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Removing Mildew Stains.

Soaking mildew stains in buttermilk or sour milk will many times remove them, but not always. Try a solution of one heaping teaspoonful of chloride of lime to a quart of soft water; strain when well dissolved and dip the mildewed spots in it until the stains disappear, then rinse immediately and thoroughly in clear water.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

All Need Forgiveness.

He that cannot forgive others breaks the bridge over which he must himself pass, for every man has need to be forgiven.—Lord Herbert.

Don't be "GROUCHY"

just because your Stomach has "gone back" on you. There's a splendid chance for it to "come back" with the aid of

HOSTETTER'S Stomach Bitters

It soothes and tones the tired nerves, promotes bowel regularity, aids digestion and will help you back to health. Try it.

His Future Assured.

"Does my boy," inquired the parent, "seem to have a natural bent in any one direction?" "Yes, sir," said the teacher. "He gives every indication of being a captain of industry some day. He gets the other boys to do all his work for him."

Is A Wonder In the Blood

A Remedy That Has Shown a Most Remarkable Purifying Effect.

The word medicine is one of the most abused in our language. There are certain medicinal properties just as necessary to health as the food we eat. Take, for example, the well-known tonic medicine S. S. S. This famous blood purifier contains medicinal components just as vital and essential to healthy blood as the elements of wheat, roast beef, the fats and the sugars that make up our daily ration.

As a matter of fact, there is one ingredient in S. S. S. which serves the active purpose of stimulating each cellular part of the body to the healthy and judicious selection of its own essential nutriment. That is why it regenerates the blood supply; why it has such a tremendous influence in overcoming eczema, rash, pimples, and all skin afflictions.

And in regenerating the tissues S. S. S. has a rapid and positive antidotal effect upon all those irritating influences that cause rheumatism, sore throat, weak eyes, falling hair, loss of weight, thin, pale cheeks, and that weariness of muscle and nerve that is generally experienced as spring fever. Get a bottle of S. S. S. at any drug store, and in a few days you will not only feel bright and energetic, but you will be the picture of new life. S. S. S. is prepared only in the laboratory of The Swift Specific Co., 160 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., who maintain a very efficient Medical Department, where all who have any blood disorder of a stubborn nature may write freely for advice and a special book of instruction. S. S. S. is sold everywhere by drug stores, department and general stores.

Beware of any attempt to sell you something "just as good" as S. S. S. Such a claim is preposterous. There is nothing else "just as good" as S. S. S., nor is there another remedy similar to this famous blood purifier.

ALL SORTS OF GOOD THINGS

Seasonable Recipes That Are Worthy the Attention of Any Earnest Housewife.

Mint Sauce—To be served with spring lamb. Three tablespoonfuls vinegar; two tablespoonfuls mint; one tablespoonful sugar; one tablespoonful salt. Mix ten minutes before using.

Creamed Cucumber Sauce—For planked or boiled fish. Peel, cut into halves and remove seeds from six cucumbers. Grate them and drain until perfectly dry. Add to the grated cucumber one grated onion, juice of one lemon, one-half teaspoonful of salt, pepper and fold in one-half cup of whipped cream. Serve at once.

A Summer Dessert Called "Six Threes"—To be frozen: Three cupfuls of sugar, three cupfuls cream, three cupfuls water, three bananas (crushed), three oranges (juice), three lemons (juice).

Marshmallow Pudding—The whites of three eggs, beaten stiff, one-half cupful cold water, one-half cupful boiling water, one cupful sugar, one tablespoonful gelatin, one teaspoonful flavoring. Soak gelatin in cold water until soft. Add sugar and flavoring, then boiling water. When mixture begins to set pour over the beaten egg whites and beat constantly for 20 minutes. Then put into molds to set.

Mayonnaise Dressing—One-half cupful sugar, one tablespoonful flour, mix; one-half cupful milk, three and one-half teaspoonfuls salt, three-fourths cupful vinegar, balance water; one level teaspoonful mustard; three well beaten eggs; lump of butter size of an egg. When cool, add whipped cream.

Potato Salad—Cut into small dices six large boiled potatoes, add two stalks celery cut into small pieces, one cucumber and one-fourth onion, minced; three hard boiled eggs, sliced; salt and pepper and juice of one lemon. Pour mayonnaise over this and mix thoroughly.

SERVE THIS AT LUNCHEON

Eclairs With Fresh Strawberries Will Be Appreciated by the Family or Guests.

Cream puffs and eclairs filled with the fresh strawberries crushed and sweetened, instead of the usual cream filling are among the delights of the season. To make the eclairs, put into a graniteware saucepan one cup milk, two rounded tablespoonfuls of butter, and a tablespoonful of sugar. Set over the fire.

When this mixture boils up, stir in a cup of sifted flour (heaped and cook for two minutes, beating continually with a wooden spoon. By this time it should be smooth and velvety. Take from the stove and cool.

When cool, beat in four eggs, one at a time. Beat vigorously for at least 20 minutes. Test by putting a bit of the paste in the oven. If it puffs up in the form of a hollow ball, it is beaten enough. If not, beat a little longer.

Have ready a tapering tin tube with the lessed opening about three-quarters of an inch in diameter. Insert this in the small end of a cotton bag and put the paste in the bag. Now press out on buttered tins, having each eclair about three inches in length. Keep them well apart.

Bake about 25 minutes in a moderate oven. Take out, and while still warm, coat with a strawberry icing made by adding to a cupful of confectioner's sugar enough strawberry juice to make a fine icing.

A few drops of lemon juice may also be added. When cold, cut open on the side and fill with the berries crushed and sweetened.

Drying Rubber Boots.

In wet weather my children frequently wade into water over their rubber boots, and having to spend considerable time in drying these wet boots, I looked around one day for something with which to do the work quickly and effectively, wites a reader of Los Angeles Express. I came across a box containing about a quart of sawdust, which I put into a pan and set in oven until quite warm, then poured it into the wet boots and let stand an hour or so. After shaking out sawdust I found the moisture was all absorbed.

Hints on Making of Cakes.

Always have the pan ready for the cake. A toothpick is best for trying a cake to see if it is done. Keep a box of the little wooden skewers in the pantry cupboard for this purpose. They are much better than the broom straws our mothers used for the purpose.

If there is any danger of forgetting about the cake after it is put in the oven, hang a cardboard sign on the oven door, as some cooks do, to warn against forgetting the cake.

Mint Jelly.

Mint jelly is not at all difficult of making. Boil one cup of vinegar with one cup of sugar and one large tablespoon of sugar and two tablespoons vinegar, until the sugar is dissolved. Add one and one-half tablespoons of gelatin which has been soaked in cold water enough to cover for half an hour. Pour into jelly glasses. They say this should be made the day before it is to be used.

Baked Mince Roll.

Use any scraps of cold meat, tongue, ham, etc. Pass through a mincing machine and add to it a third of fine bread crumbs. Season with good gravy, chopped parsley, pepper and salt. Beat an egg and add to the mixture. Make a nice, short crust, roll out and lay the meat on it; fold pastry over so as to form a roll. Bake 20 minutes. Serve with brown gravy.

Ink Stains Removed.

I find that ink stains on garments can be soaked out with a mixture of salt and milk. Use a teaspoonful of salt to nearly a half glass of milk. This solution can be used for either white or colored fabrics; but if the ink has been allowed to dry it will be necessary to soak the stained part in the milk for an hour or two.

FARM AND ORCHARD

Notes and Instructions from Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations of Oregon and Washington, Specially Suitable to Pacific Coast Conditions

Reclaiming the Low, "White Land" Flats.

The vast body of low, flat, nonproductive land lying in Western Oregon, is exceptionally rich in plant food, and by a system of under drainage and suitable cropping may be made to yield large crops, is the substance of the reply of Professor H. D. Scudder, Oregon Agricultural college agronomist, to a request for information on the subject of a committee on lowland drainage. The professor has repeatedly urged that this land, now producing little or nothing —perhaps $1.50 per acre annually as sheep pasture — could most profitably be reclaimed by under-drainage and proper cropping. His laboratory investigations have shown the white land soil to contain good percentages of silt and clay, and yet to be not at all difficult to handle or work if put into proper condition.

A comparison of the white lands with the red hill lands surrounding them is drawn by Professor Scudder. By laboratory analysis he has shown unmistakably that the red hill lands are heavier in clay than the white lands, and yet they can be worked nearly all seasons of the year without injury. Their richness is due to their silt and clay content which comes from the basaltic rock and is rich in potash and phosphoric acid, and has great endurance under heavy cropping and in retaining moisture.

The difference between the red land and white land is the difference in drainage. It is this difference which causes the striking divergence in color, the iron compounds which give the red color to the hill land having broken down under the swamp conditions of the low lands, causing them to lose color and fade into the condition which gives them their name, "white lands." The whiteness is the result and sign of excessive wetness. Water stands on them until late in the spring, the water table in summer is but a short distance below the surface, and the soil lacks aeration. This makes the seeding late and causes shallow rooting, followed by early drying out, giving a low production for these soils.

"Such soils suffer from lack of bacterial and chemical activity, which can only proceed in porous, well-aired soil, and but little of the plant food becomes available during the growing season. Further, the soil acids accumulate, so that clovers, the most valuable plants, cannot thrive, while sorrels, inferior grasses and water-loving plants, such as sedges, multiply and occupy the ground with their worthless and harmful growth. This, in turn, causes a low content in organic matter at present.

"With all these unfavorable conditions it is no wonder that this soil, so rich in plant food, is practically lifeless and worthless. The removal of the excessive water that causes this is the only remedy required to bring this soil into a condition of great productivity.

"Although contrary to the general opinion, those who have had experience in these things know that the white lands may be reclaimed by under drainage with tile—the only practical and economical method of removing excessive water. Where a good outlet is available the cost of under drainage should not exceed $30 per acre. It would doubtless be less in many cases. Since the present market value of the lands is comparatively low, an outlay of $30 per acre to bring them into productivity would be a profitable investment.

"Where no outlet is near the lands to be drained, the individual farmer cannot succeed. I believe the only method of reclaiming the entire area in any district is to open up a district or county drainage ditch, which would provide a good outlet for the individual tile systems of the different owners. Recent legislation has provided legal steps for bringing about the necessary organization for carrying on this work.

"After such an outlet ditch has been constructed, the individual farmers who are to tile drain into it should continue to work together. Ditching machines, too costly for the individual, may be purchased and used co-operatively for ditching, greatly reducing the cost of tiling. In the same way, the land may be farmed co-operatively until brought into a condition of good tilth by proper cultivation and rotation of crops. Traction engines and plows could be purchased by the district and operated on the whole tract until it is reclaimed. During this time the humus-producing crops could be grown at a profit.

"There are many thousands of acres of this unreclaimed land in the Northwest, capable of supporting intensive production, with a large number of farmers on comparatively small tracts, already served by steam and electric roads connecting them with markets. But the transportation lines are not enough in themselves to settle up this type of land and make it productive. Drainage, liming and rotation are needed to put this land in shape to attract the settler and make his work profitable. My enthusiasm leads me to hope that the majority of land owners concerned will unite in vigorous cooperation to bring this fine body of white land into profitable bearing."

Eradicating Brome Grass From Alfalfa Fields.

To eradicate brome grass from alfalfa fields it is necessary to tear up the sod by early cultivation, and then cut the crop before the grass goes to seed, is the substance of the advice given in response to inquiries, by Professor H. D. Scudder, agronomist, of the Oregon Agricultural college. The professor explains the reasons for this statement as follows:

"Brome grasses are very active spreaders through their rooting systems as well as through their seed. So to get rid of it, two things are imperative.

"First, the field should be thoroughly cultivated as early in the spring before the alfalfa buds, with a machine similar to the John Deere alfalfa cultivator, until not a bit of sod remains untorn. This will not injure the alfalfa at all, provided it is a year or two old, but will improve it, although the field will look as though freshly plowed. This treatment will tear out nearly all the grass, and should be followed by a peg-tooth harrow to level the ground and shake the soil from the grass sod, so that the roots will die. Should any grass appear after the first cutting the field should be cultivated as at first. This will delay the second cutting, but will not lose you the crop.

"Second, none of the grass which does come through should be allowed to go to seed. Cut the crop before the seed ripens. This can be done and still give you a fair quality of hay, or this early cutting can be put into the silo or fed green to cows or pastured off with pigs and sheep."

The Oyster Shell Scale.

The Division of Entomology of the State Agricultural Experiment station at Pullman, Washington, gives the following timely information concerning this destructive pest:

The oyster shell bark louse is quite a common pest throughout Western Washington and also occurs in many of the orchards in Eastern Washington, especially in those of higher altitude. The oyster shell seems to prefer an elevation above 2000 feet or else where considerable moisture is present, while the San Jose scale seeks the localities below 2000 feet and where there is little moisture in the air. The oyster shell differs from the San Jose scale in its method of reproduction. There is but one generation of the oyster shell each year. In the fall, under each of the scales, you will find produced about one hundred eggs or less. These remain over winter and about the early part of June will hatch out. The young scales then crawl over the tree and locate on some suitable place of the bark, where they remain the rest of their lives. With the San Jose scale as many as four hundred young are born to each mother and there are at least ten generations in the year. It is this difference in reproductive ability that makes the San Jose scale such a dreaded pest.

The usual treatment for the oyster shell bark louse is to spray with the sulphur-lime wash any time during the winter. This wash acts through the shell and will kill some of the eggs beneath. Sometimes, however, especially if the wash is scantily applied, it has proved quite insufficient in checking the pest. It would seem as if the old fashioned sulphur-lime, containing a great excess of lime, would work better than the clear sprays now in use. The excess of lime has the effect of raising the scale on drying and that exposes the eggs to the action of the wash and also to the action of the weather. If the eggs are not killed and the young appear in early summer, a tobacco wash has given the best satisfaction. Blackleaf, used 1 to 7, or Blackleaf-40, used 1 to 70, is a dependable spray. Any tobacco spray has its effect greatly increased by the addition of soap, and of the soaps those known as cresol or lysol seem best.

If there are no other pests than the oyster shell, red spider and aphis present, the tobacco treatment in early summer will be preferable to the winter spray of sulphur-lime.

Police Rely on Finger Prints.

Francis Galton, finger print expert and authority, estimates that the chances of finding the fingers of two persons giving exactly the same impression are not greater than one in 640,000,000,000. Police experts regard finger prints, which canot be disguised, as far the most conclusive means of identification.

Candid Statement.

Look upon the fool with patience—we have all been fools in our time.—Florida Times-Union.

Learned Language During Trance.

The Arabic language was learned in a trance by a youth named Querqueville at a hospital at Cherbourg, France, recently. The youth, after having been in a trance for two months, on awakening, repeatedly addressed his nurse in a phrase which was discovered to be Arabic, a language of which he never had any knowledge.

Happiness Is a Twin.

To have joy one must share it. Happiness was born a twin.—Byron.

Post Facto Wish.

Helen, aged five, and grandma grasped ends of the chicken wishbone, and made wishes. The bone flew apart, and Helen danced around the room crying: "I'll get my wish! I'll get my wish!" "What did you wish, Helen?" asked her father. With great glee she answered: "I wished our dog hadn't died!"

Its Job.

One-half the world spends half its time trying to find out how the other half lives.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Why Do We Not Shout for Joy?

Robert Louis Stevenson used to sit at night on the platform of his house at Silverado, and listen to the song of the crickets and "wonder why these creatures were so happy, and what was wrong with man that he also did not wind up his days with an hour or two of shouting."—John Kelman.

Appropriately Named.

Mr. McCorkle was showing some visitors over the house. Arriving at the nursery, he remarked, "This, gentlemen, is the bawl room."

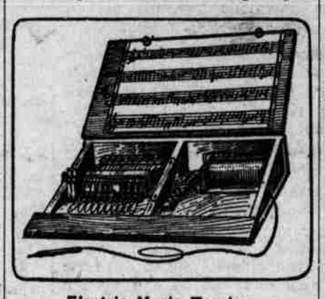
MUSIC READING MADE EASY

Children Find It an Attractive Task to Learn Their Notes by Use of Electrical Device.

By using the electric music teacher, children will find that it is an attractive task to learn their notes, instead of a dry lesson as heretofore, so that they will begin to take an interest in music at once, and not consider it a drudgery, says the Popular Electricity

M. Pierre Gelis, a Paris inventor, makes the device which we illustrate here. It is based on the principle of using an electric contact plate under the music paper. By pricking each note with a sharp metal point, we make contact for an electric device carrying a hammer, so that the hammer strikes a string or preferably a metal piece to give out the sound. Thus each note or line or space gives out its corresponding sound, and it is an easy matter to read a simple piece of music in this way.

The device is quite an elaborate one for it is required to take care of the sharps and flats which figure permanently as the sign of the staff. But this is easily done by using a revolving contact device to shift over the several required notes at the start. To bring back to natural during the piece, we press on a button which restores the note for the moment.



Electric Music Teacher.

Even professional musicians will find it useful for transposing a piece into another key and this is done by observing the movement of the hammers and also a transposing chart which lies before them.

SWAP CHILDREN IN DENMARK

Curious System of Exchanging Little Folk During Summer Months—Scheme Works Well.

In Denmark there is a curious system of exchanging children during the summer. The country people send their little ones to the city people, and the latter send theirs to the country. The state delivers free tickets, and the schools send the children according to the applications from families.

The children travel alone, each one wearing a ticket of identification pinned on the jacket or bodice. Should any of them go astray they are lodged at the first station whilst inquiries are made. The young travelers are met at their destination by the peasants and their wives.

Treated with affectionate care by these good hearted people, the children often enjoy privileges they have never known at home. There is no severe discipline nor irksome restraint. They return home full of tales about their adventures, and their mothers are delighted to find them looking rosy cheeked, fat, and healthy. The peasant women feed them well and often make them fresh clothing.

The latter send their children into the towns and volunteer guides show them the monuments and sights. Last year the principal restaurant keepers at Copenhagen gave them a series of feats and organized little dancing parties for their amusement. Both categories of children benefit by this mode of exchange, which, it may be noted, is conducted on inexpensive lines.

RIDDLES.

What is the difference between a tunnel and an ear trumpet?

One is hollowed out and the other in holloaed in.

• • •

Why didn't the last dove return to the ark?

Because she had sufficient ground for remaining.

• • •

When is an author like spirit?

When he's at proof.

• • •

Why are authors who treat of physiognomy like soldiers?

Because they write about face.

• • •

What is the difference between the czar and a beggar?

One issues manifestoes; the other manifests toes without 'is shoes.

• • •

Why is a child with a cold in its head like a winter night?

Because it blows, it snows (its nose).

• • •

What's the most difficult thing to be cooked for a Christmas dinner?

A tailor's goose.

• • •

Why are poets like children's toys?

Because they are given to a muse and indulge in fancy (infancy).

• • •

Why is an absconding bank cashier like an air gun?

Because he goes off loaded and makes no report.

• • •

When is a window like a star?

When it is a skylight.

• • •

What part of their infant tuition have old bachelors and old maids most profited by?

Learning to go alone.

• • •

Why is I the luckiest of the vowels?

Because it is the center of bliss, while E is in hell, and all the others are in purgatory.

• • •

Why does an onion resemble a ringing bell?

Because peel follows peel in an onion, and peal follows peal in a ringing bell.

• • •

Why is matrimony like a besieged city?

Because those who are in it wish to be out, and those who are out wish to be in.

How It Struck Elsie.

Little Elsie, sitting in a street car opposite a man with twitching eyelids, whispered to her mother: "Mamma, that poor man has the hiccups in his eyes."

Don't buy water for bluing. Liquid blue is almost all water. Buy Red Cross Ball blue, the blue that's all blue.

Man's Preference.

"Men in youth, or age, or middle age, will sooner kiss a pretty mouth than a clever brow any day, or every day."—"Wilsam," by S. C. Nethersole.

RAISES the DOUGH

Better than other powders—producing light, dainty, wholesome cakes and pastries—

CRESCENT BAKING POWDER

is high grade and moderate in price—25c lb. tin at grocers.

Crescent Mfg. Co., Seattle

HOMESTEAD ROOFING DIRECT FROM FACTORY

You save both the wholesaler's and retailer's profits when ordering, for we manufacture this material.

1-ply, weight 35 lbs. to 108 sq. ft.....$1.25
2-ply, weight 45 lbs. to 108 sq. ft..... 1.50
3-ply, weight 55 lbs. to 108 sq. ft..... 1.75

Write for samples or order direct from this ad. Satisfaction guaranteed.

J. E. BERKHEIMER MFG. CO., Tacoma, Wash.

Continues Its Usefulness.

In Ipoh, (Malay peninsula) one of the pioneer motor-cars in the country is now in almost constant use as a funeral hearse. Hauled by coolies, the proud old pioneer wends its frequent, slow, laborious way to the cemetery.

That Was Art.

"Realistic?" repeated the critic, "well, I should say he was realistic. You just ought to have seen the excitement he created in his studio when he drew the corks in a dinner scene he was painting the other day."

Stomach Weak? Blood Bad? Liver Lazy? Nervous?

WHY go along day after day suffering when aid is at hand so convenient and at so little cost.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

aids digestion and purifies the blood. As a consequence both the stomach and liver return to their normal and healthy condition. Nervousness and biliousness soon disappear. The entire system takes on new life.

For over forty years this famous old medicine has "made good"—and never more so than today, enjoying a greater sale all over the world than any other doctor's prescription.

For sale at all druggists in liquid or tablet form, or you can send fifty 1c stamps for trial box. Address DR. R. V. PIERCE, BUFFALO, N. Y.

Not Hardly.

Doctor (to anxious husband and father)—"All the baby wants is some good milk, and take care that it always comes from the same cow. As for the mother, there's nothing really the matter with her, only a little weakness, that's all. And she'll soon pick up if she has every day some underdone beefsteak." Anxious husband—"From the same ox, doctor?"

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c and 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c.

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Wanted One of Her Own.

Dorothy loves her baby sister dearly and takes it quite hard that she is not allowed to play nurse oftener. The other day, being asked what mamma should bring her back from a visit to the city, she made a gentle requset: "Please, mamma, a great big doll dressed like a real baby. I want one of my own to play with, since you won't let me have any fun with yours."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules. Easy to take as candy.

Systematic Slaughter of Rats.

A price is set on the head of the rat in Tokyo, and, according to the Far East, "The sight is frequently seen in the side streets of the city of some blooming damsel gingerly conveying a small rat, suspended by a string tied to its tail, to the police box. Here an official receipt is given for the rat, which entitles the holder to 5 sen, and so the plague is combated and the people protected against foul epidemics."

BLUE AND DISCOURAGED

Mrs. Hamilton Tells How She Finally Found Health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Warren, Ind.—"I was bothered terribly with female weakness. I had pains and was not regular, my head ached all the time, I had bearing down pains and my back hurt me the biggest part of the time, I was dizzy and had weak feelings when I would stoop over, it hurt me to walk any distance and I felt blue and discouraged.

"I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and am now in good health. If it had not been for that medicine I would have been in my grave a long time ago."—Mrs. ARTIE E. HAMILTON, R.F.D. No. 6. Warren, Ind.

Another Case.

Esmond, R. I.—"I write to tell you how much good your medicine has done me and to let other women know that there is help for them. I suffered with bearing down pains, headache, was irregular and felt blue and depressed all the time. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and commenced to gain in a short time and I am a well woman today. I am on my feet from early morning until late at night running a boarding house and do all my own work. I hope that many suffering women will try your medicine. It makes happier wives and mothers."—Mrs. ANNA HANGST, Esmond, Rhode Island.

Outspoken Intelligence.

A letter addressed "To my dear God in Heaven," written in a child's handwriting, was recently posted in a Russian townlet. As the address was written in German, the Russian post authorities forwarded it to the German frontier postoffice at Tilsit. The postmaster of the latter place returned it to its place of origin with the following superscription: "To be returned. The addressee is in Heaven, with which Germany has no communication."

To Break in New Shoes.

Always shake in Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures hot, sweating, aching, swollen feet. Cures corns, ingrowing nails and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Dont accept any substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Definition of a Gentleman.

A kindly heart, a quiet voice, polite words and manners, a hand open to help, attention to little things for the comfort of others, freedom from anger, boasting, and patronizing; toward the strong, courage; toward the weak, chivalry; toward all men, fairness. Few men ever see one in a mirror.—Life.

Water in bluing is adulteration. Glass and water make liquid blue costly. Buy Red Cross Ball Blue, makes clothes whiter than snow.

Daily Thought.

Let your first effort be not for wealth, but independence. Whatever be your talents, whatever your prospects, never be tempted to speculate away, on the chance of a palace, that which you need as a provision against the workhouse.—Lord Lytton.

"DIDN'T HURT A BIT"

is what they all say

DR. W. A. WISE, PRESIDENT AND MANAGER

of our **Painless Methods of Extracting Teeth.**

Out-of-town people can have their plate and bridgework finished in one day if necessary.

An absolute guarantee, backed by 28 years in Portland

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