Farmers and Merchants

Write us for our cash offer on your Farm and Dairy Produce. If we don't handle it will refer you to reliable buyer. PEARSON-PAGE CO. Portland, Oregon.

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2000 Shares World Keepfresh Company Stock at $2.50 per share if taken at once. Par value $10.00. Jas. Ferguson, 231 Worcester Bldg., Portland, Or.

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Can be worn unblocked by women. Blocked in any size, shape or style for men. Brims 3 and 6 inches. Light weight. Sent postpaid on receipt of price. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Get a durable, stylish hat for the half of what it would cost you elsewhere. Address NEW MODE HAT CO. O. H. Mousedorffer, Prop. 227 1-2 Washington St. Twenty years in Portland. Portland, Or.

KODAK

rolls developed, 10c, any size. Largest and best shop in Northwest. Complete price list on request. Best results guaranteed.

JACOBS PHOTO SHOP P.-I. Build'g, Seattle

The Henna Plant.

Everywhere in lower Egypt the henna bush grows. It attains a height of seven feet and bears a multitude of snowy tufts. The virtues of henna are chanted by all mouths and its tawny tinge is seen around the eyes, in the nostrils, and on the hair of eastern women. The henna paste is made by rolling the dried leaves and soaking them in liquid drawn from another shrub.—Harper's Weekly.

The Wandering Jew.

Matthew Paris and Roger Wendover identified the Wander Jew as Cartaphilus, a porter in the household of Pontius Pilate. Other authorities identify him as Ahasuerus, a cobbler of Jerusalem. The legend is far older than the events which it proposes as its central feature. In the course of its popularity throughout the middle ages it has acquired many foreign elements by accretion.

Cheap Cleaner.

A bicycle pump is a good substitute for a vacuum cleaner in getting dust from nooks and crannies in marble statuary, plaster casts, carved furniture or any crevices where it may lurk in spite of dust cloth and brush. Run the open end of the rubber tubing over the surface to be dusted, while working the pump vigorously with the foot. A soft dust cloth will do the rest.

Never Repeat an Unkind Thing.

Never repeat unkind things. But if you hear something kind and pleasant and sweet, then make it your business to repeat it. It may sound superior to say you do not care whether people like you or not, you must speak your mind. That isn't superiority. It is supreme selfishness and surliness.

Origin of "Mutt."

"Mutt" is a contraction of "muttonhead," a term applied in ancient times to a stupid fellow, equivalent to "dunderhead" and "puddin'head." An old publication has it that "Columbus taught a parcel of 'muttonheads' that an egg might be poised on the smaller end."

MEXICAN **MUSTANG LINIMENT**

"OK" FOR HORSES.

Charles Locke, Stanford, Mont. writes: "You will find enclosed two cent stamp for which send me your Horse Doctor's Diary. I am a hostler in a barn here on the Great Falls Stage Line and my horses have very sore shoulders. I've used Mustang Liniment and find it all right. I recommend it as the best on the market."

25c. 50c. $1 a bottle at Drug & Gen'l Stores.

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is our pride—our hobby—our study for years and now our success, and ours is the best painless work to be found anywhere, no matter how much you pay. Compare our Prices.

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Try once more if you have been doctoring with this one and that one and have not obtained permanent relief. Let this great nature healer diagnose your case and prescribe some remedy whose action is quick, sure and safe. His prescriptions are compounded from Roots, Herbs, Buds and Barks that have been gathered from every quarter of the globe. The secrets of these medicines are not known to the outside world, but have been handed down from father to son in the physicians' families in China.

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Portland, Oregon.

ORIGIN OF FAMOUS PHRASE

Belief that Common Political Term Sprang From a Horse Race Held in Tennessee.

The political term "dark horse" is thought to have had its origin in the following circumstances:

In the last century there lived in Tennessee a "character" named Flynn, an elderly person who dealt in horses. Flynn generally contrived to own a speedy nag or two for racing purposes if he could arrange for "a good thing" during his peregrinations throughout the state.

The best of Flynn's flyers was a coal black stallion named Dusky Pete, almost a thoroughbred and able to go in the best of company.

One day Flynn visited a town where a race meeting was in progress. He entered Pete. The people, knowing nothing of the horse's antecedents and not being over impressed by his appearance, backed the local favorite heavily against the stranger.

Just as the beasts were being saddled for the race, a certain Judge McMinamee, who was the "oracle" of that part of the state, arrived on the course and was made one of the race judges.

As he took his place on the stand he was told of the folly of the owner of the strange entry. Running his eye over the track the judge instantly recognized Pete. "Gentlemen," said McMinamee, "there's a dark horse in this race, as you'll soon find out."

He was right. Pete, "the dark horse," lay back until the three-quarter pole was reached, when he went to the front with a rush and won the race.

DISSOLVE BONE IN THROAT

Use of Lemon Juice at Critical Time Is a Thing Worth Keeping in Mind.

Sitting at a planked shad dinner in Yonkers, a laughing guest drew a bone into his throat and he began to strangle. Some one suggested that the sufferer swallow a fragment of dry bread.

"Oh, no," exclaimed an Ossining man. "Don't give him bread. It might catch the bone and it might not. Give him something that is sure to give relief." Beckoning to a waiter, he said: "Bring me a lemon, cut in two." And it was brought without delay. Taking one section, he offered it to the choking guest and told him to suck the juice and to swallow it slowly. Directions were faithfully followed, and in about a quarter of a minute the afflicted one placed the half lemon on his plate, looked into the anxious faces around the table and smiled.

"Well, Joe," said one, "how about it?"

"It's gone," was the reply, "the bone has slipped down."

"Not exactly that," said the Ossining man. "The bone slipped down, all right, but it was melted first by the citric acid. I never knew it to fail to dissolve a fishbone. You can test the power of lemon juice by dropping some on the fishbones you may have lying on your plate."

Several diners tried the experiment. In each case the acid reduced the bone to liquid gelatine.

Fawn and St. Bernard as Companions.

At the little village of Bauma, in Switzerland, a farmer recently found a young fawn in one of his fields.

Fearing that if left alone without its mother some mischief would befall it, he took it home and did everything possible for it. Now, he happened to have a large St. Bernard dog, and this dog and the fawn took to each other.

The fawn slept in the dog's kennel, and when it grew a little older and went out on its walks abroad, the dog accompanied it, and defended it against the attacks of other dogs.

Sometimes the St. Bernard and the fawn would be absent in the woods and fields for a whole day, but they always returned at night, the doors and gate being left open for them. The fawn is now much taller than the St. Bernard, and yet the dog still goes out with it.

Aid to the Unlovely.

"I try to be an efficient city directory," said the hotel clerk, "but balk at recommending a beauty doctor to women guests.

"That is one of the first things they want to know. Churches, theaters, even dressmakers can wait a few days, but the beauty doctor is an immediate necessity. Unfortunately, they do not get much satisfaction out of me. Any number of beauty specialists leave cards for distribution, but so many of them have been mixed up in lawsuits that I feel squeamish about delivering their cards. To satisfy my own conscience and the women at the same time I hand out a bunch of advertisements with the remark that I guess they are about all alike.

"Then they can pay their money and take their choice, and if they lose their hair and complexion, they can't come back on me for damages."

Largest Flying Fish.

The largest flying fish on record was served up for breakfast on the British warship Ardeola a short time ago. The Ardeola was homeward bound and was off the Canary Islands when a large school of flying fish was observed. They were apparently in full flight from some deep sea enemy and traveling rapidly. As the ship met and passed them several flew on board and were seized by the crew as welcome additions to the mess. One of the fish measured 19 inches; the largest flying fish ever seen before the Ardeola's catch have never exceeded 10 inches. The big one was fried for the captain's breakfast. Flying fish are very palatable and taste like trout.

The Quarrel Over the Laundry.

The family laundry had just been returned, and the usual struggle to identify their respective belongings was on. "That's my shirt!" insisted the elder brother, who worked in a printing establishment. "I can tell it by the ink spot."

"Pshaw!" exclaimed the younger brother, who worked in a lumber yard. "I suppose, in order to be mine, it would have to have slivers in it."—Judge.

TAKE PLACE OF MEAT

DELICIOUS VEGETABLE SOUPS FOR THE HOT WEATHER.

Something of a Novelty Is One Calling for Fresh Garden Peppers—Onion Soup Brought to Perfection in France.

An housekeeper whose family doesn't care very much for flesh food in summer can find any number of delicious vegetable soups to take the place of meat decoctions, and having once formed the habit of using them it is likely to be a lasting one.

The following soup, calling for fresh garden peppers, is a novelty: Mince three large peppers and three small onions together and stew them gently, till tender, in a little butter—about two tablespoonfuls—without browning. Then thicken to a paste with a generous tablespoonful of flour and gradually stir the mixture into a quart of boiling milk. Season with salt and pepper. Gradually add also, stirring well, the yolks of three eggs, and then remove from the fire immediately and serve very hot with croutons. Do not let it cool long or it may curdle. If one or two of the peppers are a bright red, instead of green, they will lend pretty tints to the soup.

For French onion soup, which returned travelers describe as food for the gods, fry four onions in two tablespoonfuls of butter or very nice soup fat. The latter is to be preferred because it is cheaper. When they are quite brown add a scant half cupful of flour, stirring all the time. When the flour is brown mix in carefully (a little at a time) about three pints of boiling water or stock. Season the whole with salt and pepper and put the soup near the back of the stove, where it will merely simmer for half an hour. Mash two potatoes and add enough warm milk to them to make a puree. Stir this puree into the soup and if too thick add a little fresh milk. Then strain and boil ten minutes. Serve very hot with croutons.

The following combination of rice and lettuce makes a delicious soup: Have ready the large leaves of three good-sized heads of lettuce. After draining, chop them up and put them in a saucepan with about a fifth of a pound of butter and cook for five minutes, stirring frequently. Stir the whole into two quarts of white stock. Season with a tablespoonful of salt, a teaspoonful of pepper, half a teaspoonful of grated nutmeg and a soup bouquet. Stir in also four ounces of well-cleaned rice. Cover the kettle and let it cook for three-quarters of an hour. Then strain the soup through a fine sieve. Let the soup heat once again, but do not let it boil. Stir in a pint of sweet cream, and serve very hot, with croutons.

Chocolate Sponge Pudding.

Beat lightly two eggs, add one cupful of sugar and beat for three minutes more. Then add one cupful of flour, into which has been sifted one teaspoonful of baking powder. Stir well and add a half cupful of boiling water, season with one teaspoonful of vanilla extract, pour into a square pan and bake in a moderate oven. When cool cut in two inch squares and pour over a cream made as follows: Place in a double boiler one pint of milk, and when hot stir in half a cupful of sugar, into which has been mixed one tablespoonful of corn starch, a bar of unsweetened chocolate, grated fine, and a small lump of butter. Stir until smooth and pour over the squares of cake.

Boiled Cider Sauce.

Delicious for fruit pudding. Rub to a light cream, two cups of white sugar and three-fourths cup butter; beat into it gradually one-half teacup boiled cider. Just before serving set into a kettle of boiling water; heat it hot, but do not let it boil. Pour over pudding made as follows: One cup buttermilk; one-half cup sugar; one tablespoon lard (melted), flavor vanilla, one egg. Put in enough flour to make cake batter; one teaspoon baking powder sifted in flour. Put cherries or any fruit in teacups, three tablespoonsful; fill cups to one-half full with batter. Put in steamer and steam one hour.

Rye Bread Requires No Kneading.

One pint rye flour, one cup molasses, one tablespoon salt, one tablespoon shortening; mix these well and scald with three pints of boiling water, stir well and set aside to cool. Take the molasses cup without rinsing, fill half full of lukewarm water and crumb the yeast cake into it. When the mixture has cooled enough stir in the yeast cake and mix stiff with white flour. Set to rise over night and in the morning stir down, put in tins, allow to rise very light and bake in moderate oven 45 minutes. This amount makes four large loaves.

New Tea Table.

The latest thing in tea tables is one that can be used as a table or a tray. It has folding automatic legs and is in the shape of a tray 27 by 17 inches and 24 inches high when the legs are opened.

Some of these combination table trays are of plain mahogany with brass handles, others are inlaid; still others are of satin wood, plain or inlaid, with plated or sterling silver rims. The table can be utilized for cards by means of a board covered with green cloth that fits into the tray.

Borax for Laundering Lace.

In laundering lace bows and so forth, try rinsing in a solution of borax which will give them just the required stiffness. Two heaping tablespoons to five quarts of water is the proportion. This is also good for thin white waists. Better than starch.—"Home Department," National Magazine.

Cleaning Velvet.

Nothing cleans a velvet hat or gown like another piece of velvet. A small piece held firmly in the hand and used like a brush will produce excellent results.

PROFITABLE MANAGEMENT OF SMALL FLOCK OF GRADE EWES

One of Daintiest of Animals Will Live and Grow Fat Where Cow Would Starve to Death—Aim to Have Lambs Come in January or February, the Earlier the Better.

Sheep on a Western Ranch.

(By R. B. RUSHING.)

Four years ago I purchased a piece of land adjoining my farm which was, to say the least, one of the worst run-down pieces of land in the country, with noxious weeds of all kinds, the burdock being very rank.

I turned in my sheep and in a few weeks they had the burdock eaten right into the ground.

The sheep, while it is one of the daintiest of animals, will live and grow fat where a cow would starve to death. I usually make two cullings of my flock each year; one in the spring and one in the fall.

In the spring I cull out all the ewes that do not bring lambs or those that do bring them and for some cause fail to raise them, unless those ewes are of extra quality and promise well in the future.

In the fall I cull out and ship off all the old and weak ones, also fatten and ship the wether lambs during the fall and winter, thus my spring culling is light and my fall culling heavy. However, I consider both important.

I make a point to always buy the best registered rams I can find. There is nothing gained in using a "cheap ram" on a flock of grade ewes.

If you want to raise early lambs, that is, winter lambs, you must be thoroughly prepared and clearly understand the business. It means sleepless nights, nursing bottles and warm blankets. But lambs usually bring a good price in the market, which I think pays for the trouble of raising them.

I aim to have my early lambs come in January and the first of February—the earlier the better. My ewes are kept in good, thrifty condition, both before lambing and after.

Here is where many fail to have what is called "good luck" with sheep. I se many flocks after they bring their lambs, either early or late, turned out in the early spring and that is all that is thought necessary. Consequently they become thin in flesh and run down from sucking.

Thus, when the breeding season comes again, they are in no shape for service, and if they do get with lamb at all, the chances are they will bring a weak lamb. "Bad luck" follows of course.

You can plainly see that the real trouble lies in their care and handling at all times. They must be made to take plenty of exercise and not be housed until just before lambing time, except in stormy weather, then it is well to have a shed provided for them to go under during the summer storms.

When lambing time comes I watch my ewes very closely and am obliged to be with them both day and night almost continually. Of course at this time I keep them in a good, warm barn.

I fence off little pens about six feet square and put a ewe and her lambs in by themselves for two or three days until the lambs have become strong enough and sufficiently acquainted with their mother to know her and find her when turned in with a number of ewes and lambs in a large place provided for them in the barn.

Of course talking about winter lambs may seem a little out of season now, but now is the proper time to be thinking of that very thing for it will not be many months before the breeding season will be here and then if the flock is not in proper condition for breeding, the winter lamb business will prove a failure.

It is an excellent plan for every farmer to put up every fall a quantity of oats straw to help out in carrying the sheep through the winter. Wheat straw will answer the purpose but it is not as good as oats straw.

Of course straw is not an ideal feed for sheep. It contains little nutriment, but not much and a great deal of food fiber, but clean oat straw fed sparingly in connection with roots or other succulent feed helps out wonderfully.

Placed in the rack with clover hay it will be pretty well eaten up every day and it undoubtedly saves some grain.

Where a farmer has plenty of grain and little roughage oat straw will help to piece out the ration admirably.

If fed in large quantities it will almost certainly produce stomach trouble and this should always be avoided.

DESTRUCTION OF OLD FRUIT TREES

Traveling Timber Buyers Buy Them Up for Manufacture of Tool Handles—They Should be Spared.

(By J. H. HAYNES.)

There seems to be a disposition on the part of the farmers to ostracize the old standbys of years ago. It seems like a sacrilege to do so.

Some traveling timber buyers went over our country buying old apple trees for the manufacture of tool handles. Their story was that the trees were worthless for fruiting and the price they paid would replace the old trees with young stock.

The grandfather of the writer planted an orchard (seedlings) 80 years ago. He gave his children the privileges of choosing a tree and naming it.

One of the boys called his tree "Bill's Apple." This tree is still living and bearing. So is the boy who named it.

One other of these seedlings that was top-grafted with the Pound Pippin is still bearing. Enough wood was taken from these two old trees to make a gavel to be used by the presiding officer at the annual meeting of the descendent of the old pioneer.

Last August over 200 of these children and grandchildren met to commemorate the memory of the planter of these two old trees and this gavel was presented to the society.

Some four or five miles from where these trees stand is a pear orchard all seedlings planted at the same time by another pioneer named Harter. These trees are in fair condition yet, and although seedlings, the fruit is good.

Our motto is spare the old landmarks. A young tree six years old that grew from a graft from a tree 276 years old bore an apple last year and we are sure the fruit was of the same quality, appearance, etc., as the fruit that grew on the original tree in the orchard at Boston, Mass.

Pruning Grape Vines.

The first season let grapevines grow at will. The following season prune back to the strongest canes to three or four eyes, and remove the others. After the buds start in the spring leave the two strongest shoots to grow and rub off the others. The two shoots are the canes which form the permanent arms of the vines, and will bear the upright shoots from which the fruit of succeeding years is to be obtained.

Pruning may be done any time, according to the locality, from December to March, but after that is not advisable. The principle to remember in pruning grapes is that fruit never grows on last year's wood, but always on the new wood of the present season's growth.

Culture of the Squash.

The warted and yellow Hubbard and Orange Marrow are the profitable market varieties. Of these we have grown on a half acre over 560 matured specimens netting us $85.

Grape Cuttings.

Plant grape cuttings in the spring as early as the ground can be worked.

FORAGE-PLANT SEEDS IMPORTED

Considerable Number of Lots Examined Found of Low Vitality and Inferior Quality.

The Secretary of Agriculture is calling attention to the Seed Laboratory which has examined a considerable number of lots of forage-plant seeds imported into the United States during 1911 and found that many of them consisted of seed of low vitality and high weed-seed content, said:

"The analyses of 18 seed lots of seed of alsike clover, red clover, white clover, and hairy vetch, amounting to 225,780 pounds, showed that the pure seed consisted of only 44.9, 64.2, 51.2, and 23 per cent, respectively, of the consignment, while the germination was as follows: 38.8, 37.0, 30.5, and 77 per cent, respectively. Consequently, though this seed was imported at a cost of $7.47, $7.97, $17 and $3.82 per 100 pounds, respectively, the actual cost of 100 pounds of seed that germinated was $44.35 for alsike clover, $34.66 for red clover, $111.86 for white clover, $23.29 for hairy vetch, or from two to four times the market price of seed of the very best quality.

"A special examination of seed of alsike clover and red clover imported from Canada during 1911 showed that approximately one-half was unsalable for seeding purposes in that country, the seed control act there prohibiting sale when more than a prescribed number of noxious seeds are found to the pound. One lot of seed of alsike contained less than 50 per cent of pure seed, germinating only 15 per cent, or 7½ per cent of the entire bulk. This particular lot contained approximately 135,000 weed seeds in each pound."

Leads in Cranberries.

It is claimed that Massachusetts leads the cranberry output, with an average crop of about 400,000 bushels annually; New Jersey is a close second with about 350,000 bushels; and Wisconsin ranks third with an average of about 100,000 bushels.

REDUCE YOUR LIVING EXPENSES

Eat Golden Cereal Foods and recommend them to your acquaintances. You get better quality and more for your money. They are made in your home state from the best Oregon Oats and Wheat. Large packages contain a Handsome Premium and all goods are guaranteed. Ask your grocer.

Golden Rod Oats. Golden Rod Pancake Flour.
Golden Rod Wheat Flakes. Ralston Select Bran.
Golden Rod Wheat Nuts. Golden Rod Chick Food.

SHE BLAMES "SPIRIT WIFE"

Mrs. William Phelps Dodge Divorced Husband Because Uncanny Influence Ruled Him.

The uncanny influence of a "spirit wife" is said to have been responsible for the divorce action which Mrs. William Phelps Dodge has just won against her millionaire husband.

The decree, which was signed in Philadelphia, would have been granted several weeks ago, it is understood, but the judge wanted to make a longer investigation of the unusual charges brought by the girl wife of the widely known author and lawyer.

According to the papers in the case, Mr. Dodge, who is forty-eight years old, met his young bride here at Sherry's on election night, 1909, and after an impetuous wooing, married her in London on January 10, 1910.

Prior to that time she and her sister had been in the chorus of "Havana," a musical comedy playing at the Casino.

Despite the difference in their ages—the bride was only eighteen—the couple lived happily for a couple of months after the wedding. Then Mrs. Dodge charges that the spirit of Mr. Dodge's first wife, Ethel, appeared before him and began to "pick on" her successor.

Young Mrs. Dodge said that whenever she wore a jewel, a veil or anything that the first Mrs. Dodge had possessed, the latter's spirit would appear before her husband and demand that he have it removed at once.

And, according to the girl-wife, the spirit-wife was always obeyed.

This treatment got on the nerves of the youthful Mrs. Dodge finally, and she packed up and returned to this country, leaving Mr. Dodge in London.

Immediately on her arrival here, she applied for the divorce through her mother, as guardian, and charged that cruel, barbarous and inhuman treatment had been inflicted upon her by her husband.—New York Evening Mail.

Red Cross Ball Blue gives double value for your money, goes twice as far as any other. Ask your grocer.

Show Yourself.

Little Marjorie was showing her new birthday toys to grandpa, when her mother told the girl to let grandpa show them to himself. Marjorie was unwilling to do this because she wished to do the exhibiting. Then an idea struck her. "Here, grandpa," she said, handing him a toy at a time as she spoke, "show yourself my dolly, show yourself my blocks." And thus she went through the collection.—Judge.

Eyes Demand Repose.

Many people cannot remain unoccupied, and in their moments of leisure hasten to seize a book or a piece of embroidery. These are undoubtedly excellent means of distraction, but they are fatiguing for the eyes, upon which they impose continuous work without a break. One must know how to repose the eyes just as one considers it quite natural to rest the muscles after a fatiguing walk.

To Break in New Shoes.

Always shake in Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures hot, sweating, aching, swollen feet. Cures corns, ingrowing nails and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Dont accept any substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Few American Negroes in London.

"There are a few American negroes in London," says a New York Sun correspondent, "but most of the race in England are young men from the British colonies who are studying law or medicine or taking regular collegiate courses. In the library at Lincolns inn, one of the noted inns of court or law schools of London, every man engaged in reading when a Sun correspondent was there the other day was a negro."

Whole Hog or None.

"Whole hog or none" refers to the alleged custom of Mahomet to allow his followers to eat all except one portion of a pig, which portion, however, was not specified. The result therefore was that if a Mahometan did not wholly avoid the use of pork he might as well run the risk of consuming the whole hog as to eat any portion thereof.

Need of Greater Production.

If every immigrant that shall enter the ports of the United States and Canada during the next decade were to engage in cultivation of the soil the production resulting would be none too great for the reasonable needs of the people who have to be supplied.—New York Sun.

Virtue in Silence.

Silence is one great art of conversation. He is not a fool who knows when to hold his tongue; and a person may gain credit for sense, eloquence, wit, who merely says nothing to lessen the opinion which others have of these qualities in themselves.—William Hazlitt.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Walnut Tree as Bell Tower.

A church bell hung on a walnut tree at Therfield, England, which for 40 years had summoned the villagers to divine service, has been taken down and now forms part of a peal in the newly erected tower of the church. When the present church was erected a tower could not be built owing to lack of funds and a bell from the old church was hung on the walnut tree which is near the church.

Preserving the Beaver.

The efforts to prevent the extermination of the beaver in the Adirondacks have been so successful that there are now more than twenty large beaver colonies on the Raquette river alone, and there is fear of serious damage to poplar timber through the activities of the busy little fellows.

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Resident and Day School for Girls in charge of Sisters of St. John Baptist (Episcopal). Collegiate, Academic and Elementary Departments. Music, Art, Elocution, Gymnasium. For catalog address THE SISTER SUPERIOR Office 30, St. Helens Hall

Price of Ignorance.

Many children are never taught to think and to reason out every question in a fair-minded, reasoning manner. That is why we meet with and suffer from so many unreasonable and unreasoning men and women . . . who are governed by prejudice, impulse and personal feelings, instead of by thoughtful and careful consideration. They do not see what is right because they do not know how to judge without prejudice.—Our Four-Footed Friends.

Exponent of Economy.

A widely known Republican was asked if he was for a certain candidate for governor, and he answered: "No; I don't want to waste him. The situation is like an event in a Dublin theater. Some fellow had made a disturbance in the gallery, and the cry was raised, 'Throw him over! Throw him over!' Thereupon a solemn-looking man rose from his seat and impressively shouted: 'Hold on! Don't waste him! Kill a fiddler with him.'"—Everybody's Magazine.

Be thrifty on little things like bluing. Don't accept water for bluing. Ask for Red Cross Ball Blue, the extra good value blue.

Courtesy.

The knowledge of courtesy and good manners is a very necessary study. It is, like grace and beauty, that which begets liking and an inclination to love one another at the first sight, and in the very beginning of acquaintance; and, consequently, that which first opens the door and intromits us to instruct ourselves by the examples of others, and to give examples ourselves, if we have any worth taking notice of and communicating.—"Ceremony of Interview," Montaigne.

Professional Toastmasters.

Probably the most exclusive and mysterious profession is that of the toastmaster at a banquet. It is not an all day job, but the function of the supreme man, who can dominate a babbling assembly, anxious for food, and hold them with "Pray, my lords, ladies and gentlemen, silence for grace by ——" and the reverend gentleman gets up and bleats under the patronage of the toastmaster.—London Chronicle.

That Active Germ.

A single germ in a forty-quart can of milk, if the conditions be favorable, will divide once every half hour, so that at the end of 24 hours it will have increased to 281,474,976,210,656. At the end of the 24 hours one cubic centimeter of the contaminated milk would contain more than 7,438,000,000 germs. This is the report made by the New York Milk Committee in the government's weekly public health reports. What's the use?

The Best Way.

A correspondent wants to know how to pronounce Chihuahua. The best way is to say Chy-hewa-hewa and then laugh as though you knew better. If it is done artistically you can get away with it nearly every time. The same treatment has been frequently applied to decollete with great success.

Treachery in Kansas.

A great many people spend all their time talking and call it fighting for principle.—Emporia Gazette.

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placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers or 6 sent prepaid for $1.

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Prisoner Went on Strike.

A "one-man" strike occurred, not long ago, in the Perth (West Australia) jail, when a man who is serving a seven years' sentence and who was employed in the tailoring room, went on strike on the ground that he was competing unfairly with outside trade. Because of his unionistic principles he was sentenced to three days' solitary confinement, and was ordered to resume work.

For the Hair

Are you so fortunate as to be well satisfied with your hair? Is it long enough, thick enough, rich enough? And your hair does not fall out? Well, well, that is good. But you may know of some not so fortunate. Then just tell them about Ayer's Hair Vigor. They will surely thank you after using it, if not before. Remember, it does not color the hair. Show the list of ingredients to your doctor. Let him decide their value. He knows.

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