



The Western World

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USURPING STATE RIGHTS

Sixty-two per cent of the eleven Western States—Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, California, Arizona and New Mexico—is reserved in national forests by the Federal government.

Now the administration at Washington is crowding through Congress two measures, the public lands and water power bills, which will forever prevent these states from realizing any taxes or development from these lands and in addition from any of the water power sites.

Both these bills are based on a fundamental principle, the application of which is an injury to the eleven states. This principle is that, instead of permitting public land resources to pass into private ownership, subject to state control and taxation, they should be leased by the federal government, as by a landlord. With the nation as a perpetual landlord in Oregon retaining title to and dictating control over the most valuable resources of the public domain, the state would get only what the few leaders in Washington care to give it. The detailed administration of both timber and water power would be in the hands of a bureau 3000 miles away.

Senators Chamberlain and Lane, both Democrats and working with the administration, are supporting the two measures; the three congressmen, Republicans, are fighting for the state.

It is time the people of Oregon are awakening to existing conditions and giving their support to men who work for the west, instead of keeping in power politicians who stand in with the high-handed gang that is preventing the same opportunity for development here that was accorded the older states in years gone by.

WAITING FOR RESULTS

Rumors are again current that the Southern Pacific is about to begin the construction of the coast road connecting Marshfield and Eureka, Cal. The recent visit to Marshfield of the S. P. officials seems to be the foundation for the late information.

While it is generally believed that the connecting link will be made at some time in the future the more conservative opinions hold that the company is still undecided as to when the building operations will commence.

Railroads must have tonnage in sight before they invest millions in making new projects, especially in these days of restrictive legislation against big business organizations. The road between Eugene and Marshfield will soon be completed. It is more than probable that the S. P. will await results on this section of new line before commencing further extension.

LIVESTOCK INCREASING

The livestock industry of Oregon is growing according to figures recently made public by the United States department of agriculture. An instance is shown in the total number of dairy cows—216,000 this year in comparison to 210,000 a year ago and 176,000 only five years ago. This is particularly gratifying, for the growth of the dairy industry will mean better industrial conditions. To local dairymen this indication is of vital interest, for growth of the industry throughout the entire state means the coming of the day when Oregon dairy products will win a name throughout the world that will be reflected in better and more stable prices—something to be desired in these pioneer days of the industry.

The total number of cattle, exclusive of dairy cows, in the state at the present time is estimated at 553,000 as compared with 503,000 a year ago and 497,000 five years ago. The number of hogs in the state has grown from 235,000 five years ago to 396,000 at the present time. The increase within the past year has been 36,000. The number of horses in

the state is slightly less than last, although larger than the total of five years ago. The shrinkage is doubtless due to heavy buying for war purposes. Mules have remained stationary, and the number of sheep shows a steady decrease.

In regard to prices, it is noticed that dairy cows have declined during the past year from an average of \$63 to an average price of \$55. Hogs also show a sharp decline, the present value per head being placed at \$7.10 as compared with \$9.50 a year ago. Sheep show an increase in value over past year's prices.

The general decline in livestock prices is attributed to the stringency of the times during the past year and the opinion is that with the return of better conditions the price of farm animals in Oregon will undoubtedly recover, and the benefits to be derived from the growth of the livestock industry will then become plainly apparent.

A WAY TO BETTER CONDITIONS

A recent issue of the Eugene Register contained the following interesting editorial comment: A rural credits bill is to be presented in Congress this winter and it may or it may not be passed in some form. The chances are that it will not become a law, because of the preparedness program and the consideration of foreign affairs are likely to take up so much of Congress' time that rural credits legislation will be slighted.

The topic of rural credits is also under discussion in Oregon, and it is probable that a constitutional amendment permitting the state to enter upon a broad program of development, including guaranty of drainage and irrigation bonds as well as the establishment of a state rural credits system, will be submitted to popular vote. Whether such an amendment, if submitted, would be approved is open to question. Hitherto proposals to lend the state's credit have been decisively defeated.

But irrespective of what may be done in a legislative way by either the nation or the state, it should not be difficult to secure legislation in Oregon that would materially help the man who borrows on mortgage security—and most borrowing for purposes of farm development is on security of this kind. Repeal of the constitutional amendment that makes it necessary to tax money invested in mortgages would be a long step in the direction of securing better conditions for the man who borrows to develop his farm. Every person who borrows on mortgage security under the existing system knows that this is true, for he knows he must pay the tax on the mortgage in addition to paying the tax on the mortgaged property. To be sure, an amendment that would have accomplished this purpose several times has been defeated, but the reason for its defeat is not hard to understand. It has been vague in its wording and general in its application, thus arousing suspicion as to its good intent. An amendment providing nothing more than repeal of the tax on mortgages would undoubtedly be approved by the voters of Oregon.

This state needs all the money for development purposes that it can get. Industry is changing and with the change come new demands. Owners of farms need new equipment in the way of barns, silos and better stock. There is tremendous need for drainage, and drainage costs money. It is nothing less than a crime to drive money out of the state; yet that is exactly what is being done by our antediluvian system of taxing evidences of debt.

The richest person in Oregon has an annual income of from \$300,000 to \$400,000; one other individual has an income of from \$150,000 to \$200,000; five have incomes between \$75,000 and \$100,000; 10 with incomes from \$50,000 to \$75,000; and 10 between \$40,000 and \$50,000. Are you to be classed among the first "twenty-seven of the state?"

The Coquille Sentinel last week installed a new linotype, the first machine of its kind for the county seat town. No doubt Editor Young's newsy paper will be newswier than ever from now on.

If rumors on the streets are any indication, someone around Bandon is going to learn that clause in the new prohibition law relative to a public nuisance was put there for a purpose.

In a riot between rival factions of a church in Seranton, Pennsylvania, recently one was killed and two mortally wounded. Evidently the church militant still survives in some places.

Anyway, no one has heard the coal and woodmen kicking about recent weather conditions.

In this age of paradox
If you want to pose,
Print your prose like poetry—
Any old thing goes!

SUNDAY OBSERVANCE.

I have told such of my people as I deal with in these months, told them plainly and told them frankly, that if they will say their prayers with the clergy at one hour of the Lord's day, the clergy are perfectly willing to play baseball with them at another hour of the same day, which is their day of rest, which rest is recreation; that if they will comply with the requirements of the church and observe Sunday, first of all, as a day of prayer they may have the rest of it as a day of play, and that, if they have stopped their work in order to worship, having worshipped, they may "walk abroad and recreate themselves." If this be treason, either to the church or to the day, let those who wish to do so make the most of it.—Rev. David M. Steele, Philadelphia.

FRENCH SAYINGS.

'Tis easy to go on foot when one has a horse by the bridle.
He who washes a donkey's head wastes his soap.
It is very foolish to rush into the next world when we can be well placed in this.
When the fox is asleep nothing falls into his mouth.
That which is called liberality is frequently nothing more than the vanity of giving, of which we are more fond than the thing given.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

—FOR COUNTY CLERK—

I hereby announce myself as a Democratic candidate for County Clerk subject to the action of the people at the Primary in May.
J19tf L. W. ODDY.

Fox pictures are making a hit everywhere. See a Fox at the Grand every Friday.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE ON EXECUTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN: That pursuant to, and by virtue of a writ of execution to me directed, issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Coos County, on the 13th day of January, 1916, in Case No. 4421 wherein John A. Moore, Trustee as plaintiff for, and on behalf of various beneficiaries recovered a judgment and foreclosure decree against the Geo. W. Moore Lumber Company and the Cody Lumber Company, Defendants, and which said writ of execution requires and commands me as sheriff to satisfy said writ of execution by the sale of certain property of the defendant, Geo. W. Moore Lumber Company, described in said decree, being all of the real and personal property described or mentioned in the mortgage and assignment dated January 15, 1914, given by defendant Geo. W. Moore Lumber Company to Plaintiff Trustee and foreclosed by said decree, consisting of real estate described as:

Beginning at the meander corner on the left bank of the Coquille River on a line between Sections Nineteen (19) and Thirty (30) in Township Twenty-Eight (28) South of Range Fourteen (14) West of the Willamette Meridian in Coos County, State of Oregon, U. S. A., running thence West 1071 feet to low water mark of the said Coquille River; thence South 10 degrees 45' East 320 feet along low water; thence South 27 degrees 30' East 100 feet along low water; thence South 5 degrees west 100 feet along low water; thence south 9 degrees 30' west 400 feet along low water; thence south 22 degrees 30' west 200 feet along low water; thence south 35 degrees 45' east 520 feet to the western boundary of the County Road leading from Bandon to Bullards Ferry; thence following on the Western boundary of said County Road to the point of intersection of the Western Boundary of said County Road with the meander line of the left bank of the Coquille River; thence along said meander line of the said Coquille River to the place of beginning, including in said lands the water frontage to the ship channel of the Coquille River abutting said lands and all right therewith, together with the buildings, structures, mill, machinery and all other tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in anywise appertaining, (excepting from the operation of said description the land described as: Beginning at a point on the low water line of the Coquille River 1298.5 feet North and 320.1 feet East of the southwest corner of Block No. 2 in Woolen Mill Addition to the Town of Bandon, County of Coos and State of Oregon, and running thence North 35 degrees East 46.5 feet along the low water line of the Coquille River; thence South 35 degrees 45' East 520 feet to the Western boundary of the County Road; thence South 35 degrees west 46.5 feet along the western boundary of the County Road; thence North 34 degrees 45' West 520 feet to the place of beginning, including the right to the use of the water frontage on the parcel excepted) and all chattels described as all the tools, implements, machinery, appliances, logs, timber, lumber, shingles and all other chattels now upon, or in the vicinity of the real estate hereinbefore described and belonging to said defendant, Geo. W. Moore Lumber Company, as well as all chattels owned by said corporation, possession to which has been taken by the

plaintiff, John A. Moore, Trustee by consent of said defendant, Geo. W. Moore Lumber Company, pursuant to the terms of said mortgage, including all of the beneficial rights of the Geo. W. Moore Lumber Company in, under and pursuant to that certain mortgage executed by the defendant, Cody Lumber Company to C. R. Moore, Trustee on behalf of the Geo. W. Moore Lumber Company of February, 1913, and including the beneficial rights acquired by the Geo. W. Moore Lumber Company through the foreclosure of said mortgage as against said defendant, Cody Lumber Company, pursuant to the decree duly made, rendered and entered in the case wherein C. R. Moore, Plaintiff as trustee for, and on behalf of said Geo. W. Moore Lumber Company duly recovered a judgment and decree against the defendant, Cody Lumber Company in said Court on March 31, 1914, and the subsequent proceedings thereunder.

Also all chattels covered by the judgment and decree aforesaid dated March 31, 1914, in favor of C. R. Moore, Trustee on behalf of the Geo. W. Moore Lumber Company against the Cody Lumber Company and thereafter pursuant to execution duly levied upon and advertised by the Sheriff of Coos County, Oregon, and thereafter on May 1, 1914, duly sold by said Sheriff of Coos County, Oregon, to the beneficiary of the trust in said case the defendant, Geo. W. Moore Lumber Company, described as all contracts theretofore belonging to the Cody Lumber Company and especially that certain contract duly made and entered into writing by, and between said Cody Lumber Company and one Wm. Coach on the 25th day of June, 1906, as well as all rights, privileges and profits belonging, or to accrue to the said Cody Lumber Company thereunder, all of the timber and all of the right, title, estate and interest of the said Cody Lumber Company in, and to the same contained on the lands generally known as the Coach Tract or the Lampa Creek Tract more particularly described in said contract of June 25, 1906, as same appears of record in the public records of Coos County, Oregon at page 540 of Book 43 of deed records thereof.

All franchises, rights of way, wharfage and boomage privileges, railroads, rolling stock, locomotives, railroad equipment and tracks, booms, rafts, logs and timbers being and constituting the Cody Lumber Company or Lampa Creek Railroad with terminals, wharfage, boomage and booms complete.

1 Gas Tow Boat, known and registered as the Samson. All goods, wares, merchandises, engines, boilers, appliances, machinery, fixtures, tools and materials formerly belonging to the said Cody Lumber Company and now owned by said Geo. W. Moore Lumber Company, being its Lampa Creek Railroad and part of its logging and camp stores, outfits and equipments (including one 10 x 12 Tacoma Yarder, one 10 x 12 Tacoma Roader, one 10 x 13 Willamette Crack-a-jack Yarder, one 11 x 13 Humbolt Yarder, one 10 x 13 Willamette Roader, one 11 x 13 Willamette Dutch Oven Roader, one 11 x 13 Humbolt Yarder, one 7 x 10 Redwings Engine, all equipped complete, with all pipes, pumps, steel cables and equipments complete, one boiler, miscellaneous pumps, one Shay Locomotive called the Lampa Company No. 1, one Baldwin Locomotive called North Bend, thirty-five single logging trucks, one Willamette Scrap-cr, one gas tug entitled in the United States Custom House called the Samson, twenty-one boom sticks, twenty three 7-8 inch boom chains, four Tommy Moore Logging Blocks, eight moving blocks, twenty-five trip line blocks, seven miles logging railroad, including rails, ties and right-of-way, handcars, etc., complete, miscellaneous logging tools, iron, oil, etc., of the value of \$750.00, stoves, dishes, cooking utensils and provisions in logging camps of the value of \$850.00 complete, blacksmith shop including tools, machinery, equipment and materials thereabouts) also all tools, implements, fixtures, rolling stock, camp equipment and supplies, and all repairs, additions to, and replacements of the logging railroad and logging camp outfit and equipment formerly owned by the Cody Lumber Company, and all logs and timber lying, standing or being, belonging to the Geo. W. Moore Lumber Company either actually cut and severed from the land or purchased and held by the said Cody Lumber Company and later by said Geo. W. Moore Lumber Company in contemplation of immediate severance including about five million feet of saw logs lying upon the land in the vicinity of said Lampa Creek or Conlogue's Camp, and about twelve million feet of felled timber lying upon the land in the vicinity of said camp.

Now therefore on Monday, February 7, 1916, at the hour of 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at Conlogue's lower camp in Coos County, Oregon, which point is the most handy, central and convenient to enable prospective buyers to view the said chattels, in accordance with the commands of said writ I will offer for sale and sell to the highest and best bidder for cash all of the personal property hereinbefore described in one lump or parcel, all of which said property is on exhibition to prospective purchasers in the possession of said plaintiff trustee at, and in the vicinity of said Conlogue's camp on Lampa Creek in Coos County, Oregon, aforesaid.

And notice is further given that in further accordance with the commands of said writ on Monday, February 21st at the Court House Door at Coquille in Coos County, Oregon, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. of said day I will offer for sale and sell to the highest and best bidder for cash the real estate hereinbefore described or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the, or any balance remaining unsatisfied after the sale of the chattels aforesaid.

Witness my hand at Coquille, Coos County, Oregon this 18th day of January, 1916.

ALFRED JOHNSON, JR.,
Sheriff of Coos County, Oregon.
J 20 T F 3 10 17.

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Lodge Directory

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C. E. BOWMAN, Secretary.
L. O. O. M.
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W. A. Le GORE, Dictator.
C. W. BOWMAN, Sec'y.

W. O. W.
Seaside Camp No. 212, W. O. W. Meets first and Third Tuesdays in each month at 8 P. M.; Knights of Pythias hall. Visitors are assured a hearty welcome.
J. N. HOSKING, C. C.
F. H. COLGROVE, Clerk.

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Delphi Lodge No. 64, Knights of Pythias. Meets every Monday evening at Knights hall. Visiting Knight's invited to attend.
S. Ralph Dippel, C. C.,
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Our regular services are as follows: Public worship each Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sunday school at 10 o'clock; Epworth league at 7 p. m.; prayer services at private homes on Wednesday evenings; a cordial invitation is extended to all.—Rev. C. Wayne Knight, Pastor.