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Howard Heaters

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Barrett Building, Athena, Or

THE TUM-A-LUM LUMBER CO.

Lumber, Mill Work and all Kinds of

BUILDING MATERIAL

PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES Posts and Blacksmith coal

A. M. Johnson, Manager
Athena, Oregon

THE ATHENA MEAT MARKET



We carry the best **MEATS** That Money Buys

Our Market is Clean and Cool Insuring Wholesome Meats.

BRYAN & MEYER
Main Street, Athena, Oregon



Home of QUALITY Groceries

Good Groceries go to the Right Spot Every Time

This is the Right Spot

To go to Every Time for Groceries

TRY THESE--THEY'LL PLEASE!

ONE BEST THE MONOPOLE

- Monopole Vegetables
- Monopole Fruits
- Monopole Salmon
- Monopole Oysters

DELL BROTHERS, Athena, Oregon
CATERERS TO THE PUBLIC IN GOOD THINGS TO EAT

BARRETT IS AGAIN AFTER NOMINATION

WILL STAND UPON HIS RECORD AS A LEGISLATOR.

Has Not Yet Formulated His Complete Platform on Which He Will Campaign.

Hon. C. A. Barrett of this city is a candidate for Joint Senator. A Penclon paper says:

Charles A. Barrett, incumbent of the joint state senatorship of Umatilla, Union and Morrow counties, has announced that he is a candidate for re-election.

Mr. Barrett has not formulated his complete platform yet, but says he will be willing to stand on his record as a legislator for the last eight years.

If nominated and elected this time, he says he will advocate, among other things, a change in the time of the payment of taxes from spring to fall, or at least the elimination of the payment of any penalty upon the unpaid portion of taxes until fall. He endeavored to have this made a feature of the present tax law at the time of its passage, but failed to get any legislators to see his point then, though many are thinking about it now.

Another thing he feels is for the good of the state would be to eliminate some of the things now charged against a candidate for office in the corrupt practice act, two of these things being hotel bills and railroad fare, while



C. A. Barrett

making the campaign. Mr. Barrett feels such things should not be charged for two reasons, the hotel bills are simply part of a man's living, and buying a railroad ticket could hardly be classed as money spent for the purpose of buying votes. Mr. Barrett also feels there is room for the improvement of the method of circulating petitions under the initiative-referendum laws. He thinks if these petitions were placed in the county clerk's office and with the different justices of the peace and notaries public where the registration of voters is being done, this would give everyone an opportunity to sign and could not be deemed any special favor to candidates or measures being proposed.

LEARNING A LANGUAGE.

It is an Easier Task the Younger It is Taken In Hand.

The time to learn a language is when you are young, the younger the better. We learn our own language as children. The older we grow the harder it is, because it means not merely learning by heart a great many words, but merely training the palate and tongue to produce different sounds, but adopting a new attitude of mind.

Nothing definite has been discovered as to the localization of faculties in the brain, therefore nothing certain is known, but it has always seemed to me and to others whom I have consulted that when you learn a new language you are exercising and developing a new piece of brain.

When you know several languages and change from one to another you seem definitely to change the piece of brain which actuates your tongue. You switch off one center and switch on to another.

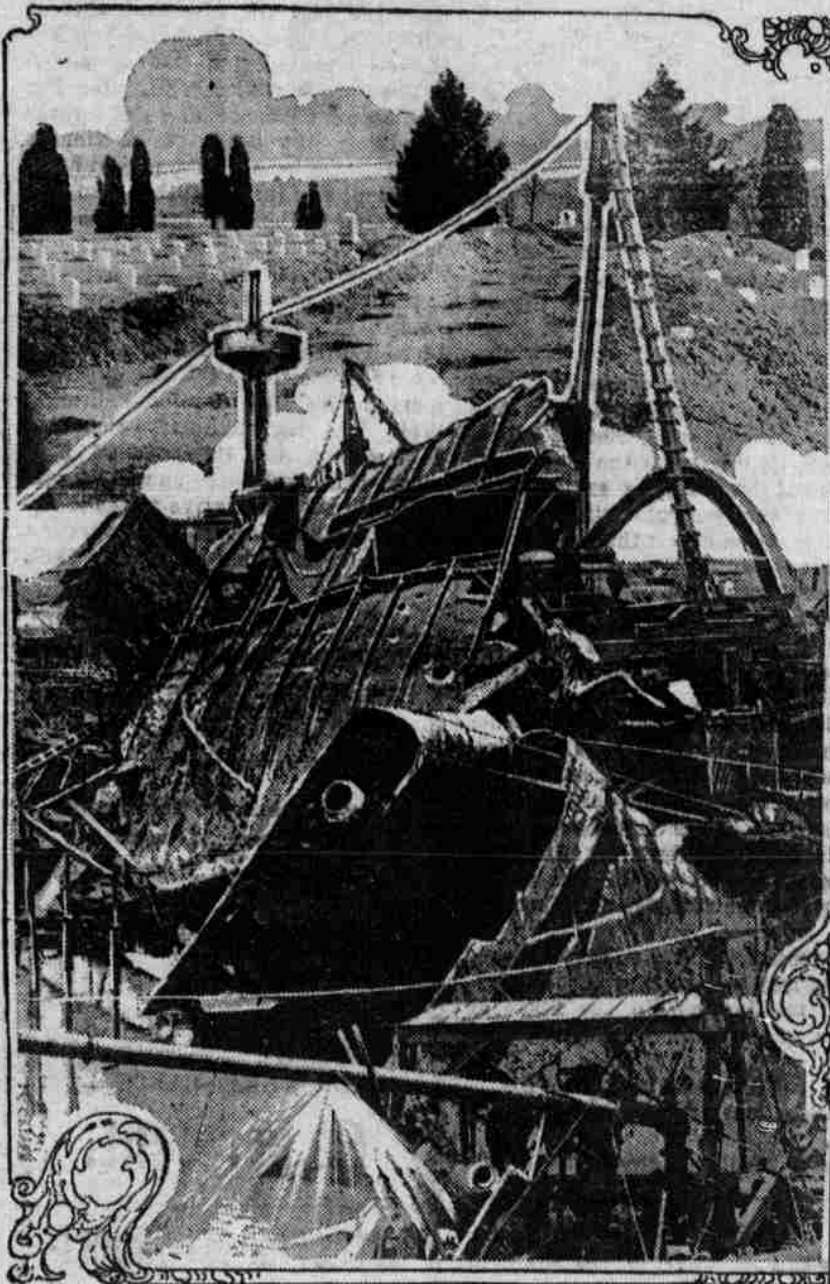
You will always notice in yourself and others that there is a definite pause when the change of language is made. Now it becomes every year more difficult to awaken an unused part of the brain and bring it into active use, and to begin at twenty-three is late.—Atlantic.

No Escape.

Crawford—if your friends poked fun at you for having the artistic temperament, you must have the laugh on them now that you are so successful. Penfield—Not at all. They sneer at me now for being commercialized.—New York Times.

If thou art a man, admire those who attempt great enterprises, even though they fail.—Seneca.

Nation Again Pays Honor to Dead of Old Battleship Maine



Photos by American Press Association.

SPANISH-AMERICAN war veterans the country over were interested in the preparations for the celebration of the sixteenth anniversary of the blowing up of the Maine in Havana harbor. It was on Feb. 15, 1898, that the country was startled by the news that the battleship had been shattered while at anchor on a peaceful visit to Cuba, then under Spanish rule. Most of the crew went down with the ship and are now buried at the National cemetery at Arlington, where the exercises are held each year. The upper picture shows a view of the Maine graves in the cemetery. The lower picture shows a portion of the wrecked battleship which was raised and was towed to sea and sunk on March 10, 1912.

THE "CURE" IS FOUND GOOD

Cigarette Habit Broken Among Oregon Training School Boys

After giving it a thorough trial for six weeks on boys sent to the institution, W. F. Hale, superintendent of the State Training School for Boys, makes the announcement that nitrate of silver is a positive cure for the cigarette habit. He said one treatment put an end to the smoking for the time being and treatment for several days ended the craving.

"Almost all the boys sent here are cigarette smokers," declared the superintendent, "and of course it has been our practice to break them of the habit as soon as possible. In some instances the boys were so addicted to tobacco that it would have been unwise to take it away from them at once, so they were allowed to smoke in moderation for two or three days. However, when the smoker arrives now we give him the nitrate of silver treatment and that ends the habit. They just simply cannot smoke after their months and throats have been swabbed with the drug."

"One of our physicians heard of the treatment several months ago and we have been using it for six weeks. We said nothing about it for awhile, because we thought it best to await results, but now that we have found it efficacious we do not care who knows it. The boys who have finished the treatment say they have not the slightest desire for tobacco. I am certain the treatment would be as efficacious for adults as for boys and that the tobacco habit in all forms would yield to it."

IN FAVOR OF THE MILLERS

The Famous "Bleached Flour" Case Is Decided

Millers and food manufacturers generally throughout the country won a decisive victory over the government this week, when the Supreme Court held that federal inspectors could not condemn under the pure food law "bleached flour" unless they proved that the flour contained enough poisonous ingredients added to bleaching to make the flour injurious to health.

Officials of the Department of Agriculture have fought the case bitterly, contending that the adding of any quantity of poisonous ingredients was in violation of the law.

The case just decided originated in the district court of Western Missouri. The government sought to condemn 625 sacks of flour bleached by the Lexington Mills company by the so-called "Alsop process." The government contended that in bleaching the flour to give it color to hide its inferiority, certain nitrates, or poisonous ingredients, were added and that this violated the law, no matter what the quantity.

In announcing the decision of the court, Justice Day pointed out that the government complained only that 1.8 parts to 1,000,000 of a poison

character was added by bleaching. He held that every word of the pure food law prohibiting interstate commerce a food if it contained "any added poisonous or other added deleterious ingredients which may render such article injurious to health," must be interpreted by its true meaning.

"If it cannot by any possibility, when the facts are reasonably considered, injure the health of any consumer," said the justice, "such flour, though having a small addition of poisonous or deleterious ingredients, may not be condemned by the act."

Hogs Bring Fortune.

"Hog-raising and delving" was the subject discussed at the regular weekly luncheon of the Walla Walla Commercial club, Tuesday. It developed during the discussion that the valley farmers made \$150,000 from hogs alone, last year and at the same time Walla Walla sent \$100,000 east for cured meats, which would have been spent there, had there been enough hogs to meet the market demands.

Will Manage Baker Store.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Soll and daughter will leave Athena in a few days for Baker City, where Mr. Soll will have management of a store.

WITHYBOMBE WILL QUIT THE COLLEGE

RESIGNS OFFICE TO ENTER CAMPAIGN FOR GOVERNOR.

For 16 Years Has Been At Head of the O. A. C. Experimental Department.

After sixteen years of continual service, Dr. James Withycombe has resigned his position as director of the Oregon Agricultural College experimental station. The resignation is to take effect as soon as acted upon by the board of regents. His reason for resigning is his wish to devote his time to promoting his campaign for nomination on the republican ticket as governor of Oregon.

This step has been contemplated for some time and all of Dr. Withycombe's station work is in fine shape to be closed up at any time. In withdrawing from this field of agricultural activity, Dr. Withycombe says:

"I desire to express my grateful appreciation of the loyal support given to my work by yourself, the college faculty and the experiment station staff. I bespeak for the experiment station this continuous support, and trust that the college will continue in phenomenal development and meet every requirement in its field of educational endeavor to prepare young men and young women for the higher duties of citizenship in the great commonwealth of Oregon."

During his service the college has grown from an enrollment of 338 to 1565. The faculty and experiment staff has increased from 13 to 211. The Oregon station has now 37 specialists at the Corvallis station and 20 in the branch stations at Astoria, Burns, Harbison, Hood River, Moro, Union and Talent.

The value of agricultural crops in the state has grown from \$88,088,339 to \$74,099,828 during his term of service as director of experimental agriculture.

Demur to Indictment.

Attorneys H. I. Watts and Will M. Peterson have filed demurrers to the indictment returned by the grand jury against Laura V. Alexander and E. H. Alexander on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, says the East Oregonian. The principal grounds for the demurrer is that, if the facts cited in the indictment are true, there was legal justification and excuse for the crime. John Banister, prominent farmer, is the complaining witness against the Alexanders. He charges that they leased their land, which is an allotment on the reservation, to him and that he paid them \$1800. Thereafter they executed a government lease to E. A. Dudley who is now farming the land. The attorneys for the defendants declare that there is a federal law against taking any kind of a lease or mortgage upon Indian land except as authorized by the government and that there is also a ruling by the department of the interior that such persons as accept citizen leases do so at their own peril.

Back to the Farm.

Arnold Wood, who has been operating the Richards chop mill has leased the Henry Mc Bain place southeast of town, and will move there next week.

GATSUP SEIZURE FIGHT IMPORTANT

IMPURE FOOD CHARGE FOUGHT BY DEFENDANT COMPANY.

The First Contest in History To Uphold Trade in Decayed Food Products.

Alleged ptomaine poisoning, resulting from tomato catsup have lately been reported from different parts of the coast states. Now, at Portland, the first attempt to be made by a manufacturer of catsup in the entire country to resist the seizure by the government of catsup alleged to be impure, is being heard in court. Many seizures have been made under the pure food law all over the United States, and this is the first time that a shipper of catsup has contested the seizures.

The Sunit Fruit company of California, is the claimant of 2400 gallons of catsup shipped by it from San Francisco to Portland last December, and is resisting the attempt of Assistant United States Attorney Johnson to have the catsup destroyed or sold for some purpose other than that of being used for human food.

The catsup, which is valued at about \$1000, is one of five shipments seized by the United States Marshal last December in the warehouses of Portland wholesale grocery firms. Three of the shipments have been abandoned by the shipper. The present case will be followed by a similar one in which the Pacific Vinegar & Pickle Works, of San Francisco, will be the claimant.

Action is brought under the pure food and drug act of June 30, 1908, which forbids interstate shipments of impure foods and provides a penalty therefor of \$500 fine or one year imprisonment, or both, for the first conviction of a person violating it, and double the fine and the same imprisonment, or both, for the second conviction.

However, there will be no fine or imprisonment if the government wins the present case. The confiscated goods will be destroyed or sold for fertilizer.

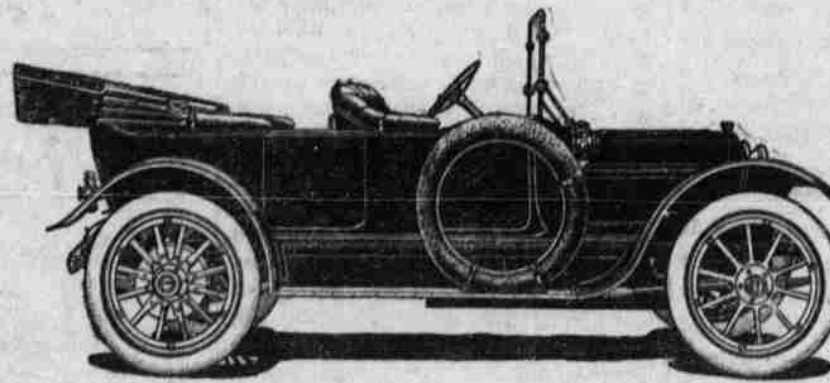
Government and state authorities are co-operating in the prosecution of the case, and have their experts on hand to testify as to the character of the seized goods.

Dr. Albert Schneider, bacteriologist attached to the bureau of chemistry of the department of agriculture at San Francisco, testified yesterday that he found in one sample of the catsup 36,000,000 bacteria to the cubic centimeter, or about one fourth teaspoonful, with mold abundant.

Cove to Be Dry.

As a result of a visit to Cove, Union county, by Miss Hobbs, the governor's private secretary, that town was found to have voted dry at the general election and because the county court failed to interpret the local option law correctly, a saloon has been running there. The county court has been notified by the governor to declare Cove precinct dry and will order the saloon closed.

Tharp Brothers' Garage



Case Automobile--The car with the great motor; the car that stands up to it and delivers the goods--we are selling agents for it and the **J. I. Case Machinery Line**

Our Automobile Department is under personal supervision of Ernest Brannin, an expert repairer; a man who knows what's what from every angle of the repairing business. Entire satisfaction is guaranteed. Now is the time to have your work done at the most reasonable prices, before spring opens.

See the "Emerson Express," the up-to-date Gang Plow