



Speaking in Liverpool two years ago, he denounced the Turkish crusade against the Armenians.

THE SIXTH MASSACHUSETTS.

Famous Regiment's Second March Through Baltimore.

Times change and men change with them. This truth is recalled by the reception accorded the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment in Baltimore while on its way to the encampment in Falls Church, Va., to aid in crushing Spain. This greeting was splendid in conception and carrying out and reflects great credit upon the Baltimoreans who left nothing undone that could contribute to the glorification of the Bay State soldiery while within the confines of Maryland's great city. In marked contrast to this was the reception given to the same regiment in the same city on April 19, 1861, while on its way to Washington. Then the command was set upon by a mob numbering thousands, and before the regiment cut its way through the infuriated multitude five soldiers were killed and twenty-four wounded. The number of dead and wounded in the assaulting column was never correctly ascertained, but from the most authentic sources at least thirty were killed and more than 100 wounded. The fight was desperate for more than a mile and the volleys of the soldiers were given with the muskets of their guns within a few feet of those who disputed their passage. This assault made the regiment famous, as it was the first blood shed in the civil conflict.

The commander, Edward F. Jones, seated an uprising in January, 1861, and had his companies, chiefly from Boston, ready weeks before the firing on Fort Sumter. As soon as President Lincoln issued the call for 75,000 men Jones had the Sixth in motion and had the honor of leading the first regiment down Broadway, New York, for the



SECOND MARCH OF 6TH MASSACHUSETTS THROUGH BALTIMORE.

seat of war. The New Yorkers gave the troops an uproarious welcome. As soon as it was learned they were to go through Baltimore the people of that city became very indignant and proposed to forcibly prevent it. At Philadelphia the frowning attitude of the Monumental City was communicated to the soldiers en route, whose good time was suddenly interrupted by the order to load their guns with ball cartridge. This meant an ugly reception.

The troops arrived in the hostile city in a crowded station filled with angry men who hurled execrations at the arriving soldiery. Finding this did not provoke a quarrel, as the Sixth emerged into the street a fusillade was begun, and soon the air was filled with flying missiles hurled at the invaders. Several were struck and then the regiment turned and faced its assailants. This did not deter the unorganized foe and the command was given to fire. When the smoke lifted several of the dead and dying rioters were stretched on the ground and a panic-stricken mob was hunting a place of safety. A running fight was kept up until the regiment reached the depot on the other side of the city, when it was found that five of the members had been shot to death and many wounded. The ride to Washington was without interruption. The bodies of the dead soldiers were conveyed to their homes and a great funeral procession took place in Boston. A noble monument to their memory is erected on one of the main streets in Worcester, where most of the killed were from.

The assault embittered the Baltimoreans and led to a general arming of the men and boys, who threatened to massacre any Northern troops that should attempt the march through their city. The public mind became so inflamed that the Mayor pleaded with President Lincoln to withhold his assent to having any more regiments pass through, as it might lead to the destruction of the city.

The order was secured and Washington, for some time after, was reached by Northern regiments going around by way of Annapolis and avoiding Baltimore. It was several weeks before Baltimore cooled down sufficiently to

permit Union soldiers to march unmolested through her streets. Long ago Boston and Baltimore made up for this scrimmage and have been the best friends since, and it was at the request of the Marylanders that the Sixth Regiment, equipped for service against a foreign foe, be invited to tread the streets where her march was so rudely disturbed thirty-seven years ago. The invitation was promptly accepted by Col. Woodward and his men. When the regiment arrived there it met with a magnificent welcome. For four hours thousands hung around the Mount Royal station awaiting the soldiers. When they did arrive 20,000 people were massed in the square and a great shout went up as the Boston boys left the train. A delegation of 200 of the leading citizens headed by Mayor Maister met the troops. The Mayor in words touching and tender addressed the Sixth, and bade them God-speed on their journey, and then presented a floral shield in the shape of a large basket of choice flowers. Across the face of the floral shield was the inscription in violets: "Maryland and Massachusetts." On streamers extending from the basket were the inscriptions: "Baltimore welcomes the Sixth Massachusetts;" "Flowers, Not Bullets;" "God Bless You and Bring You Safely Home;" "Maryland Honors Massachusetts, May 21, 1898." Col. Woodward made an eloquent address for the visitors, and as he concluded three cheers and a tiger were given for the Sixth which could have been heard a mile away.

MARRIAGE ON THE DECREASE.

Still There Were Nearly 40,000 Weddings in London Last Year.

A volume prepared by Dr. Shirley F. Murphy, medical officer of health for the administrative county of London, gives a timely reminder of the gigantic nature of the task which has to be discharged by the county council and the vestries in maintaining the health of the inhabitants of the metropolis. The population of London is approaching 4,500,000, and for purposes of sanitary supervision the area is divided into forty-three districts, each having its medical officer of health. Sanitation and medical science are grappling successfully with disease, and the illustrative diagrams by means of which Dr. Murphy reduces numerous bewildering battalions of statistics to a striking comprehensive impression of that contest lost on the whole a fairly satisfactory story.

Marriages are certainly found to be declining when we take a long survey, even if we are not able to say that the diminution is all under the head of improvident unions. The marriages during the forty-five years from 1851 to 1896 show a mean rate of 18.9 per 1,000, but from 1851 to 1876 the marriage rate each year was above that mean. There was indeed a brief period—it covered the '60s—when marrying in London burst forth with exceptional fervor, but the abnormal effort seems to have had the consequence of all abnormal efforts, and since then making a "nuptial of two hearts" has gone steadily downward, though, we may add, to reassure the timorous, that in actual figures the diminution on the quarter of a century is from 19.5 to 18.0 per 1,000. Last year 30,080 marriages were made in London, and the number is probably ample. The birth rate too is on the down grade, the turn in this department beginning about 1885, and continuing until now. Last year births were most numerous in the combined eastern districts and lowest in the western, and we notice, furthermore, that although the fewest children were born in the western part of London, more infants died there than in any other group of districts. The fall in the London birth rate corresponds strangely with a fall over the whole of England and Wales.

—London Mail.

Active and Passive.

Mrs. Wallace—You could make a living easily enough, if you would only try. Perry Paquette—You'm, but you see, most of the time I'm bein' tried instead of tryin'.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

WEEKLY MARKET LETTER.

Trade Conditions in the Leading Cities of the World.

[Reported by Downing, Hopkins & Co., Inc., Board of Trade Brokers, 711 to 724 Chamber of Commerce Building, Portland, Oregon.]

The statistical news of wheat for the past week has been very bearish. Beerholm reported the world's shipment at 14,000,000 bushels, of which North America shipped 5,248,000 bushels. The American supply of visible wheat increased during the week 1,085,000 bushels, and now totals 22,587,000 bushels. The Orange Judd Farmer report for June makes the winter wheat acreage 25,651,000 acres, after allowing for 1,000,000 acres abandoned in California. The spring wheat acreage shows a radical increase everywhere, the total area reaching 17,869,000 acres. The month of May was favorable for wheat everywhere except in California, and the present condition of winter wheat is reported at 90.7, against 87.9 last month and 83.5 last year. The condition of spring wheat is practically perfect, with an average of 99.1, which is the highest figure ever reported on June 1 by any reliable authority. The situation in Oregon and Washington is enough better than last year to practically offset the loss in California. Bearish sentiment seems to be gaining both here and abroad. A private Liverpool cable says: The trade is bearish and lower prices must follow. Upward manipulation is out of the question, with world's shipments so large and American prospect is flattering." Minneapolis reported no buyers of cash wheat in that market today. About the only strong factor has been the New York market, where foreigners are said to have bought large quantities for September and later deliveries. That market has been well sustained, and the foreign support thus given encouraged a belief that prices may do better here, at least temporarily.

Seattle Markets.

Vegetables—Potatoes—Yakimas, \$1.10 @ 12 per ton; natives, \$3 @ 10; California potatoes, \$1.50 @ 2 per 100 pounds. Beets, per sack, \$1.25; turnips, \$1.25; carrots, \$1.25; hothouse lettuce, 45c; radishes, 12 1/2c. Fruits—California lemons, fancy, \$3; choice, \$2 @ 2.50; seedling oranges, \$1.50 @ 1.75; California navel, fancy, \$3 @ 3.25; choice, \$12.50 @ 12.75; bananas, shipping, \$2.25 @ 2.75 per bunch; strawberries, \$1.25 @ 1.50 per crate. Butter—Fancy native creamery, brick, 18c; ranch, 7 @ 12c; dairy, 12 1/2 @ 15c; Iowa, fancy creamery, 18c. Cheese—Native Washington, 11 @ 12c; Eastern cheese, 12 @ 13c. Meats—Choice dressed beef steers, prime, 8c; pork, 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2c; mutton, 8c; pork, 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2c; veal, 8c. Poultry—Chickens, live, per pound, 14c; dressed, 16c; spring chickens, 12 @ 13c. Fresh Fish—Halibut, 3 @ 4c; steelheads, 7 @ 8c; salmon trout, 9 @ 10c; founders and sole, 3 @ 4c; herring, 4c. Oysters—Olympia oysters, per sack, \$3 @ 3.25; per gallon, sold, \$1.80. Wheat—26c; feed wheat, \$23. Oats—Choice, per ton, \$28. Corn—Whole, \$25; cracked, \$25; feed meal, \$25. Barley—Rolled or ground, per ton, \$26; whole, \$25. Flour—Patent, per bbl, \$5; straight, \$4.75; California brands, \$5.75; buckwheat flour, \$6.50; graham, per bbl, \$4.25; whole wheat flour, \$4.50; rye flour, \$5. Millstuffs—Bran, per ton, \$17; shorts, per ton, \$18. Feed—Chopped feed, \$21 @ 22 per ton; middlings, per ton, \$18 @ 19; oil cake meal, per ton, \$35. Hay—Puget Sound mixed, \$10 @ 13; choice Eastern Washington timothy, \$17.

Portland Market.

Wheat—Wallis Wallis, 75c; Valley and Bluestem, 78c per bushel. Flour—Best grades, \$4.50; graham, \$4.00; superfine, \$2.25 per barrel. Oats—Choice white, 40c; choice gray, 38 @ 39c per bushel. Barley—Feed barley, \$22; brewing, \$24 per ton. Millstuffs—Bran, \$17 per ton; middlings, \$23; shorts, \$17. Hay—Timothy, \$11 @ 12; clover, \$10 @ 11; Oregon wild hay, \$9 @ 10 per ton. Eggs—Oregon, 16 @ 17c per dozen. Butter—Fancy creamery, 32 1/2 @ 35c; fair to good, 25 @ 30c; dairy, 25 @ 30c per roll. Cheese—Oregon full cream, 12c; Young America, 12 1/2c. Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$2.50 per dozen; hens, \$4.00; springs, \$2.00 @ 4c; geese, \$6.00 @ 7.00; ducks, young, \$4 @ 5.00 per dozen; turkeys, live, 11 @ 12c per pound. Potatoes—Oregon Burbanks, 30 @ 45c per sack; sweets, \$1.75 @ 2 per cental. Onions—Oregon, \$2.25 @ 2.50 per sack. Hops—5 @ 12 1/2c per pound for new crop; 1896 crop, 4 @ 6c. Wool—Valley, 14 @ 15c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 8 @ 12c; mohair, 25c per pound. Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 4c; dressed mutton, 6 1/2c; prime lambs, 10c per lb. Hogs—Gross, choice heavy, \$4.25; light and feeders, \$3.00 @ 4.00; dressed, \$5.50 @ 6.50 per 100 pounds. Beef—Gross, top steers, \$4.00; cows, \$2.50 @ 3.50; dressed beef, 5 @ 7c per pound. Veal—Large, 6c; small, 6c per pound.

San Francisco Market.

Wool—Southern coast lambs, 7 @ 8c; San Joaquin, 7 @ 8c; Northern, 11 @ 12c per lb. Millstuffs—Middlings, \$21 @ 23; California bran, \$16 @ 16.50 per ton. Onions—New, 40 @ 55c per sack. Butter—Fancy creamery, 19c; do seconds, 18c; fancy dairy, 17 1/2c; good to choice, 16 @ 17c per pound. Potatoes—Early Rose, 40 @ 50c. Eggs—Store, 14 @ 14 1/2c; ranch, 14 1/2 @ 16c. Fresh Fruit—Apples, \$40 @ 1.50 per large box; cherries, 40c @ 60c; do red and white, 25 @ 40c per box. Citrus Fruit—Oranges, navel, \$1.25 @ 3.00; Mexican limes, \$4.50; California lemons, 75c @ 1.00; do choice, \$1.25 @ 1.50; per box. Hay—Wheat, \$20 @ 24.50; wheat and oat, \$20 @ 23; oat, \$14.50 @ 16.50; best barley, \$16 @ 18.50; alfalfa, \$12.00 @ 18.00; clover, \$18 @ 15. Cheese—Fancy mild, new, 9 1/2c; old, 10c per pound. Hops—9 @ 12 1/2c per pound.

MRS. NELSON A. MILES.

The General's Wife Is an Ideal Consort for a Soldier.

Mrs. Nelson A. Miles, wife of the commander of the United States army, is one of the most attractive and hospitable women in Washington, and deeply interested in every move that is made by the American army. She has always taken an interest in fighting since she has been a soldier's wife. Years ago when the general was only Col. Miles, in command of the Presidio in San Francisco, he and Mrs. Miles were called "the handsomest couple in



MRS. MILES.

the army." Mrs. Miles has not lost much of that charm that made her the goddess of every young fellow from West Point in her young days in California. She was Mary Sherman before her marriage. Her father was Judge Sherman, a brother of the Senator and the General. Her hair is dark and abundant, her eyes are a grayish blue and her manners are winning. She is as kind and attentive to the wife of a second lieutenant as to the wife of a brigadier general, and that is why she has ever been popular, no matter where stationed. Mrs. Miles accompanied the General on his trip to Europe last year. She accompanied him, too, on some of his expeditions against the Indians, and was often within sound of the shooting.

WHAT MAKES IT GO?

Whirligig that Has Baffled Scientists of International Repute.

Fold a piece of paper as shown in the cut and balance it on a needle forced into a cork. If you place your open right hand by the side of the apparatus, with the palm as near to the paper as can be without actually touching it, and with the fingers slightly curved inward, the vane, after one or two preliminary wriggles, will begin to revolve slowly from right to left. If the left hand be employed in the same way it will, on the contrary, move from left to right. The vane will continue to revolve thus for a greater or less length of time, when it will again oscillate and finally stop. Plenty of explanations have been given to account for the mo-



MYSTERIOUS WHIRLIGIG.

tion, but none is as all satisfactory. It is a puzzle that has baffled scientists of international repute. What makes the whirligig go?

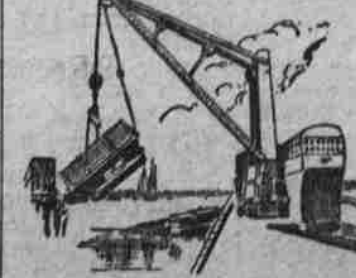
Reformed by a New Pavement.

Bill Smith lives far beyond King's highway. He has lived in that section since the time it was composed of cornfields and cow pastures. For thirty years he has been a habitual drunkard. Bill Smith quit drinking intoxicating liquors recently. At first nobody noticed his reform. Finally, everybody became surprised when they stopped to think that Bill Smith had been sober for many weeks, and was attending strictly to business, just as if he had never toyed with a bottle in all his life.

"What's the matter with old Bill Smith? Has he reformed? He has been sober for a month now," said one citizen to another the other day. "Don't you know what the matter? Bill Smith had to quit drinking," replied the second citizen. "Did the doctors tell him he had to quit?" asked the first citizen. "No. Thirty years ago, and up to the last year, Bill Smith could get drunk and roll in the soft mud anywhere west of King's highway; but recently grand old sidewalks were put down in his locality, and Smith went home drunk five nights in succession, and each night he had a new bump the size of a hen's egg on his head. Bill Smith simply had to quit drinking, brains on these grand old sidewalks."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Huge Crane Made in England.

The huge crane depicted in the illustration was made in England for use on the east coast. It revolves by hydraulic power and was tested with a load of thirty tons. The whole framing of the crane and pedestal is of steel, and the attendant is placed in a house fixed at the back, where he has a good view of his work.



TESTED WITH THIRTY TONS.

Appetite—Strength

Without the First You Cannot Have the Last.

Without the first you cannot have the last. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives both. It gently tones and strengthens the stomach, and gives digestive power, creates an appetite, and invigorates the whole system. It strengthens the nerves and gives sweet, refreshing sleep.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is America's Greatest Medicine. \$1; six for \$5. **Hood's Pills** are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion, 25c.

Easy Work for the Iceboat.

A new type of iceboat constructed on a novel principle has just been launched in England. One propeller is arranged aft in the usual manner, and another, though smaller one, is located at the bow of the boat. This propeller, by giving to the water under the ice high sternward velocity, and thus creating a partial vacuum, deprives the ice of its support and reduces its resistance to crushing, so that the advancing bow of the vessel, which is arranged with a suitable overhang, cuts its way into the unsupported ice without experiencing either the shock or resistance to which former types of the ice breakers were constantly exposed. The vessel was constructed for the government of Finland, and will be employed to maintain the port of Hango in navigable condition during the winter season.

TRY ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous, and hot, and get tired easily. If you have marinating feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Ten thousand testimonials of cures. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Sent by mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, New York.

An Unpopular Cruiser.

The Topeka, originally the Diogenes, of England, is being made into a fighting ship at the Brooklyn navy-yard. She is not very popular with the officers and men, according to The New York Press. Jack's old propensity for naming things himself hasn't let the Topeka go by, and he's dubbed her the "Tipoca," and says she isn't a pudding either! But the Tipoca she's known as at the yard among both men and officers, and it is always called so except when they're speaking of her officially.

FITS REMOVED.

Electricity has been applied to a new muscular exerciser, an elastic cord being fastened on the wall with a ring in the center to which short rods carrying metal grips are attached, the current being admitted through both rods to the hands, or one wire can be attached to a foot plate to exercise the lower limbs.

JOHN POOLE IS CONSTANTLY RECEIVING

large invoices of the celebrated strength-toning engine. These are superior to any ever put upon this market. Before buying a wagon, call and examine, or write for catalogue. Address: J. H. Palmer, Portland, Oregon.

Improved Lightening Barge.

A New York man has designed a new lightening barge, which has rigid cranes on the deck, on which carriages are placed to support the hoisting pulleys, which are provided with means for raising merchandise and grain.

I never used so quick a cure as Palmer's

Cure for Consumption.—J. H. Palmer, Box 1171, Seattle, Wash., Nov. 23, 1905.

Saw blades are largely used in Norway.

The circular saws sold are mostly of English make, but upright (frame) saws, of which great numbers are used yearly, are generally of German make. A large trade could be done in Norway in these saws if of proper quality. The hand saws sold in Norway are mostly of French manufacture.

Punctures in pneumatic tires

are effectively mended by a Massachusetts inventor's device, which consists of a rubber cap to be forced through a hole burned out to the right size, the cap having a metal shank with a screw-threaded cavity in the end in which an outer screw plug is inserted to draw the cap tight.

THREE HAPPY WOMEN

Relieved of Periodic Pain and Backache.

"Before using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, my health was being gradually undermined. I suffered untold agony from painful menstruation, backache, pain on top of my head, and ovarian trouble. The compound entirely cured me.—Mrs. MARGARET WASS, 923 Bank St., Cincinnati, O.

"For years I had suffered with painful menstruation every month. One day a little book of Mrs. Pinkham's was thrown into my house, and I sat right down and read it. I then got some of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills. I can heartily say that to-day I feel like a new woman; my monthly suffering is a thing of the past. I shall always praise the Vegetable Compound for what it has done for me.—Mrs. MARGARET ANDERSON, 303 Lisbon St., Lewiston, Me.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured me of painful menstruation and backache. The agony I suffered during menstruation nearly drove me wild. Now this is all over, thanks to Mrs. Pinkham's medicine and advice.—Mrs. CAROL V. WILLIAMS, South Mills, N. C.

The great volume of testimony proves conclusively that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a safe, sure, and almost infallible remedy in cases of irregularity, suppressed, excessive, or painful monthly periods.

WHEAT

Make money by successful speculation in Chicago. We buy and sell wheat on margins. Fortune has been made on a small beginning by trading in futures. Write for full particulars. Here are references given. Several years' experience on the Chicago Board of Trade, and a thorough knowledge of the business. Send for our free reference book. DOWNING, HOPKINS & CO., Chicago Board of Trade Brokers. Offices in Portland, Oregon and Seattle, Wash.

ELSON'S CURE FOR

CHURCH WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Lung Syrup. Tastes Good. One Dose Cures Croup. Sold by Druggists.

Belief in Unlucky Hours.

Common as is the superstition that Friday is the most unlucky of days, and 19 of numbers, the belief in unlucky hours is equally widespread on the European continent and in the East. Gambetta was so firmly convinced that certain hours of the day are lucky and others unlucky that he would never commence any important undertaking or start on an important journey without consulting a famous reader of cards as to the auspicious hour, and President Faure, who was prudent enough to select a lucky hour for starting on his recent journey to Russia, is said to share Gambetta's superstition. President Carnot was less credulous, and selected an unlucky hour for starting on the journey to Lyons, where he was assassinated by Caserio. The superstition is so common in Paris that cards tastefully embellished and containing a list of "hours to be avoided" are extensively sold.

CAN OUR COAST BE EFFECTUALLY BLOCKADED.

If confidence can be felt in the opinion of military and naval officers in high places, the seal of government, such is the vast extent of our sea coast to blockade it effectively, even if our navy and sea coast defenses could offer no adequate resistance, seems to be impossible. When a blockade of the bowels exists, no adequate resistance can be offered. Stomach bitters, which conquer dyspepsia, malaria, rheumatism and kidney trouble.

Persons residing in the District of Columbia have no vote there, but they may vote in the state in which they claim a legal residence.

The Rhind manuscript now in the British museum is the oldest intelligible mathematical work extant that has ever been deciphered.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, Ohio, and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATHARTIC CURE. Sworn to before me and subscribed to my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1898. A. W. GLABSON, Notary Public. Hall's Cathartic Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Good Health

Is the working capital of humanity. He who loses that is wrecked indeed. Is your health failing? Are you losing your vitality, vigor, vitality? When others fail consult DOCTOR RATCLIFFE.

For the speedy, safe and permanent cure of all

Nervous, Chronic and Special diseases, even those aggravated by indigestion, there is no man in the world who has effected so many permanent cures in both Men and Women of troubles which other physicians of acknowledged ability had given up as hopeless as this eminent specialist. NERVOUS DEBILITY and all its attending ailments, of YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED and OLD MEN. The awful effects of neglected or improperly treated cases, causing drains, weakness of body and brain, stammering, falling memory, lack of energy and confidence, pains in back, limbs and kidneys, and many other distressing symptoms, nothing else for study, business or enjoyment of life. Dr. Ratcliffe can cure you, no matter who or what has failed.

WEAK MEN.

He restores lost vigor and vitality to weak men. Organs of the body which have been injured through disease, overwork, excesses or indiscretions are restored to full power, strength and vigor through his own successful system of treatment.

YOUR LIVER

Get it Right. Keep it Right. Moore's Revealed Remedy will do it. Tunes doses will make you feel better. Get it from your druggist or any wholesale drug house, or from Stewart & Holmes Drug Co., Seattle.

WILL & FINCK CO.'S SPRING EYE GRASS

SAC NEEDLES. Plait or with Cutter. The best needle in the market. Used by all such workers. For sale by all general merchandise stores, or by WILL & FINCK CO., 420 Market Street, San Francisco, Cal.

MEER & FRANK CO.'S

..Great Removal Sale..

Draws immense crowds and is bringing in mail orders at a rate that has necessitated the employment of a largely increased clerical force.

Half a million dollars' worth of goods MUST be sold before we move into our new store, and only

...Greatly Reduced Prices...

on the entire stock can bring about this result.

All mail orders filled at Removal Sale Prices.

MEIER & FRANK CO.

PORTLAND, OREGON.

POWER

...FOR...

PROFIT

Power that will save you money and make you money. Hercules Engines are the cheapest power known. Burn Gasoline or Distillate Oil; no smoke, fire, or dirt. For pumping, running dairy or farm machinery, they have no equal. Automatic in action, perfectly safe and reliable. Send for illustrated catalog.

Hercules Gas Engine Works

Bay St., San Francisco, Cal.

Hercules Special

(2 1/2 actual horsepower) Bay St., San Francisco, Cal. Price, only \$185.

HOLT'S SCHOOL.

Holt's School, at Burlingame, Cal., still maintains its position in the front ranks of the schools on the Pacific coast. It has just closed the most successful year in its history and graduated ten young men. Nowhere are boys better taught or better cared for in every respect.—San Francisco Call May 29th.

In 1749 the habitual users of the

English did not number more than 80,000,000; in 1897 their number was estimated at 110,000,000.

Established 1760.

Baker's

Chocolate,

celebrated for more than a century as a delicious, nutritious, and flesh-forming beverage, has our well-known

Yellow Label

on the front of every package, and our trade-mark, "La Belle Chocolaterie," on the back.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

MADE ONLY BY

WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd.,

Dorchester, Mass.

PROGRESS

"We guarantee Progress White Lead to cover more surface with greater body and to last longer than any lead in the world under a forest of