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Have Your Car Overhauled Now

We Use

Oxy-Acetylene Welding Process

With the installation of this equipment during the past summer, we are now enabled to give absolutely the highest class of service in repairing and overhauling automobiles. Heretofore such worn parts as could not be adjusted, nor replaced except at great expense, were left untouched.

The new acetylene welding process, a comparatively recent invention, makes it possible to build up such worn parts, making them as good as new. Consequently when a car leaves our shop it is not only repaired but rebuilt.

Expert machinists and motor engine men are employed and with all the necessary machinery, we are prepared to give every service desired.

Now that the rainy season is here, bring in your car to be overhauled. Have it done before the Spring rush and you will be able to take advantage of every bit of good weather in the meantime.

BANDON GARAGE

C. L. Foster, Prop.

Accessories Supplies

LIVE STOCK HUSBANDRY

MEAT CONDITIONS IN THE RANGE COUNTRY

Better Methods of Handling Cattle and Sheep Will Increase Production.

(Prepared by United States department of agriculture.)

That the effect that settlement of public lands in the range states of the west has had in reducing production of beef and mutton in that section will be offset in the future by other forces and that the meat output should therefore slowly increase is the opinion of specialists of the United States department of agriculture. This opinion is expressed in a report of an exhaustive study of the general meat situation in the United States recently completed. While other forces than settlement of public lands have operated in the past to reduce cattle raising, it is pointed out that these have been more than compensated by the fact that high prices have made the raising of cattle increasingly profitable and, by the growth of general agriculture in the region, made possible the feeding of cattle in winter and grazing on irrigated pastures and cultivated crops.

The prediction that this decrease hereafter will give way to an increase is based upon the belief that the amount of live stock on farms and homesteads will be greater in the future, that the stock ranges in the national forests will continue to improve, that the carrying capacity of the stock ranges on the public domain may be increased by legal regulation and finally that high prices of range animals and better methods will result in a more efficient utilization of the available forage or, in other words, a greater production per unit of forage.

In 1914 it was estimated that no more than 30 per cent of the new settlers had more live stock than was necessary to supply them with work and milk animals. The situation in this respect, however, was changing even then, and the movement for the production of more live stock may be expected to continue because both market and agricultural conditions make this indispensable to really successful farming. The change will be gradual, it is said, and only a few head of stock will be added to a farm.



SHEEP GRAZING ON NATIONAL FOREST.

but ultimately and in the aggregate the increase will be greater than that which is likely to be accomplished in any other way. The problem for the states and the national government, it is said, is to aid in the change by working out a system which will make such agriculture profitable.

In addition to this increase in the numbers of farm stock, there is little doubt that the carrying capacity of the existing ranges can be greatly enlarged. This has been demonstrated in the national forests, where improved methods and regulation have increased the capacity of many ranges from 15 to 30 per cent. This process should continue for at least ten years more and should result in building up the carrying capacity of the national forests as a whole by perhaps 15 per cent.

If similar control could be exercised over the public domain outside of the forests it is estimated that the capacity of these ranges could be increased about 30 per cent. About half of this would result from the improvement in the range itself after overstocking and premature grazing were prevented and natural reseeding facilitated. The remainder would follow water development, the construction of fences and the introduction of methods of handling stock which are out of the question as long as the improvement of conditions on the range merely provides an incentive for new men to crowd in and undo by overstocking whatever good has been accomplished. The carrying capacity of these ranges has greatly diminished in the past, and under the present system there is no reason for assuming that it will increase in the future.

NEW RURAL CREDITS LAW IS EXPLAINED

Qualified Farmers Will Be Enabled to Borrow From \$100 to \$10,000.00.

(By GEO. MELVIN MILLER)

Eugene Ore., Dec. 18.—During the recent political campaign so much misinformation about the federal rural credits act was given the public that it seems necessary to give the farmers the truths covering its salient points.

Qualified farmers may borrow under this act from \$100 to \$10,000—through the local loan association. A farmer wanting to borrow more than \$10,000 may go directly to the federal farm loan bank. A farmer who already owns land or wishes to buy land for his own use as a farm, may borrow 50 per cent of the value of the land he owns or wishes to buy and 20 per cent additional on the insured value of the buildings thereon. The terms for which said farm loans may run are five to 40 years on the amortization plan, with the privilege of the borrower of paying off the whole or any part above \$25 at any interest paying date, after five years. If after five years, the farmer finds he wishes to pay off the mortgage he can wipe it out clean or pay by installments of \$25 or more.

Each borrower is required to invest five per cent of the sum he borrows in the stock of the federal farm loan bank which stock is held by the local farm loan association as additional security for the loan, which stock draws a dividend and is acceptable at par at the bank, on the last payment of the loan. The object of the law seems to be to provide the owners of cheap money in the manufacturing districts like New England state, with a safe medium of investment in the federal farm loan bonds, while it provides cheaper money for the raw and undeveloped states like Oregon. There are ten or more states embracing New England where the interest rates on farm loans are six per cent or less. These states will not use very much of the farm loan fund, but will invest heavily in the farm loan bonds, while in states where high interest rates prevail few will buy the bonds, but will seek loans on land and other investments instead.

Will Lower Cost of Living

Cheap farm loans will do more to solve the high cost of living to the city dweller than anything that has occurred for a long time. The more favorable conditions are made for the farmer, the more people will engage in the farming business; hence, the greater will be the total volume of farm crops and cheaper their selling price. Thus, the federal rural credits law should work benefits to both city and country.

There is an impression gone abroad that each borrower in the local association is held responsible for the debts of every other borrower, but this is not the case. Each borrower, through the association must subscribe for one \$5 share of stock for each \$100 he borrows and these shareholders "shall be held individually responsible, equally and ratably and not for one another, for all contracts, debts and engagements of such association to the extent of the amount of stock owned by them at the par value thereof, in addition to the amount paid in and represented by their shares." Thus, in no case can a borrower be held liable for more than 10 per cent of his own individual loan and never at any time for the debts of fellow members of the association. Another advantage is the long term, 40 years requiring yearly repayments of only one fourth of the principal in addition to the interest. There is to be no compound interest charges but in every case simple interest is specified. There are no commission charges to the borrower and he is to be at no expense except to provide an abstract. Even the stock he is required to buy is not paid for until the loan is approved and this stock draws a dividend probably greater than the interest on his loan.

DISCUSSED BETTER METHODS County Commissioner Armstrong Is Back from Convention.

County Commissioner Geo. J. Armstrong returned the latter part of last week from Portland where he attended the annual convention of county commissioners. He attended all the meetings during the three days and says that many good ideas were put forth as to the proper methods of county government, road work and other things pertaining to the successful administration of a county's affairs. There was some talk at the convention of establishing a state home for the poor, where all the counties might send their indigents, but the majority of the members of the courts present thought that the county home plan the best.

WOULD RUIN BIG INDUSTRY IN SOUTHERN CURRY CO.

Sportsmen's League of State Would Close Rogue River to Commercial Fishing.

If the State League of Sportsmen is successful in their attempt they will have the lower Rogue river in Curry county closed to commercial fishing. The movement was endorsed at a recent meeting in Portland. At this gathering 24 clubs were represented and after a bitter fight 14 voted to endorse the closing of the river while 10 voted against such action. Their only excuse is the claim that the angling from a sportsman's standpoint is injured by the commercial fishing miles below.

There was a division among the representatives of Medford and Jackson county. Geo. Putnam, editor and proprietor of the Medford Tribune made a fight against the idea of closing the river. He set forth that the commercial fishermen at the mouth of the river were not allowed by law to catch steelheads, and this is the class of fish that the anglers are after. He called attention to the fact when the river was closed to commercial fishing Chinook died along the banks and that there was no benefit done to the sportsmen.

Mr. Putnam claimed recently in an editorial in his newspaper that the irrigation ditches killed more fish than the hatcheries turn out and that there are 600 such ditches in Jackson county.

CORPORATION ASSESSMENTS State Tax Commission Announces Those for Coos County.

Assessor T. J. Thrift is in receipt of the assessment for Coos county as made by the State Tax Commission for the public service corporations in Coos county. The total amount, according to the Commission, is \$833,135.16. The larger assessments among the corporations are as follows:

- Willamette Pacific, 21.53 miles of railroad at \$9,240 per mile—\$198,937.20.
- Southern Pacific, 34.01 miles of road at \$9,240 per mile—\$315,937.20.
- Smith-Powers logging road, 21.93 miles of road at \$4,752 per mile—\$104,252.40.
- Oregon Power Co.—\$108,158.16.
- Coos Bay Water Co.—\$64,680.
- Bandon Power Co.—\$12,474.
- Pac. Telephone & Tel. Co.—\$5,072.76.
- Coos-Curry Telephone Co.—\$55,627.44.

A New Cheese Factory

Another cheese factory is to be running in the Coquille valley next summer, says the Coquille Sentinel. Lawrence Rackleff, who has been cheese maker at the McCloskey creamery at Norway, is planning to begin the construction of a building, 30x50 feet, about the middle of January on the Flagg place opposite Johnson's mill. Arrangements are practically complete and it is expected to have the plant in operation by early spring.

Lenses duplicated, frames and eye-glass mountings furnished. Bring us your broken lenses and we will guarantee an exact duplicate.—Sabro Bros., Bandon, Oregon.

Santa Claus' Assistants

Many different Santa Clauses are caught each year coming right straight down the chimney, and the Santa Clauses who haven't been caught number into the hundreds. Of course they're not the really, truly Santa Claus, who is never caught, but only his assistants.

Time was when Santa Claus, who lives up there in Greenland, could pack his sleigh with toys and the like, start off flying at just about this time and get all the way round the world without the least bit of trouble before the first sleepy youngster opened his eyes on Christmas morning. But things have changed.

There are so many more people for the old gentleman to visit nowadays than there used to be that he just can't get along without a few tried and true assistants, who take his place in big towns and cities.

WHITE SLAVER IS SOUGHT

Marshfield Girls Report Actions of North Bend Woman.

Marshfield, Ore., Dec. 14.—Chief of Police Carter secured evidence from five Marshfield girls ranging from 15 to 18 years of age which indicates white slave representatives are working in this city. The girls were approached by a woman who lives at North Bend, and solicited to become acquainted with her brother, who she said was wealthy and was in love with the victims, each of whom he desired to marry. The woman asked the girls to accompany her brother to San Francisco and there be married. So far as known the brother has not appeared, and the officers are keeping a watch for him.

Another inducement the woman held out was that the girls could find good paying situations in San Francisco. The affair has been brought to the attention of Ben S. Fisher, United States Commissioner for this district.

Baby Had Whooping Cough

Mrs. Sam C. Small, Clayton, N. M. writes: "My grandson had whooping cough when he was three months old. We used Foley's Honey and Tar and I believe it saved his life. He is now big and fat." Foley's Honey and Tar is a fine thing to have in the house for whooping cough, croup, coughs, colds.—Sold everywhere.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Hall's Catarrh Cure has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Cure at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

No Doubt About This

Foley Cathartic Tablets are just a plain, honest, old-fashioned physic. They act promptly and effectively in the bowels without pain, griping or nausea. They keep the stomach sweet, the liver active, and the bowels regular. They banish biliousness, sick headaches, sour stomach, indigestion.—Sold everywhere.

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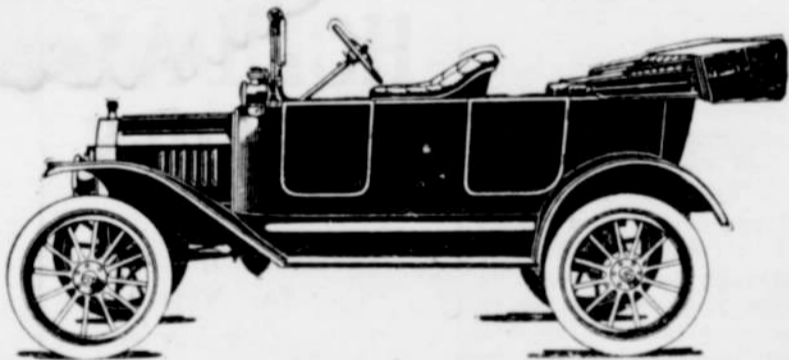
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Abating a Nuisance

Frequent complaints are made to this company by subscribers who are imposed upon by persons "borrowing" their telephone. The subscriber is not only subjected to the annoyance of having the borrower running in and out of his residence or business house, but he may miss important calls by having his line reported "busy" when it is "borrowed."

Subscribers paying for service are subjected to inconveniences by the non-subscriber who has no right to service. The operators of this company have been instructed to cooperate with subscribers in abating the "borrowing" nuisance. The regular local tolls will be charged to the telephone for calls by non-subscribers and the same may be collected by the subscriber.

Coos & Curry Telephone Co.



Obey that impulse and get your Ford car today. There's no valid reason why you should deny yourself the pleasure and profitable service the Ford gives. Obey that impulse. "Time is money," and the service of a Ford doubles the value of your time.

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