

Bandon Recorder

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FRIDAY.....January 12 1912

Says Oregon Climate Fine.

In an article on Oregon Western conditions, Edward A. Beals, in charge of the United States Weather Bureau service in this district, says Oregon has nearly a perfect climate. In part he says:

Oregonians are favored with an especially good climate, but it would not suit the Innuits of Northern Greenland, the Tibetan nor the native of Dahomey on the Guinea coast of Africa. These people are acclimated through centuries of environment to different conditions and if they were taken to Oregon it is probable the Innuits would soon become extinct, and the Tibetians and African savages would have a hard fight for their existence. In other words the march of civilization is from the south to the north and no race ever perpetuated itself that emigrated from a cold to a warm climate.

The heat of the Tropics and the cold of the Arctic regions are both depressing and tend to retard mental and physical development. Therefore, the seat of highest civilization today is in the temperate zone, where the seasonal changes stimulate man to activity. In Oregon we find nearly every climate known to the temperate zone. We have on the coast the mild and humid; in the interior between the coast and the Cascade ranges of mountains we have conditions that are moderately mild and moderately humid, and in the eastern portions we have on the plateaus and mountains bleak and wintry weather, with heavy snows, while in the sheltered valleys mild temperatures prevail with dry weather and an abundance of sunshine nearly every day.

The destructive tornado of the middle West is practically unknown in Oregon, and thunder storms are a rare phenomenon. Statistics collected by the weather bureau show that for the ten years ending in 1898, 1508 persons lost their lives and \$25,878,600 worth of property was destroyed by tornadoes. During this time not one life nor a dollar's worth of property was lost in Oregon from this cause. During the three years, 1896, 1897 and 1898 a record was kept by the weather bureau of the deaths by lightning in the United States, and the total number was 1069, or an average of 350 a year. During this period one person was killed by lightning in Oregon and two in California. None lost his life in Washington, Idaho, or Nevada. The death rate by lightning per 1,000,000 was greatest in the South Atlantic states and least on the Pacific coast. Oregon is the point of minimum frequency of earthquakes on the Pacific coast; they increase going both north and south of this state.

The mean temperature in Oregon varies with elevation and with distance inland. In the Columbia river valley and in all portions of the western third of the state below the level of 2,000 feet it closely approximates 52 degrees, while east of the Cascades river valley it ranges 43 degrees and 51 degrees, being warmest in the lowlands and coldest at the higher elevations. The chief feature characterizing the temperature of the entire state is the coolness which exists at night during the summer time. No matter how hot the days may be the nights are always cool.

In the southeast central portion of the state the annual rainfall is a trifle short of 8 inches, while along the west slope of the Coast Range of mountains in the north, and at an altitude of about 2,000 feet it amounts to a trifle over 138 inches. Between the coast and the Cascade

ranges the precipitation varies between 20 and 45 inches. Along the coast at sea level the amounts range from 65 to 75 inches, while on the west slope of the Cascade mountains it increases to nearly 100 inches at the summit. In the Blue Mountains the amounts range from 12 to 25 inches so far as the records extend.

Coquille Mills Busy.

The Coquille Mill and Mercantile Company this week completed the loading of the steamer Newberg at Marshfield and that boat sailed for San Francisco Wednesday evening. General Manager Pierce went over to the bay the first of the week to see to the completion of the loading and the filing of the manifests. While there he also assisted in the arrangements for the steamer Excelsior which is being loaded by the Coquille Lumber Company. The first named company will soon begin the loading of the schooner Glendale which is expected in the bay this week. This speaks well for the Coquille mills and far better when it is considered that the majority of the mills in Washington and the north are running on short shifts and greatly reduced production while the local mills are running with full capacity all the time.

The general outlook for the mills here is the very best at the present time and this fact alone spells prosperity for this section for the coming year. Coquille is to be congratulated upon having these enterprises and the energetic men at their back to see that the mills are in constant operation.—Coquille Sentinel.

Our State's Rapid Growth.

The Thirteenth Census of the United States, prepared under the supervision of William C. Hunt, Chief Statistician for Population, taken as April 15th, 1910, gives the population of Oregon as 672,765, which represents an increase of 62.7 during the last decade. The growth of the state was a little more than twice as rapid as during the preceding decade 1890-1900, when the rate of increase was 30.2 per cent.

Oregon was organized as a territory in 1848 and four years later the people adopted a constitution and asked for statehood which, by act of Congress was approved in 1859 and, with boundaries as at present, she was then admitted into the Union. The total land area of the state is 95,607 square miles.

There are 34 counties in the state the population of which ranges from 2,044 in Curry county, to 226,261 in Multnomah county. Harney county with 9,933 square miles has the largest area, and Multnomah, with 451 square miles, has the smallest area.

Portland, the largest of 97 cities in the state, has a population of 207,214, and Salem, the second city, a population of 14,094. There are 5 cities having from 5,000 to 10,000, 9 having from 2,500 to 5,000 and 18 having less than 2,500 inhabitants. There are 3 Indian Reservations in the state.

The population of Coos county in 1910 was 17,959.

A Cottage Grove news item is as follows: "W. C. Gonner, former Editor of the Cottage Grove Leader and later of the Coquille Herald, has given up newspaper work and is going into goat raising. He has purchased the farm two miles west of this city known as the Branton place, consisting of 260 acres, and will secure a herd of Angora goats. He already owns a fine lot of high-grade poultry. Coquille Sentinel.

Facts About Chamberlain's Laboratory.

A person purchasing a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has no conception of the magnitude of the laboratory where this medicine is manufactured. The machinery and apparatus used in its preparation was designed especially for the purpose and cost several thousand dollars. Europe, South America and the United States supply the various ingredients of this remedy, and only the highest obtainable quality is used. No pains or expense has been spared in making it as nearly perfect as possible.

A force of helpers representing homes enough to populate an average Iowa town are regularly employed at the plant of the Chamberlain Medicine Company at Des Moines, Iowa. Their printing department, which is usually overlooked in calculating the expense of a business of this kind, ranks as one of the best in the state, and is thoroughly equipped with automatic presses and folders of the latest improved type. Here enough print paper is used in one year to spread over ten farms of 160 acres each, upon which is printed advertising matter, directions and labels in twenty eight different languages and dialects. Enough lumber is used in making the cases in which the medicines are shipped to build an eight room house on each of these ten farms every three months. The bottles used by this firm every year, which are filled by machinery at the rate of 2,000 per hour, if placed end to end would reach across the United States seven times or almost encircle the globe.

A Stranger's Comment.

The following letter was handed in to the Sentinel editor with the request that it be published. If the statement contained therein is true, this is a matter which will bear investigation by the proper authorities. The impression of the stranger in our midst means more toward the future of this section than any other influence, and to this end he should receive the very best of treatment from all sources. The Sentinel would be glad to have an explanation of the conduct of the captain of the boat in question. The letter follows:

Editor Sentinel:—If you will allow me a little space in your valuable paper I would like to make a statement in regard to the accommodations afforded by one of the little steamers plying between your city and Bandon. I am a stranger in this locality and am visiting here with a view of locating in the Coquille valley and am also investigating the conditions for some friends who contemplate locating here.

With some friends I went to Bandon the other day to visit that little city by the sea, and on our return we were invited to visit the ship yard of Hermann Bros. to inspect a boat he is having built there. We expected to take the next boat for Coquille, but for some reason or other the captain of the next boat refused to take us on board as we were where there were no accommodations. No other boat coming up we were obliged to take a boat going down the river and stay over night at Bandon, which caused a serious inconvenience as my time for staying here is limited.

Now, I don't know the reason for his refusal but it seems to me, that, as a common carrier, they should be compelled to take any one who desired to ride on the boats. It certainly makes a very poor impression on strangers and does not redound to the credit of the boat company.—A Stranger.—Coquille Sentinel.

Old Soldier Tortured

"For years I suffered unspeakable torture from indigestion, constipation and liver trouble," wrote A. K. Smith, a war veteran at Erie, Pa. "but Dr. King's New Life Pills fixed me all right. They're simply great." Try them for any stomach, kidney or liver trouble. Only 25c at all druggists.

Death in Roaring Fire

may not result from the work of fire bugs, but often severe burns are caused that make a quick need for Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the quickest, surest cure for burns, wounds, bruises, boils, sores. It subdues inflammation. It kills pain. It heals and soothes. Drives off skin eruptions, ulcers or piles. Only 25c at all druggists.

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Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior.
U. S. Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon.
January 3, 1912.
Notice is hereby given that John N. Luke of Bandon, Oregon, who, on February 2, 1909, made Homestead entry Serial, No. 04214, for Lot 1, Section 1, Township 30, S. R. 15 W., and lots 3 and 4, Section 6, Township 30, S. Range 14 West, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before C. R. Wade, United States Commissioner, at Bandon, Oregon, on the 23 day of February, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: H. P. Clausen, R. W. Ensign, R. Hemple, and James Adams, all of Bandon, Oregon.
I-12 BENJAMIN F. JONES, Register.

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Lodge and Professional Directory

Lodges are requested to notify this office on election of officers and on change of meeting night. Cards under this head are 75c per inch per month.

Lewah Tribe No. 48, Imp. O. R. M.
MEETS First and Third Tuesdays of each month at 8th run at the Bandon Wigwam. Sojourning Chiefs in good standing are cordially invited to attend.
A. J. Hartman, J. C. Shields, C. of R. Sachem.

W. O. W.
Keep the logs rolling boys!
SEASIDE CAMP NO. 212, WOODMEN OF THE WORLD,
MEETS First and Third Thursdays. Visiting Neighbors welcomed.
C. M. Gage, C. C.
H. E. Boak, Secretary

Masonic.
BANDON LODGE, No. 130 A. F. & A. M. Stated communications first Saturday after the full moon of each month. Special communications second Saturday thereafter. All Master Masons cordially invited.
W. E. Craine, W. M.
Phil Pearson, Secretary

Eastern Star
OCCIDENTAL CHAPTER, No. 45, O. E. S., meets Saturday evening before and after stated communication of Masonic Lodge. Visiting members cordially invited to attend.
Louise M. Boyle, W. M.
Merta Mehl, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.
BANDON LODGE, No. 133, I. O. O. F. meets every Wednesday evening. Visiting brothers in good standing cordially invited.
Wm. Lundquist, N. G.
S. A. McAllister, Secretary.

Knights of Pythias
DELPHI LODGE, No. 64, Knights of Pythias. Meets every Monday evening at Knights hall. Visiting knights invited to attend.
C. R. Moore, C. C.
B. N. Harrington K. of R. S.

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