

THE BEAVERTON REVIEW

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URA LYRE'S OWN COLUMN

A bill in Congress to punish newspapers for falsehoods? What is the need? Telling the truth about the present administration should be plenty to condemn it.

Hold your noses folks while they are investigating democratic doings in the state of Pennsylvania. Safe to say they should be looked into on a much wider battle front.

Will the republicans be wise enough to put up strong candidates against the rubber stamps in Congress from Washington and Oregon; and will the people rise up on their hind legs and back up those selections as thinking people should? It is to be hoped so.

Boys! Girls! Did you ever read about Fort Necessity in your histories? It was Ura Lyre's special privilege to visit this stockade a few days ago; the place where George Washington had his first real battle, the opening of the French and Indian War. A few weeks before, he had attacked and routed a very small body of French, hardly enough to be called a battle; and learning that a force of French regulars and their Indian allies, much outnumbering his own were coming, he hurriedly constructed the fort, built by standing small trees on end, side by side, fitted close, and about 7 or 8 feet tall. Notches had been cut near the top every few feet apart; for the defenders to fire thru at their foes. The fort could hardly have been located in a worse place for defense.

something like 350 men he had remaining, with the honors of war; that is carrying their arms with them. Why was the fort located in such a place? The writer can see but one reason and that may have been a most important one. There was a small stream of water close by the fort; hence possibly the name Fort Necessity; if neglected until too late to locate on higher ground and dig a well. Very likely Washington having retired with more than nine-tenths of his men, bearing their arms with them, after facing superior numbers, saved him from capture. Gov. Dinwiddie may not have realized the facts; and then when a year later, the young Lieutenant Colonel saved Braddock's army from complete destruction the other was forgotten.

That brings up the battle of the Monongahela, commonly known as Braddock's Defeat. The next year after Fort Necessity, Major General Edward Braddock with some 1500 British regulars and nearly half as many Continentals headed by Washington marched upon Ft. Duquesne, now the center of Pittsburgh. This was defended by what is generally understood to have been hardly more than half as many French and Indians as Braddock had men. Some dozen miles south of his proposed destination Braddock and his army crossed the Monongahela and moved along the broken and considerably timbered ground for some three miles where the town of Braddock now stands; absolutely certain that his formidable and brilliant array would strike terror in the hearts of the foe.

As I stood on a vantage point far above the town now twice the size of Vancouver, I imagined I could see the vanguard reaching the deep ravine, hear the sudden startling yells of the Indians as they and the French poured a withering fire of arrows and guns from ambush into the massed ranks of the red coats; the brave but futile efforts of the British general as he strove to organize and rally his men, one horse after another fall under him until he himself sank to the ground with a mortal wound. Finally they broke and fled, while the Indians skulked along the higher ground from tree to tree, looking toward the river, still continuing the slaughter.

It was now that Washington and his continentals stopped the onslaught by meeting the red men with their own tactics. Braddock was carried along by the troops, and died four days later, July 13, 1755, within a mile of Fort Necessity where his tomb now stands beside the highway. This is nine miles west of Uniontown. Washington is said to have read the burial service; but the fleeing soldiers hardly stopped to take breath until they reached the Virginia capital at Williamsburg. Why is Fort Necessity important? It started the French and Indian War; the Seven Years War in Europe; changed the map of the New World, making it English instead of French; religiously Protestant instead of Catholic; became the breeder of the Revolutionary War when the colonists refused to be taxed without representation, even to help pay for this very French and Indian War. It, with Braddock's Defeat, brought Washington into premin-

LITTLE MOMENTS IN BIG LIVES



CHRISTIAN GIRL, PRESIDENT OF THE C. G. SPRING AND BUMPER CO., OF DETROIT, WAS A MAIL CARRIER BEFORE THE AUTOMOBILE BECAME QUITE SO POPULAR.

THINGS THAT NEVER HAPPEN



HAZELDALE NEWS

The Hazeldale school soft ball team played against Witch Hazel school on the home grounds on Wednesday of last week winning 21 to 18. Freddie Gassner has recently graded and planted a lawn for Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Mason. School will close Friday with graduation exercises Saturday evening at the school house. Arline Denton and Jackie King are absent from school with the mumps. Billy Smith has returned home from St. Helens where he was employed. Frank Garven has recently installed an electric pump and water system on his place. Mr. and Mrs. Freddie Gassner were in charge of H. C.

Wheat Variety Trials Started

ALBANY — Randall Grimes of Harrisburg is growing White Holland and Zimmerman wheat in measured plots this year as a demonstration trial in cooperation with County Agent F. C. Mullen. The plots will be closely observed and their yields weighed and compared. Wheat growers are of different opinions as to the merits of the two varieties, Mr. Mullen says.

SEE US AND SAVE!

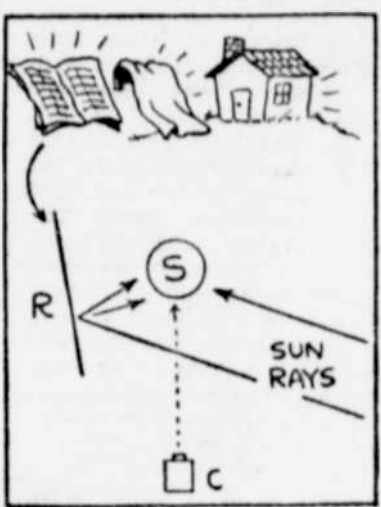
Corsets 25c And Up Funeral Pieces A Specialty CARSON HEIGHTS GARDENS 3023 S. W. Corbett Ave. West End Ross Island Bridge Portland, Ore. ATwater 8058

The SNAPSHOT GUILD SOFTEN THOSE SHADOWS!



No harsh shadows on the faces in this picture! The paper makes an excellent reflector, allows subjects to face AWAY from the sun, not squint INTO it! Try it and see!

WHEN one advises, "Use a reflector to soften and lighten shadows," most photographers think, "Oh, that is too complicated — too much trouble." As a matter of fact, any white or light-colored surface can serve as a reflector, to make shadows soft and full of detail. For instance, look at a man reading a newspaper. The newspaper catches light and reflects it into his face — it is a very good shadow illuminator. A white spring or summer dress catches light and reflects it to the subject's face, and under her sun. A broad white hat brim catches light from the dress, and reflects it to the subject's forehead. A white building (see diagram) can be used as a reflector to lighten the shadow side of the person you are picturing. A white picnic cloth, spread in the sun, reflects enough light to soften shadows in the faces of all the group around it. Whenever you are taking pictures of people, especially in sunlight, make sure that the shadows are softened in some fashion. Black shadows under the subject's eyebrows and nose ruin a picture. Use any sort of reflecting surface — a



A white wall will reflect light to the shadow side of the face if the subject is placed properly. So will a newspaper, or white sheet. S, subject; C, camera; R, reflecting surface.

ELECT JUDGE HOWARD K. ZIMMERMAN To SUPREME COURT POSITION NO. 2. Includes a portrait of Judge Zimmerman and text: 'Interprets law in a progressive spirit, and applies it fairly and impartially. ELECT A YOUNGER MAN WITH JUDICIAL EXPERIENCE. Paid Adv. by H. K. Zimmerman'

Your Congressman James W. MOTT (REPUBLICAN). Includes a portrait of James W. Mott and text: 'CONGRESSMAN MOTT is one of the recognized leaders of the National House of Representatives. He is at his post in Washington NOW protecting YOUR interests. He has placed the First Congressional District of Oregon in the most commanding and secure position it has ever occupied in the House. He has obtained for his District more beneficial legislation and more Federal revenue than it has ever received before. He is a ranking member of the three standing committees of the House (the Committees on Roads, Public Lands and Naval Affairs) which together control most of the national legislation directly affecting the First Oregon District. He is a member of the Committee on Committees — the most powerful appointive authority of the House of Representatives. He holds a strategic place in the floor organization of his own party in the House and is a member of the council which determines its legislative policy in that body. His Re-Nomination and Election Assures Continued Active and Experienced Representation in Congress. (Paid Ad. Mott for Congress Committee)

Raising the Family-



Mr. J. Knowlitt



By Thornton Fish



Why Change?

VOTE FOR Judge Hall S. LUSK. Includes a portrait of Judge Hall S. Lusk and text: 'Incumbent OREGON SUPREME COURT POSITION NO. 5 Non-partisan judicial election May 20, 1938. Paid ad Lusk for Supreme Court Committee, Lawrence T. Harris, chm., 324 Pacific Bldg., Portland, Oregon'