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REPUBLICANS MAKE BIG GAINS IN BOTH STATE AND NATION

Senator Chamberlain Only Democrat to Make Good on Oregon State Ticket

Oregon is once more back in the line with the Republican states having filled 16 out of 17 state and national offices with candidates of that party. Senator Geo. E. Chamberlain was the only successful Democratic candidate, and he rolled up a 20,000 majority over R. A. Booth, of Eugene.

and the Roseburg man had things all his own way in all parts of the state. Bean, Benson, Harris and McBride all Republicans, were elected to the Supreme Court with substantial leads. Coos county filled every county office with G. O. P. men, as did almost every county in the state. In Multnomah county the only position still in doubt is that of Sheriff, where T. M. Hurlbert, Republican, leads Tom Wor, Democrat, by a small majority. Returns in that county are still far from complete.



Senator Geo. E. Chamberlain
Re-elected at Tuesday's Election.

REPUBLICANS MAKE A CLEAN SWEEP IN COOS COUNTY

Gage and Johnson Furnish Closest Race For Sheriff's Office---Port Com- missioner Winner in Doubt

The complete returns for all county officials show the election of the entire Republican ticket, with the exception of Port Commissioners. The vote on the prohibition amendment was 1852 no and 3070 yes. For Justice of the Peace of this justice district F. J. Charlton is elected by a big vote and E. M. Blackerby has a big lead for constable. The returns are not all in yet for Port Commissioners so it cannot yet be said whether Kronenberg or McFair will serve with Hanley who is elected. Following is the completed unofficial returns for Coos county on the ending candidates:

James Watson (Rep.)	3274
W. C. Weaver (Soc.)	1176
County Clerk	
A. B. Collier (Dem.)	2522
A. J. Stephan (Soc.)	1102
Robt. R. Watson (Rep.)	3224
Sheriff	
W. W. Gage (Dem.)	2927
A. H. Imhoff (Soc.)	1028
Alfred Johnson (Rep.)	3021
Treasurer	
T. M. Dimmick (Rep.)	4096
M. H. Hersey (Dem.)	1459
Jas. H. James (Soc.)	1195
Surveyor	
Albert Brayton (Soc.)	1092
A. N. Gould (Prog.)	2051
E. H. Kern (Ind.)	1394
C. S. McCulloch (Rep.-Dem.)	2267
Coroner	
Chas. H. Lax (Soc.)	1503
F. E. Wilson (Dem.-Rep.)	4341
Commissioner	
Geo. J. Armstrong (Rep.)	2105
D. W. Carpenter (Soc.)	1120
E. B. Curtis (Ind.)	1495
Elbert Dyer (Dem.)	1946

COUNCIL PASSES A NEW STOCK IMPOUNDING LAW

"No more I'll roam away from home," is the popular song quotation now in favor among the bovine population of Bandon. The new stock ordinance, drawn by the City Attorney and adopted by the Council Wednesday evening, lowers the impounding fee to one dollar and the cost of feeding and keeping the animals while in the pound, but provides that stock is not allowed to graze or be staked upon any street and that any person having stock impounded more than once shall be subject to a fine in the Municipal Court.

thereto. I make this statement believing the same due to Mr. Wheeler, who must have suffered inconvenience, annoyance and humiliation by reason of his arrest and detention.

I hereby endorse above statement.
W. J. JONES, Sheriff.

The Ben Hur Co.
For a pleasing, diversified program the Ben Hur Co. is sure to win hearty applause. The mind reading by the psychic phenomenon "Paulinetta" will prove very mystifying and entertaining. The Cleopatra Cobra Dance in which La Belle Albertine uses real live rattlesnakes, is one of the most spectacular acts in vaudeville today. Fritz Kaufman is a real comedian and will please with a novelty act. The trained animal circus of monkeys, rats, mice, and a pig is sure to please the kiddies. The show will consist of three big acts each night besides a full program of pictures. An entertainment that is surely worth your patronage. Remember at the Grand Friday and Saturday nights, November 6 and 7. The Perils of Pauline will be shown Saturday night, Nov. 7.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS FROM
THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Washington, D. C.—Following the adjournment of Congress Saturday, the 24th of October, the Capitol is almost deserted by statesmen. Most of the members, especially from the northern states, hurried to their homes to enter the campaign. But some of the Southern members will remain in Washington regardless of the end of the session, because the time until the beginning of the regular session in December is short. The special tax imposed by the war act on the largest manufacturers of tobacco may be rendered relatively innocuous by what may prove to be a joker in the law providing that each person, firm or corporation engaged in the manufacture of cigars, cigarettes and tobacco shall be deemed a single manufacturer. Heretofore each factory has been treated as an individual concern and given a separate number, irrespective of its ownership. This new law, relating to the imposition of special taxes, may result in corporations operating a score of factories paying only one tax.

TRAIN SERVICE TO MAPLETON

Coos County is Now Closer to the Outside World By Reason of Willamette Pacific.

Coos County is a day closer to the outside world as regards transportation facilities, than ever before.

The Coos Bay Times says: To leave Coos Bay any day of the month and reach Eugene that evening is more than a probability when yesterday the first train over the Willamette Pacific from Eugene to Mapleton made its run and began its regular schedule. Trains will leave Eugene at 8:00 a. m. reaching Mapleton at 11:30 from which place they will leave on the return trip at 1:30 arriving back in Eugene at 5:00 p. m. Asked as to whether or not there would be through stage connections J. G. Kinney of the Gorst and Kinney beach stage line declared the machines would remain on the run from here to the Umpqua where boats will ferry passengers across to awaiting six horse bus for the 23 mile run to the mouth of the Siuslaw where the boat will be taken to Mapleton. For this winter two six horse buses will be used on the beach line from the mouth of the Umpqua to the Siuslaw, a distance of 23 miles because the three creeks which are too lily swollen in winter time to allow their crossing in machines. Beginning in April an auto stage line will be in effect the entire distance from Coos Bay to Florence.

WHEELER IS EXONERATED

Bandon Man Who Brought Suit Against Jackson County Sheriff Settles Out of Court

L. J. Wheeler returned from Jacksonville, Ore., Sunday morning with the announcement that the suit against ex-sheriff W. J. Jones, of Jackson County, in which Wheeler was the plaintiff, had been compromised and settled out of court. The \$10,000 suit for damages against the former official grew out of the false arrest of Wheeler for murder in November, 1911.

Although Mr. Wheeler has not stated what the financial settlement in the compromise amounted to, he says that he is satisfied, as the following letter removes all doubt that might exist as to his innocence:

Jacksonville, Ore., Oct. 30, 1914.
To Whom It May Concern:
On November 6th, 1911, L. H. Wheeler was arrested on warrant from Jackson county on charge of being an accessory after the fact in a certain case of homicide committed in said county some five months before.

Soon after Mr. Wheeler was returned to this county the officers who had been meanwhile pushing this investigation concluded the evidence against Wheeler was quite insufficient and he was immediately discharged.

I was prosecuting attorney during all the times mentioned in this statement and speak from a knowledge of all the proceedings had in relation

SELLMER DE- CLINES JOB

THIRD MAN OFFERED VACANCY ON CITY COUNCIL SAYS HE CANNOT GIVE THE TIME FROM HIS PRIVATE BUSINESS.

Wanted—Duly qualified man to fill the position of Councilman for the East ward left vacant by the resignation of C. R. Moore. Three men have refused this position as being detrimental to their business.

The East ward of Bandon is still represented in the Council by only two members, following the announcement of W. C. Sellmer that he will not accept the position proffered to him by the Council Wednesday night. Sellmer is the third man to refuse to fill the unexpired term of Carl Moore resigned Councilman from the East side of the city. J. Ira Sidwell refused the position and Fred Mehl failed to qualify.

In the election Wednesday evening the names of Nels Rasmussen, E. Henry and Wm. Sellmer were voted on, the latter receiving the necessary majority on the second ballot.

For the past month the Council has been carrying on the business of the city with an average attendance of four and an occasional attendance of five members. It begins to appear that the job of a city dad is not all roses and sunshine and the clouds needs a little more silver to make the lining attractive.

GREAT GROWTH IN POSTAL SAVINGS SINCE WAR BEGAN

Washington, D. C.—The war in Europe is proving a big boon to postal savings in this country. From the very day hostilities opened across the seas postal savings receipts began to increase by leaps and bounds and withdrawals fell off, a result quite contrary to the predictions of many well-informed persons, who in their imagination, saw lines of feverish depositors at post-office pay windows anxious to again return their savings to the boot-leg and body-belt depositaries whence they came before entrusted to Uncle Sam. But the forecasters failed to reckon on the absolute confidence of the American citizen, regardless of the flag that first met his eyes, in the ability and purposes of the Government to carry out its obligations, not only among the nations of the earth, but with the humblest citizen of our land.

Two important results have followed:

ed; thousands of people, largely of foreign birth, accustomed to send their savings abroad, are now patrons of our postal savings system; and enormous sums of actual cash have been released for commercial uses among our own people at a time when the need for every available dollar is pressing.

The growth of postal savings in the United States has been steady and healthy and the system has filled an important gap between the tin can depository and the factory paymaster. On July 1, when affairs were running smoothly here and abroad and the transmission of money across the Atlantic was safe an expedition, worth was approximately \$43,000,000 of postal savings standing to the credit of about 388,000 depositors. Since then over \$10,000,000 of deposits have been added and the number of depositors has increased enormously. This unprecedented gain is the more striking when it is considered that the net gain in the last three months is larger than the gain for the entire fiscal year 1914. Scores of offices have done more postal savings business since the war has been going on than was done by them during the previous existence of the service. The increases are confined to no special localities, but have been felt in every nook and cranny of the country. New York City alone made a gain in September of more than a million while Brooklyn showed a relatively big increase. Chicago reported a large gain in the past three months than for the previous twelve months. More than 7,000 new accounts were opened during the period, bringing the number of depositors in that city up to over 21,000.

The unexpected increase in postal savings business has not only added greatly to the general administrative duties of the system, but has brought up many new and interesting problems which have called for the careful personal consideration of Postmaster General Burleson and Governor Dockery, Third Assistant Postmaster General. But their task has been lightened somewhat by the promptness of depository banks in furnishing additional security to meet the abnormal deposits. A number of the very largest banks in the country, which have heretofore declined to qualify as depositories for postal savings funds, are now among the eager applicants for them.

Tennessee Robinson, of Fishtrap, a Coos county pioneer, was in Bandon Wednesday with apples and other fruit. Mr. Robinson says he was here when there was no Bandon, and has seen the town grow from nothing to its present size. Mr. Robinson was the man who superintended the pulling off of the schooner Twin Sisters which went on the rocks at the mouth of the Coquille River in 1876.

GREAT DAY FOR "DRYS"

PROHIBITION WINS IN FIVE STATES AND LOSES IN TWO. —OREGON BANNER STATE FOR DRYS.

Tuesday, Nov. 3, was a dry day quite generally over the country, with five states dry, two wet and one still in doubt. Oregon gave the largest majority for prohibition and California the largest vote against it.

Washington, which the early count showed to be wet, is dry with 8,000 votes to spare, and Arizona, Idaho and Colorado went against booze. California and Ohio went wet strong, and Maine, after 60 years of prohibition, is reported to be open to the liquor traffic. Ohio went wet by 40,000 and California by perhaps 150,000, Los Angeles alone giving a 90,000 majority.

Woman's suffrage received a hard blow, losing in six out of seven states, Montana alone returning a count in favor of the amendment. It lost in Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio, North Dakota, South Dakota and Nevada.

tial progress has been made in the adjustment of the money exchange situation between the two countries.

In making announcement that the new banking system would become operative throughout the United States November 16, the Secretary of the Treasury, acted contrary to the wishes of the directors of the federal reserve banks. The Secretary explained that he was persuaded to his decision because of the emergent conditions in the South brought on by the inability of the cotton growers to market their product.

It is authoritatively stated that the position of the British Government respecting American shipments of copper, oil and other articles to neutral countries distant to Germany, is not to molest cargoes with genuine neutral destination. In a note to Acting Secretary of State Lansing by Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, British Ambassador, it is pointed out that, although the British Government has detained cargoes of contraband in order to make sure that they are really intended for neutral countries, and have retained some cargoes such as copper destined for Krupp's ammunition works, they have not yet taken a single cargo without paying for it.