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ATHENA, APRIL.....6, 1906

There appears to be grave need of a complete overhauling of our national laws covering the disposal of the lands which belong to the whole people. Setting altogether aside the criminal and quasi-criminal land operations which under Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock's preslent investigations and prosecutions have already resulted disastrous to some of those implicated, a glance at conditions revealed in publicly reported facts and figures indicates the necessity for amending the laws. The people are all equally owners of these lands and it is to their interest that when they pass out of public ownership it shall be, primarily, for the purpose of being devoted to the making of homes and adding to the productive power of the nation. It is a commonplace truth that we have been too much in the habit of regarding the public stock of lands as inexhaustible. It is beginning to appear that the end is within sight.

The report submitted to congress a day or two ago by Mr. Pierce, assistant secretary of state, in regard to the wrongdoings of a number of prominout American consuls, presents a picture of the consular service that is decidedly unpleasant to the citizens of

human family, bence our condecension to appear in public with Wood. Nothing receives favorable comment from the stranger or visitor so quickly as a clean town. Athena can be made a clean town if every citizen

the ordinary, but when you reflect

due consideration prompts you to re-

alize that a certain amount of courte-

sy is due even the lower species of the

will do his part towards making it so. Let everyone clean and beantify their own premises and the general appearance of things will even startle the natives.

The hazers must go, and the sooner they go the better it will be for everybody but the hazers. It will not make much difference to the world what happens to them after they are put

If Mars has merely a network of canals, and no railways, automobiles or flying machines, it is absurd to claim a superior civilization for the people of that planet.

The Fish Commission is trying to decide whether the German carp is a curse or a benefit. Depends, we imagine, whether you are eating them or selling them.

The clerk of the Chicago Juvenile Court says girls are worse than boys. He will probably admit, too, that if there were no women crime would at length die out

OUR SCHOOLS THEN AND NOW .

Portland Oregonian.

A novel but quite effective test of the methods and results of teaching in our common schools of today and those of sixty years ago has recently been made. In an old garret in Springfield, Mass., a set of examination papers used in the ninth grade of the schools of that city in October.

1864, were found. Upon these the pupils secured at that time an average of 40.6 in spelling and 29.4 in arithmetic. The test consisted in giving these identical papers to the pupils of a similar grade in other schools. The results showed a marked increase in the proficiency of pupils. At Great

school equipment and methods is the natural one. Growth describes a forward and not a retrograde movement, and the advance in our school methods and results is the thing logically expected. There is no evidence that the pupils in the Springfield schools sixty years ago were not as studious and as bright as are those in the schools of the present to whom this test of relative proficiency was given. The difference is in opportunity, in equipment and in methods. If the better showing had not been made by the pupils of the public schools of the present, then indeed would we have had cause to doubt the efficiency of

## system. EGYPT AND THE PHILIPPINES.

what is called our modern school

## Baltimore News.

While the British administration in Egypt cannot point to such costly and elaborate efforts to spread popui lar education as we are making in the Philippines, it is creating a state of affairs well calculated to make the people content. Through the attention given to the development of the material resources of the country, the average crop has been doubled in the last 16 years, while at the same time taxation has been reduced. These are results that the people can appreciate without any instruction in civics or inculcation of new political ideas. They are confronted by the solid fact that the value of all landed property is now from five to seven fold what it used to be before just and economical government was established.

We are going quite the other way in the Philippines. We are doing our best to educate the people and to inspire them with political ambitions and at the same time we are repre senting the industrial development of the country by our tariff policy. We educate them into discontent with old conditions and at the same time deny them the opportunities of educational advancement. The intellect of the country, instead of being attracted to its material advancement by creating of new opportunities, is turned to political agitation. What can be expected from such a policy but a chronic spirit of revolt against American rule?

## POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS For Representative.

To the republicans of Umatilla county: I hereby announce that I will be a caudidate before the republi-Athena, Ore., March 14, 1906.

Respectfully.



