## **HUNTING THE BLACK-TAILED** DEER

THEODORE ROOSEVELT

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HE black-tall's great curiosity is one of the disadvantages under which it inbors in the fierce strug gle for existence, com pared to the white-tail. The latter, when startled, does not often stop to look round:

but the former will generally do so. first black-tail I ever killed was obtained owing solely to this pecultarity. I had been riding up along the side of a brushy coulle, when a fine buck started out some thirty yards ahead. Although so close, my first shot, a running one, was a miss; when a couple of hundred yards off, on the very crest of the spur up which he had run, he stopped and turned partially round. Firing again from a rest, the bullet broke his hind leg far up and went into his body. Off he went on three legs, and I after him as fast as the horse could gallop. He went over the spur and down into the valley of the creek from which the coulie branched up, in very bad ground.

My pony was neither fast nor surefooted, but of course in half a mile



overhauled the three legged deer, which turned short off and over the side of the hill flanking the valley. Instead of running right up on it 1 foolishly dismounted and began firing; after the first shot-a miss-it got behind a boulder hitherto unseen, and thence over the crest. The pony meanwhile had slipped its hind leg into the rein; when, after some time, I got it out and galloped up to the ridge, the most careful scrutiny of which my practised eyes were capable failed to discover a track on the dry ground, hard as granite. A day or two afterward the place where the carcass lay was made known by the vultures, gathered together from all parts to feed upon it.

When fired at from a place of hiding, deer which have not been accustomed to the report of a gun will often appear confused and uncertain what to On one occasion, while hunting in the mountains, I saw an old buck with remarkably large horns, of curious and beautiful shape, more symmetrical than in most instances where the normal form is departed from. The deer was feeding in a wide, gently sloping valley, containing no cover from behind which to approach him. We were in no need of meat, but the antiers were so fine that I felt they justified the death of their bearer. After a little patient waiting, the buck the ridge on the other side, moving up behind a thick growth of stunted ceconfident, I fired hastily, overshooting away from the ridge, so that he saw nothing, while the echo prevented hisplacing the sound. He took a couple and was again overshot. Again he edge of the cover, near the top of the took a few jumps, and the third shot went below him; and the fourth just shot at him, bounded over the crest. behind him. This was too much, and and was lost to sight. away he went. In despair I knelt down (I had been firing offhand). took a steady aim well-forward on his body, and fired, bringing him down,



rediffable as the mere target shot would think. I have seen many a deemed it probable that she would not crack marksman at the target do quite as bad missing when out in the field. and that not once, but again and again

I have never made big bags myself. for I rarely hunt except for a fine head or when we need meat, and if it can be avoided do not shoot at fawns or does so the greatest number I have ever killed in a day was three. This was late one November, on an occasion when our larder was running low. My foreman and I, upon discovering this fact, determined to make a trip next day back in the broken country, away from the river.

We breakfasted hours before sunrise. and then mounted our horses and rode up the river bottom. The bright prairie moon was at the full, and was sunk in the west till it hung like a globe of white fire over the long row of jagged bluffs that rose from across the river, while its beams brought into fantastic relief the peaks and crests of the buttes upon our left. The valley of the river Itself was in partial darkness, and the stiff, twisted branches of the sagebrush seemed to take on uncanny shapes as they stood in the hollows. The cold was stinging, and we let our willing horses gallop with loose reins, their hoofs ringing on the frozen ground. After going up a mile or two along the course of the river we turned off to follow the bed of a large dry creek. At its mouth was a great space of ground much cut up by the hoofs of the cattle, which was in summer overflowed and almost a morass; but now the frost-bound earth was like wrinkled iron beneath the horses' feet. Behind us the westerning moon sank down out of sight; and with no light but that of the stars, we let our horses thread their own way up the creek bottom. When we had gone a couple of miles from the river the sky in front of our faces took on a faint grayish tinge, the forerunner of dawn. All in the valley was yet dark when we reached the place where the creek began to split up and branch out into the various arms and ravines from which it headed. We galloped smartly over the divide into a set of coulies and valleys which ran into a different creek, and selected a grassy place where there was good feed to leave the horses. My companion picketed his:

Manitou needed no picketing.

The tops of the hills were growing rosy, but the sun was not yet above horizon when we started off, with our rifles on our shoulders, walking in cautious silence, for we were in good ground and might at any moment see a deer. Above us was a plateau of some size, breaking off sharply at the rim into a surrounding stretch of very rough and rugged country. It sent off low spurs with notched crests into the valleys round about. and its edges were indented with steep ravines and half circular basins, their sides covered with clusters of gnaried and wind-beaten cedars, often gathered into groves of some size. The ground was so broken as to give excellent cover under which a man could ap-

proach game unseen. At last, just as the sun had risen. we came out by the mouth of a deep ravine or hollow cut in the flank of the plateau, with steep, cedar-clad sides; and on the crest of a jutting spur not more than thirty yards from where I stood, was a black-tail doe, haif facing me. I was in the shadow. and for a moment she could not make me out, and stood motionless with her head turned toward me and her great ears thrown forward. Dropping on my knee, I held the rifle a little back of her shoulder-too far back, as it proved, as she stood quartering and not broadside to me. No fairer chance could ever fall to the lot of a hunter; but, to my intense chagrin, she bounded off at the report as if unhurt. disappearing instantly. My companion had now come up, and we ran up a rise of ground, and crouched down beside a great block of sandstone, in a walked out of the valley, and over position from which we overlooked the whole ravine or hollow. After some wind; I raced after him, and crept up minutes of quiet watchfulness, we range was due purely to carelessness heard a twig snap-the air was so still and bad judgment dars, which had started up from we could bear anything-some rods among some boulders. The deer was up the ravine, but below us; and imabout a hundred yards off, down in mediately afterward a buck stole out the valley. Out of breath, and over. of the cedars. Both of us fired at is going a long way toward correcting once, and with a convulsive spring be it. I kept wishing that I could get anhim. The wind blew the smoke back rolled over backward, one bullet hav- other chance to see if I had not profother-probably mine-having broken a hind leg. Immediately afterward, of jumps nearer, when he stood still another buck broke from the upper

We now determined to go down into the ravine and look for the doe, and as away. I was off Maniton's back in an there was a good deal of snow in the bottom and under the trees, we knew and was evidently soon going to stop but with small credit to the shot, for we could soon tell if she were wound. And look round, so I dropped on one the bullet had gone into his hip, pare. ed. After a little search we found her knee, with my rife half raised, and lyzing his bind-quarters. The antiers track, and walking along it a few waited. When about sixty yards off are the finest pair I ever got, and form Yards, came upon some drops and then be haited and turned sideways to me, a magnificent ornament for the hall: a splash of blood. There being no effering a beautiful broadside shot. I but the shooting is hardly to be re- need to hurry, we first dressed the aimed at the spot just behind the shoulcalled with pleasure. Still, though dead buck-a fine fat fellow, but with der and felt I had him. At the report certainly very bad, it was not quite as small misshapen horus and then took be went off, but with short, weak

in the trait of the wounded doe, trere however, I again committed an error and paid too much heed to the traff and too little to the country round about; and while following it with my eyes down on the ground in a place where it was faint, the doe got up some distance ahead and to one side of me, and bounded off round a corner of the ravine. The bed where she had ain was not very bloody, but from the fact of her having stopped so soon. was sure she was badly wounded However, after she got out of the snow the ground was as hard as flint, and it was impossible to track her; the val ley soon took a turn, and branched into a tangle of coulies and ravines. go up hill, but would run down the course of the main valley; but as it was so uncertain, we thought it would pay us best to look for a new deer. Our luck, however, seemed-very de-

servedly-to have ended. We tramped on, as swiftly as was compatible with quiet, for hour after hour; beating through the valleys against the wind. and crossing the brushy beads of the ravines, sometimes close together, and sometimes keeping about a hundred yards apart, according to the nature of the ground. When we had searched all through the country round the head of the creek, into which we had come down, we walked over to the next, and went over it with equal care and patience. The morning was now well advanced, and we had to change our method of hunting. It was no longer likely that we should find the deer feeding or in the open, and instead we looked for places where they might be expected to bed, following any trails that led into thick patches of brush or and other fruits to say nothing of young trees, one of us then hunting grapes and berries of all kinds for through the patch while the other kept watch without. Doubtless we must have passed close to more than one deer, and doubtless others beard us skulked off through the thick and cover; but, although we saw plenty of signs, we saw neither hoof nor hair of living thing.

We lunched at the foot of a great clay butte, where there was a bed of

After lunch we hunted until the we went back to our horses. The buck was packed behind good old Manitou, who can carry any amount of weight at a smart pace, and does not care at all if a strap breaks and he finds his load dangling about his feet, an event that reduces most horses to a state of frantic terror. As soon as loaded we rode down the valley into which the one taking each side and looking into every possible lurking place. The odds were all against our finding any trace of her; but a hunter soon learns that he must take advantage of every chance, however slight. This time we were rewarded for our care; for after riding about a mile our attention was attracted by a white patch in a clump of low briars. On getting off and looking in it proved to be the white rump of the doe, which lay stretched out inside, stark and stiff. The ball had gone in too far aft and had come out on the opposite side near her hip, making a mortal wound, but one which allowed her to run over a mile before dying. It was little more than an accident that we in the end got her; and my so nearly missing at such short



Neither of my shots had so far done me much credit; but at any rate I had learned where the error lay, and this his gone through his neck, and the ited by my lessons; and before we reached home my wish was gratified. We were loping down a grassy valley, detted with clumps of brush, the wind blowing strong in our faces, and deadplateau, and, though I took a hurried ening the noise made by the boofs on the grass. As we passed by a piece of broken ground a yearling black-tall buck jumped into view and cantered instant. The buck was moving slowly,

bounds, and I knew he would not go far; nor dld he, but stopped short, swayed unsteadily about, and went over on his side, dead, the builet clean through his body.



#### FALL WORK OF PLOWING AND PLANTING BEGUN

Fall plowing has commenced inearnest and the farmers of this section are therefore busily engaged and have been ever since the welcome rains of last week which put the ground in good shape to work. For the seed for next year's grain crop will be the order of things on most of our farms. On quite a few places a great deal of garden truck will be put in this fall though probably most farmers will await the coming of spring for this sert of work.

On many of the newer places the ax, the saw and the stump puller are busy and as fast as the wood is removed the ground made ready to receive fruit trees and grapes. Between now and spring hundreds acres of land which have heretofore been covered with timber and brush will be planted to apples, pears, peaches, cherries, which this portion of the Rogue River Valley is famous. The progress which will be made in transforming waste lands to orchards and vineyards during the next six months will undoubtedly equal or exceed all the work heretofore done in this line in the valley.

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