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The Secretary of Agriculture Decries Retaliation.

FOR SANITARY REASONS ONLY

The Action Not That of Federated Germany, But Individual on the Part of Separate States-Damage to Our Interests by this Act Overestimated.

WASHINGTON, November 1 .- The announcement that the embargo placed upon American cattle by the Senate of Hamburg had been extended to the length of an exclusion of American cat-

lent impression.

The German Ambassador, however, assured the Secretary of State to-day that the measure of exclusion was inspired solely by sanitary reasons and had no political motive behind it. Gov-ernment officials are obliged to take this view of the case, since any other view might seem a reflection upon the Ambassador. Secretary Morton, who has just returned from a trip abroad, had a consultation with Secretary Gresham about the matter to-day, but the stringent measures just adopted were not known. He assured Secretary Gresham that the exportation of Texas fever into Germany by American cattle was altogether improbable, if not impossible, according to the appropriate the string of the control of the string vivors have arrived at Auckland, but the number saved is not positively known.

STORY TOLD FROM AUCKLAND.

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Auckland, November 2.—The Wairar-apa struck at midnight, when most of the passengers were asleen. They were cording to the opinion of the experts of the department, who have devoted much time to investigating the disease during the past year, and said he was confident the supposed discovery of Texas fever was a mistake.

When the dispatch from Berlin was

shown the Secretary of Agriculture he expressed surprise. Exclusion of dressed expressed surprise. Exclusion of dressed meats he was at a loss to understand, because they are all inspected by competent officials in this country before they are shipped. Texas fever, moreover, can only be carried by live cattle. The live cattle exported from this country are also inspected at the ports of shipment to see that they are not diseased.

Secretary Morton said he had no doubt that the German officials intended to act in the interests of the public health in

in the interests of the public health in excluding American cattle, as the sanitary regulations of that country are unusually stringent upon all such matters. The Secretary thinks that the damage to be inflicted upon American interests by this act is greatly overestimated, ests by this act is greatly overestimated, as our exports of meat to Germany are comparatively light. From his observation on his recent trip Secretary Morton is convinced the exportation of live cattle cannot be made to pay as well as shipping dressed meats. The establishment of increased facilities for shipping meats in cold storage, he thinks, will greatly increase the American business.

Rewards in Mail Robbery Cases. Washington, November 1 .- In view of the great number of postoffice burglaries and highway mail robberies the Postmaster-General to-day issued offers of reward as follows: One thousand dollars for the conviction of any person in any United States court of the charge of robbing the mails while being conveyed to a mail car attached to a railway train; \$500 for the conviction of any person in any United States court on the charge of robbing the mails while being conveyed over any post route other than a railway; \$250 for conviction of any person in any United States court on the charge of attempting to rob*the mails being conveyed over any post route; \$150 for the arrest and conviction of any person in any United States court on the charge of breaking into a postof-fice and straing, and \$200 reward where the amount exceeds \$500.

Interesting Shell Test.

Washington, November 1 .- A series Washington, November 1.—A series of interesting tests of shells which will penetrate ships having thin armor and then burst inside was begun at Indian Head proving grounds to-day. Two of these, one made by the Wheeler-Sterling Company and the Midvale Steel Company, were tried to-day. Both were fired with a velocity of 970 feet against a seven-inch nickel-steel plate, and both went through the plate and backing into the earth. They were recovered, comparatively uninjured. Commodore Sampson, chief of the ordnance bureau, says the test showed that both were excellent DENVER the test showed that both were excellent projectiles. The tests will be continued.

To Rectore the Parthenon.

ATHENS, November 2.-An official ex-

TWELVE DOZEN LOST.

CONDON, GILLIAM CO., OREGON. FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1894. NO. 34.

CONDON GLOBE.

The Steamer Walrarapa Wrecked Off

SYDNEY, N. S. W., November 2 .- The Union Line steamer Wairarapa, bound from this port to Auckland, N. Z., was wrecked Sunday evening on Great Barrie's Island off the northwest coast of New Zealand. The night was very dark, and the officers and lookout on the steamer were ignorant of the proximity of the land until the steamer struck on the rocks. Captain McIntosh, the master of the Wairarapa, was on the bridge at the time. He, together with most of the crew, was lost. The sea was rough when the steamer went aground. Attempts were made to lower some of the boats, but several of these were either smashed by being thrown against the side of the steamer before the lines were length of an exclusion of American cattle and dressed meat from every part of Germany was received with surprise by department officials to-day. That Texas fever was merely a ground which Germany could adopt for enforcing retaliatory measures against the United States because of the supposed discrimination against German interests in the sugar schedule of the tariff bill was the prevalent impression. overboard, but remained attached to the vessel by stout lines. Then some of the passengers scrambled down the side with the aid of ropes and jumped upon the rafts, which were then cut loose. They drifted rapidly ashore, and the people on them were taken off when they came in reach by men, who went out in the water as far as possible to meet them. A line was finally thrown across the steamer and the breeches saved by this means. Altogether 112 of the passengers and thirty-three of the crew were drowned. Some of the sur-vivors have arrived at Auckland, but the

the passengers were asleep. They were aroused by the shock of the steamer striking and rushed on deck in great excitement. Life boats were rapidly served out. There were many pathetic and heart-rending scenes. Despite the confusion there was no panic. A heavy sea was breaking over the vessel, and the boats were launched with great difficulty. The steamer, after she struck, set-tled rapidly and was partly submerged. This added to the danger and difficulty in launching the life boats. A large number sought refuge on the bridge, but many were swept from it by the seas. Others took refuge in the rigging, where they remained until daylight, when two of the crew swam ashore with lines, by means of which a sort of breeches buoy was rigged and a number of seasons. was rigged and a number of persons hauled ashore. All who reached the shore were attired in scanty clothing. They remained on the docks for thirty hours, subsisting on oranges that had been washed ashore.

All of the Defendants Implicated Except

WOODLAND, Cal., November 2 .- Deective C. J. Stillwell occupied the wibness stand in the Worden case to-day, fendants except himself in the train-Stillwell was sent for by Worden, who first wanted \$500 to expose those con-cerned in the wreck. When visited the second time he gave him a statement concerning the wreck, in which Worden admitted hiring the carriage, driving through the line of soldiers and being with the men up to the arrival at the second railroad crossing, where he claims he gave out and returned to Sacramento; also that Compton, a member of the Mediation Committee, bought the giant powder and gave it to the wreckers. Worden said Hatch, Barrett, Appelman, McMann, Dyer and others were in the carriage. Two of the men are now in Oregon, and Barrett is in Oakland. In the confession Worden said that the man who rode on the front seat of the surrey after passing the second crossing was Albert Wheeler, who closely resembles him. The confession gave all the details

Germany and Samoa. Secretary under the Presidency of the Prince of Hohenlohe-Langenburg has tion, and measures to restore it will be taken at once. the agreement, the protectorate shall be made exclusively German.

CAROLINA SOUTH

Attorney-General's Opinion on Her Dispensary Law.

outh Carolina Officers Have No Authority to Enter the Government Bonded Warehouses And Seize Whisky for the Purpose of Confiscation.

WASHINGTON, October 31 .- The Attorney-General to-day rendered an opinion in the South Carolina dispensary case presented by Governor Tillman, in which he sustains the opinion of the Treasury Department, holding that the State has no authority under the law to enter the government bonded warehouses for the purpose of seizing whisky
declared by the State law to be subject
to confiscation. In the course of his
confiscation be says:

representatives of the press of the count
try here who, with or without right,
were supposed to have influence in Congress and in the making of public opinion
throughout the country. There are intimations even that the men who fur-

"The legal status of distilled liquors in a bonded warehouse of the United States and under the control of the Collector of Internal Revenue is definitely stated and settled by Section 934 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, which declare that 'all property taken or detained by any officer or other per-son under authority, or any revenue law of the United States shall be irreplevinable, and shall be deemed to be in, the custody of the law and subject to the orders and decrees of the courts of the United States having jurisdiction thereof.' It cannot be held as has been suggested, and perhaps might well be, that, since the tariff act of 1894, the taxes due on distilled liquors in a United States bonded warehouse can be paid only by bonded warehouse can be paid only by the distiller. Whether that be so or not a tender of such taxes by the Sheriff is necessarily ineffectual as against the statute above quoted, since it is beyond the power of an Internal Revenue Collector to accept it, and thus nullify the provisions and defeat the policy of a statute which aims to absolutely exempt such liquors from the operation of the process of a State court. Such tender, which for the reason stated the Collector is incomprehent to accept much be also is incompetent to accept, must be also ineffectual because no officer of South Carolina has been given the right or power to make it, the constitution of South Carolina not authorizing any such tender nor providing any fund which can be used for that purpose."

ROCKEFELLER SUED.

Heavy Damages Claimed for Fraudulent Representations

tary, for \$1,226,000, in which amount he claims he was damaged by what he althe forming of the Lake Superior consolidated iron mines. The plaintiff claims that at various times in August, and brought out the confession of the 1893, in New York city, before he had defendant, implicating all of the de- transferred his interests in various iron mines and the Mesaba railroad, the defendants except himself in the train-wrecking. Stillwell said Worden made the statement to him in the county jail. fendants proposed that the Penokee and Gogebic consolidated mines, which, with others controlled by Rockefeller, were to be taken into the Lake Superior con-solidated mines, were solvent and the company prosperous; also the Spanish-American and the Aurora; that their stocks were well worth what Rockefeller was to secure. Mr. Rockefeller and Wet-more promised to lend Merritt on his consolidated stock money at 40 cents on the dollar of par value. All these repre-sentations and promises plaintiff claims were fraudulent. Defendants at the time knew that each of the companies controlled by Rockefeller owed large amounts outside of their funded debt, amounts outside of their funded debt, and that the Penokee Company was at the time insolvent; that instead of making the value of the Lake Superior Consolidated Companies' stock worth 50 cents on the dollar, as Rockefeller promised, and publishing it to the world, the stock of these other mines caused its relief to decrease the stock of these other mines caused its value to decrease to \$10 per share of \$100.

WHAT IS CONTRABAND?

Freasury Officials Studying Up Author-Washington, November 1.—The treas-

ury officials were looking up authorities to-day on the question as to what constitutes contraband of war, in view of the fact that they may be called upon very soon to make a ruling in the matter as Berlin, October 30.—The Colonial affecting exportations from this country to the seat of the Chinese-Japanese war. The proposed consignment of lead to Yoamination shows that the Parthenon was seriously damaged by the earthquakes a double protectorate of Germany and that occurred last spring. The structure is reported to be in a dangerous condition of the structure mands that, if any change be made in of considerations enter into the question of what is contraband of war, some of which are: "To whom are the goods consigned? What is the condition of the country and what is the nature of the goods, ete?" All of these conditions, taken connectedly, go to make out a case of contraband of war, and each con-signment of goods must stand by itself. The Tacoma (Wash.) case has not yet been officially brought to the attention of Secretary Carlisle, but the matter is nevertheless receiving investigation as to whether pig lead is contraband or

> Sketching Hong Kong's Defenses. LONDON, October 31 .- The Times published a Hong Kong dispatch saying that William Hill, an American, has been arrived here to-day. The rescue experience and fined \$100 for sketching the defenses of Hong Kong.

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It is Now Said There Was an Attempt to Bribe the Correspondents.

Washington, October 31 .- The Evening Star publishes the following story,

which gives promise of an outcome of interest to the public: TREASURY OFFICIALS RIGHT

If current reports are true, there is a syndicate writer in New York, whose name is to be found at the foot of articles in many cities of the Union, who

cles in many cities of the Union, who may have a very unpleasant quarter of an hour with the Washington correspondents before the next session of Congress shall end. The story has reached here, vouched for by authority that would seem to be credible, that one of the incidents of the sugar trust campaign in Washington last winter was the raising of a purse by the sugar trust people to be given to this enterprising correspondent to be distributed in Washington among the press people where it ton among the press people where it "would do the most good" in the opinion of those who furnished the money, and that place was the pockets of those representatives of the press of the counnished the money did so under the impression it was to be distributed pro rata among the representatives of the press in Washington in the expectation that the comments upon the operations of the sugar trust would be either less severe or that they would be altogether withheld. It is, of course, assumed that the distributor of this fund was to re-ceive his commission. There are intima-tions even that a list was furnished of tions even that a list was furnished of the names of correspondents to whom this fund was to be distributed, and that the expectation was that it would be expended in part in dinners, in part in ways that would be appreciated by those for whom it was intended. If there is anything in this story, it is safe to say that not \$1 of this alleged fund ever passed to the representative correspondents for whom it is represented that it was intended. The man who undertook to disburse this fund did so with the full knowledge that it would not be safe for him to approach any of the gentlefor him to approach any of the gentlemen whose names may have appeared on this pretended list for any such purpose whatever. He not only is not on relations of confidence with them, but ne never calls upon any of them when in Washington. Efforts are being made to ascertain the truth of this report, and if it shall be found true, the correspond-ent in question will hear more later, possibly in the courts and probably be-fore a committee of investigation.

Recommendation for the Navy.

WASHINGTON, November 1. - In his annual report to the Secretary of the Navy Judge-Advocate-General Lemly comments most favorably upon the working of the new law permitting sail-DULUTH, November 1 .- Alfred Merritt to-day brought suit against J. D. Rocke- ors in our navy to be naturalized. He feller and F. D. Gates, his private secre- says the good effect of this cannot be far distant when the records of the de-partment will show that the naval servleges to be fraudulent representations in ice is composed entirely of American the forming of the Lake Superior concitizens. The Judge-Advocate-General renews previous recommendations that laws be passed limiting punishments by courts-martial and establishing an act of limitation for naval offenses, permitting testimony to be taken by depositions. and requiring the attendance of civilian witnesses. The report comments upon the faults of the present system of examinations for promotion and retirement, and suggests the establishment of methods similar to those of the army

and marine corps.

Colonel Going in the Steerage. San Francisco, November 1. - The steamer San Jose sailed for Panama and way ports yesterday, and it was expected that Colonel Cienfuegos would be one of her passengers on his way to join his young wife at Acapulco. The Colonel was willing, but his purse was light, as his gallant commander, Antonio Ezeta, had left him only steerage passage. Having been released from jail on Saturday, he could not get a ticket until yesterday morning, and then he found the steerage packed to its very limit. Cienfuegos begged to be taken in the cabin, promising to pay the difference at Acapulco, but Purser Garland could not do it he said and the Pacific Mail world. do it, he said, and the Pacific Mail would not. The result was that the ship sailed without him, but he says he will go in the steerage November 18.

Tynan's Will Set Aside. Modesto, Cal., November 1. - The probate proceedings in the case of Dr. T. E. Tynan have been set aside by Judge Minor of the Superior Court. Tynan, a millionaire, made a will in San Francisco and disappeared. The will was filed for probate and an administrator appointed. After two years Tynan returned. He then filed a petition to be restored to judicial life, hence the order setting aside the probate preceed-

Brought to Time by Sutro. San Francisco, November 1 .- It is ansounced that the Market Street Cable Company, comprising nearly all the street railways of the city and controlling the only roads to the Cliff House, will next week reduce the fair over its lines to 5 cents for a ride from the ferries to the beach. It is supposed that the action of Adolph Sutro in commencing work on an electric road to the Cliff, over which the fare was to be 5 cents, influenced the Market-street system to make the reduction.

Arctic Explorers Return Safely. Sr. Petersburg, October 30.-Trevor Battys and Hyland, his companion, who

