

In this campaign, Walter Pierce has gone about the country melo-dramatically tearing tax bills in two by way of illustrating what he will do to taxes if elected.

The voter, then, should anal yze the tax mat-ter to the extent of becoming informed as to just what part the governor s lays in imposing or reducing taxes.

In the first place, the voter a hould know that the t al levy in Oregon for 1 5 22 is \$40,473,906.

This is a reduction of over \$1,500,000 from last year, so that it will be seen the high cost of government following the war is already reced-ing.

ing. Of this 1922 levy of 40 mi flion, over 31 mil-lion was for county, city : nd school district purposes, over which the go vernor could have no possible control whatever. . Of the remaining 9 million for state purposes, only 3½ million are taxes ov er which the legis-lature has any discretion, z and of this amount, only 2½ million are for the actual expenses of state government and might, therefore, in even the remotest degree, be charg ed to the m.thods employed by the governor in administering the state's affairs.

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state's affairs. In passing, it should be no ted that this state' levy is an increase of 41 per cent, since 1916, and not several hundred per cent, as stated on various occasions by the 'len ocratic candidate. It should also be note' that less than half of this 41 per cent occ' irred dt ring Mr. Olcott's administration. Th's ability to keep down the cost of the state government to so small an increase, when a living expense is in the ordinary home in the same period incre ased over 100 per cent, is ' most creditable showing.

MR. PIERCE'S TAX RECORD

P'erre's own record on taxes and see if past rctig ns as a legislator square with his words.

Ovi the \$9,376,289 of state taxes for 1922, which include the millage taxes, MR. PIERCE S PISCIFICALLY HAS APPROVED OF SL64,039, or 92 per cent. He had no chance at most of the other 8 per cent.

Of the 1922 state taxes, Pierce introduced bills accounting for \$1,429,126, or 15 per cent. In addition to this, he voted for tax bills introduced by others to the amount of \$6,114,-

109, and he has given his public approval on numberless occasions of measures passed since he was returned from the legislature causing taxes amounting to \$1,020,804, making a total of state taxes approved by Pierce of \$8,564,038, or 92 per cent of the total 1922. There is no telling how much of the remainder he might have approved if he had had a chance, and it may be significant that the state taxes have decreased over 11 per cent since Mr. Pierce was retired from the State Senate.

Mr. Pierce has always been a consistent tax booster. He voted against only three per cent of all the appropriations of the 1919 session of the legislature and voted for all the appropria-tions of the 1920 special session.

In 1917 Mr. Pierce introduced a bill to exempt money, notes, mortgages and accounts from taxation. Yet he poses as being anxious to take the burden off real estate!

He voted for submission of \$400,000 bond issue to build a new penitentiary.

Mr. Olcott, at no TAX expense and with prison labor, has fixed up the old penitentiary in excellent shape for another 25 years.

Mr. Pierce voted against accepting road ma-chinery from the government. That machinery now amounts in value to \$1,800,000.

GOVERNOR OLCOTT'S RECORD

GOVERNOR OLCOTT'S RECORD The above are but a few of the extravagances of herce. Mr. Okott, on the other hand, has of herce. Mr. Okott, on the other hand, has of herce. Mr. Okott, on the other hand, has of herce. Herce and business-like manner. He of his level-headedness and his intimate knowly of ge of state affairs. He built a new Boys' industrial School Building by diversion of a millage fund, and therefore, without a single of the various state farms connected with the state institutions until the present year obsorve of \$491,511. He is no talker, no politi-on under false pretenses nor catering to preju-dice, but is going to the people on his own plendid record, confident that is he can but get others of Oregon that he will be vindicated on election day, Tuesday, Nov. 7th.

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Fresh Salmon for sale, f. o. b. Oysterville, at 6c a pound Send orders to WILMER KYLE, Winant, Oregon.

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Amor A. Tussing

you up.

LAWYER AND NOTARY

BROWNSVILLE, OREGON

C.C. BRYANT ATTORNEY AT LAW Cusick Bank Building, Albany, Oregon.

I. O. O. F.

WILDEY LODGE NO. 65. Regular meeting next Saturday night.

all the time

and 14 ounces.

A car shortage is confronting the entire country that promises to be the most serious for many years and the Southern Pacific appeals to shippers for assistance. By double loading they will be ren-dering valuable sesistance, not only to the railroad but to their country at large. Every day they hold a car is not only a loss to the railroad but contributes to the car shortage everywhere. In this acute situation shippers are asked to disregard the free time limit If they do not there will be no.

relief of the Smyrna sufferers who The Harrisburg Bulletin beats number nearly one million. At the four-pound cucumber story least \$15,000,000 will be needed. with one about a potato raised by Contributions should be sent to George Bias that weighs 5 pount's Near East Relief, 618 Stock Exchange building. Portland.



Now Is the Time for Passage of School Bill Vote 314 x Yes

Passage of the Compulsory Public School Attendance bill now—this year —will insure that a minimum number of private schools and private school puplis will be affected. Of the 36 counties of Oregon 16 are at present with-aut any private schools whatever. The combined aggregate of puplis in all the private schools in five other counties is fewer than 200. The total attendance at the private schools, of the grammar grades, of Oregon is about 9841. The total attendance at the public schools, of the grammar grades, is about 131,689. Surely if the public schools are good enough for the 131,689, they are also good enough for the other 9841.

At present, while the private schools are few and small, is the time to make the change proposed by the public school bill.

COSTS. No tax will be levied for years to come, as the bill does not take effect until September, 1926, and no tax then if the amendment is in the courts for several years.

When all attend our free public schools the additional cost will be slight, for the overhead will be the same. Most of the children will find a place in existing classes and the added expense to the average taxpayer will be nominal. The great benefit to our nation will be worth many times the small

Now is the time to pass this measure, insuring that in Oregon all of our children will be educated to a common patriotism, common ideals and a unified allegiance to our institutions.

One Flag---One School---One Language

