

## Result-Getting Classified Department

CLASSIFIED RATES—One cent per word, first insertion; 1/2 cent per word for each insertion thereafter; 30 words or less, \$1 per month. No advertisement inserted for less than 25 cents. All classified ads are cash with order.

FOR SALE—Lot 11, block 7 in Azalea Park addition to Bandon; price \$125. See I. N. Miller, Bandon, or communicate with Jos. F. Kipper, Biggar, Prov. Saska., Canada. f2112p

WANTED—To rent house, furnished preferred, by responsible party in Bandon. State rent and where located in letter, care of Western World. sab f2112

FOR SALE—A small flock of sheep; about 40 head. Alex Turner, Langlois, Oregon. f2114p

FOR RENT—116 Acre farm on Bills Creek, known as Harry Suderman place. Apply Chris Rasmussen. f211f

FOR SALE—Pigs, past two months old. M. B. Henry, Phone 5055. F2111c

RAGS WANTED—Clean cotton rags bought at World office, at 5c per pound. Rags must be over 15 inches square. No wool. tf

LOST—Umbrella with gold and pearl handle marked with owner's initials. Liberal reward offered. Leave with Miss Nelson at Telephone office. 1tp

FOR RENT—Twenty acre ranch, with all buildings and fences. Call telephone number 14. 1tp

BUTTER WRAPPERS—Printed in special vegetable ink on high grade parchment paper, according to law, at the Western World office. Prompt service. Stfp.

WANTED—We pay cash for empty gunny sacks.—Dippel & Wolverton. Mr304f

WANT ADS—In this column are giving service to many. They are quick and reliable salesmen. What they do for others they will do for you. Try one. Stfp

COMMERCIAL printing of all kinds done quickly at the Western World shop. Don't give your order to a traveling salesman until you have consulted us.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN  
The authority vested in Mr. William B. Carlton as Manager of this company is hereby revoked. He is no longer connected with this company.

NATIONAL UNDERWRITING SYNDICATE, Incorporated.  
January 15, 1917. f1414c

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION  
07031  
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon, January 15, 1918.

NOTICE is hereby given that Frank Biesoke, of Bandon, Oregon, who, on March 7, 1911, made Homestead Entry, Serial No. 07031, for the E 1/4 of SE 1/4 of Section 14, Township 30 S., Range 14 W., Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before I. N. Miller, U. S. Commissioner, at his office, at Bandon, Oregon, on the 25th day of February, 1918.

Glatnam names as witnesses:  
Gus Brandt, of Bandon, Oregon;  
R. D. Truex, of Bandon, Oregon;  
Jess Wilson, of Langlois, Oregon;  
Byron Young, of Bandon, Oregon.  
W. H. CANON, Register.

117 24 31 17 14 21

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT  
In the County Court of the State of Oregon for Coos County.

In the Matter of the Estate of )  
of )  
ARTHUR KIGER, Deceased. )

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned administrator has filed in the above entitled court and matter his final account in settlement of said estate, and that the court by an order duly made and entered has fixed Saturday, the 30th day of March, 1918, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, as the time, and the county court room in Coos County, Oregon, as the place for hearing objections, if any, to said final account and to the settlement of said estate.  
Dated February 14, 1918.  
GEO. L. McCURDY,  
Administrator of the Estate of Arthur Kiger, Deceased. f14 21 23 7 14

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL PROPERTY ON FORECLOSURE.  
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN: That under and by virtue of an Execution and Order of Sale issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Coos on the 9th day of February, 1918, in a certain cause in said Court pending wherein Lillie M. Prewett is plaintiff, and Ira C. Zeh, Olive Zeh, his wife, and the City of Bandon, a municipal corporation, are defendants, being case No. 4875 of the said Court and commanding me to sell the hereinafter described real property to satisfy the sum of \$699.67 with interest at 10% from November 19th, 1917, and the further sum of \$112.75 paid by plaintiff to Coos County, Oregon, for delinquent taxes, and attorney fee of \$20.00 and costs

and disbursements \$55.00, together with accruing costs. I WILL ON SATURDAY, THE 23rd DAY OF MARCH, 1918, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the County Court House in the City of Coquille, Coos County, Oregon, offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand all the right, title and interest of said Defendants in and to the following described real property, to-wit:

Lots five (5) and six (6) Block No (2) Belle View Addition to the City of Bandon, Coos County, Oregon, according to the recorded plat thereof filed in the office of the County Clerk of Coos County, Oregon, together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging or in anywise appertaining.  
Said sale being made subject to redemption in the manner provided by law.  
Dated this 15th day of February, 1918.

W. W. GAGE,  
Sheriff of Coos County, Oregon.  
F21 28 M7 14 21

### NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Highway Construction,  
Coos County, Oregon

Sealed bids for the construction of a Gravel Wearing Surface on the Bandon-Curry Section of the Coast Highway, in Coos County, Oregon, will be received by the County Clerk of said County at its office in the Court House, Coquille, Oregon, until 10:00 o'clock A. M., March 7th, 1918.

No bids will be considered unless accompanied by cash, bidder's bond, or certified check for an amount equal to at least 5 per cent of the total amount of the bid.

A corporate surety bond will be required for the faithful performance of the contract in a sum equal to one-half the total amount of the bid.

Proposal blanks and full information for bidders may be obtained at the office of the County Clerk of said County, or at the office of the Deputy State Highway Engineer, in the Court House, Coquille, Oregon.

Plans and specifications and forms of contract may be seen at the same place or may be obtained upon the deposit of \$15.00.

The right is reserved to reject any or all proposals or to accept the proposal or proposals deemed best for said County.

COUNTY COURT OF COOS COUNTY  
JAMES WATSON,  
County Judge;  
GEO. J. ARMSTRONG,  
County Commissioner;  
ARCHIE PHILIP,  
County Commissioner;

Attest:—  
L. W. ODDY,  
County Clerk.  
Coquille, Oregon,  
February 7th, 1918.  
f14 21, 23

### FOR COMMISSIONER

I hereby announce myself as a candidate on the Republican ticket at the Primary Election, May 17th, for nomination to the office of County Commissioner of Coos County.

GEO. J. ARMSTRONG.

f14 tfe

### Elect Two Senators in November

Two United States senators must be chosen in Oregon at the November election this year, according to an opinion rendered by the attorney general of the state; one for the long term of six years from March, 1919, and one for the short term from November of 1918 to March, 1919, to fill out the unexpired term of the late Senator Harry Lane. Senator Chas. L. McNary is now serving as the successor of Senator Lane under appointment by the governor. One candidate can be elected for both terms.

## CHICHESTER PILLS

DIAMOND BRAND  
Beware of Counterfeits. Refuse all Substitutes.  
LADIES! Ask your Druggist for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS in RED and GOLD metallic boxes, sealed with Ribbon. TAKE NO OTHER. Buy at your Druggist and ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for twenty-five years regarded as Best, Safest, Always Reliable.  
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS  
TRIED EVERYWHERE

## Fire Wood

Let us have your next order for wood. Fire wood of all kinds delivered to any address promptly.  
CENTRAL TRANSFER CO.  
Distfc

## APPLES

FOR EVERYBODY  
AT LOSHAUGH'S STORE  
J2411my

## "HUNS" SCORNE LAW OF NATIONS

Use of Civilians as Hostages and  
for Screens Part of  
Devilish System.

FIRST MADE USE OF IN 1870

At That Time It Was Condemned by  
the Civilized World, but the Ger-  
man Military Leaders Have  
Never Abandoned It.

Ample proof that the march of the  
German armies through Belgium  
was marked by massacres and cru-  
elties almost beyond belief is given  
in a document made public by the  
committee on public information,  
from which the following is taken:

The massacres in Belgium and  
northern France were a part of the  
German system of frightfulness. An-  
other feature of this system was the  
use of civilians as hostages and for  
screens.

In discussing the use of hostages the  
German War Book (Kriegsbrauch im  
Landkriege) says:

"By hostages are understood those  
persons who, as security or bail for  
the fulfillment of treaties, promises, or  
other claims, are taken or detained by  
the opposing state or its army. Their  
provision has been less usual in re-  
cent wars, as a result of which some  
professors of the law of nations have  
wrongly decided that the taking of  
hostages has disappeared from the  
practice of civilized nations."

"A new application of 'hostage right'  
was practiced by the German staff in  
the war of 1870, when it compelled  
leading citizens from French towns  
and villages to accompany trains and  
locomotives in order to protect the  
railway communications which were  
threatened by the people. Since the  
lives of peaceable inhabitants were,  
without any fault on their part, there-  
by exposed to grave danger, every  
writer outside Germany has stigma-  
tized this measure as contrary to the  
law of nations and as unjustified to-  
wards the inhabitants of the country."

Clung to Frightfulness.  
Although their deeds in the Franco-  
Prussian war had been universally  
condemned, as they themselves admit-  
ted, the leaders did not intend to  
abandon such a useful measure of  
frightfulness. In L'Interprete Mil-  
itaire the forms were provided for such  
acts in the next war. Both in Belgium  
and in France the Germans have con-  
stantly used hostages. The evidence  
is contained in the proclamations of  
the governing authorities and also in  
the diaries of the German soldiers. A  
few examples from these will illus-  
trate the system which was employed.

A specimen of the arbitrariness and  
cruelty is furnished by the proclama-  
tion of Major Dieckmann, from which  
the following sections are presented:  
"After 9 a. m. on the 7th Septem-  
ber, I will permit the houses in Beyne-  
Hensay, Grivegnée, and Bois-de-Breux  
to be inhabited by the persons who  
lived in them formerly, as long as  
these persons are not forbidden to fre-  
quent these localities by official pro-  
hibition."

Prominent People Hostages.  
"In order to be sure that the above-  
mentioned permit will not be abused,  
the burgomasters of Beyne-Hensay and  
of Grivegnée must immediately pre-  
pare lists of prominent persons who  
will be held as hostages for 24 hours  
each at Fort Fleron, September 8,  
1914, for the first time (the period of  
detention shall be) from 8 p. m. until  
September 7 at midday.  
"The life of these hostages depends  
on the population of the above-men-  
tioned communes remaining quiet un-  
der all circumstances.  
"During the night it is severely for-  
bidden to show any luminous signals.  
Bicycles are permitted only between 7  
a. m. and 5 p. m. (German time).  
"From the list which is submitted to  
me I shall designate prominent per-  
sons who shall be hostages from noon  
of one day until the following midday.  
If the substitute is not there in due  
time, the hostage must remain another  
24 hours at the fort. After these  
24 hours the hostage will incur the  
penalty of death, if the substitute fails  
to appear.  
"Priests, burgomasters, and the other  
members of the council are to be  
taken first as hostages.  
"I insist that all civilians who move  
about in my district . . . show  
their respect to the German officers by  
taking off their hats, or lifting their  
hands to their heads in military salute.  
In case of doubt, every German sol-  
dier must be saluted. Anyone who  
does not do this must expect the Ger-  
man military to make themselves re-  
spected by every means."  
Hold Small Nations Have No Rights.  
"The fate that Belgium has called  
down upon herself is hard for the in-  
dividual, but not too hard for this po-  
litical structure (Staatsgebilde), for  
the destinies of the immortal great  
nations stand so high that they cannot  
but have the right, in case of need, to  
stride over existence that cannot de-  
fend themselves, but live, as parasites,  
upon the rivinities of the great."—Prof.  
H. Ocken, in Sueddeutsche Monatsheft.  
(North German Monthly.)  
Would they have dared to defend  
such a policy if they could have seen  
the announcement sent out by the  
parish of St. Hadelin with its silent  
sequence?

This is an invitation to a service in  
memory of 60 men and women from  
one parish, of whom all but two were  
killed by the Germans in the massacre  
of August 5 and 6, 1914. The closing  
sentences are:

"Gentle Heart of Mary, be my  
refuge.

"Our Lady of Lourdes, pray for us.  
"St. Joseph, patron of Belgium, pray  
for us.

"St. Hadelin, patron of the parish,  
pray for us.

"Sainte Barbe, patroness of kindly  
death, pray for us."

After reading such ghastly accounts,  
many of them written by German eye-  
witnesses, and knowing that similar  
tales were published widely in the  
German newspapers, it is difficult to  
read with patience such words as these:

"The German army (in which I of  
course include the navy) is today the  
greatest institute for moral education  
in the world."

"The German soldiers alone are  
thoroughly disciplined, and have never  
so much as hurt a hair of a single in-  
nocent human being."—Houston Stew-  
art Chamberlain, in Kriegsbrauch, "War  
Essays," 1914.

"We see everywhere how our sol-  
diers respect the sacred defenseless-  
ness of woman and child."—Prof. G.  
Roethe, in Deutsche Reden in Scherer  
Zeit, "German Speeches in Difficult  
Days."

### Hostages' Lives Hung by Thread.

"In order to insure sufficiently the  
safety of our troops and the tranquil-  
lity of the population of Reims, the  
persons mentioned have been seized  
as hostages by the commander of the  
German army. These hostages will  
be shot if there is the least disorder.  
On the other hand, if the town re-  
mains perfectly calm and quiet these  
hostages and inhabitants will be  
placed under the protection of the  
German army."

"THE GENERAL COMMANDING,  
"Reims, 12th September, 1914."

Beneath this proclamation there  
were posted the names of 81 hostages  
and a statement that others had also  
been seized as hostages. The lives of  
all these men depended in reality  
upon the interpretation which the Ger-  
man military authorities might give to  
the elastic phrase, "the least disorder,"  
in the proclamation.

Hugh Gibson, in a Journal from our  
Legation in Belgium, page 184, explains  
what was likely to happen:

"Another thing is, that on entering  
a town, they hold the burgomaster, the  
procureur du roi, and other authorities  
as hostages to insure good behavior by  
the population. Of course, the hood-  
lum class would like nothing better  
than to see their natural enemies, the  
defenders of law and order, ignomini-  
ously shot, and they do not restrain  
themselves a bit on account of the  
hostages."

Diary of Bombardier Wetzel.

"Aug. 8th. First fight and set fire  
to several villages.

"Aug. 9th. Returned to old quar-  
ters; there we searched all the houses  
and shot the mayor and shot one man  
down from the chimney pot, and then  
we again set fire to the village.

"On the 18th August Letalie (?) cap-  
tured 10 men with three priests be-  
cause they have shot down from the  
church tower. They were brought into  
the village of Ste. Marie.

"Oct. 5th. We were in quarters in  
the evening at Willekamm. Lieutenant  
Radfels was quartered in the mayor's  
house and there had two prisoners  
(tied together) on a short whip, and in  
case anything happened they were to  
be killed.

"Oct. 11th. We had no fight, but we  
caught about 20 men and shot them.  
(From the diary of Bombardier Wetzel,  
Second Mounted Battery, First Kur-  
hessian Field Artillery, Regiment No  
11.)"

The Germans also found it con-  
venient on many occasions to secure  
civilians, both men and women, who  
could be forced to march or stand in  
front of the troops, so that the coun-  
trymen of the civilians would be com-  
pelled first to kill their own people if  
they resisted the Germans. This  
usage is illustrated in the following:

Letter of Lieutenant Eberlein.

"October 7, 1914.

"But we arrested three other civ-  
ilians, and then I had a brilliant idea.  
We gave them chairs, and we then or-  
dered them to go and sit out in the  
middle of the street. On their part,  
pitiful entreaties; on ours, a few blows  
from the butt end of the rifle. Little  
by little one becomes terribly callous  
at this business. At last they were  
all seated outside in the street. I do  
not know what anguished prayers they  
may have said but I noticed that their  
hands were convulsively clasped the  
whole time. I pitied these fellows, but  
the method was immediately effective.

"The flank fire from the houses  
quickly diminished, so that we were  
able to occupy the opposite house and  
thus to dominate the principal street.  
Every living being who showed himself  
in the street was shot. The artillery  
on its side had done good work all this  
time, and when, toward seven o'clock  
in the evening, the brigade advanced  
to the assault to relieve us I was in  
a position to report that Saint Die  
had been cleared of the enemy.

"Later on I learned that the regiment  
of reserve which entered Saint  
Die farther to the north had tried the  
same experiment. The four civilians  
whom they had compelled in the same  
way to sit out in the street were  
killed by French bullets. I myself saw  
them lying in the middle of the street  
near the hospital.

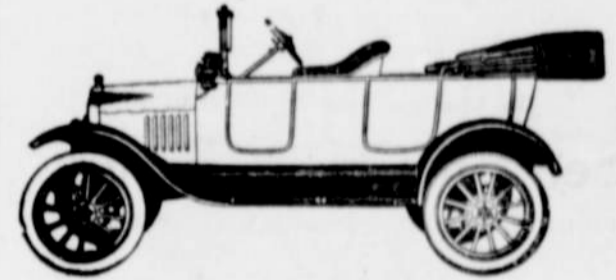
"A. EBERLEIN,  
"First Lieutenant."

Letter published on the 7th October,  
1914, in the Vorabendblatt of the  
Munichener Neueste Nachrichten.

## Telephone Offices

are authorized Thrift Stamp selling  
stations. This profitable, simple and  
safe investment draws four per cent  
interest, compounded quarterly, with  
the privilege of turning it into mon-  
ey upon ten days' notice. Save for  
those who are fighting for you, and  
do "your bit" to win the war.

Coos & Curry Telephone Co.  
Service First



FORD  
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

It's no longer necessary to go into the details describing  
the practical merits of the FORD CAR—everybody knows  
all about "The Universal Car." How it goes and comes  
day after day and year after year at an operating expense  
so small that it's wonderful. This advertisement is to urge  
prospective buyers to place orders without delay as the war  
has produced conditions which may interfere with normal  
production. Buy a Ford car when you can get one. We'll  
take good care of your order—get your Ford to you soon  
as possible—and give the best in "after-service" when re-  
quired.

TOURING CAR ---- \$428  
ROADSTER ---- \$413

F. O. B. BANDON

A. GARFIELD, Agent, Bandon, Oregon

## TAXES

We have a request from our tax collector asking  
that taxpayers co-operate in cutting down the expense of  
his office by sending for their statements at once.

If sent for now the present office help can get these  
statements out, thereby saving expense of extra help and  
rush of work toward the last of March.

Send your statement now. State if you wish to pay  
half or all your taxes.—Pay your taxes thru us and help  
your home town and community.

## Bank of Bandon Bandon, Oregon

## S. S. ELIZABETH

Eight Day service between Coquille River and Frisco

SAILS FOR BANDON FROM SAN FRANCISCO	Large Two Berth Outside State- rooms with running water.
	FIRST CLASS Passenger Fare \$10.00
RESERVATIONS: J. E. Norton, Coquille Perkins', Myrtle Point; Hillier's Cigar Store, Marshfield; E. B. Thrift, Langlois	
E. & E. T. KRUSE, owners and manag- ers, 34 Calif. St., San Francisco.	

J. E. WALSTROM AGENT  
BANDON

## Central Transfer Co.

QUICK, RELIABLE SERVICE  
AUTO TRUCKS

HEADQUARTERS  
CENTRAL WAREHOUSE  
PHONE 142

NOTHING TOO LARGE  
NOTHING TOO SMALL