

WeeklyRogue River Courier  
COUNTY OFFICIAL PAPER.

A. T. Voorhies, Proprietor  
J. Contact, Editor

Entered at the Grants Pass, Oregon, post office as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES  
One Year \$1.50  
Six months .75  
Three Months .40

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1912.

PROGRESSIVE PRINCIPLES HAVE WON.

Do not let any member of the progressive party think for a moment that the principles advocated have suffered defeat. Corruption in the republican convention at Chicago was responsible for the birth of the new political organization. It was not for the benefit of any particular set of men this party was born, but it was the vox populi—the crying aloud to right the wrong suffered by the rank and file of the time-honored republican party, which for half a century had stood for honesty, good government, patriotism and the rights of men. They had at last come face to face with corruption in such a form as made it impossible to further follow the lead of those who had by base political methods gotten control of the party.

Let us not annoy ourselves with what is to be done in the future. In thought and deed, we are republicans still and it is a great comfort to realize that corruption has received a proper rebuke. If Mr. Wilson and the men that will act with him will perform their sworn duty, the country will be safe. The new president has the best wishes of the people of every state in the union and the future looks bright as the dawn of a glorious day. Let us hope therefore that, regardless of party, we shall all stand together for that kind of government which our fathers established.

LONGER PRESIDENTIAL TERM.

The sentiment in favor of a longer and a single term for the president of the United States comes up stronger with each recurring four-year election. Four years is not long enough period for an administration to demonstrate the effectiveness of its policies, neither is it long enough for business interests to adjust themselves to a change of conditions that follow different governmental ideas on tariff and other essentials of national life. This leaves business in a constant ferment, uncertain, unable to map out a definite system, and makes too great the danger that the administration may trim its own sails rather than adjust the canvas of the ship of state. Always that idea of the "second term" is before the four-year incumbent, and his own political fortunes may blind him to the bigger things, the things for which he was elected. An eight-year term, with no re-election, would assure the president that his policies could have a fair trial, and the second term "endorsement" of the man would not always be a haunting phantom.

HIGHWAYS AND TRADE.

One of the best moves for the development of Josephine county is the organization of the Good Roads association. It is a movement that should include in its activity not alone one portion of the county, but there should be a common endeavor by all the people to further the cause.

Because of the physical characteristics of the mountainous territory, it can be said that "All roads lead to Grants Pass" and it is proper that the central movement should come from here, and every business man if the city be filled with the spirit of the cause. That this is true was proven when practically the entire list of business men entered the dining hall at the Hotel Oxford to partake of the first Good Roads luncheon. The proposition to meet at the

same time and place next Tuesday met with unanimous approval, and permanent organization will be effected at that time.

As trade is the life of a community so the highways are the arteries that carry this life blood to the business heart. Good roads are absolutely necessary to the prosperity and to the future development of Grants Pass and of the entire Rogue valley, and the subject is the all-important one.

DEMOCRATIC VICTORY AND BUSINESS.

There is little fear that democratic victory will disturb business conditions as it did with the election of Grover Cleveland. Then the tariff ideas were more radical, and the monetary system was on a more unstable basis. The parties are nearer together on these essentials of the political life than they were then, and there is not the danger of disturbing changes. Wilson has the experiences of the country under the previous democratic administrations to guide him, and the people are less fearful of results. The danger to business stability was not through the fact that a democrat was to occupy the presidential chair, but because the shifting of the principles of government would have a disquieting effect.

The Wall Street Journal, which publication reflects sentiment in the financial center, says:

"The consensus of opinion in business circles is that the election of Woodrow Wilson will not check the upward trend of business. One of his efforts while in office would be to effect a re-adjustment of the tariff, but it is believed he will not go about it in such a way as to destroy confidence."

NO DISTURBANCE OF PROSPERITY.

Now that the democratic party has won the election they will have an opportunity to make good the thousand and one pledges they have given to the American people. They have admitted that the government has been conducted in a manner to be highly commended and that present conditions are all that could be desired. Senator T. P. Gore, chairman of the democratic organization bureau, speaking on this point, a few days ago said: "Business was never better, notwithstanding we are just on the eve of an election," and he goes on to say that prosperity will not be disturbed. The democratic house will be patriotic enough to allow prosperity to take its course, the Wilson administration will reflect credit upon the democratic party and insure it an eight year administration. All the people care for is good government and prosperity.

THE PRICE OF PEACE.

It has been often said that the great expense to which the United States goes to be on an equal footing with other nations so far as preparedness for war is concerned is its best guaranty of peace. The Chronicle goes into figures to show what peace costs the world, and the startling array of figures prove that while peace hath its victories, it is expensive when it comes to footing the bill, and one commentator states that the great powers of Europe alone have expended more than two billions of dollars during the last year alone in getting ready to fight if occasion presented itself.

Great Britain during 1912 is estimated to have spent about \$145,000,000 on its navy, and on its arms

\$192,000,000, a total of \$337,000,000. During the same time Germany spent on its land forces, its own navy, \$218,000,000 and on its navy \$160,000,000. France spent about \$200,000,000, the United States \$250,000,000 and Russia and Japan, for which countries reliable figures are not obtainable, probably between \$100,000,000 and \$200,000,000 each.

\$15.00  
MAN'S SUIT  
With Extra  
PANTS

Golden Rule Store

The Greatest Offer Ever Made In Men's Clothing

HOW CAN  
WE DO IT  
?

A Suit worth... \$15.00  
An extra Pair of  
Pants worth... 5.00  
\$20.00  
All for \$15

\$5.00  
ABSOLUTELY  
FREE  
TO YOU

This is a Department Store eliminating exclusive store expenses. We buy in large quantities and buy for cash. We buy direct from first hands and eliminate middleman's profit. Our large buying organization with its many purchasing advantages enable us to sell you at the same price most stores must pay.

GOLDEN RULE STORE  
GRANTS PASS, OREGON



THE SALOON MAN AND THE LAW.

The liquor selling business is recognized as an out-lawed industry suffered to endure only when hedged about with the most restrictive regulations and subject to high license. The payment of this license fee is in a measure a forfeit which the would-be dealer posts as a guaranty that he will abide by the restrictions and regulations imposed, and the higher the license the greater the assurance that the best class of men who engage in the business will be found here. With a low license the number of places is multiplied, the strife for existence is greater, and the violation of the laws on every possible pretext by some of them results. The up-right, law-abiding saloon-keeper is handicapped in the city where a low license fee attracts the rabble of the trade.

Grants Pass having by a liberal majority concluded that it will return to the license system, the details adopted become the question of interest. That the fee be large should be agreed by all who are not blinded by prejudice. That the restrictions should be such as will protect the public from the worst influences of the business is good policy from the saloon man's point of view and an absolute demand upon the part of the public. That the saloon man is entitled to what he pays for is recognized, and a great deal of the agitation against him has developed because too many of them thought they were paying a license fee for immunity from the law.

With the enactment of an ordinance that acknowledges the rights of the public and that is at the same time fair to the saloon man, much of the strife between the public and the industry will be quieted. A limited number of saloons, reasonable closing hours, and the automatic forfeiture of licenses for a repeated violation of the law are features that are being discussed by the committee having the formulating of the new law in hand, and these reasonable regulations should meet the ready acceptance of all. The recommendations of the committee are found elsewhere in the Courier today.

It has been said all the time that Delation was all that was needed to make Josephine county blossom as the rose. Now that the county has gone "west" by a majority of 64 votes and the city by a majority of 87, there will undoubtedly be some interesting "blossoms" cultivated.

A civilized world is sympathizing with the Balkan allies in their war against the Terrible Turks. At Tur-

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon, October 30, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Theodore F. Meese, whose postoffice address is 23 E. 12th St., Portland, Ore., did, on the 4th day of December, 1911, file in this office sworn statement and application, No. 97728, to purchase the SW 1/4 of section 2, township 39 S., range 7 W., Willamette meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provision of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "timber and stone law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised at \$1,427, the timber estimated at 3,650,000 board feet at 9.40 per M., and the land nothing; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 20th day of January, 1913, before the register and receiver of the United States land office, at Roseburg, Oregon.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

B. F. JONES, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon, October 30, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that George H. Steinhilber whose postoffice address is 833 Malloy Ave., Portland, Oregon, did, on the 4th day of December, 1911, file in this office sworn statement and application, No. 97729, to purchase lots 1 and 2 and 1/2 of NE 1/4 of section 2, township 39 S., range 7 W., Willamette meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "timber and stone law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, \$1,240.00, the timber estimated at 3,199,000 board feet at \$0.40 per M., and the land nothing; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 20th day of January, 1913, before the register and receiver of the United States land office, at Roseburg, Oregon.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

B. F. JONES, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon, October 30, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Louis A. Unverferth, whose postoffice address is 751 1-2 Washington St., Portland, Oregon, did on the 7th day of December, 1911, file in this office sworn statement and application, No. 97735, to purchase Lots 3 and 4 and 1/2 of NW 1/4, section 2, township 39 S., range 7 W., Willamette meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "timber and stone law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, \$1,324.00, the timber estimated 3,310,000 board feet at \$0.40 per M., and the land nothing; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 20th day of January, 1913, before the register and receiver of the United States land office, at Roseburg, Oregon.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

B. F. JONES, Register.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that there are funds in the treasury of School District No. 7 of Josephine county, Oregon, to take up and redeem all outstanding warrants of the district up to and including October 7, 1912, numbers 4572 and 4764, inclusive. Interest on said warrants will cease and terminate November 1, 1912.

EDWARD S. VAN DYKE,  
District Clerk.

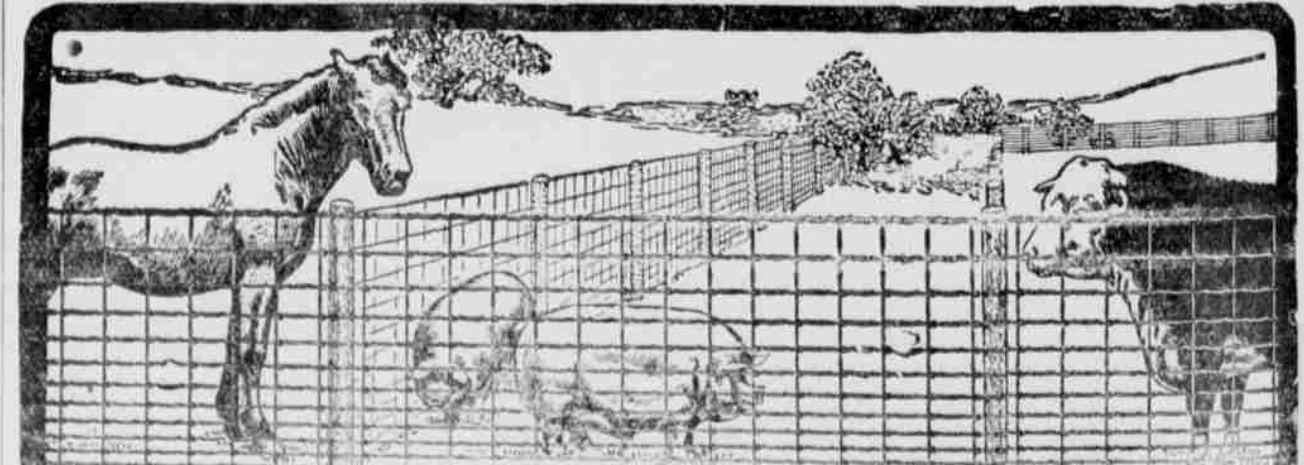
key is beheaded and plucked of all its tail feathers, it will have been sacrificed to a good cause, and will assist that other turkey in providing material for the general Thanksgiving day now approaching.

Mrs. Grace Young of Brown Acres, and her sister, Mrs. McCartney, left Wednesday morning for Pittsburg, the former to visit and the latter returning to her home.

Read "WHY SOME MEN SHOULD NOT MARRY."

by Lloyd Vivian of Australia. An enthralling lecture for interesting secrets. A dollar discourse for a silver dime, this week and next, booklet form, postpaid. Address, L. V. Starr, 1927 Toberman St., Block 55, Los Angeles, Cal.

Mining Blanks at Courier office. 656



Security For Your Live Stock

of every kind, and for your fields of growing crops, is what you want, and what you have a right to expect, when you buy fence. A fence that a bull can break through or break down is not worth paying good money for. You want weight in the fence you buy, weight enough to turn the heaviest Percheron or stop a "devil wagon." Now, it is a fact—and you should know it—that, per running rod, you obtain the most weight in wire that is given in any fence, in the celebrated

AMERICAN FENCE

It is made on purpose to be the heaviest, most durable and lasting of any fence at any price. It is made and sold in larger quantities than any other two fences in the world, solely on its merits. The makers of AMERICAN FENCE own and operate their own iron mines and furnaces, their own wire mills and six immense fence factories. Their product is the acknowledged

STANDARD OF THE WORLD

We can show you this fence in our stock and explain its merits and superiority, not only in the roll out in the field. Come and see us and get our prices.

Rogue River Hardware Co.