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### DOINGS OF THE WEEK

What Has Happened in the Civilized World.

GIVEN IN THE PRESS DISPATCHES

Past Seven Days in This and

Free swimming baths are to be constructed in Portland.

A salmon weighing 83 pounds has been shipped from Portland to the

The Egyptian government has definitely refused to permit the Spanish fleet to coal at Port Said.

Santiago has been cut off. The Spanish troops at Caimanera and other points in the interior of the

province of Santiago, are starving. Manila dispatches received at Madrid under date of June 24, say the Span-lards are determined to fight to the death, and that when the American troops arrive derperate fighting will oc-cur on land and sea.

The passage leading to the inner harbor of Guantaname harbor has been thoroughly cleaned of mines by launches from the Dolphin and other ships. Eight mines, weighing 190 pounds each were taken up and sent to dock, where they will be cleaned before they are put into the American waters.

A dispatch received at Washington Wednesday evening says: General Shafter has just reported to General Miles that he can take Santiago in 48 ours, but indicates that the undertaking may involve considerable loss. He has information of the approach of 8,000 Spanish reinforcements from Manzanillo, and it is believed that he intends to take the town immediately, and that news of a battle may be expected at any time. The Spanish re-inforcements referred to are now within 54 miles of Santiago.

Informtion has been received from Manzanillo to the effect that five battalions of Spanish troops, which left that city several days ago to reinforce General Linares returned to Manzanillo two days after departure. This is regarded as indicating the failure of the Spanish attempt under command of General Pando to rush 10,000 trained troops to the defense of Santingo. This news has set at rest the fears of both the American and Cuban commanders. They believe that Pando's men either were unequal to the diffi-cult march from Manzamilo to Santi-ago, or else General Linares, realizing the hoplessness of his position, sent word that it was useless to send addi-

auxiliary oruiser St. Paul arrived off Santiago Monday and discharged her troops. Captain Sigsbee reports that on Wednesday afternoon while off San Juan, he was attacked by a Spanish unprotected emiser and the Spanish torpedo-boat Terror. The Terror made a dash, which was awaited by the St. Paul. Shots from the guns of the St. Paul hit the Terror three times, killing one officer and two men and wounding several others. The Terror dropped back under cover of the fortifications with difficulty, and was towed into harbor in a sinking condition, where she is now being repaired. Later the cruiser and gunboats started out again, but remained under protection

By proclamation issued Tuesday the president gave notice of the intention of the government to assume the formidable task of blockading about 500 miles of the Cuban coast line in addltion to the section already blockaded, and also to blockade San Juan, Porto Rico. This increases the extent of the blockade on the Cuban coast fully fourfold. The demands upon the navy will not be nearly so heavy in proportion to the territory covered as in the case of the initial blockade, for the reason that the new blockaded coast lies entirely within the great bight on the south coast of Cuba, in which wa-ter is generally very shallow, and the ports are few into which a vessel could enter. The most important of these ports are Manzanillo, Trinidad and

Orders have been issued for the immediate sailing of another large expedition to reinforce Shafter. The soldiers will sail from Tampa and will number 9,000 men. It is understood they will be taken from General Snyder's second division of the Fourth army corps. Eight transports will carry the expedition to Key West, where they will be joined by a strong naval convoy and proceed to Santiago. Preparations have been proceeding vigor-ously for some days, but the rigid censorship at Tampa prevented a word go-ing out regarding the expedition. Snyder's Second division, the Fourth army corps, looked upon by the war department as the one best equipped for an immediate start, is now at Tampa, and is made up of three brigades and nine regiments, which include both regulars and volunteers.

There is no abatement in the demand for the new war bonds. Experts ended by the defeat and capture of agree that the total of individual subcriptions will not exceed the \$10,000,-

The authorine boat Argonaut has completed a rup of 200 miles under and on the waters of the Chesapeake bay between Baltimore and Norfolk, Va., and Simon Lake, the inventor, expresses confidence in being able to cut the wires or destroy mines laid to LATER NEWS.

The dispatches report that a general assault on Santiago by the land and sea forces of the United States began Friday morning.

President McKinley has appointed George Bruce Cortellyon, of New York assistant secretary to the president, to fill the additional position of that grade recently created by congress.

Officials of the United States embassy discredit the Madrid dispatch saying that Camara had passed through the Suez canal. They say he had not entered the canal Firday morning.

It is the general understanding among army officers here that the next expedition to the Philippines will get off about July 11. The fleet will consist of the Peru, City of Puebla, Aca-pulco, Umatilla and Pennsylavnia.

According to a dispatch received Friday by the Spanish minister of marine, at Madrid, Admiral Camara, in com-It is reported on apparently good authority that the water supply of Port Said, has passed through the Sues canal, apparently on his way to the Philippines. The Porto Rican expedition, which

is the next number on the war programme after the surrender of Sartiago, is to be led by Major-General John R. Brooke, now commanding the First army corps at Chicksmagua, who will be made military governor of the island after its capture.

Colonel Allen, in charge of the signal station at Playa del Este, Friday morning telegraphed to Washington that the fight was growing furious in all directions. At the time at which he sent the telegram eight Americans and nine Cubans had been wounded. The Spaniards were shelling the Americans as they advanced, and Sampson's fleet was botly engaging the forts.

According to trustworthy intelli-gence from Manila, the Spanish governor-general has made arrangements for a meeting with Admiral Diedrich (commander of the German naval forces in the Far East), in order to propose in behalf of the Spanish government that Manila should be handed into provincial charge of a neutral commander. The proposal was rejected by Diedrich, in view of the American blockade.

The Japanese cruiser Matsushima arrived at Hong Kong Friday from Manila, which port she left on the after-noon of Monday, June 27. She reports that the American transports had not then arrived. The situation was unchanged, the Spaniards continuing to erect defenses and the insurgents occupying positions within about 2,000 ney warships there.

another call for volunteers will soon be issued.

ed to notify Admiral Camara that the ity, and that the warships must leave. Secretary Long said that he understood Camara's fleet had paid the canal dues, and the presumption is that they will continue the voyage.

The war department has received the welcome information today that military telegraph stations have been established at St. Villa, in the center of the present military operations, and that this line runs to a point near Aguadores, where it connects with the French cable line, thus bringing General Shafter into direct communication with the department.

Corporal Hucht, Seventh infantry, who with seven men was sent out seven miles from Santiago was found by General Shafter Thursday afternoon and sent into camp. The party had repeatedly seen the Spaniards, who did not offer to molest them, and the Americans spent the day as if enjoying a picuic in the woods. The corporal said that if he had had with him a sufficient force he could have brought in 40 Spanish prisoners.

The camp conditions near Santiago thing affost. Rations, however, me men fare alike. The latter are sufferblankets thrown away on the march. These have been appropriated by the Cubans, who take everything in sight, and do as little as possible. On the

Consular Agent Broadbent has just ports to the department. While the Spanish ships were seeking permission of the Egyptian government to take coal at Port Said, the consular officer succeeded in quietly buying up all the Mediterranean, or to coal any American vessels that may pass through the Suez canal bound to the Asiatic sta-

In Venezuela the revolution which has prevailed for the past six mouths

A horse will live 25 days without food, merely drinking water.

Representative Davidson, of Wisconsin, has introduced a bill increasing the army ration by the addition of

#### Santiago Attacked by the Land and Sea Forces.

ENEMY'S OUTER WORKS TAKEN

Morro Castle and the Forts Bombarded by the Fleet-Venuvius Used Her Dynamite Gune With Good Effect-Cervera's Ships Fired Upon Troops

Playa del Este, July 2.-A general assault on the city of Santiago by the land and sea forces of the United States began at 7 o'clock this morning.

General Lawton advanced and took ossession of El Gauey, a suburb of Morro castle and the ether forts at

the entrance of the harbor were bombarded by our fleet. The Vesuvius used her dynamite guns with good effect.

The Spanish fleet in the harbor fired on the American troops, who were very close to the city. Hard fighting all along the American

line was in progress at 1 o'clock.

Nine wounded Cubans have been brought in.

Spaniards Retreated.

Siboney, July 2 .- At 1 o'clock this atternoon, after six hours' terrific fighting, the Spaniards began to leave their entrenchments and retreated into the

Many Americans were wounded, and are being brought in. One man had both arms shot off and was wounded in one hip, but was laughing.

Battle Continued Until Dark Playa del Este, July 2.—The fighting continued until dark. Our forces carried the enemy's outer works, and have occupied them this evening. The battle will probably be resumed

at daybreak. The American loss is heavy. Some estimates place it at 500 killed and

Shufter's Official Report. Washington, July 2 -The war department has received the following from General Shafter, dated at Sibo-

yards of the city. Food is growing 'Have had a very heavy engagement scarcer. The Matsushima reports also today, which lasted from 8 A. M. unthat when she left Manila harbor there til sundown. We have carried their were five German and four British outer works and are now in possession of them There is now about three-The president has intimated that quarters of a mile of open between my lines and the city. By morning, the troops will be entrenched, and considerable augmentation of the forces will Captain P. H. Cooper, superintend- be there. General Lawton's division ent of the naval academy, has been se- and General Bate's brigade have been lected to command the cruiser Chicago. engaged all day in carrying El Ganey, The Egyptian government has decid- which was accomplished at 4. P M. Am well in line, and will rest in front continued presence of the Spanish of Santiago during the night. I regret to say that our casualties will be above 400. Of these not many were killed.

Cabans Sent to the Westward. Washington, July 2.—An official dispatch was received last night at the war department confirming the press report that Shafter had sent back on transports to Acerraderos, whence they came, 2,000 of Garcia's Cubans. The purpose is a double one, first, to prevent reinforcements coming into Santiago fom Manzanillo on the west, and second to prevent the retreat in that direction of the Spanish garrison of

the town. Used the War Balloon. Washington, July 2 .- Gen. Greely has the following from Siboney:

"Saw the war balloon up near Santiago last night from the flagship of Admiral Sampson, where I was observing it.

To Stop Pando. Playa del Este, July 2 .- It is be lieved that General Garcia, whose forces were taken to the east to cooperate with the United States army in the capture of Santiago, will be sent back with 3,000 of his men to stop the continue hard. Heavy rains set every- advance of General Pando, the Spanish being served out regularly, but they and a quantity of cattle, was reported are still not plentiful. Officers and at a point 71 miles from Manzanillo, commander, who, with 8,400 troops going east towards Santiago. Accord ing during the cold nights from lack of ing to information which reached the flagship New York today from Colonel Rios, in command of the Cuban camp, General Pando started from Manzanillo June 22, and is traveling at the rate of in command of the Spanish fleet rewhole, they actually fare better than 10 miles a day. The distance to Santiago is 57 miles, and the roads are rough and difficult to travel. The Cumade a master-stroke, which he re- bans now opposing Pando number only about 200 men.

Relieves General Brooks. Washington, July 2 .- Brigadier-General Penning, recently relieved from duty at Camp Black, was today coal available at that place. This ordered to proceed to Atlanta to relieve amounted to 2,000 tons and it is in a General Brooke of the command of the good place to be shipped to Dewey, to department of the Gulf. This order serve as a base of supplies for Watson's does not effect Brooks' command of the Eastern squadron, when it enters the First army corps, in camp at Chickamauga, and which is to proceed to Tampa for embarkation to Santiago, either to reinforce Shafter's army or to invade Porto Rico.

Berlin, July 2 .- The following dispatch has been received from Hong Kong: According to trustworthy in-telligence from Manila, the Spanish governor-general has made arrangements for a meeting with Admiral Diedrichs (commander of the German naval forces in the far East,) in order to propose in behalf of the Spanish government that Manila should be one-quarter of a pound of pure American cheese. A similar bill has been introduced by Representative Chickering, rejected by Diedrichs in view of the NOT IN SIGHT.

American Troops Have Not Yet Reached

Washington, July 2 .- While not prolix in his utterances Admiral Dewey loses no opportunity to keep the navy department informed of the state of affairs at Manila. A dispatch came from him today dated Caivte, June 27, reporting that conditions are practically unchanged, making no mention of the arrival of reinforcements. He had some other matters of interest, but they were not of a character that could properly be made public at this stage. For one thing it can be stated that Admiral Dewey has been particular to avoid committing his government to any particular line of action respecting the future of the Philippines or to do anything that would embarrass General Merritt in framing a policy to meet the needs of the case when he arrives. He had made no official pledges to the insurgent leader, although he has not hesitated to openly praise his good politics and his accomplishments.

Split in Insurgent Banks.

Hong Kong, July 2.—According to letters from Cavite dated June 29, the insurgents occupy the whole of Bulucan province, occasional skirmishes occurring

The insurgents captured the Spanish ship Behul in Kayabo bay while she was landing 500 troops. A stubborn fight occurred, in which the Spanish commander, a lieutenant-colonel, was

The insurgents have captured the governor of Bulucan, together with his wife and children.

Aguinaldo placed under arrest the rebel leaders Artachio and Sandico for having revealed the fact that the steamer Pasig, recently seized by the Hong Kong authorities, was laden with arms for the insurgents. Sandico appealed to Consul Williams, and was liberated. He is now on board the Nanshan. It is feared that the incident will cause a split in the insurgent party, Sandico being influential and the only insurgent leader capable of administration. The insurgents fear that Aguinaldo will shoot Artachio unless Admiral Dewey interferes, as be suspects that Sandico intended to form an opposition party.

Insurgents Massing

Juragua, via Kingeton, July 2 .- General Garcia and 3,000 insurgents from the mountains west of Santiago were brought here today on American transports. Fully 5,000 instirgents are now concentrated near Juragua. The majority are well armed, but all are badly cothed. They are accustomed to the bush-whacking methods of the Spaniards, and are faimliar with every trail in the vicinity of Santiago. conference between Shafter and Garcia will be held tomorrow to further consider plans of co-operation of the two

Garcia's plan is to march his entire army overland along the northern ican army. As soon as possible Garcia will effect a junction with Gomez' forces, now west of Havana. The Cuban leaders plan to have 20,000 insurgents before Havana when the time comes for investment of that city.

New York, July 2 .- A special to the Tribune, dated at Port Said, Egypt,

June 30, 11 P. M., says:
The Spanish consul-general, who came here last night, received this morning a number of dispatches from the Duke of Almodovar, minister of foreign affairs, and immediately afterwards held a long conference with Admiral Camara on board the Pelayo. At 1:30 o'clock the Isla de Luzon ar-

rived. She has a crew of 119 men, her armament consists of two heavy guns and she carries 1,200 tons of coal and a large supply of provisions.

London, July 2 .- A dispatch to Lloyd's from Port Said, dated 10:40 o'clock tonight, says that the Pelayo, Emperador, Carlos Quinto, Osada, Patriota, Buenos Ayres, Isla de Panay, Rapido, San Francisco, Isla de Luzon and San Ignace de Loya have gone to

Port Said, July 2 .- Admiral Camara's ships have moved outside of the harbor in order to coal from their own colliers. The Spanish colliers Colon and Covangada have also entered

Palse Reports From Madrid.

Madrid, July 2 .- According to a dispatch received today by the Spanish Minister of Marine, Admiral Camera cently at Port Said, has passed through the Suez canal, apparently on his way to the Philippines.

London, July 2 .- Officials of the United States embassy discredited the Madrid dispatch saying that Camara has passed through the Suez canal. They say he had not entered the canal this morning.

Kingston, Jamaica, July 2 .- A newspaper dispatch-boat, the Elay, went sahore last night at Rocky Point, at the eastern end of Jamaica. She will probably go to pieces. Langdon Smiley, a correspondent, was on board of her at the time. Officials Shaken Up.

Redding, Cal., July 2 .- A special train carrying the officials of the Union Pacific railroad was wrecked this evening between Smithson and Delta, about 85 miles north of Redding. Although receiving a severe shaking up none of the officials were injured. The engineer and fireman were hurt, but not ceriously. The engme jumped the on the rails. The train was dalayed

### Americans Mobilized Four Miles From Santiago.

ENGINEERS HARD AT WORK

Artillery Being Taken Up Over Bad Mountain Roads-General Shafter at the Front-Spaniards Holsted Red Cross Fings Over the City.

Off Juruaga, Province of Santiago de Cuba, via Kingston, July 2.—The force of the American army is being mobilized as rapidly as possible in the vicinity of Aguadores, four miles from Santiago de Cuba. The moment the tedions task is completed, the attack on Spain's last ditch in Eastern Cuba will be began. When that will begin Shafter himself cannot say. The troops can be moved without serious delay, and are pushing forward rapidly, but the movement of the packtrains, wagons, ambulances and artillery is omewhat slow.

From Daiquiri, where the artillery was landed, to the present point of concentration, the road runs through a tangle of undergrowth up and down steep hillsides and over treacherous swamp-bordered streams for a distance of over 12 miles. Through this continuous thicket the vanguard of the army is cutting its way. Engineers are at work leveling the track and filling pits, while a large force of regulars and volunteers, with axes, aided by Cubans with machetes, are backing down trees and clearing out the brush. A few light guns have already reached this position. The seige guns are not yet within five miles of the vanguard.

General Shafter left his ship today and took quarters with General Wheeler at the front. His appearance there gave rise to a rumor that an attack would occur tomorrow, but the staff officers say it is impossible to get the army in shape to strike a blow for several days.

About 2,000 troops are camped four miles east of the besieged city, and the remainder of the forces stretch along the road from there to Juragua and Daiquiri. The advance forces are in a semi-circle, the left flank resting two miles from there under command of General Chaffee with the extreme right under command of Colonel Miles, about a mile to the northwest. Beginning with the Twelfth infantry at the extreme left, the Seventh, Seventeenth, Fourth, Twenty-fifth and Tenth infan-Beyond them picket lines are estabcoast, keeping in touch with the Amer- lished three-quarters of a mile nearer officials of the war department, as it Santiago city, being in plain sight of General Chaffee's and Colonel Miles'

Much amusement has been caused among the officers by the large number of Red Cross flags flying from buildings in Santiago. Seven such flags have been counted today, and it is reported that two more were holsted tonight. They are all flying from the largest and most prominent buildings, and our officers say the Spanish soldiers evidently intend to thus try to protect every place in the city offering a good mark for the American artillery.

For the past day or two landings have been without incident. The hospital corps has finished its camp-and several patients are already under good treatment. There are quite a few cases of measles under the care of the physicians, but a majority of the cases of sickness are the result of heat and the extreme hardships the men have undergone, particularly in waiting for shelter and food during the landing. The fleet hes silently and grimly

waiting for the moment to come when it shall finally measure its strength with the harbor batteries. All day long, four American men-of-war lay within a mile and a half of Morro's guns, but not a shot was exchanged The sailers on board could almost have exchanged words with the soldiers ashore, and the fact that the Spaniards did not risk a shot is taken to indicate that they are very short of ammunition. The Indiana, Iowa, New Orleans and Massachusetts could easily have been hit as they lay almost motionless within easy range, but Morro might be a country schoolhouse for all the hostile demonstration it made.

Word was received by Rear-Admiral Sampson today that the Spanish supply-beat Purisima Concepcion, which escapd from Jamaica recently, has arrived safely at Tunas, the port of Sancti Spiritus, on the southern coast of the province of Santa Clara. The naval officers here are much chagrined at the fact that the steamer got away.

In the Suez Canal.

Madrid, July 2 .- In an interview this afternoon Lieutenant-Colonel Correa, minister of war, asserted that Admiral Camara's squadron had begun the passage of the Suez canal. also announced that the Victoria, Numancia, the Alfonso XIII and Lebanto, all armored cruisers, are ready to form the third squadron.

Merritt Has Gone.

San Francisco, July 2.—The steamer Newport, with General Merritt on board, sailed this morning for the Philippines. General Merritt is very anxious to avoid an encounter with any vessel from the Spanish navy, and will issue orders to the fleet at Honolulu to make all possible speed to the islands.

In a civil service examination in

WATSON'S EASTERN SQUADRON

Preparing for Its Raid, While Camara

Washington, July 2 -It was annonnced at the navy department this afternoon that the Spanish Cadiz squadron had paid the heavy Sues canal tolls and was about to proceed eastward through the canal, though this statement was probably erroneous, in view of the later reports to the press indicating that the Spanish vessels were stopping for repairs. The adivces only hastened preparations making for the departure of Commolore Watson's Eastern squadron. The commodore has reported to the navy lepar ment his arrival off Santiago, and his consultation with Admiral Sampson respecting the details of the cruise, which, it is expected, will ocupy fully four months, providing the

war endures that length of time. The delays to which the Spaniards are subject at Port Said will redound very greatly to the advantage of Admiral Dewey, if Camara is still in reality bound for the Philippines, for they insure the arrival of almost the whole of General Merritt's forces, and almost certainly of the cruiser Charleston and the Monterey and Monadnock, before the Spanish squadron could reach Manila harbor,

It was learned this afternoon that the Egyptian government had decided to notify Admiral Camara that the ontinued presence of the Spanish fleet at Port Said is violating neutrality and that the warships must leave.

Consular Agent Broadbent has just made a master stroke, which he reports to the department. While the Spanish ships were seeking permission of the Egyptian government to take coal at Pert Said the consular officer succeeded in quietly buying up all the coal available at that place. This amounted to 2,000 tons, and it is in a good place to he shipped to Dewey, to serve as a base of supplies for Watson's Eastern squadron, when it enters the Mediterranean, or to coal any American vessels that may pass through the Suez canal, bound to the Asiatic station.

The news that reached the department through the press reports that Admiral Camara is about to leave his torpedo-boat destoryers at Port Said, because they would be unable to weather the monsoons that rage in the Indian ocean at this season, is be'teved at the navy department to presage the dissolution of the squadron and the abandonment of the cruise to the Phil-

The Wire to the Front.

Washington, July 2 .- General A. W. Greely, chief signal officer, tonight received a dispatch from Lieutenant-Colonel Allen, signal corps officer in Cuba, announcing that a telegraph and telephone station had been established at a point within two miles of try extend to the right in order named. the city of Santiago. This information is of the highest importance to the insures to them practically direct communication with Shafter. The information is significant, too, as it shows that the American troops are within rifle shot of Santiago. The telegraph station being of course within the American lines, its location conclusively indicates that the forces of General Shafter have established themselves in advance of telegraphic communication.

A Road Convention.

Astoria, Or., July 2.-The county court is using every means to provide Classop with good roads, and it was decided today to call s convention. This convention will meet here July 20-21, during which time the farmers' convention will be in session here. The road convention will consist of two or more repesentatives from each road district, and the best means of securing good highways for the county will be discussed. Farming in Clatsop county is steadily increasing, but farmers are greatly handicapped because of poor highways. It is the intention to remove this obstacle to the county's progress, and secure thoroughfares which can be used the year round. The convention will doubtless be largely at-

tended.

Harrisburg, Or., July 2 .- This morning Charles Turner was shot and killed by T. M. McGrath, about six miles east of this place. Turner had been working on the farm of Harvey Summerville. McGrath lives near by. Turner visited with McGrath's boy, about his own age. McGrath thought he was visiting his wife, with whom he has had trouble, and became jealous. Today he went to the Summerville farm and went up to Turner, who was working in the hay field, spoke a few words, then stepped back and drew a revolver and shot him. The ball entered Turner's left breast, and be dropped dead.

Famine at Santiago.

Playa del Este, July 2,-Instercepted dispatches from Admiral Cervera show a critical state of affairs at Santiago Both food and ammunition are reporte! to be getting very short, and the latter will be exhausted soon. For some days the fleet has been unable to draw a shot from the batteries off the barobr entrance, even though going very close inshore. The cruiser New Orleans has left for Key West.

Dolphin Budly Damaged.

Washington, July 3.—Keports re-ceived at the navy department of the collision between the Dolphin and Ne sark indicate that it took place near Key West. The Dolphin smashed her stem, filling the forward compartme to the collision bulkhead. It is expected three weeks will be cosumed in making repairs.

The heart beats 10 strokes a mine