

HUGH HOGAN IS WRECKED

PORTER BROTHERS HAVE FURTHER BAD LUCK AT SIUSLAW.—IT IS STILL HOPED TO SAVE THE VESSEL.

Florence, Or., April 30.—Crossing out from the Siuslaw with a cargo of lumber, the schooner Hugh Hogan in tow of the tug Rosco, was grounded on the south beach about 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. There was a very strong northwest wind.

The Gardner life-saving crew arrived on the scene about 9:30 Tuesday night and Wednesday morning took off the wives of the captain and second mate.

Several feet of water was reported in the hold and the rudder and shoe were gone.

The Yaquina life-saving crew arrived Wednesday morning and they were quite hopeful of saving the boat. Capt. Hill and Second Mate Simons were taking their wives to San Francisco with them, and the two ladies were the only passengers on the boat. The others aboard were four sailors, a cook and a first mate, besides Capt. Simons and Second Mate Simons.

It is reported that the wreck was caused because the tug Rosco was not powerful enough. Capt. Bob Jones, well known in Coos county, is master of the Rosco.

The Hugh Hogan was built on Coos Bay in 1904 and is said to be owned by Porter Bros., and the Tide Water Mill Co. She was formerly engaged in carrying lumber from the Coquille river mills to San Francisco, but of late has been going to the Siuslaw instead.

The Hugh Hogan has a net tonnage of 355, is 160 feet long, 38.8 ft. in width and 9.8 feet depth of hold and carries a crew of eight.

WILL OREGON WOMEN VOTERS FOLLOW ILLINOIS' LEAD?

Portland Journal: Nearly 1,000 saloons were voted out of existence in the recent elections in Illinois.

It was the women of the state who brought that result about. If the ballot had been confined to men alone the outcome would have been far different. The facts, as printed in Sunday's Journal, show that approximately 60 per cent of the men voted wet and 40 per cent dry. Of the woman's vote, 64 per cent was dry and 36 wet. If the same rule applies to Oregon, and if men vote about as they did on prohibition in 1910, this state stands a likely chance of being captured by the dries next November.

The majority against the prohibition amendment in 1910 was 17,681. If 64 per cent of the woman's vote should go in Oregon as it went in Illinois, the result of the balloting in 1910 might be reversed. In Illinois women are not permitted to vote on all officers and their ballots are kept separate. The fact gives the first authentic record of women's real attitude on the prohibition issue. The women cast 188,733 votes and the men 243,104. The number of women who voted wet was 67,418, and of those who voted dry 121,315. That is to say 53,897 more women voted dry than voted wet, or nearly two to one. Of the men 144,925 voted wet and 98,179 voted dry. The wet majority among men was 46,746. Of 115 townships, 88 were voted dry by women and 13 townships were kept dry by women. The preponderance of dry votes among women throws an interesting light on the Oregon situation.

GET LONG SENTENCE FOR HOLD-UP HERE.

Morgan and King, the two hold-up men, convicted Monday at Coquille for holding up and robbing W. B. Ferriman in this city some two or three weeks ago, were sentenced to from three to ten years in the state penitentiary by Judge Coke of the Circuit court.

THE PANAMA CANAL IS NOW ON A WAR FOOTING

Panama, April 24.—Colonel George W. Goethals, governor of the Panama Canal zone, issued orders today placing the canal zone on a strict war footing.

Goethals instructed Major Gerhardt, commanding the Tenth Infantry, to patrol the Gatun locks and one each for duty at the Miraflores and Pedro Miguel locks. The soldiers were given one hundred rounds of ammunition each and will camp near the locks.

The operating machinery of all the locks will be locked and the keys placed in the possession of Colonel Goethals.

It is understood that coast artillery companies will be distributed among the fortifications on Flamencol and Culebra islands at the Pacific end of the canal and also at Toro Point and other forts at the Atlantic side.

MRS. ROBINSON ENTERTAINS IN HONOR OF HER MOTHER.

Mrs. T. W. Robinson entertained at a Five Hundred party Tuesday afternoon in honor of her mother, Mrs. J. Denholm, and friend, Miss Donaldson, of Portland, who are visiting her. A very pleasant afternoon was spent and after cards dainty refreshments were served. Those invited were Mesdames F. J. Feeney, L. J. Radley, Albert Garfield, L. P. Sorensen, F. E. Dyer, C. Y. Lowe, Steve Gallier, Ed. Gallier, E. E. Reynolds, Smith J. Mann, Geo. Geisendorfer, W. E. Craine, E. B. Kamsrud, C. R. Wade, A. S. Elliott, Horace Richards, F. S. Greenough, Arthur Gale, H. L. Houston, H. K. Flom, N. J. Crain, A. G. Thrift, Robert Johnson, J. E. Walstrom, Alfro Felter, T. H. Mehl and J. C. Slagle, and Misses Maude Lowe, Kate Rosa, Nora Solve and Blanch Radley.

The first prize for ladies went to Mrs. W. E. Craine and the consolation prize to Mrs. H. K. Flom.

UNDRER PROPOSED LAW EVERY MAN A DISTILLER.

The proposed national prohibition law will enable every man to become a distiller, according to its author, Representative Hobson of Alabama.

Before the house judiciary committee, Representative Hobson contended that his resolution, directed against the sale of liquor for "beverage purposes," would not interfere with states' rights. He said that under the proposed amendment it would be possible to manufacture liquor "for use" but not "for sale." The amendment he said would not interfere with the "old drinker drinking" but would prevent the "debauching of youth."

Mr. Hobson explained that the present revenue laws would be repealed by his amendment, which would permit anyone to make whiskey for his own use.

Just how permitting every individual to manufacture liquor for use if not for sale, and at the same time sanction its manufacture and sale for medicinal purposes, is going to promote the cause of temperance is hard for those outside the pale to grasp—it surely is dry logic and worthy of a Hobson.—Medford Mail-Tribune.

"BATTLE OF SHILOH" FILMS DID NOT ARRIVE FOR GRAND

Because of a mistake in the shipment of films from Portland, the Grand Theatre will not be able to show "The Battle of Shiloh" Saturday night as advertised. A good program of Class A pictures will be substituted, however, and the patrons of this popular theatre will be assured of the usual high class entertainment. The "Battle of Shiloh" will be shown later.

STORES WILL CLOSE AT SIX O'CLOCK.

An agreement has been reached by the Bandon merchants whereby they will close at 6 o'clock every evening except Saturday. This arrangement takes effect next Monday and will continue permanently.

It is considered that all business can be attended to before six o'clock and it will give the clerks a little time to themselves instead of forcing them to work 12 to 16 hours a day.

Get The Recorder—a live newspaper twice a week, \$1.50.

CIVIL WAR IN COLORADO

STRIKING MINERS FIGHT BATTLES WITH STATE MILITIA.—U. S. TROOPS ORDERED TO THE SCENE OF HOSTILITIES.

Denver, Colo., Apr. 30.—The coal miners strike in Colorado has assumed the proportions of a civil war. The hostilities which commenced in the southern part of the state, have spread to all of the larger coal producing centers.

From Forbes in the southern coal fields the latest report is that another disastrous battle had been fought in which seven men lost their lives. Most of the mine buildings there are in ashes and the mine defenders are missing but believed to be hiding in a nearby mine. An army of 300 strikers attacked the property and a pitched battle ensued, lasting three hours, after which the strikers disappeared in the hills. Three white men and four Japanese, all defenders of the mine, were killed and a negro guard and a Japanese were wounded. Two bodies were burned in the ruins of the mine buildings. The burned buildings included the mine office, with the United States postoffice, the tippie, engine house, boarding house, barn and several homes of miners. With the women and children in the mine Supt. Nichol and forty defenders fought behind a barricade. A machine gun owned by the company was mounted on the hill north of camp and swept the canyon until the gun became jammed. While the firing was at its hottest the strikers dashed down the hill and set the buildings on fire. Three were killed before they finally retreated.

Six troops of U. S. cavalry from Ft. Russell and the second squadron of cavalry from Ft. Leavenworth have been ordered to the scene to restore order, and President Wilson has sent a proclamation calling on the strikers, militia and all other disturbers to lay down their arms and go home.

John D. Rockefeller, the principal owner in the coal companies concerned in the strife, when asked by President Wilson to arbitrate the strike differences, refused positively to take any steps further than were now being taken. Socialists, among whom was Upton Sinclair, the author, who made a demonstration before the Standard Oil offices in New York, when Rockefeller's refusal became known, were arrested.

LITTLE LIKLIHOOD OF BASE BALL LEAGUE IN COUNTY.

Marshfield Record: From present indications there is little likelihood there will be any Coos county league and the fans in Bandon, North Bend and Marshfield are now talking independent base ball. The towns of Coquille, Myrtle Point and Norway appear to be unable to ginger up sufficiently to organize and none have expressed any desire to enter the league. They have until Friday to come forward, and if they do not express themselves by that time, then the matter will be dropped and baseball will be taken up as a local matter in the towns mentioned. It is probable also that the river towns will maintain teams as well, and they will no doubt play among themselves, as Riverton is said to be anxious to have some games this summer.

LIBRARY WILL BE CLOSED SUNDAY AFTER MAY FIRST.

The Bandon Public Library will be closed on Sunday after May 1st until next fall.

The library committee desires to thank the friends who assisted in keeping it open during the winter months, but it is thought now that the good weather has come there will not be the demand for keeping open on Sunday that there was during the winter.

The opening hours on week days will continue the same as heretofore—from 2:00 to 5:00 and 7:00 to 9:00 in the afternoon.

DR. C. J. SMITH VISITS BANDON

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR NOMINATION FOR GOVERNOR VISITS COOS COUNTY AND ADDRESSES MEETING HERE.

Dr. C. J. Smith of Portland, Democratic candidate for the nomination for governor, was in Bandon Wednesday night and addressed a meeting at the Commercial Club hall. Dr. Smith is making a tour of the state in the interests of his candidacy. It is conceded by the Democratic leaders that the race for the Democratic nomination lays between Dr. Smith and Judge Bennett of The Dalles.

Dr. Smith is an old resident of the state, a successful business man, and has a large following in the state who are hoping to see him the next governor of Oregon.

COOS COUNTY FISH HATCHERIES ARE WELL STOCKED.

Coos Bay News: Frank W. Smith, superintendent of the Coos river and Coquille hatcheries is now feeding about 4,500,000 salmon fry at the South Coos river hatchery, and about 2,000,000 at the hatchery on the Upper Coquille. Comparatively few steelhead eggs have been taken at the Coquille hatchery this season, and none on Coos river. Steelheads ascend the rivers above tidewater during freshets, and at such times the fish rack at Coos river is under water which permits the fish to pass over the rack and continue their journey to their spawning grounds at the headwaters. It was reported that steelheads were very numerous at the Coquille hatchery, but Supt. Smith told us Saturday that he will consider himself lucky if he gets 200,000 eggs there. Female steelheads will hardly average 2,000 eggs, while chinooks have twice that number.

COQUILLE MAYOR UNANIMOUSLY RENOMINATED.

Coquille Herald: The caucus held last Thursday night at the city hall for the nomination of candidates for the coming city election brought out 110 voters, including a goodly number of the fair sex. Mayor Morison and Recorder Lawrence were renominated with enthusiasm and acclamation. Five names were placed before the meeting for the three places to be filled on the council: W. H. Lyons, C. L. Kime, Geo. O. Leach, M. O. Hawkins, and W. C. Laird. The balloting resulted in the choice of the three first named. N. Lorenz, P. E. Drane and E. E. Johnson were appointed a committee with power to fill any vacancies that might occur in the ticket as named.

BANDON MAN SAYS LOAN COMPANY IS RANK FAKE.

Coquille Herald: W. G. Cadby, of the Traders' Exchange, Bandon, writes to the Herald to the effect that the ad which has been running in this paper offering "6 per cent Loans" is a fake. He encloses a letter which he sent to the parties, which runs as follows:

Bandon, Ore., April 3, 1914. Commonwealth Loan & Securities Co., Denver, Colo.

Dear Sirs: Your ad misrepresents your way of doing business. I sent you \$2.00 as a deposit of good faith that I wanted to borrow \$200.00 on real estate securities. The later plan sent me from Dallas to deposit \$2.00 per month don't suit me, so you will please return me my \$2.00 or I will be compelled to take it up with the postal department. Respectfully, W. G. Cadby.

On the back of the above is the following typewritten notation: "The C. S. L. Co. of Dallas has been taken over by the U. S. Bankruptcy Court and Lloyd B. Smith appointed trustee and Receiver. You may address your communications to him at 203 Sam Houston Life Bldg., Dallas, Texas."

Mr. Cadby adds that he has reported them to the P. O. Department.

INSANE PATIENT FROM COOS GOES OVERBOARD.

A Portland paper says: Paul E. Hassell, an insane patient being brought up from Coquille by Deputy Sheriff A. J. Cameron, jumped overboard from the steamer Breakwater some time Saturday night. His disappearance was not discovered till 4 o'clock Sunday morning and it was then remembered that he had not been seen since the steamer crossed out over the bar. Hassell was supposed to be harmless and Deputy Cameron did not notify Captain Macgenn of the steamer that he had such a patient with him. While crossing the bar at Coos Bay Cameron became seasick and retired to his room, leaving Hassell at large on the steamer. No one on board saw him jump overboard.

SOCIAL HYGIENE CONFERENCE AT COMMERCIAL CLUB HALL.

The Social and Moral Hygiene conference at the Commercial Club hall last night, and by the way, it is creating considerable interest among the men of Bandon and a large attendance is looked for. Following is the program which will be carried out, with J. L. Kronenberg acting as chairman:

"The Prevalence and General Seriousness of Venereal Diseases and Their Effect Upon the Individual and the Home," Everett Mingus, M. D., of Marshfield.

"Present Conditions Among Girls and Boys," Rev. C. Mayne Knight.

"The Four Sex Lies and Other Causes; Remedies," Dr. Calvin S. White, Portland.

"What Can We Do For Bandon?" G. T. Treadgold.

The program will commence at eight o'clock and be concluded at nine thirty.

DIPLOMATS MAY SETTLE TROUBLE WITH MEXICO.

Washington, D. C., April 30.—Unconfirmed reports here are to the effect that a truce is to be called in the Mexican trouble, and an adjustment will be attempted by a mediation board composed of three South American diplomats. Such a move, however, is unlikely to better conditions is the opinion of local diplomats. A report from Berlin says that the mediators have asked European powers to use their influence to have the United States eliminate the requirement that "Huerta must go." It is also thought by those close in touch with the situation that Huerta is playing a crafty game to secure time to perfect a big Mexican alliance. Those who know the Mexican ruler best, put no confidence in his attitude, and say the only solution of the situation is the complete elimination of Huerta and his immediate followers.

The White House officials have been unusually reticent for several days, and this, added to the general pessimistic view in Washington is taken to mean that the chances of settling the trouble without further bloodshed is extremely improbable.

It is also feared that the first aggressive step taken by this country may precipitate a general massacre of Americans and Europeans in the interior of Mexico.

The establishment of the new civil government by Admiral Fletcher was completed Wednesday at Vera Cruz. The town has already taken on a clearer aspect. Better sanitary conditions have been brought about and business generally has been resumed.

MOORE MILL IS CLOSED FOR A SHORT TIME.

The Geo. W. Moore mill closed down temporarily Tuesday, pending a case in court, in which the logging camp is involved but which it is hoped will be settled shortly so that the mill can start up again. But whether this is accomplished or not, the shut down is only temporary, as a new logging camp on Beaver Slough in a tract of timber going into the hundreds of millions of feet will probably be opened up, and the mill started up again.

The present condition of the lumber market hardly justifies the laying out of very much money, but it is hoped that the conditions will open up better in the very near future. Meantime some repairs will be made on the mill and everything put in readiness for fast work when work is resumed.

TOWNSHIP LINE ROAD

BOND ISSUE TO BE VOTED UPON MAY 15TH IS FOR NEW SURVEY AND NOT FOR THE OLD ROAD.

A number of voters have asked the Recorder whether the Bandon-Langlois share of the money to be voted at the coming road election was to be used on the old road or on the Township line road, providing the bond issue carried.

The Recorder this morning called up the county clerk's office and was informed by Mr. Watson that the money is to be used on the new survey, which of course means the Township line road. Mr. Watson looked it up on the maps on file in the clerk's office and the description as printed on the notices tallies with the map of the Township line survey. This will relieve the doubt in the minds of those who were laboring under the misapprehension that the money was to be used on the old road.

U. S. FLAG IS TWICE UNFURLED IN MEXICO.

Vera Cruz, April 30.—History was repeated yesterday afternoon in the impressive ceremony of raising the Stars and Stripes over Vera Cruz on the same spot where in 1847 General Winfield Scott brought to the breeze the American colors, as he landed to begin his march at the head of the American troops to Mexico City.

The hoisting of the flag was carried out with the full naval ceremony in the presence of Rear-Admiral Badger, commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet, Rear Admiral Fletcher, and the plucky 1200 men from Fletcher's ships, who took the city from the Mexicans April 21.

As a mark of special distinction for bravery shown in action, Chief Quartermaster Jeffs, of the battleship Florida, made the big American standard fast to the halyards on the staff erected over the Terminal Hotel.

The flag was hoisted up to the strains of the "Star Spangled Banner" played by the bands of the Florida and Utah, to the thunder of the saluting guns from the Minnesota in the inner harbor and the half hysterical cheering of the refugees who recently escaped from Mexico City.

As the signal was given by Ensign McDonnell, standing almost on the spot where as chief signal officer on the day of landing four of his men were shot down at his side, he and the other members of the gallant quartette halted away on the halyards the blue jackets snapped their rifles to present arms, the Admirals stood at salute and the band broke into the stirring strains of the American National hymn.

Just as the big banner broke out and was caught and extended by the full sweep of the afternoon breeze the first flash and roar came from the saluting bridge of the Minnesota. The thunderous report sent a thrill through the men standing at attention and facing the flag, for only five days before similar reports meant that death-dealing shells were being hurled into the naval academy while the whole city was rattling under the rifle fire of the Americans and Mexicans.

During the full period of 21 guns salute the battalions stood at present arms and the Admirals with the right hand at their cap. About the plaza American civilians and British and French spectators stood bearded. Only a few Mexican residents of Vera Cruz were in the throng and these stood apathetic and silent during the ceremony. From among the half-Indian workmen about the railroad yard who witnessed the scene came a few vivas.

Emotion on the part of the refugees was everywhere noted and not a few of the American women who recently had been in fear for their lives in inland cities swept with relief when they saw the emblem which guaranteed their safety, floating above them