WHY OPTIMISM?

E UROPE'S war finds its echo in America's inudstry. What contrast could be greater; on the one shore of o the Atlantic all activity seemingly destructive in seemingly purpose; on the other shore, every energy directed along constructive lines; absolute waste of life and property as

opposed to production of wealth and betterment of life. Even though it is at a distance that we view the ter- Saturday after the full moon of rible disaster that threatens the whole coninent of Europe each month. Special communications optimism seems a lost art. Yet sooner or later this epoch Master Masons cordially invited. of catastrophe must be followed by a period of repair, C. E. BOWMAN, Sec. and the longer this period is delayed the greater will be the needs involved in the reconstruction and replacement. Where war has torn down at terrific speed, peace must

build up slowly.

The interruption of international trade stopped our exports of cotton and copper and out imports of dye-stuffs and potash, whereby several important industries were wellnigh paralyzed. Yet startling as has been this disturbance of the whole balance of industry, certai nfundamental facts and laws remain for us to build upon and indeed the lower course of foundation stones for opti-

mism has already been laid.

does not pay dividends today.

Evidece of business betterment is before us on every hand, and the reasons for optimism are many. The United States farmer has harvested a five billion dollar crop MINERVA LEWIN, Secretary. and there is high-price market for all our surplus food stuffs; already our grain is pouring across the Atlantic. The millions of men who are fighting are not working, and yet these hordes of soldiers must be clothed and equipped as well as fed. Foreign orders have started factory operations which at once tends to relieve the stagnation in the steam coal trade, the steel situation has turned L. I. WHEELER, Secretary. from serious depression to rapid improvement, and the whole mineral industry may soon expect to share in this

general business improvement. Today the financial horizon is so nearly cloudless that the profits of bad weather have little upon which to knights invited to attend. base their predictions. The new federal banking system makes the money reserves mobile as never before, and extention of credit is now possible, without the veto power remaining in the hands of a small group of big men. Still another erason for belief in business betterment is the recognition, now becoming widespread, of the general interdependence of big business and the general public. On the one side, the people are realizing that the yare and have been in reality, the silent partner in big business, and now that there has come the promise of some regulation that will in large part prevent monopolistic centralization, the people are interested in getting their share of returns that can come only with operation at a profit. On the other hand, the managers of the large corporations, the trustes of the investing public, are beginning to see | tally invited. Something doing ev that a certain financial security goes with public confidence, and that the attitude to the public so tersely expressed 30 years ago by a pioneer in railroad financing

Secretary Redfield recognizes three periods of business condition as naturally following the declaration of war on August 1 last-those of shock, stimulation and readjustment. These three must be expected to affect in the same order all branches of American business, though the transition from one period to the next may not be simultaneous in all branches. Thus for several weeks after war was declared, the exportation of wheat felt the shock and thousands of carloads accumulated at Eastern ports. With cotton the period of shock has been longer, but the stimulation of export has now begun. With copper the resumption of sales to Europe seem slow in coming, but come it must, for in the modern world, whether at war or peace, the red metal is a necessity of life.

As we look toward the south we find that our commerce with South America for thel ast four years has been one-sided to the extent of an unfavorable annual trade balance averaging more than 80 millions of dollars. The fact that the balance of trade is against the United States in two of the three "A. B. C." countries should be taken only as an invitation to export more, and that 80 millions suggests the chance for further development of trade relations. We need meat and hides from Aregntina, tin ore from Bolivia, rubber and coffee from Brazil and Venezuela, nitrate from Chile, platinum from Columbia, cacao from Ecuador, wool from Peru and Uruguay. What can we export in exchange?

To increase industrial prosperity this country needs to export finished rather than crude products and to import raw materials rather than manufactures. Betterment of industrial conditions can come best through expansion of manufacturing. The increase of the element of labor in the product exported will mean that we are not bartering away our heritage of natural resources but 2 rather that we are using these resources as a basis somply for the expenditure of labor, which renews itself.

Coming dow to bottom facts, the United States will 2 profit by the European war only as the nation makes larger and wiser use of its resources. Foreign markets in the main can bew on and held only as the quantity ar uality of the "Made in America" product rivals that of the goods offered by the other producing nations. The buyer, whether he be in the Far East or in South America, wants the most and the best for his money. Yet it would seem a safe rule of national conduct that industry should begin at home, and therefore every industrial opportunity in America should be improved. If these opportunities Plumbing and Steam Flitti n are recognized and grasped every one of us can indulge in optimism .- Extract from address by Geo. Otis Smith, Director, United States Geological Survey before American Mining Congress.

Masonic. Bandon Lodge, No. 130, A. F. & A. M. Stated communications first WALTER SABIN, W. M.

Eastern Star. Occidental Chapter, No. 45, O. E. S., meets Saturday evenings before and after stated communications of Masonic lodge. Visiting members DR, SMITH J, MANN cordially invited to attend. L. KATE ROSA, W. M.

Rebekah Ocean Rebekah Lodge, No. 126, 1. O. O. F., meets second and fourth Tuesdays at I. O. O. F. hall. Trancient members cordially invited. ELVA MILLER, N. G.

I .O. O. F. Bandon Lodge, No. 133, I. O. O. F., meets every Wednesday evening Visiting brothers in good standing

cordially invited. D. C. KAY, N. G.

Knights of Pythias. Delphi Lodge, No. 64, Knights of Pythias. Meets every Monday evening at Knights hall.

ERNEST SIDWELL, C. C. B. N. HARRINGTON, K. of R. S.

W. O. W.

"With Charity Towards All" Seaside Camp, No. 212, W. O W. meets Tuesdays, K. of P. hall, 8 p m. Visitors are assured a hot welcome. By order of W. A. KELLER, C. C.

C. M. GAGE, Clerk. Loyal Order of Moose. Meets Thursday evenings in I. O. O. F. hall. Transcient Moose cord-



Brown & Gibson

The Leading Contractors and Builders

We furnish plans and specifirst tionsand if you are c ing to build anything, no matter how large or how small, we can save you money. Let us figure on your building.

City Transfer

S. D. Kelly, Proprietor

Light and Heavy haulpromptly done. Contracting and grading. Transcient trade solicited. Horses boarded. Phone 1151

Office: Dufort Building

********* C. I. Starr

First Class Work guaranteed

Office in Triot Bidg. - Link St.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

C. R. WADE

Lawyer BANDON, OREGON

DR. H. L. HOUSTON

Physician & Surgeon Office in First National Bank building. Hours, 9 to 12 a. m; 1:30 to 4 p. m; 7 to 8 in the evening. BANDON, OREGON

Physician & Surgeon Office in Ellingson Building. Hours 9 to 12 a. m; 1 to 5 p. m. BANDON, OREGON

DR. L. P. SORENSEN Dentist

Office in First National Bank building. Telephone at house and office BANDON, OREGON

G. T. TREADGOLD Attorney and Counselor at Law Office in New Bank Building Notary Public BANDON, OREGON

DR. R. V. LEEP

Physician & Surgeon Visiting Office in Ellingson building, Phone 72 BANDON, OREGON

DR. ARTHUR GALE

Physician & Surgeon Office in Ellingson building. Office phone, 352. Residence phone, 353. BANDON, OREGON

DR. S. C. ENDICOTT Dentist

Office in Ellingson building. Office phone 1241. Residence phone, 1161 BANDON, OREGON

DR. I. L. SCOFIELD Dentist

Office in Fahy and Morrison Buildng next to Emergency Hospital. Phone 1141

BANDON, OREGON

DR. H. M. SHAW Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Specialist

Office Phone 330-J Res Phone Rooms 200-I Irving Block MARSHFIELD, OREGON

BENJAMIN OSTLIND

Consulting Engineer and Architect -MARSHFIELD, OREGON

The Holidays will

soon be here

A Gift to strengthen

friendship-your portrait

WHEELER STUDIO.

The Alpha Restaurant

Best Home Cooking in town

Houmemade bread, pies and cakes.

Open from 6:10 a. m. till midnight

Mrs. F. D. Meyer, Prop. Next door to First Natl. Bank

***** Hotel Bandon

American Plan, \$1.00 and \$1.50 per day. European Plan, rooms 50c, 75c & \$1 per day

Eaton & Rease, Prop s.

A l'elephone for Xmas



What will a housewife appreciate more as a Christmas gift than a telephone? She and all the family will be truly thankful for it every day in the year. Consult local office for rates.

Do Your Shopping Early.

A. D. Mills

Real Estate

Fire Insurance Notary Public Pentals

Good Lots in Azalea Park, \$25 Down and \$10 per month. Bargain in Business Lot on First Street.

> *** EQUIPPED WITH WIREEESS

BREAKWATER

ALWAYS ON TIME

SAILINGS

From Portland Every Tuesday at 8:00 P. M. From Coos Bay Every Saturday at Service of the Tide.

Confirm sailings through Bandon Warehouse Co. PHONE 142

The newest thing in the automobile world today.

It has all the superior parts the high priced cars.

The specifications equal those of any car selling under \$1,500 coast price.

Demonstrator here early in January.

For further information see

Agent for Bandon and Curry County