

VOL. 4. CONDON, GILLIAM CO., OREGON. FRIDAY. SEPTEMBER 14, 1894. NO. 26.

Entered at the Postofice at Condon, Oregon, as

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# AFTER MANY YEARS.

The Railroad Will Now be Built Into Aberdeen on the North Side

ABERDEEN, Wash., September 6 .-Chief Engineer E. H. McHenry and Division Engineer C. H. Bihler of the Northern Pacific railroad were in town yesterday, and arrangements were made in regard to completing the extension of the Northern Pacific railroad on the north side of the Chehalis river to this city. The citizens agreed to do most of the work, and active preparations are being made to begin at once before the fall rains set in. The people show commendable enterprise in undertaking the present task, considering the times; but, as they wanted the railroad and the only way was to build it, they decided to do so. Spirit of this kind will build anything in the way of railroads or cities, and Aberdeen's future is assured.

Cannot Enforce the Law. WASHINGTON, September 5 .- To-day a number of gentlemen representing the

National Wholesale Druggists' Association had a conference with Secretary Carlisle and Commissioner Miller of the internal revenue bureau on the free alcohol section of the new tariff bill. Secretary Carlisle explained the dilemma in which he and Mr. Miller found themselves. The law is a mere skeleton without money or machinery to put it into operation. Altogether he could not see how it was possible to enforce the law.

Band of Outlaws.

GUTHRIE, O. T., September 5 .- News has been received here that a band of outlaws raided the Indian settlement of St. Stephens in the western part of the Territory, killed an Indian and looted the stores. Marshals and a posse gave chase, and had a battle with the outlaws, during which one on each side was wounded. The outlaws escaped, and are now being followed by a strong posse.

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HAWAII ALL RIGHT

That Republic Formally Recognized by Cleveland.

HIS CORDIAL LETTER TO DOLE by the Emperor:

Minister Willis Calls on the Hawaiian President and Presents Him With the Letter of Recognition of the Republic

Republic. The Cabinet, as well as Minister Thurston, were present. Minister Willis addressed the President as follows:

"The right of the people of the Ha-

waiian Islands to establish their own form of government has been formally acknowledged both by the executive and the legislative departments of the United States. It seemed proper for me there-fore, so far as I, the diplomatic agent, had the right to extend to the Republic of Hawaii, it having been created under the forms of law and existing without effective opposition. The action thus taken has, I am glad to state, been fully approved by the proper authorities at Washington. As the highest evidence of that fact I have received an autograph letter from the President, addressed to you as President of this Republic. In delivering this letter, as instructed, permit me to join in its friendly sentiments and to express the hope that through the government now inaugurated peace, prosperity and happiness will be secured to all the people of these Islands."

He then presented the following letter

He then presented the following letter from President Cleveland, signed by Sec-retary Gresham, and addressed to San-ford B. Dole, President of the Republic

of Hawaii: "Great and Good Friend: I have received your letter of the 7th ultimo, by which you announce the establishment and proclamation of the Republic of Hawaii July 4, 1894, and your assumption of the office of President with all the formalities prescribed by the constitution thereof. I cordially reciprocate the feelings you express for the continuance of the friendly relations which have existed between the United States and the Hawaiian Islands, and assure you of my best wishes for your personal prosper-

In reply to this letter President Dole said to Minister Willis:

"It is with sincere gratification that I have received the information that the President of the United States has conhostilities herself and laying herself open firmed the recognition so promptly ex- to condemnation by the various powers tended by your excellency to the Repub- at large, we therefore desire to make lic of Hawaii. Permit me on behalf of the Hawaiian people to reciprocate the friendly sentiments expressed by you toward this government and to assure you complications, while the Wo Jen on the children was the complication of the whole complication with the complication of the compl of our desire that the relations of comity and of commercial intercourse, which shall be mutually advantageous, may ever exist between the two countries." The confirmation of the reported recogex-Queen is now ended. One prominent order to save the Coreans from bondage. royalist, who expressed the views of We also commanded the Manchu Gen-

many, said last evening:
"The recognition is complete. We must acknowlege that fact. But if the royalist commission, consisting of Parker, Wildemann and Cummings, had never gone to Washington the Republic would never have been recognized. They have ruined the Queen's cause as thoroughly as though they had taken a request from the Queen for annexation.'

in the government camp in spite of the recognition news. The Schutzen Club, an organization originally formed by German supporters of the provisional government, but which has since grown to a large size and has taken in all nationalities, has sent a set of resolutions to the government announcing that if some of their members are not given govern-ment positions at once, the club, as a body, will withdraw its support from the powers that be. No answer has been sent yet, and the matter will come up in the Council to-morrow. The first elec-tion under the Republic will be held during the last week in October, when Senators and Representatives will be elected. Every inducement is being of-

Mrs. Aaron Hershfield Has Brought Suit for Damages.

CHICAGO, September 5.-The sequel to World's Fair romance was developed to-day when word was received here of a suit for \$75,000 damages filed at Helena, Mont., by Mrs. Aaron Hershfield ritt to-day appointed S. H. H. Clark, against the millionaire banker, J. D. Hershfield, and his wife of Helena. As R. Condert and J. W. Doane as receivers had been stated, Asro Hershfield, the Northern road. Judge Marshall on becapitulated to the charms of Della Hogan, a beautiful Irish girl of Helena. The pair visited the fair together, and one day last summer Della's two brothers called on young Hershfield at the Great Northern Hotel, and at the point of their revolvers, the Hershfields claim, compelled him to marry their sister. When the bride and groom returned to Helens, Banker Hershfield and his wife were horrified, and at their solicitation, bella alleges, Aaron went to North Da-kota and began proceedings for the an-nulment of his marriage. When Mrs. Aaron heard of the suit she sought legal advice, and the \$75,000 damage suit for alienation of her husband's affections

# WAR DOCUMENT.

The Ploclamation of the Chinese Eu peror Declaring War.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 5 .- The steamship Belgic arrived from Hong Kongand Yokohama via Honolulu, bringing Yokohama advices to August 15 and Hong Kong to August 1. At Peking August 1 the following edict was issued

"Corea has been our tributary for the past 200 odd years. She has given us tribute all this time, which is a matter known to all the world. For the past dozen years or so she has been troubled by the United States.

San Francisco, September 5.—Advices by the steamship Belgic from Honolulu under date of August 28 say:

Minister Willis called on President Dole yesterday, and presented him with Cleveland's letter of recognition of the Republic. The Cabinet, as well as Minister to San Francisco, September 5.—Advices by repeated insurrections, and we, in sympathy with our small tributary, have as repeatedly sent succor to her aid, eventually placing a garrison in her capital to protect her interests. In May of this year another rebellion was begun in Corea, and the King repeatedly asked for aid from us to put down the rebellion. We then ordered Li Hung Chang to send troops to Corea, and they bellion. We then ordered Li Hung Chang to send troops to Corea, and they had barely reached Yashan when the rebels scattered. But the Wo Jen (an ancient name for the Japanese, expressive of the greatest contempt) without any cause whatever suddenly sent their troops to Corea, and entered Seoul, the capital of Corea, reinforcing them constantly until they have exceeded 10,000 men. In the meantime the Japanese forced the Corean King to change his form of government, showing a disposiform of government, showing a disposi-tion in every way to bully the Coreans. It was found a difficult matter to reason with the Wo Jen.

"Although we have been in the habit

of assisting our tributaries, we have never interfered with their internal government. Japan's treaty with Cores was as one country with another; there is no law for sending large armies to a country and bullying it in this way and compelling it to change its system of government. The various powers are united in condemning the conduct of the Japanese, and can give no reasonable name to the army she now has in Corea. Nor has Japan been amenable to reason, nor would she listen to the exhortation to withdraw her troops and confer ami-cably upon what should be done in Corea. On the contrary, Japan has shown herself bellicose without regard to appearances, and has been increasing her forces there. Her conduct alarmed the people of Corea, as well as our merchants there; and so we sent more troops over to protoct them. Judge of our surprise to protoct them. Judge of our surprise, then, when half way to Corea a number of Wo Jen ships suddenly appeared and, taking advantage of our unprepared condition, opened fire on our transports at a spot on the sea coast near Yashan, and damaged them, thus causing us to suffer from treacherous conduct, which could not be foretold by us.

"As Japan has violated treaties and has not observed international law and

has not observed international law and known to the world that we have always other hand have broken all the laws of nations and treaties, so that it became impossible to bear with them. Hence we commanded Li Hung Chang to give strict orders to our various armies to nition has taken the wind out of the hasten with all speed to root the Wo Jen royalist sails, and even the most rabid of out of their lair. He is to send succes-them acknowledge that the career of the sive armies of valiant men to Corea in erals, Viceroys and Governors of the maritime provinces, as well as the com-manders-in-chief of the various armies. to prepare for war and make every effort to fire on the Wo Jen ships, if they come into port, and to utterly destroy them. We exhort our Generals to refrain from the least laxity in obeying our commands as though they had taken a request from the Queen for annexation."

A slight trouble seems to be brewing addressed to themselves individually. Respect this."

THE WAR FEELING. LONDON, September 5,-A Shanghai dispatch says Chinese recruits are arriving at Tien Tsin, where they are equipped. The province of Shang Tung is discontented, and no sympathy is expressed with the war against Japan. The inhabitants regard the war with Japan as directed against the government, and not against the people of China. In Manchuria the people are intensely anti-foreign, and urge most active opposition to the Japanese. A man was tortured at Ning Po as a Japanese spy. The man was not a Jap, but a native of China. Two Japanese in Shanghai arrested as spies were surrendere fered to make the natives register, and they seem to be rapidly falling into line.

MONTANA SCANDAL.

MINIMAL APPENDIX IN SPICE WORK TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PR arrest Japanese within the limits of the settlement. The United States govern-ment has instructed its Consuls not to interfere in any way in the difficulties between China and Japan.

Receivers Appointed.

SALT LAKE, September 5 .- Judge Mer-Oliver W. Mink, E. Ellery Anderson, F. wealthy brother of the Montana banker, half of the American Loan and Trust Company asked for a reasonable postponement in order to allow his clients who were trustees of the consolidated mortgage, to make application for a separate receivership.

Hinckley Pleaded Guilty.

Moscow, Idaho, September 5 .- The in the District Court. The counsel for the defendant withdrew their demurrer, and the prisoner pleaded guilty to three charges of forgery. He will be sentenced to-morrow morning. Hinckley is the Deputy Auditor who embezzled \$20,000 of the country's money by a system of booms warrants. bogus warrants.

# M. EZETA TESTIFIES

He and His Fellow Refugees Before Judge Morrow.

THE CASE GOES OVER AGAIN.

The Case Will be Decided According to the Evidence Unless Habeas Corpus Proceedings Are Begun-Depositions Not Entirely Satisfactory.

San Francisco, September 7. - The government of San Salvador has exhausted its stock of depositions, and eems to have no oral testimony to offer in the extradition proceedings now pending in the United States District Court here against General Ezeta and his fellow refugees. The depositions presented so far have not been entirely satisfactory to the prosecution, inasmuch as a great deal of testimony has been stricken out under the ruling of the court that American law relating to admissibility of evidence must obtain during the proceedings. The first deposition relates to the killing of Thomas Canas, a teamster whom General Ezeta and Juan Cienfuegos encountered during their flight to the sea. The according to the season of the season o the sea. The second accuses General Cienfuegos and Manuel Cassin with shooting at Andros Amaya, with whom Cassin was at war. The third deposi-tion is in connection with the forcible taking of \$2,584 from the International Bank of Salvador and Nicaragua by Gencharging the refugees with shooting Cesar Alfaro and the hanging of Cassimo Henriquez, revolutionists who had opposed Ezeta's cause. Other charges of burning houses and shooting other cersons were brought out.

very soon after the convening of the court this morning counsel for the proseution announced that it had no further depositions at hand. Dr. Calderon, the local Consul for San Savador, was sworn. He testified that documents intended as evidence against the accused had been dispatched to him, and would arrive on the next steamer from Central America Upon this showing the prosecution moved for a continuance of the case. moved for a continuance of the case. Judge Morrow refused to grant a continuance. The defense then moved for a dismissal of the charges, asserting that sufficient evidence to hold the prisoners had not been adduced. This motion, too, was overruled. The defense after some delay decided to put in evidence to substantiate their plea of lack of juris-diction of the United States courts,

Commander Thomas of the gunboat Bennington was called to the witness of the defense to prove that the prisoners had really been kidnsped into the country, their demands to be permitted to leave the gunboat at La Libertad and Acapulco having been refused, and that bey could not be considered within the jurisdiction of the court, inasmuch as they had been forcibly and illegally landed upon American soil. Commander Thomas testified briefly as to the incidents of the rebellion in Salvador, but was prevented from stating why he had detained the refugees on board the Ben-nington. Judge Morrow finally ruled that the province of the court was to consider the prisoners within its jurisdiction and not to consider the means by which they had reached there. In other words, the court decided not to go beaind the returns of the United States Marshal. This means that, unless re-sort is had to habeas corpus proceedings in another court, the prisoners will be tried on the merits of the evidence presented against them by the government

of San Salvador. Ezeta was called as a witness in his own behalf. He denied the charge that he caused Henriquez to be hanged, and said that he did not know of his death until informed of it by his officers. Ezeta added, however, that he thought Henriquez had been well hanged, because he was a rebel. He said that he killed Thomas Canas in self-defense, and that the money taken from the Bank of Nicaragua was merely borrowed to pay his soldiers. General Colcho was also ex-amined, but there are no specific charges against him. The case went over.

THE CHINESE TREATY.

No Further Action Taken by China or Account of the War.

Secretary Gresham left for the West he had a conference with the Chinese Minester concerning the Chinese treaty, which was ratified by the Senate a short time before adjournment. Minister Yang Yui told Secretary Gresham that, owing to the war, no action has been taken by the Chinese government. China has been officially notified by the State De-partment of the ratification of the treaty on the part of the United States, and as soon as the treaty is ratified by China and official notice given the United States ratifications will be exchanged by the two governments and proclamations No action will be taken by the United States looking to the enforcement of the treaty until President Cleveland issues the proclamation. Then the Secretary of the Treasury will issue instructions to Collectors of Customs in accordance with the treaty. Secretary Gresham and the Chinese Minister discussed the present permits of the treaty, and the Minister was assured as soon as the ac-Hinckley case was called this morning tion of his government was officially rein the District Court. The counsel for ceived the United States would proceed with its part of the contract.

Against the Contract System. NEW YORK, September 5.-The strike of carpenters against the "lumping" or contract system has begun. Fifteen hundred man are out.

## HAS THREE TIMES THE CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER IN THE COUNTY.

ADVERTISING BATES.

Business locals will be charged at 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line there-

Legal advertisements will in all cases be charged to the party ordering them, at legal rates, and paid for before affidavit is furnished

## MISSISSIPPI'S WARRANTS.

The Officers of the Bank Note Company to be Arrested.

Washington, September 6. - Chief Hazen of the treasury secret service received a telegram to-day announcing the arrest in St. Louis, Mo., this morning of Secretary Smith of the St. Louis Bank Note Company. This company, it will be remembered, printed and engraved the \$5 and \$20 warrants of Mississippi, which bore a striking resemblance to United States money. The President of the company will be arrested when he returns to St. Louis, and Agent Holmes of the company who is also the of the company, who is in charge of the Chicago branch, will also be looked after. In the meantime the United States District Attorney at Jackson, Miss., is pre-paring a case against the State, Gov-ernor Stone and others in the same case. The Mississippi officials refused to call in the warrants, but the fact that they have been declared illegal by the general government has, it is said, had the effect of destroying public confidence in them as money, and the banks refuse longer

# THREATENED UPBISING.

Indiana in Northwest Territory Preparing for an Outbreak.

BATTLEFORD, N. W. T., September 6 .-We are threatened with an Indian uprising. Saturday a settler named Day brought word that the Indians around Jackfish Lake had risen and seized all the guns and ammunitien and horses belonging to settlers in the neighbor-hood. It is said Gabriel Dumont is there and is inciting the Indians to make trouble. That story, however, is not sustained by any evidence, and may have no foundation in fact. Thirty of the mounted police went out there late Saturday night, and nothing has been heard as to their movements since their departure. Much anxiety is felt. The Indians are non-treaty Indians, and belong to the Sotos. All the white women have been removed to one large house, which is in itself a sign of danger. Six of the young Indians in the Industrial School ran away two dave ago, and are supposed to have joined their brethren who are threatening trouble.

# TO LIGHT THE RIVER.

Commander Farenholt to Report as to the Proper Sites.

Washington, September 6 .- Repreentative Hermann has been in consultation with the department regarding lighting the Willamette river, as provided for in the appropriation bill. About twenty-five beacon lights are to be established along the river, and instructions were prepared to-day and sent to Commander Farenholt of the light-It was the announced intention house district to make an examination and report as to the proper sites.

> COLUMBIA RIVER LIGHT VESSEL. PORTLAND, Or., September 6.—Com-mander Farenholt, United States navy, inspector of the thirteenth lighthouse district, with headquarters in this city, stated yesterday that in accordance with orders the Columbia river light vessel No. 50 would be replaced on her station about four miles to the southward of the entrance to the Columbia river. The tender Manzanita towed the light vessel from Astoria across the bar on that date, but because of bad weather she was returned inside the bar to anchorage off Fort Stevens, and will be replaced on her station as early as practicable.

# SCANNELL'S CASE.

The Contempt Proceedings Against Him Continued.

Омана, September 6. — The trial of Bishop Scannell for contempt of the District Court in refusing to open St. Paul's Church at the court's order was continued to-day. The Bishop was called to the stand, but refused to testify, as he was the defendant in a criminal action, and was sustained by the court Later the Bishop was examined by the defense. He testified to the conversation he had held with his parishioners, and which had been offered in evidence by the State. His version differed in no material respect from those preceding him. He stated that he had refused to send a priest, as requested by the committe, or to open the church for school purposes until they had settled their grievances and made arrangements to pay their debts. The case was continued to September 17.

# IN DIPLOMATIC CIRCLES.

Washington, September 7 .- Before Indications That the Corean Minister Sympathizes With China.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 6 .- If the attitude of the Corean Minister, who is in this city, toward the two Oriental powers now engaged in war is any indication of the feeling which Corea entertains for its neighboring nations, then Corea is the firm friend of China. The Minister arrived here from Washington a few days ago on his way home. He had intended to sail on the China, but became ill and had to postpone his departure. He declined the services of an American doctor, and also spurned the services of a Japanese physician, who offered to attend him. Minister Soo sent to Chinatown and engaged a Chinese doctor, who cured him. The Minister then engaged passage on the Belgic, which sails September 8, but changed his mind on learning that the cousin of the Japanese Emperor, Prince Komatsu, also intends leaving on that steamer. Minister Soo will wait for the next

#### steamer. Revolt of Arab Tribes.

ADEN, September 7 .- Rumors reached here of a revolt of Arab tribes in Yemen district. The Arabs are reported to have blown up several official buildings.