

CONDON GLOBE.

VOL. 4. CONDON, GILLIAM CO., OREGON, FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1895.

NO. 51.

HAS THREE TIMES THE CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER IN THE COUNTY.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Business locals will be charged at 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line there-

Legal advertisements will in all cases be charged to the party ordering them, at legal rates, and paid for before affidavit is furnished

Entered at the Postofice at Condon, Oregon, as

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

United States.

President	30
Vice-President ADLAI E. STEVEN	101
Secretary of State WALTER Q. GRESS	
Secretary of TreasuryJohn G. Carli	
Secretary of Interior HOKE SM	
Secretary of War DANIEL S. LAMO	
Secretary of Navy	
Postmaster-General	
Attorney-GeneralRICHARD OLN	
Secretary of Agriculture J STERLING MORE	O.

Dente of 010g on
Governor WM. P. Lord Secretary of State. H. E. Kincald Treasurer Phil. Metschan Attorney-General C. M. Inleman Supt. of Public Instruction G. M. Inwin Senators J. H. Mitchell.
Congressmen B. HERMANN W. R. ELLIS Printer C. E. WOLVERTON Supreme Judges F. A. Moore (L. S. Bran.

Seventh Judicial District.

	Comment Comment
	Joint Senster for Gilliam, Sherman and Wasco countles. W. W. STRIWER Representative. J. R. DAVID Judge. W. J. MARINER Clerk. J. P. Local Sheriff. W. L. Wilcon Treasurer S. B. Harker
	Commissioners Jos. R. RAISTO
	Commissioners
	Assessor M O CLARKI School Enperintendent W. W. KENNED
	Surveyor
7	SECR Inspector Lewis A. Miller

Precinct Officers

Precince Competer
Justice of the Peace
Constable
The state of the s
Justice of the PeaceO. S. Est ConstableJohn Cunningham
Justice of the Peace
MAYVILLE.
Justice of the Peace
OLEX
Justice of the Peace
LONE BOCK.
Justice of the Peace
Justice of the Peace
Justice of the Peace

O. R. & N. Co. Time Card.

BLALOCK

Justice of the Peace.

Trains arrive and leave Ariington as follows Train No. 2, fast mail, arrives at Arlington at 1:26 a. M.

Train No. 1, fast mail, arrives at Arlington a

Heppner trains Nos. 9 and 10 have discontinued the run to Arlington, but make close connections with Nos. 1 and 2 at Willows Junction.

Through tickets sold and begage checked through to all points in the United States and Canasia.

For full details call on O. R. & N.

Agent, F. C. Hindle, Arlington, Or.

OR ADDRESS:

W. H. HURLBURT.

F. C. HINDLE, Ticket Agent, Arlington, Or.

A F. & A. M.—MT. MORIAH LODGE, No. 95— Biated communications on Saturday even-ing on or before full moon of each month. So-journing brethren in good standing are cordially invited to attend. P. F. CASON, W. M. M. R. Downing, Secretary.

DR. J. J. HOGAN PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Condon, Or. Office-Oregon ave., between Catholic Church and residence of S. P. Shutt.

DR. J. H. HUDSON,

Physician and Surgeon, Condon, Or.

Office and residence in the Wiley Miller residence in South Condon.

Calls promptly attended to day or night.

L. W. DARLING, Attorney at Law, Notary Public and Conveyancer. Condon, Or. Collections and insurance. Terms reasonable. Office in rear of postoffice building, Main street.

T. R. LYONS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Condon, Or.

All legal work promptly and carefully at tended to.

S. A. D. GURLEY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law Arlington, Oregon. Will practice in all the courts of the State. Collections made and general law business

United States Commissioner and Notary Public. Land proofs and filings taken, and all other land business carefully attended to.

AY P. LUCAS, County Clerk, -DOES ALL LINDS OF-

LAND AND NOTARY BUSINESS

In a neat and careful manner.

Justice of the Peace and Notary Public,

Condon, Or. Collections promptly and carefully attended

TWO TRANSCONTINENTAL UTES

GREAT NORTHERN RY. :

MINNEAPOLIS

ST. PAUL KANSAS CITY

EASTERN CITIES.

OCEAN STEAMERS



Most Modern and progressive THE MARLIN FIRE ARMS CO., New Haven, Conte

CABINET CHANGE

by the house of commons of the relief committee Mr. Hardie, M. P., said the distress was so widespread that a separate loan of £5,000,000 would be necessary to tide over the needs of the unem-

ARLINGTON-FOSSIL

Distress in England.

Stage Line.

L. PARKER, Proprietor.

PARE FROM ARLINGTON TO Round trip, \$10 00 Leaves Arington every morning (Sunday excepted) at 6 o'clock, is due at Condon at 3 r. M., and arrives at Fossi at 7 r. M.
Comfortable coactes and careful, experienced drivers.

E. MoNEILL, Receiver.

TO THE

GIVES THE CHOICE OF

PACIFIC RY

SPOKANE DENVER

LOW RATES TO ALL

LEAVE PORTLAND EVERY 5 DAYS

PORTLAND, OR.



LONDON, February 27 .- In the hearing

Postmaster-General Bissell Has Tendered His Resignation.

THE NEXT FOR THE POSITION

It Will in All Probability Be Representative Wilson of West Virginia. Who Will Be Rewarded for Fathering the Tariff Act.

WASHINGTON, March 1 .- Postmaster-General Bissell set at rest all doubts as to his purpose of remaining in the cabinet by tendering his resignation to President Cleveland this afternoon. His letter of resignation is said to have been brief, and to have been couched in the usual formal terms. The letter was written by the postmaster-general at the close of office hours to-day, and was by him personally handed to his chief a little after 5 o'clock. The action was not taken hastily. As far back as the early autumn Mr. Bissell felt that his law practice at Buffalo required his personal attention, and at that time he notified

the two gentlemen with reference to the matter until ten days ago, when Mr. Bissell again assured the president that he must soon resign his portfolio. In a statement made by Mr. Bissell to

representatives of the press this even-

ng, he said : "I have placed my resignation in the hands of the president. The reasons for so doing are that my professional work at home demands my attention, and I feel that I cannot longer remain away from it. The business of the depart-

ment is in good condition, and its trans-fer can be made without affecting the public service. I deeply regret that I am thus compelled to sever relations with the president and cabinet, which have been most satisfactory and cordial. Perhaps, without impropriety, I may now say that all rumors of disagreement between the president and any of his cabinet have been without foundation. I doubt if there ever was a more harmonious cabinet than the present one, and its members are a unit in support of the president on every public question."

Everywhere are heard regrets at Bissell's retirement. The president said: "It is surely not necessary for me to say that I shall release Mr. Bissell with the utmost regret. All his associates in the administration will feel they have known for some time that it was inevitable, because Mr. Bissell's reasons for his action were of a personal nature, and were inexorable. This first break in the cabinet, which has been in the midst of many perplexing sitations entirely harmonious, all being actuated by loyal devotion to the public interest. and pervaded in a marked degree by the personal attachments which such connections cannot fail to create, causes us all real sorrow. Much gratification awaits Mr. Bissell in the appreciation of his countrymen of his splendid and val-uable public service."

Though in the department and congressional circles the air is filled with names of possible candidates to succeed Mr. Bissell from states ranging from the Atlantic to the Pacific and to Florida, still the feeling was uppermost among men in official life that the president would reward in some way the utiring devotion of Representative Wilson, of West Virginia, to the administration throughout this congress.

TE Everything that is NEWEST and BEST in

DEPEATING DEPEATING CINGLE-SHOT M Shot-Guns, Rifles,

ALL KINDS OF AMMUNITION.

Winchester Repeating Arms Co.

OUR MODEL 1893 SHOT-GUN



Is now used by all the most advanced trap and game shooters.

Send for 100-page Illustrated Catalogue, FREE. Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Conn.

best styles of Organs and Pianos. It illustrates, describes. and gives manufacturers' prices on Organs from \$25.00 up. and Planos from \$150 up. It shows how to buy at wholes THE CORNISH ORGANS AND PIANOS Guaranteed for 25 yrs., have been played and praised for nearly 30 yrs.; to-day they are the most popular instruments made. Secure our SPECIAL TERMS of Credit, framed to suit the times. Remember this grand book is sent FREE. Write for it at once. CORNISH & CO. (Estab. nearly 30 yrs.) Washington, N.J. Death of General Brayman, Ex-Gover nor of Idaho.

AT A GOOD OLD AGE.

KANSAS CITY, March 1 .- General Mason Brayman, aged 81 years, ex-governor of Idaho, the oldest Mason in the United States, and former associate in legal practice with Abraham Lincoln, died here to-day at the home of his sonin-law, Theodore Gowdy, of Bright's disease. The funeral services will be held to-morrow and the body taken to Ripon, Wis., to be interred by the side of the deceased wife. He leaves two childres, Mrs. Theodore Gowdy of this city and a married daughter in San

General Brayman was born in 1813 in Buffalo, N. Y. In 1835 he was admitted to the bar. He then went to Louisville, where he edited a paper and practiced law. He alternated between the two professions, obtaining eminence in both. In 1842 he removed to Springfield, Ill., and began the practice of law. While in Springfield he was a neighbor of Lincoln and associated with him in many cases. The intimacy then begun continued until Lincoln's death. In 1861 General Brayman enlisted as major in the Twenty-ninth Illinois infantry, commanding forces under General Grant. He served with honor and received promotion rapidly. He was mustered out at the close of the war as brevet-major-general. At the close of the president that sooner or later he would be compelled to retire to private life. Nothing further passed between the two gentlemen with reference to the where he began anew the practice of law. But failing health causing his re-tirement, and in 1885 he came to Kan-sas City, where he made his home with his daughter until his death. General Brayman was the oldest editor and the oldest Mason in the United States. He was the special state prosecutor for Illinois in the famous troubles with the Mormons, and conducted the negotiations which eventually led to their leaving for the West. Brigham Young is said to have attempted to take his life.

HAS NO SIGNIFICANCE.

England and the International Mone tary Conference.

New York, March 1 .- Ballard Smith cables the following to the World from London:

"The acceptance by the government of a bimetalist resolution in the house of commons last night does not indicate any change of ministerial opinion on the currency problem. Bimetalists, in order to catch votes, have watered down their motion so that it involved no declaration of principle and merely comthe administration will feel they have lost a colleague who, in all respects, was a valuable factor in their executive labors, as well as a companion to whom they have become greatly attached. I bors, as well as a companion to whom they have become greatly attached. I am not taken by surprise, as I have become time reterated with the maintenance of the maintenance of the some to a board consisting of three persons, one to be chosen by the employes, and again to stop. Owing to the board in the some to a board consisting of three persons, one to be chosen by the employes, and again to stop. Owing to the board in the some to a board consisting of three persons, one to be chosen by the employes, and again to stop. Owing to the board in the some to a board consisting of three persons, one to be chosen by the employes, and again to stop. Owing to the board consisting of three persons are the some to be chosen by the employes, and again to stop. bimetalism, and its adoption at the present time is wholly outside the range of practical politics. Any representative sent by the present government to the currency conference will be a monometalist, and though Balfour is a bimetalist no Tory government would attempt to all other Tory financial authorities are against bimetalism.

UMATILLAS ANGRY.

Indians Incensed Over the Arrest of No Shirt and Young Chief.

PENDLETON, Or., March 1.-The Umatilla reservation chiefs, No Shirt and Young Chief, who were preparing to go to Washington to interview the secretary of the interior concerning the disposition of \$200,000 of Indian money, were arrested on Agent Harper's order by Indian police for resisting the authority of United States officers. The other Indians are enraged on account of the arrest of their chiefs, and rumors are current to-day of trouble. A prominent official said to-day he feared it would be necessary to bring a company of troops from Walla Walla unless the Indians quieted down. They have made threats against Agent Harper, and are restless under the agent's restraint on account of Judge Bellinger's decision that Indians on alotted lands are American

Utah's New Brigadier-General. SALT LAKE, March 1 .- Governor West to-day appointed R. W. Young as brigadier-general and commander of the Utah National Guard. General Young is a grandson of the late Brigham Young, and has a brilliant military and business record. He was a graduate of West Point and resigned from the service in 1888 to begin the practice of law in this city. Last April he assumed the edi torial and business management of the Salt Lake Herald.

Garcia and a Companion Shot. HAVANA, March 1,-Garcia, a famou Cuban bandit, and a companion were to-day shot in Havana by the government soldiers. Martial law is enforced n the province, and no messages, save under government sanction, can be sent. Marti, the revolutionary chief, and General Gomez are reported to be on the

The Application Denied. BUFFALO, March 1 .- The attorney-gen-Central Labor Union of New York for leave for proceedings to dissolve the Standard Oil Company on the ground that it is a monopoly. The case has been pending for some time.

Montana Anti-Gambling Law.

Helena, Mont., February 28.—Both houses of the legislature have passed a stringent anti-gambling law. Gambling has been a legalized industry, yielding revenue heretofore.

ARBITRATION BILL

National Law to Affect Settlement of Labor Troubles.

IT HAS PASSED THE HOUSE

It Provides for a Board of Conciliation to Settle the Differences Between Common Carriers and the Men Under Their Employ.

WASHINGTON, February 28 .- The house net at 11 o'clock to-day. Henderson of North Carolina, chairman of the committee on postoffices and postroads, called up the conference report on the postoffice appropriation bill, much to the disappointment of the members who were clamoring for unanimous consent to consider bills.

The senate amendment providing that hereafter mail clerks should live somewhere along the route to which they are assigned, but clerks heretofore appointed should not be required to change their residence, was the only question in dispute between the two houses. The amendment was designed to destroy the effect of general order No. 379, issued by the postmaster-general requring clerks to live on the line of their routes. When the order was issued some 1,300 clerks lived off their lines. Since then 800 have changed their residence

Henderson had read a letter from the postmaster-general protesting against the senate amendment. But as it was evident the amendment would occasion some debate, Henderson withdrew the conference report in order to give Catchings an opportunity to present the spe-cial order giving to-day until 3 o'clock to the committee on labor and to-morrow to the committee on public build-ings and grounds. The special order was adopted without division, and Mc-Gann, of the labor commission, called up the national arbitration bill, entitled "a bill concerning carriers engaged in the interstate commerce and their em-

ployes."
The purpose of the bill is to provide a board of conciliation consisting of the commissioner of labor and the chairman of the interstate commerce commission. whose duty it shall be when a controversey concerning wages, hours of labor or conditions of employment arose be-tween a carrier under this act and the employes of such carrier, seriously in-terrupting or threatening to interrupt the business of said carrier, to put them-selves in communication with the parties of official opinion remains opposed to one by the employer and these two selecting a third.

Erdman of Pennsylvania explained the provisions of the bill, which he said were originally drawn by the attorney-general, and being carefully considered and perfected by the committee on labor, to-day had the support of all the alter the currency policy of England, as chiefs of labor organizations involved and of the commissioner of labor. "Does the bill provide a compulsory

arbitration?" asked Simpson "By no means," replied Erdman.
"The railroads favor it. The laboring men have adopted it in all its phases, and their representatives are here tolay urging it. The bill has behind it the unanimous support of our commit-

"When a difference is submitted to arbitration under the provisions of this bill," interrupted Dingley, "and the arbitrators render a decision, how is to be enforced? "The decrees are to be enforced by the

courts," replied Erdman. "The courts can enforce a decree or awards against a railroad company," suggested Dingley, "but how can it en-

force it against employes?" "The employes are to be treated as far as possible as incorporated bodies,' replied Erdman.

McLeary of Minnesota called attention to the section of the bill which provided

that all labor organizations claiming rights under it should have in their articles of incorporation a clause providing that members should forfeit their memberships if they failed to comply with

an arbitration award. Fithian took occasion to make a bitter speech denouncing the action of the president in sending troops to Chicago last year to suppress the strike. He declared Mr. Cleveland's act was unconstitutional, and that when the full facts were known, Governor Altgeld's posi-tion would be commended everywhere. "I predict," said he, "the name of Altgeld will live in history as one who in the great crisis in the events of our constitutional government by injunction, government by force and government in violation of the law, which is anarchy of the worst and most violent kind."

Speeches favoring the bill were made by Ikert, Henderson and Dunn. On motion of Tawney an amendment was adopted in the shape of a proviso to the effect that no employe should be punished for failure to comply with an arbitration award, as by contempt of court. Several other unimportant amendments, together with three offered by the committee, were agreed to with-out division, and the bill was passed.

Montana Anti-Gambling Law.

THE AGRICULTURAL BILL.

Several Items Stricken Out by the Con-

WASHINGTON, February 28 .- The conferees on the agricultural bill reached a conclusion this afternoon, the senate yielding much that it had added to the bill. Chief among the items so yielded is that appropriating \$40,000 for the extermination of the gypsy moth, which was placed in the bill after a hard contest by Mr. Lodge. The house agrees to the senate amendment amending the cattle exportation act, so as to extend ts provisions to all live cattle, the meat of which, fresh, salted, canned, corned, packed, cured or otherwise prepared, is intended for exportation. An impor-tant provision of this law stipulates "that no clearance shall be given to any vessel having on board any fresh, salt-ed, canned, corned or packed beef, be-ing the meat of cattle killed after the passage of this act for exportation and sale in a foreign country, from any port in the United States, until the owner or skipper shall obtain from an inspector appointed under the provisions of this act a certificate that said cattle were free from disease, and that their meat is sound and wholesome."

Another amendment agreed to by the house authorizes the secretary of agri-culture to make the necessary rules to prevent the transportation from one state or territory or district into any other state or territory, or to any foreign country, of the condemned carcasses of cattle which have been inspected. The house agreed to the action of the senate in striking from the bill the authority given the secretary to use part of the funds set aside for exports in the manufacture of sugar for experiments, in sugar cane, and rice production on reclaimed swamp lands in the San Joaquin or Sacramento valley, Cal. The appropriation of \$15,000 for irrigation investiration, and a similar sum for investigaions under the head of of nutrition, cut by the senate to \$8,000, was restored The increase of the senate in the general expenses of the weather bureau from \$31,000 to \$56,000 was agreed to by the

TWO DECISIONS AFFIRMED.

Court of Appeals Upholds the Circuit Oregon Tribunal.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 28 .- The United States circuit court of appeals decided two small cases yesterday. Peter W. Larsen was drowned in the Columbia river in May, 1893, through his boat running against a fish trap owned by P. J. McGowan. The United States circuit court of Oregon allowed the widow \$3,000 damages and McGowan appealed. The court of appeals upheld the lower

tribunal. Frank Tracy was injured on the Ore-gon Short Line & Utah Northern railroad. He was employed as a brakeman, that grew along the line the engineer did not see the signals and kept on, nearly killing Tracy. The United States cir-cuit court of Oregon gave the latter \$6.000 damages and the railroad appealed. The decision of the lower court was af-

firmed. San Franci-co Produce Firm Fails, SAN FRANCISCO, February 28 .- Robert Haight & Co., of 223 Front street, one of the oldest commission houses here, has assigned for the benefit of its creditors. The firm has been in business thirty years and dealt in farm produce, butter, cheese, eggs, etc., which they sold on consignment. The affairs have been placed in the hands of the board of trade. The exact amount of liabilities is not known, but is estimated between \$60,000 and \$70,000. Assets are said to be nearly \$50,000. The cause of the failure is hard times, Insolvency proceedings will probably be began to-morrow. The head of the firm is Robert Haight, a brother of the late ex-Governor Haight, of California. The principal creditors are farmers and dairy produce men.

Jewess and Chinese.

ATLANTA, Ga., February 28.-Joe Lee, a Chinese, and Ella Moses, a pretty young Jewess, were married here yesterday. The ceremony was performed by Judge Bloodworth. The groom wanted the ceremony performed in open court, but the bride objected, because of the crowd of spectators, so they substituted the groom's laundry for the temple of justice, and the ceremony was duly per-iormed. None of the bride's family were present. Lee and his bride have been sweethearts for a long time, but it was only recently that she consented to marry him.

A Protest From California Miners. SAN FRANCISCO, March 1 .- The miners' Association has prepared and will file a protest against the selection by common country stood for lawful and the Southern Pacific Company of 1,000,-000 acres of land near Redding. The railroad company desires this land patented for agricultural purposes. Part of the land is near the Iron Mountain mine, recently sold for \$300,000. The Miners' Association wishes miners to investigate and file personal protests at

> Telegraph Company's Right-of-Way. SAN FRANCISCO, February 28.—The United States court of appeals to-day dismissed the appeal of Western Union Telegraph Company, taken from the decision of Judge Ross, district judge for the southern district of California, in