

DISCOVERER OF CLIPPERTON

An Oakland Sea Captain First Saw the Island.

VISITED THE ISLAND IN 1881

Documentary Evidence Substantiates His Claim, and Proves Clipperton Island to Belong to Uncle Sam.

Oakland, Cal., Aug. 23.—Captain F. W. Permein, of this city, claims Clipperton island, and asserts, too, his title as the bona fide discoverer of the Atoll with its beds of guano and of pearl oysters.

He asserts that on May 21, 1881, while bound to Costa Rica in his brig, the *Elsie*, he first visited the island; that on July 4, 1892, he visited it again and hoisting the stars and stripes, took formal possession of it in the name of the United States. Documentary evidence on the subject is on file at Washington, copies of which Captain Permein possesses, seems to substantiate his claim and also to prove that the island is United States territory.

Captain Permein states that he has made known the nature of his claim to the agents of the British company now negotiating with the men to whom he gave a bill of sale for three-tenths of the island. If the Englishmen are willing to pay a fair price, the captain and his wife, who has taken a keen interest in the affair from the beginning, will sell. If not they intend to work the deposits of guano, which Professor Shaw has estimated to be worth \$50,000,000.

PHOTOGRAPHY IN COLORS.

A St. Louis Engraver Has Discovered the Process.

St. Louis, Aug. 23.—Since Professor Vogel, of Berlin, suggested that it was possible to produce color with the camera, photographers and chemists have sought to find a successful process. Albert Schaecker, of the Western Engraving Company, of this city, has achieved this. He can produce any object in its natural colors. The main secret of the process is the extraction of the three primary colors, yellow, red and blue.

A novelty of the work is that the object is photographed at right angles, or practically around the corner. This is made possible by the use of a prism before the camera. Behind the prism is a color filter. This is a small, flat tank of glass. This filter is filled with a chemically pure solution to exclude all but the color desired to be extracted from the object. A green liquid is used when red is to be photographed; a blue solution when yellow is wanted, and a red mixture is put in the filter when the third basic color, blue, is to be reproduced. Back of the filter is the plate specially prepared for the colors.

OFFICERS WERE KILLED.

Details of the Mutiny on the Schooner Olive Packer.

New York, Aug. 23.—A dispatch to the Herald from Buenos Ayres says: Telegraphic advices from the Herald's correspondent in Rio de Janeiro are to the effect that a vessel of the Atlantic squadron has picked up and holds at Bahia, John Lend and the other members of the crew of the American schooner *Olive Packer*, who mutinied at sea. They murdered the captain, J. W. Whitman, and the first mate, William Sanders, after having had trouble. The crime was committed about 125 miles from Buenos Ayres.

The six prisoners have made confession of their part in it, and have attempted little concealment. They say that after the murders they set the vessel on fire and took to the boats. The schooner was laden with lumber and burned very quickly. The men had rough experiences before they were picked up.

The details of the mutiny have not been given out yet, but the men say there had been ill-feeling on the whole voyage, and the captain and the second mate had made strong enemies of all the members of the crew.

The United States consul will take charge of the men, and they will probably be sent to Boston on a merchant vessel for trial.

Four Bits for Silver.

Denver, Aug. 23.—In a letter for the public, ex-Governor J. B. Grant, of the Omaha-Grant smelter says regarding the continued fall in the price of silver:

"In my opinion the world can produce not to exceed 150,000,000 ounces per annum at 50 cents per ounce. The annual absorption is greater than 150,000,000 ounces, so that 50 cents should be bedrock price. In the immediate future it may go below 50 cents because smelters and others are offering to sell millions of ounces at the lowest price to be obtained, 30, 60 and 90 days. Hence this is done with a view to getting rid of the present stocks with as little loss as possible. I put 50 cents as the bedrock price because I believe that the world will continue to absorb the increasing amount of silver from year to year, and I don't believe it is possible to maintain the present output at 50 cents."

Healer Schlatter Married.

Pittsburg, Aug. 23.—Late last night it was positively announced that Mrs. Margaret Ferris, widow of the builder of the Chicago wheel, has been married in Pittsburg to Francis Schlatter, the divine healer of Canton. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Ward, pastor of St. Peter's Episcopal church. Mr. and Mrs. Schlatter are now at a down-town hotel.

Doctors say people in Ireland who live on the potato never have the gout.

WEEKLY MARKET LETTER.

Downing, Hopkins & Company's Review of Trade.

There was a large and rapid advance in the prices of wheat during the past week with prospects of a higher range of prices the rest of the year. Spot wheat is difficult to get, even at a premium and the demand is pressing for old wheat; 1,946,000 bushels have been taken in Chicago this week for prompt and future shipment on foreign orders—the bulk of which was taken at the advance early in the week.

This general advance is more the outcome of the hand-to-mouth consumption of twelve months overtaking the small stocks both here and in Europe, as we have pointed out time and again, than of short European crops now being reaped. Prosperity is coming in the fact that the European consumer is paying the American farmer a better price than the majority of speculators put upon the wheat. The actual value of the new crop is 20 cents higher than the professional short seller made it in June, when they were selling September freely at 63½ cents, and the farmer is to be congratulated that this advance comes before the grain leaves his hands. And so long as the legitimate demand keeps the spot wheat at a premium, no combination or monopoly can profitably depress the futures, as the experiences of the past six months have proved. So, for the near future, it will be safe to buy wheat on each decline, as the speculative market is broadening and outside buying increasing, and will increase as the state of the country improves.

Although the sensational press tried to show local manipulation in July delivery, Chicago is still the lowest market in the country, with spot wheat this week 10 cents over the highest price in July, and we would have seen a much higher price during this month had not holders of wheat been frightened in June by sensational rumors of large receipts; now the cash demand far exceeds, in proportion, the speculative demand. As in the May and July deliveries, the September speculative price is steadily advancing to the price of the spot wheat, which, as in those months, will finally fix the value in the latter end of this month.

We are now having large receipts of wheat from an ample crop of fine quality—this week 5,343,406 bushels at the nine primary markets, compared with 3,217,382 bushels for the same last year.

Portland Markets.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 81c; Valley, 84c per bushel.
Flour—Best grades, \$4.15; graham, \$3.65; superfine, \$3.25 per barrel.
Oats—Choice white, 38¢@40¢; choice gray, 36¢@39¢ per bushel.
Barley—Feed barley, \$17.50@18; brewing, \$18@19 per ton.
Millstuffs—Bran, \$14 per ton; middlings, \$21; shorts, \$15.50.
Hay—Timothy, \$12@12.50; clover, \$10@11; California wheat, \$10@11; do oat, \$11; Oregon wild hay, \$9@10 per ton.
Eggs—11½¢@12¢ per dozen.
Butter—Fancy creamery, 35¢@40¢; fair to good, 30¢; dairy, 25¢@30¢ per roll.
Cheese—Oregon, 11½¢; Young America, 12½¢; California, 9¢@10¢ per pound.
Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$3.00@3.50 per dozen; broilers, \$1.50@2.75; geese, \$3@4; ducks, \$2.50@3 per dozen; turkeys, live, 10¢@11¢ per pound.
Potatoes—Oregon Burbanks, 35¢@45¢ per sack; new potatoes, 50¢ per sack; sweets, \$1.90@2.25 per cental.
Onions—California, new, red, \$1.25; yellow, \$1.50 per cental.
Hops—10¢@11½¢ per pound for new crop; 1896 crop, 4¢@6¢.
Wool—Valley, 14¢@15¢ per pound; Eastern Oregon, 10¢@12¢; mohair, 20¢ per pound.
Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 2½¢@2½¢; dressed mutton, 4½¢; spring lambs, 5½¢ per pound.
Hogs—Gross, choice heavy, \$4; light and feeders, \$2.50@3; dressed, \$3@4.25 per 100 pounds.
Beef—Gross, top steers, \$2.75@3; cows \$2.25; dressed beef, 4¢@5½¢ per pound.
Veal—Large, 3¢@3½¢; small, 4½¢ per pound.

Seattle Markets.

Butter—Fancy native creamery, brick, 18¢; ranch, 10¢@12¢.
Cheese—Native Washington, 10¢@11¢; California, 9½¢.
Eggs—Fresh ranch, 20¢.
Poultry—Chickens, live, per pound, hens, 10¢@11¢; spring chickens, \$2@3.50; ducks, \$2.50@3.75.
Wheat—Feed wheat, \$28 per ton.
Oats—Choice, per ton, \$23.
Corn—Whole, \$22; cracked, per ton, \$22; feed meal, \$22 per ton.
Barley—Rolled or ground, per ton, \$22; whole, \$21.
Fresh Meats—Choice dressed beef, steers, 6¢; cows, 5½¢; mutton sheep, 6¢; pork, 7¢; veal, small, 6¢.
Fresh Fish—Halibut, 4½¢; salmon, 4¢@6¢; salmon trout, 7¢@10¢; flounders and sole, 3¢@4¢; ling cod, 4¢@5¢; rock cod, 5¢; smelt, 2½¢@4¢.

San Francisco Markets.

Wool—Choice foothill, 9¢@12¢; San Joaquin, 6 months' 8¢@10¢; do year's staple, 7¢@9¢; mountain, 11¢@13¢; Oregon, 10¢@13¢ per pound.
Hops—7¢@9¢ per pound.
Millstuffs—Middlings, \$18.50@22; California bran, \$14@15 per ton.
Hay—Wheat, \$12@15; wheat and oat, \$11@14; oat, \$10@12; river barley, \$7@8; best barley, \$9@12; alfalfa, \$7@8.50 clover, \$7.50@9.
Potatoes—New, in boxes, 40¢@60¢.
Onions—New red, 70¢@80¢; do new silverskin, 85¢@1 per cental.
Fresh fruit—Apples, 40¢@60¢ per small box; do large box, 40¢@50¢ Royal apricots, 20¢@35¢ common cherries, 15¢@25¢; Royal Anne cherries, 25¢@40¢ per box; currants, \$1.00@1.50 per chest; peaches, 25¢@40¢; pears, 20¢@40¢; cherry plums, 20¢@30¢ per box.

THESE HAVE BEEN THERE.

Views of Canadian Officials Regarding the Klondike.

New York, Aug. 18.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says: Secretary Gage has received from Canada a report on the Klondike district. It is a condemnation of the reports of William Ogilvie, the Dominion land surveyor, and contains matters from other officers of the Canadian government who have previously visited the region or are there now. At the outset the minister states that the report is published in response to numerous public demands.

"The object," he says, "is not to induce any one to go to that country at the present time. Until better means of communication are established a man undertakes serious risks in going there unless he has sufficient resources to tide him over the long winter. After September egress from the country is practically impossible until the following June, and a person that has not been successful in locating a paying claim has to depend for subsistence upon finding employment. Wages are at times abnormally high, but the labor market is very narrow and easily overstocked.

"It is estimated that up to the middle of May 500 to 600 persons had crossed the Dyea pass this year. Several hundred more will go by steamers up the Yukon. Whether employment will be available for all and for the considerable population already in the district is somewhat doubtful. It will therefore be wise for those who contemplate going to the Yukon district to give serious consideration to the matter before coming to a decision."

An extract from the report of A. E. Willis, assistant surgeon-general for 1895, is given, to indicate the climate of the Klondike, characteristics of the inhabitants, and the mode of living. He also describes the kind of men that should go to the Klondike. He says:

"The climate is wet. During the winter months the cold is intense, with usually considerable wind. A heavy mist rising from open plains in the river settles down in the valley in extreme weather. This dampness makes the cold felt much more and is conducive to rheumatic pains, colds and the like. In selecting men to live in this country I submit a few remarks, some of which will be of assistance to medical examiners in making their recommendations:

"Men should be sober, strong and healthy. They should be practical men, able to adapt themselves equally to their surroundings. Special care should be taken to see that their lungs are sound, that they are free from rheumatism and rheumatic tendencies and their joints, especially knee joints, are strong and have never been weakened by injury or disease. It is important to consider their temperaments. Men should be of cheerful, hopeful dispositions and willing workers. Those of morose, sullen natures, although they may be good workers, are very apt, as soon as the novelty wears off, to become dissatisfied, pessimistic and melancholy."

Mr. Ogilvie, chief of the boundary survey, in a report of a trip down the Yukon, says regarding the weather:

"It is said by those familiar with the locality that the storms which rage in the upper altitudes of the coast range during the greater part of the time from October to March, are terrific. A man caught in one of them runs the risk of losing his life unless he can reach shelter in a short time." Mr. Ogilvie, on this same trip, had much difficulty with the Indians, and they demanded \$20 per hundred pounds for carrying his goods. On being told that the party had a permit from the Great Father in Washington to pass through the country, and that the Indians would be punished if they interfered, they reduced the price to \$10.

Mr. Ogilvie states there are about 460,000 acres of land along the Yukon and its branches that might be used for agricultural purposes. Mr. Ogilvie gives the miners a bad reputation. He says:

"I may say that it is generally very difficult to get any exact or even approximately exact statements of facts or values from miners. Many of them are inveterate jokers and take delight in hoaxing. The higher the official or social position of the person they hoax the better they are pleased. I have several times found that after spending hours getting information from one of them it would be all contradicted by the next one I met."

"Another cause of difficulty in getting trustworthy information from them is that in a certain sense they consider every government official or agent their enemy, and that he is in the country to spy upon their doings and find out things which the great majority of them are very much averse to have known."

Towards the South Pole.

Antwerp, Aug. 18.—The steamer *Belgica* with Carlathe Antarctic expedition on board, sailed at 10 o'clock this morning. Crowds assembled to bid farewell to the explorers, who were heartily cheered as the *Belgica* left port. The expedition, it is expected, will land at Graham Land early in November. The crew of the *Belgica* number 21 men. The United States cruiser *San Francisco* saluted the departing *Belgica*.

Fifty in the Water.

Berlin, Aug. 18.—A dispatch from Dresden announces that a ferry steamer plying between the old and new towns was capsized yesterday evening by the wash of a large steamer, and over 50 persons thrown into the water. Seven people are known to be missing, and it is feared the loss of life will turn out to be heavy.

A means of renewing the filament in electric light burners has been discovered.

Boarding Trains in Motion.

Passengers are to have an opportunity to board and leave trains which are in motion at the Paris exposition of 1900 by means of a new system devised by a French civil engineer. The idea was suggested by the moving sidewalk at the world's fair. The outer circumference of a circular platform is to travel at the same rate as the passing train. There will be no danger upon entering the platform from a staircase in the center, where the speed is comparatively low. In advancing toward the edge the increase is gradual, and anticipated. The station attendant overlooks the entire platform from a tower in the center, and should there be a heavy crowd he causes the train, by means of switches, to run around the station, allowing ample time to discharge and take on all passengers. It is proposed to work trains and platforms at a speed of 7½ miles an hour.

AN ABOMINABLE LEGACY.

A tendency to rheumatism is undoubtedly inherited. Unlike many other legacies, it remains in the family. The most effective means of checking this tendency, or of removing incipient rheumatism, whether pre-existent in the blood or not, is to resort to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as soon as the preliminary twinges are felt. Nullifying the influence of cold, exposure and fatigue, the Bitters not only fortifies the system against their hurtful consequences, but subdues malaria, liver and kidney complaint, dyspepsia and nerve disturbance.

The Illinois Central railway is about to experiment with electricity as a motive power, with a view to its adoption on all the suburban lines of Chicago. It is said that both the third-rail and trolley systems will be tried exhaustively before a decision is come to on equipment.

AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.

We are asserting in the courts our right to the exclusive use of the word "CASTORIA," and "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," as our Trade Mark. I, Dr. Samuel Pitcher, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER on every wrapper. This is the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years. Look carefully at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought, and has the signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER on the wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is president.

March 5, 1897. SAMUEL PITCHER, M.D.

New York's first public convenience station will be an elaborate underground affair. It will cost \$25,000, and will be built under Mail street and the Broadway side of City Hall Park. It will be finished in marble, and when completed will be the finest thing of the kind in the world.

Anthropologists have ascertained that the Andaman islanders, the smallest race of people in the world, averages less than four feet in height, while few of them weigh more than 75 pounds.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube gets inflamed it has a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular, free.

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Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A new steering device for ships controls the rudder by pneumatic pressure, the air being forced into a cylinder on either side of the rudder post by means of the steering wheel in the pilot house.

My doctor said I would die, but Piso's Cure for Consumption cured me.—Amos Kehler, Cherry Valley, Ill. Nov. 23, '96.

A bereaved widower in St. Joseph, Mo., took unto himself a second wife before his first spouse was buried. The body of No. 1 had been temporarily placed in a receiving vault.

In every mile of railway there are seven feet and four inches that are not covered by the rails—the space left between them for expansion.

THE TURN OF LIFE.

Owing to modern methods of living, not one woman in a thousand approaches this perfectly natural change without experiencing a train of very annoying and sometimes painful symptoms.

Those dreadful hot flashes, sending the blood surging to the heart until it seems ready to burst, and the faint feeling that follows, sometimes with chills, as if the heart were going to stop for good, are symptoms of a dangerous nervous trouble. The nerves are crying out for assistance. The cry should be heeded in time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was prepared to meet the needs of woman's system at this trying period of her life.

Mrs. DELLA WATSON, 524 West 5th St., Cincinnati, Ohio, says:

"I have been using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for some time during the change of life and it has been a saviour of life unto me. I can cheerfully recommend it to all women, and I know it will give permanent relief. I would be glad to relate my experience to any sufferer."

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Best Cough Syrup, Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.

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Schilling's Best tea is not only pure but it is—because it is fresh-roasted.

What is the missing word?

Get Schilling's Best tea at your grocer's; take out the Yellow Ticket (there is one in every package); send it with your guess to address below before August 31st.

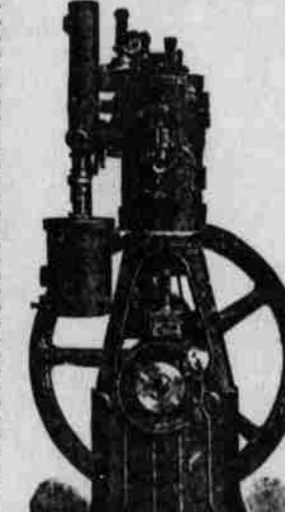
One word allowed for every yellow ticket. If only one person finds the word, he gets one thousand dollars. If several find it, the money will be divided equally among them.

Every one sending a yellow ticket will get a set of cardboard creeping babies at the end of the contest. Those sending three or more in one envelope will receive a charming 1898 calendar, no advertisement on it.

Besides this thousand dollars, we will pay \$150 each to the two persons who send in the largest number of yellow tickets in one envelope between June 15 and the end of the contest—August 31st.

Cut this out. You won't see it again for two weeks.

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Hercules Special
(2½ actual horsepower)
Price, only \$185.

The New Postal Cards.

When Mr. Wanamaker was postmaster-general he put on the market three sizes of postal cards. Under the rule of succeeding officials less solicitous to meet the public taste, two of those sizes have become obsolete, and only the biggest survives. The little blue postal card, the best-looking of the lot, was favored by many patrons of the post-office, who have lamented its disappearance. They will be glad to know, says Harper's Weekly, that the department, in ordering a new lot of cards, has contracted once more for two sizes, and that if the smaller size proves popular it will continue to be kept in stock.

Bernhardt Is Angry.

Sarah Bernhardt has instituted criminal proceedings for libel against La Presse and M. Schurmam, a French impresario, for having said that she retained 38 per cent of the receipts at a performance given in aid of the fund for the erection of a monument to Alexander Dumas.

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Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt.

LORELLA, Klamath Co., Or., June 6, DR. A. T. SANDEN: Dear Sir—In regard to the effects of the Belt, will say that losses have, I think, entirely stopped. I feel greatly strengthened. The pain I wrote you at the end of my spine has stopped. I hold my own weight, and my appetite is good. At first using of the Belt my sleep was considerably disturbed, but now sleep is sound and refreshing. Most respectfully yours, W. H. COLELAND.

It is a modern life-giver. If you are weak in any respect it will build you up. It cures all the effects of early habits, and makes the nerve and vital force as strong as ever. Examine it if you can, or send for the book, "Three Classes of Men," free, closely sealed.

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