have never stopped associating with myself and with Washington and Clay and Webster and Shakespeare and Burns and DeFoe and Scott and Blackstone and Parsons. On the whole, I've been in pretty good com-

"He has not yet accomplished much in the legislature. I don't think that he will until some big issue comes along. 'Tm not much of a hand at hunting squirrels,' he said to me the other day. 'Wait till I see a bear.' The people of Vandalia and Springfield have never seen him yet. They don't know him as I do. But they all respect him-just for his good-fellowship, honesty and decency. I guess that every fellow with a foul mouth hates himself for it and envies the man who isn't like him. They begin to see his skill as a politician, which has shown itself in the passage of a bill removing the capital to Spring-Abe Lincoln was the man who put it through. But he has not yet uncovered his best talents. Mark my word, some day Lincoln will be a big

"The death of his sweetheart has aged and sobered him. When we are together he often sits looking down with a sad face. For a while not a word out of him. Suddenly he will begin saying things, the effect of which will go with me to my grave, although I cannot call back the words and place them as he did. He is what I would call a great captain of words. Seems as if I heard the band playing while they marched by me as well dressed and stepping as proud and regular as the Boston Guards. In some great battle between Right and Wrong you will hear from him. I hope it may be the battle between Slavery and Freedom, although at present he thinks they must avoid coming to a clinch. In my opinion it cannot be done. I expect to live to see the fight and to take part in it."

Late in the session of 1836-1837 the prophetic truth of these words began to reveal itself. A bill was being put through the legislature denouncing the growth of abolition sentiment and its activity in organized societies and upholding the right of property in slaves

Suddenly Lincoln had come to a fork in the road. Popularity, the urge of many friends, the counsel of wealth and power, and public opinion, the call of good politics pointed in one direction and the crowd went that way. It was a stampede. Lincoln stood alone at the corner. The crowd beckoned, but in vain. One man came back and joined him. It was Dan Stone, who was not a candidate for re-election. His political career was ended. There were three words on the sign-board pointing toward the perilous and lonely road that Lincoln proposed to follow. They were the words Justice and Human Rights, Lincoln and Dan Stone took that road in a protest, declaring that they "believed the institution of slavery was founded upon injustice and bad policy." Lincoln had followed his conscience, instead of the

At twenty-eight years of age he had in his career. The declaration at Decatur, the speeches against Douglas, the miracle of turning 4,000,000 beasts into 4,000,000 men, the sublime utterance at Gettysburg, the wise parables, the second inaugural, the innumerable acts of mercy, all of which lifted him into undying fame, were now possible Henceforth he was to go forward with the growing approval of his own spirit and the favor of God.

BOOK THREE

CHAPTER XVII.

Wherein Young Mr. Lincoln Betrays Ignorance of Two Highly Important

There were two subjects of which Mr. Lincoln had little understanding. They were women and finance. Until they had rightly appraised the value of his friendship, women had been wont to regard him with a riant curiosity. He had been aware of this, and for years had avoided women, save those of old acquaintance. When he lived at the tavern in the village, often be had gone without a meal rather than expose himself to the eyes of strange women. The reason for this was well understood by those who knew him. The young man was an exceedsensitive human being. No doubt he had suffered more than any one knew from ill-concealed ridicule. but he had been able to bear it with composure in his callow youth. Later nothing roused his anger like an at tempt to ridicule him

Two women he had regarded with great tenderness-his foster mother the second wife of Thomas Lincoln and Ann Rutledge. Others had beet to him, mostly, delightful but inscru table beings. The company of women and of dollars had been equally unfa miliar to him. He had said more than once in his young manhood that he fel embarrassed in the presence of either and knew not quite how to behav himself-an exaggeration in which

there was no small amount of truth. In 1836 the middle frontier had er tered upon a singular phase of its do velopment. Emigrants from the Eas and South and from overseas had bee pouring into it. The summer befor the lake and river steamers had bee crowded with them, and their wagon come in long processions out the East. Chicago had begun its pho nomenal growth. A frenzied specula

tion in town lots had been under way in that community since the autumn of '35. It was spreading through the state. Imaginary office were laid out on the lonely prairies and all the corner lots sold to eager buyers and paid for with promises. Millions of conversational, promissory dollars, based upon the gold at the foot of the rainow, were changing hands day by day. The legislature, with an empty treasury behind it, voted twelve millions for river improvements and imaginary railroads and canals, for which neither surveys nor estimates had been made, to serve the dream-built cities of the speculator. If Mr. Lincoln had had more experience in the getting and use of dollars and more acquaintance with the shrinking timidity of large sums, he would have tried to dissipate these illusions of grandeur. But he went with the crowd, every member of which had a like inexperience,

In the midst of the session Samson Traylor arrived in Vandalia on his visit to Mr. Lincoln

"I have sold my farm," said Samson to his old friend the evening of his ar-

"Did you get a good price?" Mr.-Lincoln asked. "All that my conscience would allow me to take," said Samson. "The man offered me three dollars an acre in cash and ten dollars in notes. We compromised on seven dollars, all

"What are you going to do now that you have sold out?"

"I was thinking of going up to Taze well county."

"Why don't you go to the growing and prosperous town of Springfield?" Mr. Lincoln asked. "The capitol will be there, and so will I. It is going to be a big city. Men who are to make history will live in Springfield. You must come and help. I shall need your friendship, your wisdom and your sympathy. I shall want to sit often by your fireside. You'll find a good school there for the children. If you'll think of it seriously I'll try to get you into the public service."

"We need you plenty," Samson an swered. "We kind o' think o' you as one o' the family. I'll talk it over with Sarah and see. Never mind the job. If I keep you behavin' yourself, it'll be job enough. Anyway, I guess we can manage to get along."

"I've had a talk with Stuart and have some good news for Harry and Bim," said young Mr. Lincoln. "Stuart thinks she can get a divorce under the law of 1827. I suppose they are still interested in each other?"

"He's like most of the Yankees. Once he gets set, it's hard to change him. The Kelsos have moved to Chicago, and I don't know how Bim If Harry knows, he hasn't said a word to us about it."

"I'm interested is that little romance," said the legislator. "It's our duty to do what we can to secure the happiness of these young lovers. Tell Harry to come over bere. I want to talk with him."

CHAPTER XVIII.

In Which Mr. Lincoln, Samson and Harry Take a Long Ride Together and the Latter Visit the Flourishing Little City of Chicago.

Mr. Lincoln had brought the papers which Harry was to take to Bim, and made haste to deliver them. The boy was eager to be off on his mission. The fields were sown. The new buyer was coming to take possession in two weeks. Samson and Harry had finished their work in New Salem-

"Walt till tomorrow and maybe I'll go with ye," said Samson. "I'm anxlous to take a look at that little mushom city of Chicago.

"And buy a few corner lots?" Abe asked, with a smile.

"No: I'll wait till pext year. They'll be cheaper then. I believe in Ch'cago. It's placed right-on the waterway to on three sides and transportation on the other. It can go into partnership with Steam Power right away and begin to do business. Your grain and pork can go straight from there to Albany and New York and Boston and Baltimore without being rehandled. When railroads come-if they ever do Steam Power will be shoving grain and meat and passengers into Chicago from every point of the compass."

Abe Lincoln turned to Sarah and said: "This is a growing country. You ought to see the cities springing up there in the legislature. I was looking with great satisfaction at the crop when Samson came along one day and fell on it. He was like a frost in midsummer."

"The seed was sown too early," Samson rejoined. "You and I may live to see all the dreams of Vandalla come true.'

"And all the nightmares, too," said the young statesman.

"Yes, we're going to wake up and find a cold morning and not much to eat in the house and the wolf at the door, but we'll live through it."

Then the young statesman proposed: 'If you are going with Harry, I'll go along and see what they've done on the Illinois and Michigan canal. Some contractors who worked on the Erie canal will start from Chicago Monday to look the ground over and bid on the construction of the southern end of it. I want to talk with them when they

come along down the line." "I guess a few days in the saddle

would do you good," said Samson. "I reckon it would I've been cloyed on house air and oratory and



"I've Been Cloyed on House Air and Oratory and Future Greatness."

future greatness. The prairie wind and your pessimism will straighten

Harry rode to the village that afternoon to get "Colonel" and Mrs. Lukins to come out to the farm and stay with Sarah while he and Samson were

Josiah, now a sturdy boy of thirteen, stood in the dooryard, holding the two saddle ponies from Nebraska which Samson had bought of a drover. Betsey, a handsome young miss almost fifteen years old, stood beside him. Sarah, whose face had begun to show the wear of years full of loneliness and hard work, was packing the saddle-bags, now nearly filled, with extra socks and shirts and doughnuts and bread and butter.

They met Abe Lincoln at the tavern, where he was waiting on a big horse which he had borrowed for the trip from James Rutledge. Without delay, the three men set out on the north road in perfect weather. From the hill's edge they could look over a wooded plain running far to the east.

As they rode on, the young statesman repeated a long passage from one of the sermons of Dr. William Ellery Channing on the "Instability of Human Affairs."

"I wish that I had your memory," Samson remarked.

"My memory is like a piece of metal," said the young legislator. "Learning is not easy for me. It's ather slow work-like engraving with a tool. But when a thing is once printed on my memory it seems to stay there. It doesn't rub out. When I run across a great idea, well expressed, I like to put it on the wall of my mind where I can live with it. In this way every man can have his own little art gallery and be in the company of great men."

They forced a creek in deep water, where a bridge had been washed away. As they came out dripping on the shore, Lincoln remarked: "The thing to do in fording a deep stream is to keep watch o' your horse's ears. As long as you can see 'em you're all right."

"Mr. Lincoln, I'm sorry-you got into a hole," said Samson.

"I don't mind that, but while we're traveling together, please don't call me 'Mr. Lincoln.' I don't think I've done anything to deserve such lack of respect."

Samson answered: "If you're nice to us, I don't know but we'll call ye 'Abe' again, just for a few days. You can't expect us to go too far with a man who associates with judges and generals and governors and such trash. the north and east, with good country If you keep it up, you're bound to lose standing in our community.'

"I know I've changed," said Abe, "I've grown older since Ann diedyears ago-but I don't want you fellows to throw me over. I'm on the same level that you are and I intend to stay there. It's a fool notion that men go up some heavenly stairway to another plane when they begin to do things worth while. That's a kind of feudalistic twaddle. The wise man keeps his feet on the ground and lifts his mind as high as possible. The higher he lifts it, the more respect he will have for the common folk. Have either of you seen McNamar since he got back?"

"I saw him the day he drove into the village," Harry answered. was expecting to find Ann and make good his promise to marry her."

"Poor fool! It's a sad story all around," said Abe Lincoln. "He's not a bad fellow, I reckon, but he broke Ann's heart. Didn't realize what a tender thing it was. I can't forgive

In the middle of the afternoon they came in sight of the home of Henry Brimstead.

"Here's where we stop and feed. and listen to Henry's secrets,", said Samson. The level fields were cut into

squares outlined by wooden stakes. Brimstead was mowing the grass in dooryard. He dropped his scythe and came to welcome the travelers. "Say, don't you know that you are standing in the center of a large and promising city?" he said to Samson, New One-way Fares Eastbound through

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"You are standing at the corner of Grand avenue and Empire street, in the growing city of El Dorado, near the great water highway of Illinois," Brimstead declaimed.

"Where's the growin'?" Samson demanded. Brimstead came closer and said in a

confidential tone: "If you stand right where you are an' listen, you'll hear it growin'."

"It sounds a good deal like a turnip growin' in a garden," Samson re-

marked, thoughtfully. "Give it a fair chance," Brimstead went on. "Two cellars have been dus over there in the pasture. One is for the town hall and the other for the university which the Methodists are going to build. A railroad has been surveyed and is expected this sum-Every corner lot has been sold and paid for, half cash and half

"The brokers in Chicago got the cash and you got the notes?" "You've said it. I've got a drawer

full of notes."

"And you've quit farmin'?" "Say, I'll tell ye the land has gone up so it wouldn't pay. Peasley an' I cal'ate that we're goin' to git rich this

summer sellin' lots." "Wake up, man. You're dreamin',"

Henry came close to Samson and said in a confidential tone: "Say, mebbe the whole state is dreamin' an' vellin' in its sleep 'bout canals an' schools an' factories an' mills an' railroads. We're havin' a good time, any-

way.' This reminded Abe Lincoln of the

story: There was a man in Pope county who came home one evening and sat down in the middle of the barn floor and began to sing. His wife asked

"'Are you drunk or crazy or a

"I don't know what you'd call it. but I know I ain't got a darn bit to spare,' he answered, with a whoop of

"You're all goin' to roll out o' bed and hit the floor with a bump," said

Brimstead declared in his usual

tone of confidence: "The worst part o' bein' a fool is lonesomeness. I was the only one in Flea valley. Now I shall be in the company of a governor an' dozens o' well

known statesmen. You'll be the only lonesome man in Illinois." "I sometimes fear that he will enjoy the loneliness of wisdom," said Honest Abe.

"In some parts of the state every farmer owns his own private city," Samson declared. "I hope Henry Brimstead does as well raising cities as he did raising grain. He was a very successful farmer."

"I knew you'd make fun o' me but when you come again you'll see the towers an' steeples," said Brimstead. "Put up your horses and come into the house and see the first lady of El Dorado,"

Mrs. Brimstead had their dinner cooking before the horses were cared for. "Well, what do you think of Henry's plans?" she asked. "I like the farm better."

"So do I," the woman declared. "But the men around here have gone crazy with dreams of sudden wealth.'

"I've only a word of advice about it. If those Chicago men sell any more of your land make them take the notes and you take the money. Where is Annabel?"

"Teaching the school at Hopedale." "We're going up to Chicago to see

he Kelsos," sald Samson. "Glad you are. Some rich feller up here by the name of Davis has fallen n love with Bim an' he don't give her ny peace. He left here last night oin' north. Owns a lot o' land in l'azewell county an' wears a diamond in his shirt as big as your thumb nail. Bim has been teaching school in Chicago this winter. It must be a wonderful place. Every one has loads of money. The stores an' houses are as thick as the hair on a dog's backme of 'em as big as all outdoors."

Abe Lincoln and Harry entered vith their host and the travelers sat down to a luncheon of pudding and milk and doughnuts and pie.

"How far do you call it to the syca-

rose from the table. "About thirty mile," said Brim-

stead. "We must be off if we are to get there before dark," the young statesman declared.

They saddled their horses and mounted and rode up to the door, After their acknowledgments and farewells Brimstead came close to Samson and said in confidence: "I enjoy bein' a millionaire for a few minutes now an' then. It's as good as goin' to a circus an' cheaper.'

"The feelings of a millionaire are almost as good as the money while they last," said Abe Lincoln with a

At early candlelight they reached the sycamore woods very hungry. It was a beautiful grovelike forest on the shore of a stream. The crossing was a rough bridge of corduroy. A crude log tavern and a cruder store stood on the farther shore of the creek. The tavern was a dirty place with a drunken proprietor. Three ragged, shiftless farmers and a halfbreed Indian sat in its main room in varying stages of inebriacy. A welldressed, handsome young man with a diamond in his shirt-front was lead ing a horse back and forth in the stable yard. The diamond led Samson to suspect that he was the man Davis of whom Mrs. Brimstead had spoken, Our travelers, not liking the look of the place, got some oats and rode on. camping near the farther edge of the woods, where they built a fire, fed and tethered their horses and sat down and ate from the store in their saddle-

Then with their knives Abe and Samson cut big armfuls of grass from the near prairie for the horses and a

Samson had that gift of "sleeping with one eye open" which the perils of the wilderness had conferred upon the ploneer. He had lain down on the side of their bed near the horses, which were tethered to trees only a few feet away. He had gone to sleep with his pistol under his right hand.



Your Hands," Samson

Late in the night he was awakened by an unusual movement among the horses. In the dim light of the fire he could see a man in the act of bridling Abe's horse.

"Hold up your hands," Samson shouted as he covered the man with his pistol. "If ye stir a foot I'll bore

a hole in ye." The man threw up his hands and stood still.

In half a moment Abe Lincoln and Harry had got up and captured the man and the loosed horse.

This is part of the entry which Samson made in his diary a week or so later:

"Harry put some wood on the fire

while Abe and I led him up into the light. He was one of the dirty white men we had seen at the tavern. "'I'll give you four hundred dollars

for a hoss in good Michigan money,' he said. "'If ye can't steal a horse you're

willin' to buy one,' I says. "'No, sir. I only come to buy,' says

"I flopped him sudden and asked him why he was putting on the bridle. "He owned up then. Said a man had hired him to steal the horse.

"'That man has got to have a hoss," he said. 'He'll give ye any price fe want to ask. If you'll give me a few dollars I'll take ye to him.'

'You go and bring him here and I'll talk to him.' I said.

"I let the feller go. I didn't suppose he'd come back, but he did. Came a little before sunrise with that well-dressed feller we saw at the

"'What's your name?' I says. "He handed me a card on which I read the words Lionel Davis, Real Estate, Loans and Iusurance, 14 South Water Street, Chicago, Ill.'

"'There's one branch o' your business that isn't mentioned on the card,' I says. "'What's that?' says he.

"'Horse-thief,' says I. 'You sent that feller here to steal a horse and he got caught.'

"'Well I told him if he'd get me a good horse I'd give him five hundred dollars and that I didn't care how he got him. The fact is I'm desperate. I'll give you a thousand dollars for one of your horses

"'You couldn't buy one of 'em at any price,' I said. 'There's two reasons. wouldn't do business with a horsethief and no money would tempt me to sell an animal to be ridden to death.'

"The two thieves had had enough of us and they got out." That night our party camped on the shore of the Kankakee and next day they met the contractors. Lincoln joined the latter party and Harry and Samson went on alone. Late that afternoon they crossed the nine-mile prai-

structures of the new city. "There it is," said Samson. "Four thousand, one hundred and eighty people live there. It looks like a stur-

rie, beyond which they could see the

shimmer of the lake and the sunlit

dy two-year-old." The houses were small and cheaply built and of many colors. Some were unpainted. Near the prairie they stood like people on the outer edge of a crowd, looking over one another's shoulders and pushing in a disordered mass toward the center of interest. Some seemed to have straggled away as if they had given up trying to see or hear. So to one nearing it the town

had a helter-skelter look. A sound of many hammers beating upon boards could be heard above the noises of the street and behind all was the constant droning of a big steam saw and the whir of the heavy stones in the new grist mill. It was the beginning of that amazing diapason of industry which accompanied the build-

ing of the cities of the West,

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