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CONDON GLOBE

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HAS THREE TIMES THE CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER IN THE COUNTY.

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O.R.&N. TO THE EAST.

GIVES THE CHOICE OF TWO TRANSCONTINENTAL ROUTES. GREAT UNION NORTHERN RY. : PACIFIC RY. SPOKANE DENVER MINNEAPOLIS OMAHA AND AND ST. PAUL KANSAS CITY LOW RATES TO ALL EASTERN CITIES. OCEAN STEAMERS LEAVE PORTLAND EVERY 5 DAYS FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

EVENTS OF THE DAY.

EPITOME OF THE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS OF THE WORLD.

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form—A Large Amount of Information in a Small Space. John Hays Hammond, charged with the leadership of the late uprising in Johannesburg, has been liberated on bail. A windstorm in New York which blew sixty-two miles an hour, did much damage to property. Three people were killed. The cases of Americans arrested at Johannesburg are now under preliminary examination, and a formal trial will take place April 21. A bridge in the New England railroad over the Pequonnock river, near Bristol, Conn., collapsed, carrying with it twenty workmen; thirteen were drowned. The revision of the extradition treaty between Germany and the United States is again at a standstill, owing to the demands regarding political and military fugitives. Notwithstanding the success of the new loan, fears are entertained that a considerable share of the gold offered in payment will have been withdrawn from the treasury for that purpose. The New York Herald's correspondent in Montevideo, Uruguay, telegraphs that the floods in the republic caused by the heavy rains of the last few weeks have caused great loss of life. John Lee and James Bostie, rivals for the affections of a young woman of Adams, Ind., attempted to settle the matter with pistols, and both were badly wounded, while a bystander also received a stray bullet. It is reported in Havana that General Gomez is going to establish a seat of government at Siguanea, province of Santa Clara. He is announced to be on the move between Batabano, San Felipe, Salud and Mariel. The Red Lake and White Earth Indian reservation, comprising about 1,000,000 acres, part of the Chippewa reservation, in Minnesota, will be opened for settlement May 1, by proclamation to be issued shortly. Governor Rickards, of Montana, demanded of Secretary Olney that he forthwith rid Montana of the Cree Indians. The demand was made after the receipt of a letter from Secretary Olney referring to the Cree controversy. The rebellion in Formosa is unchecked. One army of rebels has taken up its position at Tou Wei, and another has assembled at Camphor Mount. The Japanese troops are confident of defeating the rebels, but cannot attack them in their mountain retreats. The safecrackers who have been terrorizing the people of Oakland, Alameda and Berkeley for the past three months have been captured by the police. They are mere boys, aged 16 and 17. They confessed to thirty seven burglaries of residences and stores. They said they had realized only \$100 from the burglaries. In sporting circles there has been considerable attention aroused by the announcement that Yale intends to send a crew across the Atlantic to compete at the Henly regatta. It is thought it will do much to efface the bitterness resulting from the Dunraven incident and the unfortunate experience of the Cornell crew in England last year. Dr. Zelle, a practicing physician of Bradenburg, Germany, has contrived a photographic instrument which will, in minute details, reproduce the various colors of objects, persons and landscapes brought within a specified range of the camera. What is most surprising in this experience is that in the photographs the colors lose none of their original brilliant shades. Mrs. Jennie Baxter was murdered by her husband in East Portland. She returned home in a drunken condition and Baxter, becoming enraged, drew a razor across her throat, nearly severing the head from the body. He then attempted suicide in the same manner, but was stopped by an officer before he had completed his work. Their 4-year old girl was the only witness. According to a statement widely published in London, the coming naval programme will involve the outlay of \$47,000,000 and will provide for the building of four ironclads, four first-class cruisers, and sixty torpedo destroyers, the last to have a speed of from thirty to thirty-three knots. The battleships are to be similar to the Renown type. Three were killed and two injured in a train-wreck near Rochester, N. Y. Mrs. Nancy Welch, an Oregon pioneer and the first white woman to settle in Astoria, died suddenly of heart failure in Astoria. By the use of Roentgen's new discovery, the "X" rays, a bullet was located in a man's hand, where it had been for two years. An Athens dispatch says that the German excavators near Thebes have discovered a marble bust of the Roman emperor, Antonius Pius. Grant Atterbury, a murderer, was taken from the jail at Sullivan, Ill., by a mob, dragged to the courthouse in his nightshirt and hanged to a tree. The schooner Aida, twenty-six days from Shanghai to Port Townsend, has made the best passage across the Pacific ocean on record for a sailing vessel. The city of Guayaquil, Ecuador, was visited by a terrible fire. The Peruvian consulate and several blocks were destroyed. The loss will aggregate over \$4,000,000. There is believed to be a Jack the Ripper abroad in San Francisco. The police say the murders recently committed there are very similar to those of the London terror. Bartholomew Shea was electrocuted in Danmora, prison, New York, for the murder of Robert Ross, at Troy, N. Y., in March, 1894. He died protesting his innocence. The three-masted schooner Alianza, from New York, went ashore on Plum island, Massachusetts and was stove to fragments. Four of the crew were saved and three drowned. As a result of a prizefight in Philadelphia Frederick Schlechter, one of the principals, died and ex-policeman Hookeder, the other principal, is in jail, charged with murder. A statement prepared at the treasury department, under the direction of Assistant Secretary Curtis, shows that the government will realize from the new loan \$111,878,886.97. Governor Lord, of Oregon, has received a certified transcript of a clear list of school indemnity selections in The Dalles district, embracing 5,523 acres. Mary Ellen Lease, the Kansas orator, will make her debut into the ministerial profession, and henceforth her literary prefix will be reverend instead of colonel. Her recent sickness was the immediate cause of her mind taking a divine turn. Justice Morris, of Washington, D. C., in announcing a decision of the court of appeals for the District of Columbia, ruled that while intoxication may be a disease, yet if it is voluntary and leads to commission of crime, it is a crime in itself. An aerolite exploded above Madrid. The loud report was followed by a general panic. All buildings were shaken, and many windows were shattered. According to the officials of the Madrid observatory, the explosion occurred twenty miles above the earth. While proceeding from Yokohama to Kobe, the United States flagship Olympia struck a gale to escape which all steam was crowded on and a speed of twenty-one knots developed. The storm broke her forward deck stanchions and carried away her bridge rails. Rev. J. H. Hunycutt, a Baptist minister, has been arrested at Morrilltown, Ark., charged with infanticide. His housekeeper's 1-year-old baby cried while he was preparing a sermon, and the preacher became enraged at the annoyance and choked the child to death. The London Chronicle claims the credit for the conversion of England to arbitration, and says: "The speeches in parliament show that we have reached the point where a solution is a certainty. The Schomburgk line is as defunct as the boundaries of West-set." It is announced on authority that following the advice of the United States, Venezuela has practically decided to send a representative to London with power to open negotiations with the government of Great Britain for the settlement of the boundary dispute. Barney Beck, a printer, shot and seriously wounded Mrs. E. B. Catlin in Anaconda, Mont. He was pursued by an angry mob, but killed himself before they could capture him. Infatuation for the woman, and her refusal to accept his attentions is given as the cause. Martin Cleary, a custom-house inspector, was arrested in San Francisco, charged with accepting bribes from a Chinese opium manufacturer and from Chinese emigrants, who desired to land but did not possess the necessary certificates authorizing them to enter the United States. Delegate Catron, of New Mexico, the author of the anti-prizefight bill, is greatly displeased at the impression which has been formed that he was acting under the advice of Governor Thornton, of New Mexico, in his efforts to prevent prizefighting in the territory. Catron made a statement to the press, accusing the governor of "standing in" with Stuart, in his desire to pull off the fight. Dr. Cyrus Edson, of New York, claims to have discovered a remedy for tuberculosis. He terms it aseptolin. It is principally a solution of water and carbolic acid, and is used hypodermically. About fifty physicians in the country have procured aseptolin from Dr. Edson's laboratory and are using it in their practice. It has cured every case of malaria and la grippe in which it has been tried, seventy-seven in all of malaria and fifty-one of la grippe.

BOUNDARY OF ALASKA.

SECRETARY OLNEY TO STATE SECRETARY PRICE.

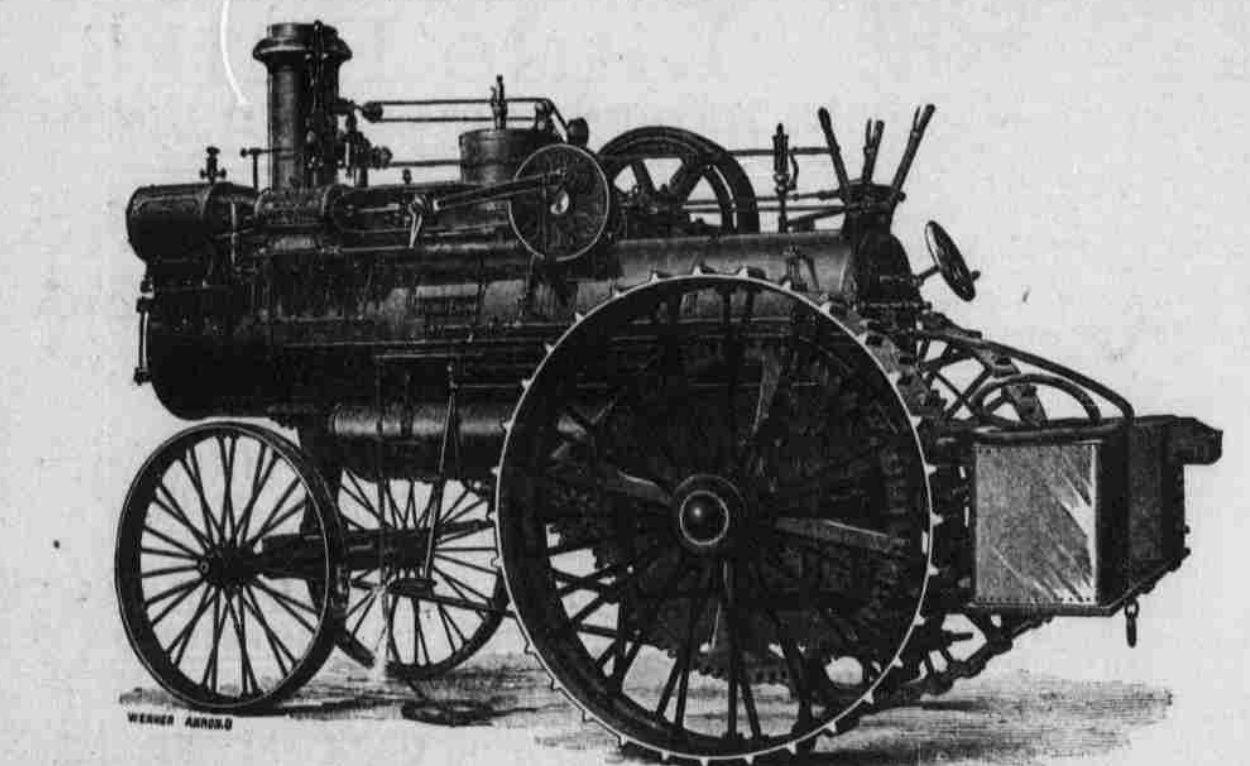
The State Department has no knowledge of asserted jurisdiction by England Over United States Territory in Alaska. Olympia, Wash., Feb. 18.—Secretary of State Price has just received from Secretary Olney, of the department of state at Washington, D. C., the following letter, under date of February 8, 1896: "I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt, by reference from the president, of your letter of January 21, with which you transmit a certified copy of house concurrent resolution No. 29, Washington state legislature, relative to the Alaska boundary. "The subject matter of this resolution, namely, the necessity of delimiting the Alaska frontier, under the terms of the Russian treaty of cessation, and the prior Anglo-Russian treaty of 1855, both as to the southeastern coast strip and as to the 141st meridian line, has had careful consideration here for some time past. It would facilitate examination of the matter were the department authentically advised of any specific cases of British claim to the harbors, bays and inlets through which the greater portion of the commerce and trade of and with the territory of Alaska must be carried on, and which by right, as aforesaid, belong to the United States, as stated in the resolution in question. No instance of asserted jurisdiction over territory claimed by the United States in the premises, has been brought before this department, and the only correspondence had between this government and that of Great Britain on the subject has been directed to a harmonious and satisfactory ascertainment of the boundary and its permanent demarcation." THE QUEEN'S SPEECH. England's Desire for a Settlement of the Venezuela Dispute. London, Feb. 13.—There was an unusual amount of interest in the opening of parliament today. Owing to the many important questions that will come before the present session, nearly all the members of the house placed themselves on record before the party chiefs as having heeded the calls for a full assemblage. That part of the queen's speech referring to the Venezuela affair follows: "The government of the United States has expressed a wish to co-operate in the termination of differences which have existed for many years between my government and the republic of Venezuela upon the boundary of that country and my colony of British Guiana. I have expressed my sympathy with a desire to come to an equitable arrangement, and trust further negotiations will lead to a satisfactory settlement." Sir William Harcourt, commenting on the speech, said he rejoiced at the paragraph with regard to Venezuela, as it held out the hope that the question could be settled at an early date. He added that no words that could impede such a settlement would fall from him. This was greeted with loud cheers, as it disposes of the report that the liberal leader had determined to make an attack upon the government's policy in regard to Venezuela, which course necessarily would have led to an exchange of warm remarks, which might have impeded the progress of the settlement of the dispute. Continuing, Sir William said misunderstandings both in England and in the United States existed, and had caused ruffled feelings on both sides. The idea that Great Britain disputed the application of the Monroe doctrine was nothing new or extraordinary. Monroism, he asserted, was not a principle of international law, but one of national policy, to which the Americans have a traditional and passionate attachment, and it was the same doctrine by virtue of which Great Britain had interfered with various states where her interests were affected. Street Railway Case. Chicago, Feb. 13.—In the superior court today Judge Horton decided the celebrated Pacific railroad case, awarding the victory to the stockholders. The Pacific railway was a Los Angeles street car line, in which C. B. Holmes, the former superintendent of the Chicago City Railway Company, was largely interested. The matter was recently revived in a bill brought by the creditors of the defunct company to force the stock liability of the stockholders, including sixty prominent Chicago business men. It is on this bill that Judge Horton passed, holding that the stock liability cannot properly be enforced. The winter season in Montana so far has been especially favorable to the stockmen. The range which at this time of the year is usually buried in snow is still in good condition and cattle are fat and in good shape to stand any inclement weather that may come in the few weeks that will elapse before the opening of spring.

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