, dem. Fourteenth district, Adams—George Sinclair, rep. Fifteenth district, Lincoln—H. A. P. Meyer, rep. James Farish, rep. Sixteenth district, Okanogan—In doubt. Seventeenth district, Douglas—E. K. Pendergast, pop. Eighteenth district, Kittitas—J. P. Sharp, rep. R. B. Wilson, rep. Nineteenth district, Yakima—Ira P. Englehart, rep. Twentieth district, Klickitat—Leon W. Curtis, rep. Twenty-first district, Skamania—C. J. Moore, dem. Twenty-second district, Clark—W. B. Daniels, rep. E. C. Bollows, rep. Twenty-third district, Cowlitz—L. M. Sims, rep. Twenty-fourth district, Wahkiakum—W. Colwell, rep. Twenty-fifth district, Pacific—J. W. Maxwell, rep. Twenty-sixth district, Lewis—E. P. Kingsbury, rep. George McCoy, rep. Twenty-seventh district, Thurston—A. J. Patton, rep. F. W. Stocking, rep. Twenty-eighth district, Chehalis—E. D. Minard, rep. A. P. Stockwell, rep. Twenty-ninth district, Mason—J. B. Gundersen, rep. Thirtieth district, Kitsap—F. E. Patterson, rep. Thirty-first district, Jefferson—Peter Motley, rep. William Bishop, jr., rep. Thirty-second district, Clallam—A. B. Dorse, rep. Thirty-third district, Pierce—L. S. Stewart, rep. Frank Bisson, pop. Thirty-fourth district, Pierce—E. C. Miller, rep. Charles Bedford, rep. Thirty-fifth district, Pierce—D. B. Sheiler, rep. James Wickereham, rep. Thirty-sixth district, Pierce—J. C. Dickson, rep. M. H. Corey, rep. Thirty-seventh district, Pierce—A. R. Hellig, rep. O. W. Barlow, rep. Thirty-eighth district, King—W. T. Clark, rep. Dr. J. J. Smith, rep. Thirty-ninth district, King—George W. Somersdyke, rep. J. M. Conway, pop. Fortieth district, King—John W. Pratt, rep. E. B. Palmer, rep. Forty-first district, King—E. H. Guile, rep. R. M. Eames, rep. Forty-second district, King—C. S. Gleason, rep. R. W. Carpenter, rep. Forty-third district, King—J. C. Olson, pop. C. E. Boyce, pop. F. A. McDonald, dem. Forty-fourth district, Snohomish—H. J. Langley, rep. C. A. Meisner, rep. Forty-fifth district, Island—Dr. W. L. White, rep. Forty-sixth district, Skagit—J. H. Parker, rep. E. H. Beale, rep. Forty-seventh district, San Juan—W. H. Thacker, rep. Forty-eighth district, Whatcom—James Fraya, rep. James Balaton, rep. Forty-ninth district, Whatcom—Edward

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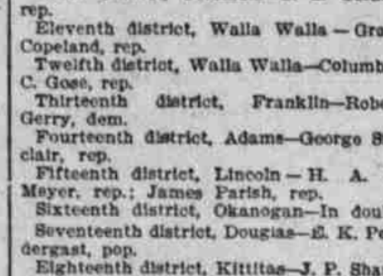
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The doubtful representatives are from Okanogan and Wahkiakum counties. In the senate the fusionists had 15 hold-over senators, 6 Democrats and 10 Populists. They elect three, one Democrat and two Populists. The Republicans had one hold-over. They elect 14. The independent senator is Gray, Silver Republican, of Stevens county. He was elected on a citizens' ticket. The independent representative is G. M. Welby, Democrat, of Stevens county, who was also elected on the citizens' ticket. Of the nine fusion representatives elected, five are Populists and four are Democrats. By giving the doubtful representatives to the fusionists, the legislature on joint ballot stands: Republicans.....15 Independent.....1 Fusionists.....18

THE ATTACK OF ILOILO

Insurgents Occupying Suburbs of the City. PEOPLE ARE TERROR-STRIKEN. Look for an Assault to Be Made at Any Time—Appal to the Captain of the Charleston.

Manila, Nov. 15.—The following advices have been received from Iloilo, capital of Panay, one of the principal islands of the Visayas group: "The insurgents have occupied Lingan, Otan and Pavia, suburbs of Iloilo, and are daily expecting to attack the town. The Spaniards have abandoned the mole and destroyed the connecting bridges. Business is paralyzed, and the inhabitants are in a state of terror. The mercantile houses of all nationalities have signed a circular, asking the commander of the United States cruiser Charleston to remain, as the Spanish authorities are incapable of affording them protection." It is reported also that the insurgents have taken the whole of the Visayas group. As the cable connections are cut, it is impossible to confirm the rumor. November 6 General Rios, Spanish governor of the Visayas, is said to have declared a seven days' armistice in order to communicate with Madrid, with a view of transferring control to the Americans. Major Bell has gone to Iloilo to ascertain the facts of the situation. The United States transport Scandia will leave tomorrow with 60 sick and discharged men.

Report From Governor Rios. Madrid, Nov. 15.—The government has received a dispatch from General Rios, governor of the Visayas islands, reporting the rebellion in the island of Negros, and announcing the departure from Iloilo of the mail steamer Munos with a number of invalided men.

REFUSE TO LEAVE. Mutiny Among Spanish Soldiers in Puerto Principe. Washington, Nov. 15.—Adjutant-General Corbin received a dispatch today announcing that the Eighth cavalry said this morning from Savannah for Puerto Principe, Cuba. The regiment will be the American garrison at Puerto Principe and Nuevitas. In this connection an interesting bit of information has reached the war department. Arrangements have been made by the Spanish authorities to send back to Spain the Spanish troops, numbering 9,500 men, upon the arrival of the American garrison. It was expected they would sail Wednesday or Thursday, but an unexpected obstacle has arisen among the men themselves. They are on the verge of mutiny, openly declaring they will not return to Spain until they have received their pay, now far in arrears, for service in Cuba. The mutiny extends not only to the enlisted men but to their officers, and is directed against the executive officials of the government on the island. Some of the men have not been paid for nearly a year, and to all of them several months of pay is due.

The situation has created no particular concern in the minds of the American authorities, as it is not likely seriously to affect the control of that portion of the island by the American forces; but it is realized that these 9,500 soldiers, if they should persist in their refusal to return to Spain, might become dependents whom it would be difficult to care for, and ultimately, perhaps, a menace to good government in the island. The Spanish authorities express no fear of their ability to solve the problem presented, but how they will solve it if the men, backed by their officers, absolutely refuse to return home without their pay is not clear.

REDUCED TO ASHES.

Business Portion of Canyon City, Or., Destroyed by Fire. Baker City, Nov. 15.—At 11 o'clock last night fire was discovered in the Elkhorn hotel, at Canyon City, and within two hours the entire business portion of the town and a number of residences were reduced to ashes. The fire department was unable successfully to combat the flames, owing to a lack of water. The buildings were mostly frame, and the fire made rapid progress. The conflagration was due to the explosion of a lamp. Friday night recalls to memory the great conflagration that destroyed the town on August 13, 1870. Canyon City was at that time the liveliest town in Eastern Oregon, made so by the mining excitement that prevailed as a result of the gold discovered in Canyon creek. The population of the town was much greater then than it has since been, and the number of business houses was larger. The fire of 1870, like the recent conflagration, swept through the town and left it a mass of ashes.

Fire at Steamfield, O. Bloomfield, O., Nov. 15.—Four business blocks were burned to the ground today, with a loss of \$75,000. The fire is thought to have been of incendiary origin.

Died of Hydrophobia. Sedalia, Mo., Nov. 15.—Thomas Moore, 7 years of age, son of E. J. Moore, a member of company I, Second regiment, Missouri volunteers, died today of hydrophobia. The dog was bitten two weeks ago by a dog suffering from rabies. Yesterday the boy commenced to bark like a dog and was attacked with frequent convulsions. He tried to bite his attendants and seemed possessed of superhuman strength. He died in great agony.