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Aphorism: Guaranteed to cure boils, carbuncles, abscesses, blood poison, burns, scalds, erysipelas, eczema, itching skin, sore eyes and skin sores. Nothing else like it. By mail, \$1.00. Wholesale, \$1.00. **Walt & Company and W. W. Worton & King.**

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Resident and Day School for girls 15 to 19. Charge of Sisters of St. John Baptist (Episcopal). Collegiate, Academic and Elementary Departments. Latin, Art, English, French, Spanish, Italian, Music. For catalogues address **THE SISTER SUPERIOR** Office 20, St. Helens Hall.

**THE TYPHOID FLY**  
The world's greatest MURDERER. 215,600 caught in five days. Figure for yourself the sickness and disease prevented. Send for bottle of FLY BAIT and full instructions. How to Make a Fly Trap. Postal order or 2c stamps accepted. **HARRIS-ANSART CO., North Yakima, Wash.**

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The great skin rejuvenator. If you have swollen skin, wrinkles, pimples or roughness of the face or arms, the application of FUCHI will bring back the glow and freshness of youth. (Package, \$1.) (Branch) Fuchi Laboratories, Suite 202-1-2 Washington St., Portland, Ore.

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The DIRECT plan of buying or selling Real Estate. No commissions to pay. List your property. Or want to buy. We put you in touch with interested parties. If you wish to buy, you deal direct with our owner. Address: **DIRECT REALTY CO., 401 Yeon Building, Portland, Ore.**

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100 Young Men or Ladies to prepare for positions as Commercial and Railroad Telegraph operators; positions guaranteed, \$70 to \$80 monthly. For particulars and application address: **PACIFIC TELEGRAPH & RAILWAY INSTITUTE, Washington Bldg., Seattle, Washington**

**Secret Revealed by Face.**  
If you want to get at the real strength and character of a person's face, study the right side of it—the ugly side, as portrait painters sometimes call it. There you will find the lines bold and harsh, with every defect accentuated. On the left side, however, everything is softened down, and the face is at its best. Whenever you suspect a man of trickery or deceit—and this rule applies equally to the fair sex—stand on his right and watch his expression closely.

**Competition.**  
"Royalty has its difficulties," remarked the Lord High Keeper of the Buttonhook. "Yes," replied the unassuming monarch. "It has gotten so that a court function finds it hard to compete with the scenery and costumes of a big musical show."

**Damage by Lightning.**  
Lightning does most damage to level, open country. A town or city with its numerous projections and wires, is comparatively exempt.

**MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT**

**THE POULTRY REMEDY.**  
Mr. Stephen Holbrook, Sec'y. Tacoma, Wash. (Post Office address: "I will give Mexican Mustang Liniment an unequivocal endorsement as a remedy for Bumblefoot and Canker in the Throat. I have tried many other remedies, but Mustang Liniment proved to be a positive remedy." 25c. 50c. \$1 a bottle at Drug & Cos. Stores.

**Not to Be Driven Away.**  
A little city miss was visiting to the country and strayed out into the field one day where there were a few lambs. Exasperated by the incessant bleating of one of the lambs, she stamped her foot and said: "You call your m-a-a and your p-a-a and your family; I've got as much right here as you, and I'm going to stay there!"—Dellmeator.

**Stimulant or Tonic?**

**Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a stimulant. It does not make you feel better one day, then as bad as ever the next. There is not a drop of alcohol in it. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is a tonic. You have the steady, even gain that comes from such a medicine. Ask your doctor all about this. Trust him fully, and always do as he says. He knows.**

**HAD RATS IN TRUNK**  
THE OPENING OF WHICH WAS CAUSE OF SCRAMBLE.

After Making Voyage Across Atlantic in Packing Case Owned by Family of Germans, Over Score of Rodents Are Killed.

Baltimore.—Customs inspectors—at least some of the old-timers like William H. Richardson, Charles H. Brannan, Lewin J. Heathcote and others—expect to run across things that are strange—and sometimes dutiable—in the baggage of steamship passengers from the other side. Even the younger members of the force are on the lookout for experiences that are out of the ordinary; but in the more than a quarter of a century of service under Uncle Sam Inspector Richardson the other day encountered something new under the sun, as far as the United States customs regulations are concerned.

Examination of baggage, especially that of immigrants, is not the most pleasant occupation in the world. Ask any customs inspector about this. But to open a box of personal belongings and then to jam one's hand into a nest of rats—or rather three of them—just a little bit more than even a blasé inspector cares to go through. And because of this there hangs a tale—or, to be more exact, nearly two dozen tales—and the following is the yarn:

The Breslau, with 1,153 passengers from Bremen, docked at pier 8, Locust Point, the other afternoon, where the cabin passengers were landed that night, and the steamer kept aboard until the next morning. There were 1,105 in the steamer, the majority of whom were men, but there were a number of women and several families among the immigrants. One of the families was that of Heinrich Popken, a thrifty German, who had with him a splendid family of seven full-grown children, in addition to his wife—six handsome daughters and one son—each of them well dressed, apparently well educated, and, needless to say, the cause of considerable comment. The family had numerous packages containing household goods and personal belongings. Inspector Richardson opened the first box and found nothing dutiable. While he was taking out the belongings of the Popkens, a second case had been opened. As soon as the lid was lifted the inspector saw that nothing but rats lay before him.

"Rats!" he cried. "So what rats have done." With the cry the case was surrounded by customs officers, railroad men and immigrants. And it was a sorrowful sight to the Popkens. The case had been filled with clothing; but not even a ragman would have taken the articles as they lay.

Inspector Richardson took charge of the situation and there began a search for the marauders. They were soon uncovered. First one and then another of the rodents was unceremoniously chased out of his comfortable quarters. The cry spread among the immigrants, and in a few seconds the whole pier was in an uproar. The cry of "Rats!" in half a dozen languages rang through the building. Here and there scurried the rats. After them sped former Cossacks, Austrians, Roumanians, Bulgarians, Germans, Poles and Hungarians. Not one rat managed to escape, and when the carcasses were over there were 23 of them stretched lifeless on the hard, cold floor.

**MAKES MISCOUNT; KILLS SELF**  
Rich Cattleman Thought He Was Pulling the Trigger on Revolver's Empty Chamber.

Oklahoma City, Okla.—Gen. Frank Canton of the Oklahoma National Guard, has returned from Benjamin, Texas, where he attended the funeral of his nephew, Roy Burnett, a rich young cattleman of New Mexico. "The cattlemen of the range country," says General Canton, "place only five cartridges in their six-shooters and keep the vacant chamber under the trigger, to lessen the chance of accident at discharge. But Roy had a habit of playing with his revolver by slowly pulling the trigger so as to turn the cylinder without firing, and counting the chambers as they passed before the trigger place. After counting five he would give the trigger a hard pull and snap the weapon on the vacant chamber, scaring some friend the while by pointing the revolver at him. "Roy and his wife and two young men had been to a party a few miles from the ranch the evening of March 12. When Roy and his wife retired to their room Roy said he would like to give her a pistol exhibition. He did the usual counting of chambers, or thought he did, and then placed the muzzle to his temple on what he thought was the vacant chamber and pulled the trigger. The chamber had a cartridge in it and he was shot dead."

**Big Money in Muskratting.**  
Salem, N. J.—Isaac Brandiff, the well-known Salem county muskrat trapper, has closed his place on the marshes for the season and is ready for a trip to Alaska for the summer. Mr. Brandiff reports that during the past season he caught 9,830 rats, for which he received over \$5,000, the average being about 52 cents per rat. He endeavored to reach the 10,000 mark, but fell short because hundreds of the rats were frozen to death in the terribly bad winter, the first time he had ever seen that condition.

**Will Move Often.**  
Chicago.—Falling to agree on one of two suburbs in which they want to live, Louis F. Werneck and his bride, slopers, have decided to move every six months between Evanston and Kenilworth.

**Alms House Minister's Reward.**  
Springfield, Mass.—Rev. William O. Peterson has been taken to the alms house in his ninety-sixth year. Mr. Peterson has preached the gospel for more than seventy years.

**IMPORTANCE OF DISINFECTING AFTER OUTBREAK OF DISEASE**  
**Practice Not Entirely Appreciated by Stockman and Farmer—There is Also Lack of Information Concerning Practical and Economical Methods of Procedure of Cleaning.**

(By GEORGE W. POPE.)  
It has been found that the average stockman and farmer does not realize the importance of thoroughly disinfecting his premises following an outbreak of contagious disease. There is apparently a widespread lack of information regarding the germicidal power of various substances, commonly termed disinfectants. There is also a lack of knowledge concerning practical and economical methods of proceeding with the work of disinfection. Moreover, the reappearance of a contagious disease on premises from which it was believed to have been eradicated may frequently be traced to careless or imperfect work in connection with the cleaning and disinfection of the place.

It is but natural to acknowledge the presence of only such objects as can be seen with the unaided eye. Science, however, by means of the high-power microscope, has clearly proved the existence of numerous minute animal and vegetable organisms and it is a matter of common knowledge that many of these organisms frequently find their way into the animal body and produce disease. It is also well known that these germs vary in form and other characteristics and that for each disease of an infectious nature there is a specific germ.

If these germs could be confined to the animal body and die with it there would be no such thing as an infectious disease. Unfortunately, however, they are thrown off by the animal through the excretions and lie in the earth, in the litter of stables, upon the floor and walls, and in cracks and crevices. Here they may remain and maintain their virulence for an indefinite period, ready at any time to be gathered up by an animal in its feed or to be blown about in dust and drawn into the lungs.

The work of disinfection is based upon our recognition of the presence of disease germs, and disinfection means the act of destroying the cause of the infection. In other words, disinfection is a removal of the cause, and it will be clear to any practical man that in dealing with disease any effort which stops short of a complete removal of the cause is most unwise and unprofitable. To those un-

accustomed to the work, disinfection may seem a most complicated process. Any approved method, however, is comparatively simple when carried out carefully, although like many another procedure it is one in which attention to details counts for much. It is important to bear in mind that the causative agents of many diseases are extremely small and may remain for an indefinite time in dust, cracks, and crevices of buildings, so that efforts aiming at the eradication of disease from contaminated premises must be thorough in order to be effective.

In the work of disinfection nature has provided man with a most valuable ally—sunlight. It is well known that the direct rays of the sun are destructive to many forms of bacteria, in some cases destroying them and in others lessening their influence. Thus the importance of well-lighted stables is evident. The dark and sunless building will be a favorable breeding place for bacteria, and the structure which admits the greatest amount of sunlight will be the least favorable for their development. Again, heat will destroy the bacteria of disease. By this is not meant the ordinary heat of the sun, but heat as developed in boiling water or in flame. It is upon this principle that the surgeon before operating renders his instruments free from the possible presence of bacteria by boiling, and it is heat which renders a jet of live steam destructive to bacteria. Sunlight, however, cannot be considered more than an accessory in the destruction of bacteria, while the application of heat in the form of steam or flame is seldom possible. The result is that in the practical work of disinfection we are dependent upon certain drugs, which have power to destroy the organisms of disease.

**Care of the Brooder.**  
Brush out the brooders every other day, changing the material used in floor covering. This may be of bran, sand, sawdust, or paper, but must be dry. Damp bedding induces disease every time. When it is necessary to wash the brooder choose a warm, sunny day, so that the chicks will not need it, and it can be thoroughly dried before returning them at night. If these conditions cannot be complied with a temporary brooder may be used for the day by means of a box and one or two jugs of hot water well wrapped in flannel, the latter serving the double purpose of holding in the heat and preventing a chick being crowded up and burnt.

**Drinking Vessels.**  
A good way to prevent hens from overturning their drinking vessels is to punch a hole in the side—near the top of a tin pail or old tomato can—and hang it up on a nail driven into the woodwork of the chicken house, about six inches from the ground. Be sure there are no sharp edges to the can or that the head of the nail does not protrude more than half an inch.

**SALT NECESSARY FOR ALL FOWLS**  
In Order to Guard Against Any Deficiency It is Well to Feed for Lack of Palatability.  
Salt in some quantity is a necessity to the living animal. Some food contains all that is probably needed, but the amount in others is small. In order to guard against any possible deficiency it is well to feed some salt, especially if it increases the palatability of the ration. Moderate quantities of salt had been fed to poultry with apparent advantage, but the limitations of its use were not known. A feeding trial was, therefore, made with twelve hens to get some suggestion as to the approximate limit of its safe feeding to mature fowls. For one lot of hens salt was mixed in the food, increasing in amount by periods of feeding. Up to it was fed at the rate of .05

ounces per day, per fowl (nearly one-half pint per day for 100 hens) no bad effects were noticed. With this amount, however, diarrhoea attacked a few of the hens, but the trouble disappeared when the amount of salt in the food was reduced about one-third. When the hens were allowed free access to boxes of coarse barrel salt, not enough was eaten to show any ill effect, either by hens that had been fed salt freely for two months or by those that had been without any for the same time. Little significance was attached to the egg yield from the old hens fed at an unproductive time of year, but twice as many eggs were obtained from the salt-fed hens as from the others so there was no indication of unfavorable effect in this direction. When reporting the experiment it was suggested that salt at the rate of one ounce per day for 100 matured fowls could be fed without risk. In later feeding it was found that five ounces of salt in every 100 pounds of food was a safe proportion.

**Spring-Cleaning**

The Human System Needs It.  
Mrs. M. Morgan, 411 4th Ave., E., Brainerd, Minn., writes: "I take from one to two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla as regularly as I do my house-cleaning, and go around light-footed and light-hearted. I believe it is the best blood purifier known." Hood's Sarsaparilla so combines the curative principles of roots, barks and herbs as to raise them to their highest efficiency; hence its unequalled cures. Get it today in usual liquid form or tablets called Sarsatabs.

Took an Unfair Advantage.  
Doctor Graham, a widely known physician in London, once conceived the plan of burying persons up to their necks in the earth and leaving them there for some hours as a cure for some diseases. George Dyer, it is said, in despair of anyone listening to him read his own poetry, took advantage of the situation of Doctor Graham's patients and read to them all the while they were stuck in the earth.

**DAISY FLY KILLER**  
Harold Somers, 150 Park Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Importance of Physicology.  
"Do you believe a man with a receding chin is likely to get along as well in this world as a man with a chin that projects?" "It all depends upon circumstances. If the man with the receding chin is a son of the president of the company and the man with the chin that projects is merely working his way up from the bottom I should be inclined to feel that physiognomy would not be of vast importance."

**EVERYBODY DOING IT!**  
**DOING WHAT? TAKING**

**Hostetter's Stomach Bitters**

For all troubles of the digestive organs—Biliousness, Constipation, Headaches and to drive out the blues.

**60 YEARS DOING IT**

**A Chinese Puzzle.**  
Some days ago we published a conundrum from the Chinese, taken from a Paris contemporary, but as we have not received the correct answer we give it, together with the original question. The question ran: "Young I am green, old I am yellow; well beaten I become compliant; if I accompany a friend for long, he urges me to leave him; young I am honored, old I am despised." The answer is "Straw slippers."—London Globe.

**To the Teacher.**  
A teacher who can arouse a feeling for one single good action, for one single good poem, accomplishes more than he who fills our memory with rows of rows of natural objects, classified with name and form. For what is the result of all these, except what we know as well without them, that the human figure pre-eminently and peculiarly is made in the image and likeness of God?—Goethe

**Pettit's Best Eye Salve**  
Child's First Years Important.  
A happy and healthy childhood, full of sunshine and merriment, and kindness and understanding, means successful and helpful maturity. A great deal of failure is fear, and a great deal of sin is stupidity. And nothing so increases fear and begets stupidity as a disorderly and inconsequent environment in the first few years.—Anon.

**Reality Would Be Different.**  
"De hymn goes that you wants to be an angel, but if you had wings right now you'd hire yo'self out as a curiosity in a sideshow."—Atlanta (Constitution).

**Daily Thought.**  
There is a time in every man's education when he arrives at the conviction that envy is ignorance.—Emerson.

**W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES**  
W. L. Douglas makes and sells more \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.  
\$2.50 \$3.00 \$3.50 \$4.00 \$4.50 & \$5.00  
FOR MEN, WOMEN AND BOYS  
W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by millions of men, because they are the best in the world for the price. W. L. Douglas \$4.00, \$4.50 & \$5.00 shoes equal Custom Bench Work costing \$6.00 to \$8.00.  
Why does W. L. Douglas make and sell more \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world? BECAUSE: he stamps his name and price on the bottom and guarantees the value, which protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes of other makes. BECAUSE: they are the most economical and satisfactory; you can save money by wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. BECAUSE: they have no equal for style, fit and wear. DON'T TAKE A SUBSTITUTE FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES.  
If your dealer cannot supply W. L. Douglas shoes, write W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass., for catalogue. Shoes sent everywhere delivery charges prepaid.

**IT GRATES ALL THE NUTMEG**

New York Man's Invention Will Save Housewife From Grating Off Fingernails.

A nutmeg grater that grates all the nutmeg, down to the last scrap, has been designed by a New York man. It also saves the housewife from grating off her fingernails and the tips of her fingers. The grater proper is circular and is affixed to a wooden handle.

Pivoted to the center is a revolving handle resembling a miniature motor man's controller, with a little cup in one end to hold the kernel and a spring cap to keep it in place and press it against the grater plate. The nutmeg is placed in this cup and the handle turned until the desired amount is ground off, the operation being much speedier than when kernel has to be rubbed across the grater by hand. Furthermore, the hand method results in waste, as after the nutmeg has been ground so small that it cannot be scraped without scraping the fingers as well, it has heretofore had to be thrown away.

**Well-Ordered Life.**  
To do with as few things as we can, and, as far as we can, to see to it that these things are the work of freemen and not of slaves; these two seem to me to be the main duties to be fulfilled by those who wish to live at once free and refined, servicable to others, and pleasant to themselves.—William Morris.

**Life-long Eccentric Dresser.**  
An old man who recently passed away in Whittsville, Wash., during all the 88 years of his life had never worn stockings—because he hated the feeling of them; nor had he worn anything but a straw hat, summer and winter alike, to keep, as he expressed it, rain and snow from going down his neck.

**Persian Lamb Skins.**  
The trade in Persian lamb or astrakhan skins centers in Turkestan, and the traders of that country have the entire monopoly of it. They pasture the ewe lambs in immense flocks, and it has been found useless to try to acclimate these animals to any considerable change of climate. If they survive elsewhere, the skins undergo degeneration and the fur consequently becomes less valuable.—Harper's Weekly.

**Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.**

**Would Encourage Marriage.**  
Citizens from Aculeo, state of Mexico, have come to this city, says the Mexican Herald, to complain against the action of the parish priest who recommends that all men of marriageable age should marry because if they do not they are liable to be enlisted by means of a lottery and made to serve in the army.

**Shibboleth.**  
Shibboleth, now taken as meaning the watchword or slogan of a particular sect or party, had its origin in the incident recorded in Judges 12:1-16, wherein the word shibboleth was used as a test by the Gileadites to detect their foes, the Ephraimites. The Ephraimites were unable to pronounce the combination sh, and when put to the test called the word "shiboloth," thus betraying their breed and giving away their case.

**Convenience for the Ironing Board.**  
A large pocket tacked on the back of your ironing board is useful to drop ironing wax, iron handle, stand, etc. into when you are through with them.—McCull's Magazine.

**The Hunter.**  
The man who loses hope is not likely to find appreciation.—Chicago Record-Herald.

**Fundamental Truth.**  
A thing that is morally right can never be economically wrong.

**not tea not coffee**

It's the most delightful Breakfast Drink you ever tasted  
—and the most wholesome and invigorating. You cannot but like its rich "grainy" flavor and spicy aroma. Ask your grocer for  
**Three G's**  
(GOLDEN GRAIN GRANULES)  
—If he hasn't got it he will get it for you. It's good for you 3 times a day. And remember that there is no substitute for 3 G's.

**DR. W. M. PFUNDER'S OREGON BLOOD PURIFIER**  
A Tonic, Alterative and Resolvent. The best remedy for Kidneys, Liver and Bowels. Eradicates Pimples, Eruptions and Disorders of the Skin. Purifies the Blood and gives Tone, Strength and Vigor to the entire system.

**Windfall in Old Hat.**  
There is something more than a joke in inheriting an old hat from an uncle. For the recent Mart-Gras fete, in Paris, a motor bus driver, wishing to "dress up," borrowed from a restaurateur an old battered "top" hat, inherited from a deceased uncle. During the festivities, the wearer, in attempting to adjust his wig, knocked off the hat, and to his astonishment out fell nine 100 franc notes (\$180). He hastened to put this unexpected bequest into the safe keeper's hands.

**Met Death in Strange Fashion.**  
A curious fatal accident occurred the other day in northern France, at Douai. An engineer was trying a new motor on the biplane in the shed belonging to M. Moineaux, the aviator. His muffler caught in the propeller and wound around the wheel, dragging the unfortunate man within reach of the blades. He was scalped and his skull fractured.

**Has One Advantage.**  
The fact that a politician hasn't any presidential bee of his own sometimes makes it easier for him to stir up a hornet's nest for the other fellows.

**Hard.**  
When you have nothing to say it is hard to keep people from considering it foolish if you say it.

**WOMAN SICK TWELVE YEARS**

**Wants Other Women to Know How She Was Finally Restored to Health.**

Louisiana, Mo.—"I think a woman naturally dislikes to make her troubles known to the public, but complete restoration to health means so much to me that I cannot keep from telling mine for the sake of other suffering women."

"I had been sick about twelve years, and had eleven doctors. I had dragging down pains, pains at monthly periods, bilious spells, and was getting worse all the time. I would hardly get over one spell when I would be sick again. No tongue can tell what I suffered from cramps, and at times I could hardly walk. The doctors said I might die at one of those times, but I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and got better right away. Your valuable medicine is worth more than mountains of gold to suffering women."—Mrs. BERTHA MUFF, 608 1/2 4th Street, Louisiana, Mo.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record of being the most successful remedy for female ills we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., seem to prove this fact.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

**Painless Dentistry**  
In our pride—our hobby—our study for years and now our success, and ours is the best painless work to be found anywhere, no matter how much you pay. Compare our Prices.

**Wise Dental Co., Inc. Painless Dentistry**  
Fitting Building, Third and Washington, PORTLAND, ORE.  
Office Hours: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sundays, 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. No 21—12.

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Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors silk, wool and cotton equally well and is guaranteed to give perfect results. Ask dealer, or we will send postpaid at 10c a package. Write for free booklet how to dye, bleach and mix colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Illinois.