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\$845	\$615	\$525

One of these three will surely comply with your want, and you may rest assured that whichever you choose will give you the best value obtainable for the amount of money invested.

A. GARFIELD, Agent, Bandon, Ore.

### Interesting Historic Information Concerning Port Orford White Cedar

Speaking of Port Orford white cedar, the Coos Bay News contained the following gleaned from the files of that paper:  
White cedar was shipped from the Coquille river to San Francisco in the '70's, where it found a ready market at a good price. It was sawed at a small mill on the lower river, a little above Parkersburg, and on the opposite side of the river. The mill was run by water power and was owned by Pohl & Grube, and our recollection is that Mat. Rink and Wm. Hammerburg were also interested. The value of this wood which was also shipped from Coos Bay, did not seem to be generally recognized un-

til late in the '70's when inquiries were made by English firms regarding it. Prof. Charles S. Sargent in answer to inquiries, furnished an article to Gardner's Chronicle, of London, England, in which he said: "In Portland we had seen in the factories a white, close grained and odoriferous wood, everywhere known as Port Orford cedar. This wood was very highly esteemed for all sorts of inside work and appeared to possess to a high degree many valuable qualities. Although distinct in color, perfume, and especially in its greater rapidity of growth, it closely resembled the wood of the Sitka cedar, and unless produced by Lawson's cypress, we are unable to refer it to any species with which we are acquainted. We have been told that Port Orford cedar was only shipped from Coos Bay, and to settle our doubts in regard to its origin, and to study the amount and distribution of the tree producing such valuable material, was the object of our visit to the Coos Bay country."  
"The belt occupied by the Port Orford cedar extends from the north shore of Coos Bay south about 50 miles to Rogue river; and from the shore inland 19 to 30 miles. It ascends, however, some of the small streams still further from the coast. The tree was first discovered by Murry in the upper Sacramento river valley in California, where a few isolated clumps and individuals, small and stunted, exist. It is a very local plant, with its greatest development here on the Oregon coast, the few trees of the Sacramento valley being the extreme southern outposts of the species. It selects rather dry, sandy ridges, and grows even in the pure sand of the coast dunes within reach of the ocean. The heaviest continuous body of Port Orford cedar is on Cape Gregory, extending south to and beyond the mouth of the Coquille. This belt is about twenty miles long by an average width of twelve, and lies along the western slopes of the coast range, extending within three miles of the coast. In this belt two-thirds of the trees are cedar, the other species being tide-water spruce with a few Douglas fir. It is estimated that it contains 2,000,000,000 feet board measure of Port Orford cedar. These figures give some idea of the wealth and productiveness of the Oregon forests."  
"In 1867 a terrible forest fire raged during three months in the vicinity of Coos Bay. Volumes of smoke obscured the sky; it became so dark that all work had to be abandoned, and navigation was impeded for miles out at sea. It has been estimated that from 200,000,000 to 300,000,000 feet of Port Orford cedar was destroyed at this time. It reproduces itself, however, very rapidly, and after the forest is burned over, it is the first tree to reappear, springing up generally in the third year."  
"As early as 1854 the first cargo of Port Orford cedar was sent to San Francisco, where ever since it has been largely used. It is remarkable that the value of this wood has not become generally known beyond the limits of the Pacific coast. It is handsome, easily worked, strong, straight grained and, owing to the highly scented resin with which it is impregnated, practically indestructible. It is particularly adapted to the manufacture of furniture, and for all sorts of inside work, and if better known, should command a high price for many purposes."

### Telephone Consolidation

The Coos and Curry Telephone Company is pleased to announce to its patrons the purchase of Coquille Valley Telephone Company (Farmer Line) including exchanges at Myrtle Point, Coquille and Bridge. This latter system will be operated as a part of Coos and Curry system after April 1st. Universal local and long distance telephone service throughout Coos, western Douglas and northern Curry counties and thru connecting companies, reach all the cities and towns of the Pacific Coast, is now afforded all patrons of this company. The "Farmers" exchange at Coquille is being consolidated on the Coos and Curry switchboard which will eliminate the switching fees which have been charged between subscribers of the two exchanges at Coquille. A much more complete and better service can now be rendered all patrons.

COOS & CURRY TELEPHONE CO.

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Eight Day service between Coquille River and Frisco

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FIRST CLASS Passenger Fare \$10.00 and \$7.50

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### BANK OF BANDON

### GOVERNMENT LIVE STOCK AND CROP REPORT

Figures for Oregon Crops Compared through Department of Agriculture with Rest of Country.

Washington, D. C., April 7, 1916—A summary of the April crop and live stock report of the state of Oregon and for the United States, as compiled by the bureau of crop estimates of the Department of Agriculture, is as follows:

Wheat: State—condition April 1 this year, 95 per cent of normal; ten-year average of condition figures for April 1, 94 per cent; United States—Condition April 1 this year, 78.3 per cent; ten-year average April 1 condition, 87.3 per cent.

Rye: State—condition April 1 of this year, 99 per cent; ten-year average April 1 condition, 97 per cent; United States—condition April 1 of this year, 87.8 per cent; ten-year average April 1 condition, 89.9.

Hogs: State—losses from disease past year, 2.5 per cent; ten-year average 1.8 per cent; United States—losses from disease past year, 6.63 per cent; ten-year average, 6.62 per cent.

Cattle: State—losses from disease past year, 1.4 per cent; ten-year average, 1.4 per cent. Losses from exposure past year, 2.7 per cent; ten-year average, 1.7 per cent; United States—losses from disease past year 1.96 per cent; ten-year average, 2.01 per cent. Losses from exposure past year, 1.07 per cent; ten-year average, 1.56 per cent.

Sheep: State—losses from disease past year, 2.5 per cent; ten-year average, 1.8 per cent. Losses from exposure past year, 4.5 per cent; ten-year average, 2.5 per cent; United States—losses from disease past year 2.16 per cent; ten-year average 2.48 per cent. Losses from exposure past year, 2.17 per cent; ten-year average, 3.11 per cent.

Horses and mules: State—losses from disease past year, 1.7 per cent; ten-year average 1.7 per cent; United States—losses from disease past year 1.75 per cent; ten-year average, 1.95 per cent.

#### MEXICANS ARE NOT NEGROS

The United States' Southern Neighbors Are a People Who Were Once Highly Civilized.

In the many street corner conversations in which the Mexicans are discussed, the words "negroes" and "Indians" are so frequently used as to lend the impression there are still numbers of Americans who are under the misapprehension that the Mexican is some kind of a negro—or, at least, that there is a strong infusion of African blood, as in Cuba or Haiti.

Nothing could be further from the truth. Not only is there less African blood in Mexico than in the United States, in proportion to population, but there is less even after you have eliminated our black belt. Many better informed persons refer to the native Mexicans as Indians. But they are not Indians as we know Indians, although they are of the Red race stock. When the Spanish conqueror came the bulk of the aboriginal Mexicans were not savages, but a civilized people as far removed from the wild nomads of North America as the white races themselves. They were tillers of the soil; engaged in manufacturing; had a complex system of government; hundreds of miles of well-built roads and trails; had a written alphabet and kept a systematic record of historical events; in fact it may be truthfully said that their civilization, was in its particular ways, as highly advanced as that of the Spaniards who conquered them. Immediately following the Spanish conquest began a period of oppression whose end and aim was the destruction of the last vestige of Aztec civilization and the enslavement of the race.

The population of Mexico is approximately 15,000,000 of which the aboriginal Mexican element is variously estimated at from one-third to one-half or even more of the total. The foreign and European element is estimated at 1,500,000 and the remainder of population is classed as mixed Caucasian and aboriginal blood. It is to this mixture of European and Aztec that is attributed the peculiar traits of the "Spanish-American" and the supposedly woeful inferiority of our neighbors to the southward.

Estimates of the value of stable manure on the farm indicate that in eastern Pennsylvania the manure produced by one adult horse or cow nets the farmer on an average of \$15.80 per year, while in southern Michigan the manure of one such animal nets the farmer \$8.22.

### HANDY HUSBAND

Knew How to Get Part of Breakfast

"I know one dish I can prepare for breakfast as well as any cook on earth," said my husband one morning when the cook was ill and he had volunteered to help get breakfast. He appeared with his dish and I discovered it was Grape-Nuts which, of course, was easy to prepare for it was perfectly cooked at the factory, but it was a good illustration of the convenience of having Grape-Nuts about.

"We took up Grape-Nuts immediately after returning from a five years' sojourn in a hot country. Our stomachs were in bad condition and we were in poor health generally.

"In a day or two we liked Grape-Nuts better than any other kind of food on the table. We both gained steadily in health and strength, and this was caused by Grape-Nuts and Postum.

"A friend of ours had a similar experience. She was seriously ill with indigestion and could find nothing to eat that would not give her heartburn and palpitation, especially at night.

"She found that a small dish of Grape-Nuts with cream made her a satisfactory supper and gave her a comfortable night's rest. In a short time she gained several pounds in weight."

"There's a Reason." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

#### Nearly \$300,000 Paid In

From February 23, when Sheriff Johnson received the warrant for the collection of the taxes of 1915, until yesterday, April 8, the total receipts for taxes of that year at the office here were \$200,564.14. In addition to this the accountants at the office say that there still remains in the mail yet unopened somewhere between \$75,000 and \$100,000. Even at the latter figure, though, there would be only \$300,000 out of a total of \$756,722 on the 1915 roll collected—leaving \$456,000 yet to collect. And some of it will be a "long road to Tipperary" to get.—Coquille Sentinel.



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All schools of medicine agree that it is necessary to keep the bowels open and regular if one wishes to enjoy good health. Indigestion poisons the system and invites disease. Foley Cathartic Tablets cleanse the bowels without griping or nausea, banish bloating, sweeten the stomach and invigorate the liver.—ORANGE PHARMACY.

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LADIES! Ask your Druggist for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND FILLS in RED and GOLD metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. TAKE NO OTHER. Buy at your Druggist and ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND FILLS, for twenty-five years regarded as Best, Safest, Always Reliable.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE. TIME TRIED.

### "WE DO WHAT THOUSANDS TRY"

Gent's Cleaned and Pressed list

Full Suit	\$1.50;	Coat	1.00
Pants	50c;	Overcoat	\$1.50

Ladies' Cleaned and Pressed list

Suit	\$1.50;	Skirts	75c to \$1.00
Coats, White Coats etc.	\$1.50;	Waists	.50c to .75c
Dresses	\$1.25 to 1.75;	Gloves	25c

LADIES' and GENT'S DYEING LIST

Ladies' or Gent's Suit Dyed \$3.50 each; Ladies' Coats \$2.75  
Ladies' Dresses \$2.25 to 2.75

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### The Fairbanks--Morse Type "Z" Engine

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Every farm should have a reliable engine, large enough to drive not only all the lighter machines about the farm like the churn, cream separator, washing machine, grindstone, and the feed cutter, but in addition, saw wood, pump water, run feed grinders, corn shellers, and drive other machines taking more power.

You cannot take a chance with an engine that MAY pull the load—you must be SURE it WILL pull it right through to the end and then be ready for the next job. That's where the wonderful Type "Z" engine shines! We call it a 1½, a 3 or a 6 horse-power engine, but that's only the NAME-PLATE rating. We have gone BEYOND the name-plate because we know that at times you need MORE than the horse-power you pay for, and we have built the Type "Z" to give it to you. That's service—FAIRBANKS-MORSE ENGINE SERVICE.

You can get these engines complete with built-in magnets on a firm, substantial base, or with hand truck mountings at the following prices:

1 1-2 H. P.,	Price in Bandon,	\$ 45.00
3 " " "	" " "	75.00
6 " " "	" " "	130.00

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It doesn't matter what you want to buy or sell, don't forget the BARGAIN STORE