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MARSHALL, O., February 21.—President McBride, of the American Federation of Labor, has been ordered to go to Hot Springs for his health.

Walla Walla, Wash., will make an effort to secure the tournament of the Oregon and Washington Firemen's Association next June.

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COMMENT OF ENGLISH EDITORS

What They Say of the Success of the Loan in London.

LONDON, February 22.—The various papers comment upon the new American loan as follows:

The Pall Mall Gazette.—How far the man in the street is contributing to the success of the issue or how far this initial success will be due to the power of "haute finance" it is impossible to say.

The former has been warned by the more conservative of his advisors to leave the bonds alone. He cannot have his eyes opened too widely to the fact that the interest of the bonds must be paid and that the bonds themselves are liable to be repaid thirty years hence, not in gold, but in silver or nickel, or other coin of the United States.

No one could blame the United States if, finding themselves under financial pressure, they preferred to make the bond payable in coin other than gold, a privilege for which they would pay dearly and with much discontent.

This consideration will always hang like a pall over these bonds and render the investor who cannot afford the risk doubtful. The great success of the loan, therefore, is all the more a triumph for those managing it, and for the credit of the United States.

The Daily Graphic.—Before the lists of the American loan had been open two hours the loan was covered fifteen times over. There is nothing surprising in this, however, as both the securities and interest in this investment are exceptional.

Every credit is due Mr. Cleveland for the tenacity and resource with which he has staved off what might have been a serious disaster.

The Daily News.—There is reason to believe that the part of the American loan offered here was covered nearly fifteen times, irrespective of any applications that may arrive from the country. The allotment letters will probably be issued early next week.

The Standard.—Estimates vary as to the number of times the loan was covered, the highest being thirty and the lowest five. According to the general opinion it is believed ten and twenty. The dealings were just as active as the applications.

The Financial News will say that the lesson ought not to be thrown away on congress that a loss of \$50,000 annually will be caused the treasury by the obstinacy of the members in not authorizing a gold loan.

Price of Whisky Too Low. CHICAGO, February 22.—The receivers of the whisky trust held a consultation to-day with distillers from all parts of the country for the purpose of fixing the price of whisky which is believed to be too low.

It is authoritatively stated that the rate will be advanced 2 1/2 cents per gallon. The receivers have just discovered that the trust owned a valuable piece of property in California which did not appear in the assets.

Three Thousand Are Out. NEW YORK, February 22.—The Children's Jacket-Makers' Union, Knights of Labor, struck to-day. Three thousand are out. The strikers state that the manufacturers want them to return to the piece system, by which they can earn only \$5 to \$10 a week, whereas they are now making \$6 to \$16 per week.

Sixty contractors have consented to the strikers' demands.

New York's Whipping-Post Bill. ALBANY, N. Y., February 22.—The Senate judiciary committee will to-morrow favorably report Senator O'Connor's Gerry whipping-post bill, amended so that corporal punishment may be inflicted on persons assaulting a female or child of either sex under the age of 16 years.

Wife-beaters, whom Gerry was anxious to reach as well, are exempted from the provisions of the bill.

An Anti-Oleo Bill. LINCOLN, Neb., February 21.—The anti-oleomargarine bill was on in the house to-day, hot, fast and furious. It was finally passed. If it become law it will suppress a big industry in Nebraska.

A COUNTERFEITER

Captured With His Outfit in California.

CLEVER METHODS PURSUED

He Succeeded So Well That All the Banks of Solano County Took the Product of His Mint—Believed to Have Confederate.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 21.—Detective Harris of the United States secret service returned from Suisun to-day with the plant of Giovanni Montelbaum, a counterfeiter who was captured at Vallejo a week ago.

Montelbaum, who is a Sicilian, made a counterfeit that all the banks of Solano county took without question.

He selected a cabin a few miles from Suisun on the side of a gulch and prepared a cave on the other slope of the canyon for his workshop. The cave was difficult of access, and the entrance was so arranged that it would have been hard to find it even if one had known of its existence.

It was reached through a hole, which had a lid covered with earth and grass. The cave had a furnace with a chimney, the outlet of which was in a clump of brush.

The counterfeiter was so careful in his work that he did not even keep his plant in the cave. When he had done with the tools he took the molds and metal and buried them at different points, and also buried his counterfeit money.

This was so abundant that Harris brought back \$70 in unfinished dollars, quarters and dimes. A bag of the "stuff" was found at the foot of nearly every bush near the vicinity of the cave.

Four plaster-of-paris moulds of fine make were found with the ladles and metal. The compound used was antimony, tin and iron filings. The molds completed the coins even to the milling, and the pieces needed only polish and a silver bath and then they were ready to deceive even an expert.

Montelbaum was liberal with the product of his mint. He lost his money at poker without a murmur and paid high prices for Solano provisions and liquor with good grace.

Though Montelbaum worked alone, it is thought he had accomplices to aid him in circulating his spurious silver. The secret service detectives are now on the trail of these.

A GEORGIA RACE WAR.

Trouble Feared With the Negroes of That Section.

ATLANTA, Ga., February 21.—A race war is imminent in Waverly Hall district in Harris county. The negroes of that section have recently aroused the suspicions of the white people by secret gatherings late at night and later by making open threats.

To-day Governor Atkinson received a letter from T. H. Kimbrough, chairman of the executive committee of the fourth congressional district. In this letter Mr. Kimbrough stated that the only thing which has seemed to deter the negroes so far has been the fear of the military company of Harris, the Gordon troop.

That a preconcerted arrangement was made to destroy the effectiveness of the military company, he says, is evinced by the fact that during the early morning hours of February 14, the house of Captain J. S. Clark, the commander of the Gordon troop, the place where the arms, sabers and ammunition of this company were stored, was set on fire, and together with its entire contents was destroyed.

To bring the incendiaries to justice the governor is appealed to offer rewards for their capture. The situation at present does not warrant the sending of other troops to the scene, but further developments are awaited with considerable uneasiness in the governor's office.

Governor Atkinson at once took the matter up, and the reward will be offered just as soon as the papers can be properly made out.

INDIAN WAR VETERANS.

Hermann's Pension Bill Reported Favorably.

WASHINGTON, February 21.—The house committee on pensions voted to-day to favorably report Representative Hermann's bill to amend the act of 1892, granting pensions to survivors of the Indian wars of 1832 to 1842; also that men who served thirty days or more in several other wars will be pensionable at the same rates, and their widows also.

The wars embraced in the proposed amendments are the following: The Florida and Georgia Seminole Indian war of 1818-19; the Fever river Indian war of Illinois in 1827; the Sabine Indian disturbances of 1836-37; the Cayuse Indian war of 1847-48; the Texas and New Mexico Indian war of 1849-55; the California Indian disturbances of 1851-52; the Utah Indian disturbances of 1850-53; and the Oregon and Washington territory Indian wars of 1851 to 1856, inclusive.

IDAHO BEET SUGAR.

A Commodity Which May Soon Be Found in the Markets.

SALT LAKE, February 21.—A special from Boise to the Tribune says: A deal has been consummated under which K. E. Jennings, of Salt Lake, and associates have purchased the Ridenbaugh canal here and some 8,000 acres of land belonging to the company. The price paid is in the neighborhood of \$350,000.

The canal irrigates a large section of country below Boise, including lands in the vicinity of Nampa. It is understood an extensive colonization project is a part of the new owners' scheme, to be followed by the erection of extensive beet-sugar works. Mr. Jennings is prominently identified with the Utah Sugar Company. He has been investigating this section for two years, and has said the soil and climate are peculiarly adapted to sugar-beet culture.

The Khedive Married His Slave.

CAIRO, February 21.—The khedive signed a marriage contract with his favorite slave to-day in the presence of the Egyptian ministers. This act constitutes a marriage to the slave. There was no public ceremony.

TO MEET DEFICIENCIES.

Secretary Carlisle Thinks He Should Have More Authority.

WASHINGTON, February 21.—Secretary Carlisle to-day sent a reply to the senate resolution inquiring whether "it is necessary or desirable that legislation should be had authorizing the issuing of bonds, treasury notes or other securities to realize moneys for the purpose of paying current deficiencies in the revenue."

The secretary says he does not consider such authority now necessary. His communication is as follows: "The cash balance in the treasury at the close of business on the 18th inst., exclusive of \$55,101,704 gold reserve, was \$99,875,284."

"It is my opinion that the secretary of the treasury ought to be permanently invested with the authority to issue short time bonds or other obligations of the government for the purpose of raising money to meet such deficiencies in the ordinary revenues as may occur from time to time; but I do not think there is any necessity at the present time for the exercise of such authority, if it existed. It is probable that such deficiencies will occur during the remainder of the current fiscal year as will exceed the available balance on hand, and it is estimated that during the next fiscal year the receipts will exceed the expenditures."

This letter is accepted in the senate as having a direct bearing upon the amendment to the sundry civil bill proposed by the senate committee on appropriations providing for an issue of certificates of indebtedness. Many senators who have given their assent to the amendment have stated from the beginning that they would agree to the proposition only upon the direct request of the secretary for such action. This has been especially true of the silver senators.

NEW IN WASHINGTON.

Domestic Corporations That Have Recently Incorporated.

OLYMPIA, February 21.—Articles for the following domestic corporations have been filed in the office of secretary of state:

The Cataldo Lumber Company of Spokane; capital, \$35,000; 35,000 shares of \$1 each; incorporators, S. S. Glidden, H. M. Glidden, W. T. Stoll, P. C. Krech and Charles Dormitzer; to engage in lumber business.

The Palouse Publishing Company of Palouse; capital, \$12,000; 240 shares of \$50 each; incorporators, William Good-year, George N. Lamphere and E. B. Oliphant; to do a publishing business.

Savonette Manufacturing Company of Seattle; capital, \$30,000; 3,000 shares of \$10 each; incorporators, A. J. Tourville, W. H. Roach; to manufacture and deal in soap.

The Spokane Falls & Northern Railway Company has increased its capital stock from \$2,500,000 to \$2,812,000.

The Theatrical Mechanics' Association of Tacoma, organized for beneficial purposes.

Sans Poil Mining Company of Seattle; capital, \$4,500; 45 shares of \$100 each; incorporators, F. J. Barnard, John C. Moore and John D. Atkinson; to engage in mining.

American Coal Company of Seattle; capital, \$300,000; 3,000 shares of \$100 each; incorporators, Frederick Nolte, P. O. Skye, Alfred Myers, Walter A. Burleigh, jr., and George E. Wright; to engage in mining for coal, iron and other minerals.

THE WRONG ONE TRIED.

False Evidence Given Against a Relative.

BAKER CITY, February 20.—A peculiar case was entered in the circuit court to-day. It was one in which a man by the name of James Chamberlain, who lives on upper Burnt river, in this county, was accused of the larceny of a calf.

The witnesses for the state, five in number, were all relatives of the accused, and it was shown by the defense that their testimony was false beyond question and given for the purpose of sending Chamberlain to the penitentiary to get rid of him. The case was submitted to the jury without argument and they promptly rendered a verdict of not guilty. It now turns out that Harvey Lancaster and M. Yeager killed the calf and in the endeavor to mix Chamberlain up in the matter convicted themselves. Lancaster pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to serve eighteen months in Salem. It is expected that the grand jury will find a bill against Yeager before it adjourns. Yeager and Lancaster are brothers-in-law to Chamberlain.

THE SUMMER SCHEDULES.

They Show an Additional Steamer to Hong Kong.

TACOMA, February 20.—The summer schedules of the Northern Pacific Steamship Company, which arrived to-day from Hong Kong, show that a new steamship will be put on the line this summer, arriving here on her first trip July 21. This will give a steamer each way every three weeks after May 19 between Tacoma, China and Japan.

The new steamer is not named in the schedule, and is supposed to be the first of the new modern liners which are said to be building at the Fairfield shipbuilding works in Scotland for the Northern Pacific line. The agent here will give out no definite information regarding these steamers, but the news comes from Scotland, via Hong Kong, that they will be larger and better equipped steamers than any that now cross the Pacific.

THOMAS CLEARY CONVICTED.

Verdict of Manslaughter Against Him for Killing Dorrity.

HELENA, Mont., February 20.—Thomas Cleary was to-day convicted in the district court of manslaughter for killing Frank Dorrity, a gambler, a few months ago in this city. Cleary was at one time a prominent middle-weight prize-fighter, and had a go with Jack Dempsey before a club in San Francisco. He had run down at the hotel until he had become a rounder, and while hanging around gambling houses he fell in with Dorrity, who was a bad man with a reputation for killing people. They had been out all night and wound up with a quarrel. While Dorrity was running from Cleary the latter drew a bead on him and sent a ball through the back of his neck. It seems that Dorrity was running for his gun to kill Cleary, so the case was made manslaughter. He will be sentenced Saturday.

THE OLYMPIAN GAMES REVIVAL.

ATHENS, February 19.—The committee on the revival of the Olympian games intends to invite the principal corporate bodies of Europe and the United States to attend or take part in the Olympian games of 1896.