ROGUE RIVER COURIER,

Published Every Thursday,

A. E. VOORHIES,

PROPRIETOR.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One Year, in advance,	$1.25
Six Months,	.65
Three Months,	.35
Single Copies,	.05

Advertising rates on application. Copy for change of ad must be handed in before Tuesday noon, otherwise setting of the matter will be charged for at the rate of 5c per running inch, single column. Alterations and additions to copy will be charged or at the rate of 10c per running inch, single column.

Entered at the post office at Grants Pass, Oregon, as second-class mail matter.

THURSDAY, MARCH 29, 1900.

Pendleton has an ordinance against expectorating on the sidewalks, which went into effect on Thursday. A penalty of $1 is provided for each offense and it is said that the officers will enforce the law. A petition for an ordinance to that effect is now on file before the council of Grants Pass. It is signed very generally by the ladies, who manifest a strange aversion to wading through swamps and sloughs of nicotine and who seem to think they have some claim on the public consideration. The ordinance is all right and does not necessarily curtail any of the rights of man. It is not necessary to use the sidewalk as a cuspidor. The street is ample and sufficient. Nevertheless, it is expected that the enforcement of the ordinance, if passed, would keep Dave busier than he has been for many a day.

The Transvaal government has sent requests for mediation to the United States and to several governments in Europ. Of course, mediation is impossible unless both parties favor it and England wants no mediation. President McKinley, however, on request of the Boer government, offered the services of the United States as mediator, which offer was rejected by England with some indignation. Some of the London papers declared that if the offer had come from any other source it would have been considered an unfriendly act. No other government went so far as to do even this much. In the face of the facts, it seems unfair to constantly accuse McKinley of being a British sympathiser as many anti-administration papers are doing. This is campaign year, and political prejudice will be worked for all there is in it. Fairness is a great essential to correct political vision.

Much stuff is being printed and reprinted in regard to martial law in Idaho, and the "horrors" of the bull-pen prison. The latter have been exaggerated to a ridiculous degree and will be until the end of the chapter which will be the presidential election next November. While some of these men may have been treated hardly, as a rule they have experienced much better treatment than confirmed law breakers deserve. Not one man would need to be there, if he had kept within the known limits of right and justice. The problem of the controversy of capital and labor is not to be solved or decided off-hand, but either one that resorts to lawlessness for carrying its point is surely subject to punishment. But it is campaign year, and therefore criminals may pose as demagogue's martyrs for a few months and perhaps somebody may vote for somebody. This end is ample reason, according to the creed of the demagogue, for attacking any of our institutions, even though they may be absolutely necessary for the welfare or safety of the nation. Every party has a large supply of these demagogues and in campaign year they are abroad in all their glory. When people get clear-sighted enough to recognise demagoguery in representatives of their own particular party, we will then be in a fair way to recovery. We believe that improvement is going on and that unreasoning partisanship is on the decrease. It can not decrease too rapidly. Good sense is almost an essential in any business or enterprise, and not less so in the greatest business entrusted us, that of running a nation like the United States.

One of the young lady teachers of Grants Pass was engaged to teach in a certain Jackson county district, and was to have commenced the school last Monday. On Saturday, however, she was notified by telephone not to come. Explanations followed by letter. Incredible and astonishing though it may seem, the people and the board of directors were actually afraid she would "transmit" the small-pox to the school. With blessed assurance, they gravely advanced the idea that she could readily see the "position" in which they were placed; that "preventative was better than cure" and that they hoped she would look at it from a "health standpoint". It is past comprehension that people of intelligence will remain in such a state of mind; stubbornly refusingly fact and clinging to sensational lies as for their life. This neighborhood is not alone in its criminal fallacy. The idea prevails in other Jackson county districts that Grants Pass is full of small-pox and that the bacteria are sitting along the corporation lines like blackbirds. This particular locality has telephonic communication with Grants Pass. Also, the mail facilities are fairly good. The only reason they need to continue under such a cloud of error is because they love darkness better than light. They have heard of small-pox epidemics where people "died like sheep" and they go insane of the word. It is merely wasting words to reiterate the truth of the matter. There is no small-pox here now. At no time was there any danger of "infection" by our people, as any reasonable person ought to know without telling. The eruption or mange of which a few isolated cases have occurred within the town's limits is dignified by the name of small-pox merely because the pimples are miniature counterparts of the eruptions of that disease. However, all this has been said and recall until we are tired. The people are smothered in a whirl of lies; sometime we hope, they may recover. This lamentable condition of misinformation has been encouraged and fostered by such actions as those of Howser, Medford's proclaiming mayor.

The proposition for bonding the city, which will come before the people next Monday is a very important matter, and no mistake should be made. The $60,000 bonding proposition for the purpose of completing the sewer, should be passed by all means. It is necessary and inevitable and must go through. The two propositions are entirely distinct and each may be voted on according to its merits. The second question, that of voting bonds for $69,000 for a new water and light plant to be controlled by the city, is many sided and should be considered impartially, reasonably and cold bloodedly. No element of personal feeling, prejudice or stubbornness should be allowed to influence the mind, but it should be considered as a straight forward business problem. It is understood, of course, that this proposition is the outgrowth of the controversy between the city and the water company, which began when the purpose of dumping the sewer at the end of Fifth street became apparent.

Then Mr. Moody, attorney for the water company, came before the council to protest, and while admitting the terms of the franchise which give the city the right to compel the water company to take the water for the city's use above the mouth of any sewer which might be constructed, he considered it unjust and said that the water company would never submit to it. Right here the water company is subject to severe criticism, for assuming an agreement with the city and going back on its terms after the city had made its plans, begun operations and incurred considerable expense in confidence of the validity of that agreement. Moody stated however, that the company did not want the earth, and proposed to pay half the expense of extending the sewer below the power house, some $900. The council rejected this and went on with the sewer until successfully enjoined by the company. The business men held a meeting and appointed a committee to confer with a council committee and the water company to straighten things out if possible so we might have a sewer some time. This move was held up by Mayo Coburn, who from that day to this has successfully strangled every measure looking toward a compromise. A majority of the council has been with him till lately, when a motion was passed in council meeting to meet the water company with a proposition. It went no further however, and the judge's decision sustaining the injunction was demanded by Attorney Smith who represented the city. This bond issue of $69,000, will come very close to the limit provided by the charter. No plans have been submitted and the vagueness of the proposition is a strong point in favor of its rejection. The water company secured the present plant at a low figure and can run it at a far lower percentage on the money invested than a new plant could be operated. The increase of taxation is a prominent and important factor in the question and must be considered. On the other hand it is stated that if we do not pass this measure, that we will be at the mercy of the company who may tax us out of house and home for water and light, and law us out of existence, citing their record to date; also, that the plant is not where it should be anyway. It is also suggested that we can pass this measure and not carry it out, but hold it over the company's head as a club. The company disclaim any animosity toward the city, say that they are here for business and do not want to be held up and declare their readiness to settle the matter. In our opinion, it is better to sacrifice a few things, even stubbornness, that the wheels of progress may turn, and we think the matter could have been settled before this. In regard to the present measure, the bond issue wears a more forbidding appearance to us than does the company. The $6000 issue for the sewer should pass without argument. A mass meeting of the citizens would be a good measure and would be of assistance to a better general unberstanding of the proper case to be pursued.

Mining Locations.

(Recorded since March 19.)

Chas. Alford, quartz claim in Rum Gulch mining district

J. R. Harvey, quartz claim, "Harvey" in Six-mile mining district.

J. C. Taylor and C. L. Johnson, reservoir site in Galice mining district.

J. C. Taylor and C. L. Johnson, water right of 1000 inches from left hand fork of Galice creek.

B. F. Bull, water right of 200 inches from Little Cheney creek in Applegate mining district.

Real Estate Transfers.

(Recorded since March. 19.)

O & C. R. R. Co. to A. C. Hough, 8½ of sec. 25, tp. 40 south, range 8 west, consideration $760

O. & C. R. R. Co. to F. H. Schmidt, NW¼ of SE¼ of sec. 19 tp. 40 south, range 8 west, consideration 800

Hayden B. Truitt to Elmer Zimmerman, lots 5, 6 and 7, block 44, Grants Pass, consideration 75

H. B. Miller to Joseph Moss, lots 13 and 14, block 41, Grants Pass, consideration 1

Anna Conklin to Arthur Conklin, lots 4, 5, 6 and 7, block H, Bournes addition to Grants Pass, consideration 1

M. E. Cook to Fred Everton, lots 13 14 and 15, block 47, Grants Pass, consideration 1

T. K. Cambell to W. H. and J. W. Hamlin, W½ of SW¼ of sec 23, tp 36 south, range 5 west, consideration 1

F. P. Gould to T. K. Campbell, W½ of SW¼ of sec. 23, tp 36 south, range 5 west, consideration ..... $ 1

J. D. Fry to J. L. Hefling, S½ of lots 5 and 6, block 33, Grants Pass, consideration 750

L. W. Ferry to Grants New Water, Light and Power Co., right of way, consideration 10

Enoch Walker to L. A. Lewis, two water ditches on Grave creek, consideration 150

Mining Transfers.

(Recorded since March. 19.)

Oregon Bonanza Mining company to L. B. Cox (lease) five quartz claims in Williams mining district.

Robert and Louis Sexauer to J. Swearinger and Wm. Turnham quartz claim, "Columbus", in Louse Creek mining district consideration ..... $ 400

H. G. Tobler to J. H. Foreman, undivided half interest in "Metta" mine in Grave Creek mining district, consideration 100

J. H. Foreman to H. G. Tobler, undivided half interest in "Last Chance" quartz mine in Grave Creek mining district, consideration 100

J. W. Thomason to Mattie M. Thomason, quartz claim, "Golden Leaf" in Grave Creek mining district, consideration 1000

Frank LeClair to Frank Raymond, undivided half interest in placer mine in Althouse mining district, consideration 1000

R. E. L. Ank to Jos. L. Sowell, undivided half interest in "Jumbo Elephant" quartz mine in Althouse mining district, consideration 10

Jos. L. Sowell to R. E. L. Ank, undivided half interest in "Baby Elephant" quartz mine in Althouse mining district, consideration 10

Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits

SILK WAISTS,
SATIN WAISTS,
PERCALE WAISTS,
SKIRTS,

ALL UP-TO-DATE.

Come now

RED STAR STORE,

W. E. DEAN, & CO., Propr.

Post Office Building.

The Judge's Decision.

Judge Hanna rendered his decision last week in the famous case of Ferry vs City of Grants Pass. The decree was aimed principally at ordinance No. 138, the ordinance providing for the sewer, which was declared void and all the parties forever enjoined from prosecuting or paying for the sewer work under said ordinance. The decree states that the defendants' attorneys withdrew their reply, substituting a demurrer, that the grounds of complaint were not sufficiently stated, and that all the parties agreed that if the demurrer were overruled, the judge should then be empowered to render a decision for the plaintiff at any time or place. The judge overruled the demurrer, and by the terms of the agreement rendered a decree for the plaintiff, sustaining the former decision and perpetually enjoining the sewer construction under ordinance 138

Tongue on Crater Lake.

Congressman Tongue, of Oregon, says: "The people of Oregon are much interested in having a National Park established at Crater Lake. That locality is quite as wonderful and fully as interesting to scientists and tourists as the Yellowstone Park or the Yosemite. It is located in the Cascade Range of mountains, about 6000 feet above the sea level. The Crater Lake region is well situated for a park, but is unfit for any other purpose, as it contains no agricultural lands and is far above the limit of cereals. It is well timbered, but the timber is of no value for lumber. Its rocks are all fresh lava, and contain nothing whatever of value to the miner. Crater Lake is conceded to be one of the greatest scenic wonders in the United States, if not in the world. There are no settlers within the limits of the proposed park, which is easily accessible by roads already constructed. The lake is already regarded as a pleasure resort by Oregonians, but one of the drawbacks to tourists at present is the lack of facilities for entertainment there."—New York Tribune.

Tip Top House for Sale or Rent.

The most sightly and pleasant location in Grants Pass. A 7-room, hard finish, nearly new, modern made house.

On account of change in business, owner wishes to dispose of above described premises, either by rent or sale. House is very pleasantly situated in good neighborhood, supplied with both city water and electric lights, meters attached. Good barn and large garden.

Inquire of

N. P. Dodge, Agt.

SPRING SHOES

From the very best makers in the land. I feel positive I can please you. Come in and look. I never ask anyone to take what they do not want.

If you leave the store without buying you go with the assurance that your call was appreciated.

SPRING HATS.

Just received direct from an Eastern Factory, one of the most complete lines of Spring Hats, in all the latest styles and colors, which were made expressly for me.

SPRING SHIRTS.

If you want an up-to-date Shirt see my lines. I've everything that's new in Starched or Soft Shirts, and at the right price. Come in and look them over. It is no trouble to show goods.

E. C. Dixon.

Dry Goods, Shoes and Furnishings.

"Miner," Criticised.

We are in receipt of a communication over the signature of "Aleck Smart" in criticism of some statements made by our Leland correspondent "Miner," in regard to "Smart Alecks" in the prospecting field of Grave creek. These were the words of "Miner." "There have been some smart Alecks who came here calling themselves prospectors, who looked around and went up and down Grave creek, cursed the country and left for other parts. The men who have found good ledges are the men who have stayed with it, and they deserve success." Mr. Smart does not object to Miner's local patriotism but wishes to register a kick on what he terms his reckless characterization of others. He thinks it improbable that all the smart miners stopped on Grave creek and that all others are "smart Alecks," a possible meaning which he attaches to Miner's remark. Mr. Smart says that there are local smart miners who watch for and relocate lapsed claims, and that that they have an advantage over the "smart Aleck" prospector who does not know the country. He says that when prospectors go to some localities, the people bestir themselves to locate everything within reach and when the prospector leaves in disgust they may call him a "smart Aleck" instead of doing their assessment work. Mr. Smart thinks that the mining laws are sadly out of repair and that a large per cent of the recorded claims are void or fraudulent. He should have added, however, the reason of their being in that condition is not the law but non-compliance with the law. He justly criticises the blackmail of good properties by men who hold overlapping, worthless and often formerly abandoned locations.

4 Room house, 2½ acres land, well, barn, shade trees, etc., near town for $800.

25 CENTS PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CENTS

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

Dr. Pierce's FAVORITE Prescription

MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG SICK WOMEN WELL.

Mining Notes.

F. E. Norton, manager of the sustenance bureau at the Victor Junior, was in Grants Pass Tuesday on a business trip.

John Custar and Ernest Lindley picked up some large nuggets recently, one of $62.50 and another of $20 value. Their claim is located on a small stream in the same district with the famous Oscar creek.

Knotts and Martin have recently purchased two promising quartz ledges on Foots creek from D. Horn, their discoverer. The ore assays $20 a ton. The new owners will work the ore and have begun operations.

Wilson and Meredith have been piping steadily at their mine on the Illinois river, formerly the Woodcock property. This has been a very productive mine in the past and is so now in a much increased degree, having been recently fitted up with a modern and complete hydraulic equipment.

H. C. Berry, superintendent for the Illinois and Josephine Gravel Mining company and one of the proprietors of that mine, returned on Saturday from a three weeks visit to San Francisco. B. F. Gilman, another of the proprietors, is at the mine and has been looking after affairs in his absence.

W. D. Gardner, who recently made a remarkably rich strike in the Sucker creek district, spent a few days in town last week. He has run in about 35 feet on his vein which is from two to three inches in width, of decomposed quartz and light gold, and rich in an almost incredible degree.

E. E. Moore, while prospecting recently, met with rather a peculiar accident. He had been testing some rock in a pan with acids or other chemicals and had carelessly thrown out the contents and dipped up some water to drink, with the result that he imbibed a considerable quantity of the poisonous chemicals. He happened to have a little soda with him, which he took. Reaching home as soon as possible, he obtained antidotes and escaped without serious results, though he felt the effects of the poison for some time.

The Victor Junior is being steadily operated with a force of 35 men, with the ten stamps dropping constantly night and day. Without sinking further, there is now enough ore in sight to keep the ten stamps at work for the next two years. The ore is all good, and some of it is rich in a marvellous degree. It is extremely doubtful if there is another mine on the coast which will average more per ton than this one.

Major Connelly, of Springfield, Ill has been visiting the Copper Stain mine in the Mt. Reuben district in which property he is interested. The Copper Stain is one of the most promising quartz mines in Southern Oregon and is under going very thorough and systematic development, with a crew of men constantly at work.

One of the handsomest cleanups which ever came to Grants Pass was brought in last week from the Hayes-Jewell mine on Oscar creek. The gold ranged from $50 and $60 pieces down and nuggets of over $20 value were numerous. The value of the cleanup, representing a short run, was abont $900. The nuggets are solid, smooth and very heavy, showing very few traces of quartz.

C. L. Young and Chas. W. Schoonoven of New York, members of the Preston Peak Copper company, arrived in Grants Pass Thursday night and stopped over here a few days on their way to Preston Peak. They had a complete assaying and surveying outfit which they were taking to the mine. In all, they had fully 1000 pounds of paraphernalia to take over the trail. This mine is of far greater proportions and importance than is generally realized. A railroad is one among its future possibilities, as a survey will be made to determine the feasibility of the route and the cost of construction.

Prof. W. H. Hampton, of the Columbia mine at Placer arrived in town Thursday night. He reports that all the larger placer properties on Grave creek are still running in good shape, but that the smaller mines are cleaning up an account of the increasing shortness of the water supply. The Grave creek miners have had a long run this winter, and the chances are greatly in favor of another good run between now and summer.

The bedrock tunnel at the Van Brunt mine on the Klamath river near Happy Camp has been completed and the flume has been laid through it. This is a large property which has been fitted up at a considerable expense and is now almost ready for working on a large scale. A test run recently made gave very satisfactory results. This is in a district which has been producing gold in considerable quantity for many years.

H. D. Jones, who is the owner of a quartz ledge near Rock Point, made a test of his ore last week. He hauled a ton to Rogue River Mills at Gold Hill where it was milled, netting him $45. There are numbers of ledges in Southern Oregon that will give such returns as this, which are undeveloped and therefore unknown quantities.

A tunnel is being run at the Mountain Lion mine to tap the ledge at a depth of 120 feet from the surface. The tunnel has already been driven a distance of 500 feet and is expected to reach the vein inside of 50 feet further. This property is owned by Bailey brothers and is well equipped with a first class quartz mill. It has produced a considerable amount of gold already and is full of promise for a much larger future production.

The Basye Bros. have recently taken out about twenty tons of ore from their mine on Missouri Flat which is now being hauled to the Mountain Lion mill to be crushed. Free gold is visible in nearly all of the rock, and the average is expected to reach $60 per ton. The owners of this mine are making preparations for opening the property in a systematic manner for profitable working. The shaft will be sunk to a depth of 100 feet and tunnels will be driven to tap the ledge at a considerable depth.

Ivan Humason, son of Mrs. P. M. Dekum, who was summoned to Portland last week returned Thursday. He says the undeveloped resources of this part of Oregon are astonishing, and every week he hears of some new possibility. It will take time for capital to come in and become interested, but that enough capital is already here to make business boom this summer. Now that Mr. Humason is here work will be resumed on the quartz mill, and the structure pushed to completion. Mrs. Dekum who has recovered from her recent severe cold will come to Gold Hill as soon as her residence is completed.—Gold Hill News.

H. C. Perkins returned Friday from a trip up the Applegate. Among other places, he visited the Silsby-Breeden quartz mine on Forest creek, which is described as an immense proposition. There is a large slate dyke about 30 feet wide, in which quartz lies in bunches and irregular masses, with a defined ledge on one side. The whole mass is highly mineralized, and while it has not yet been thoroughly subjected to a working test, all appearances seem favorable for the development of a property of immense magnitude. The owners have sunk on the ledge to a depth of about 100 feet with increasingly encouraging prospects. A small working profit would make a property of this size valuable and their tests thus far have given very satisfying returns.

J. T. Layton has begun operations for the season in his mine on Ferris gulch on the Applegate. This is one of a very few rarities of its kind in this country, a summer hydraulic mine, and operates generally only during the summer months when other mines are closed down for lack of water. He has an abundance of water for summer working, and does not care to risk his ditches by using them in the winter, as they head far back in the mountains where snow, snowslides and landslides would work much mischief. This year, on account of the extraordinarily light snowfall in the mountains, he is enabled to begin work much earlier than usual. He employs eight men at the mine during the working season and cleans up about $15,000 annually. He uses a three-inch nozzle with a pressure of 350 feet. The ditches have an aggregate length of 26 miles.

The property of the Illinois and Josephine Gravel Mining company, compromising 250 acres on Josephine creek, one of the best placer districts in southern Oregon, has been opened in first class and workmanlike shape and is making a good run. This mine was fitted up last summer and fall at considerable expense and a good portion of the working season has been spent in opening up the ground for working on a large scale. A bedrock race 300 feet long and 25 feet deep was cut through the rim to provide a sluiceway for the gravel of the immense channel. There is a dump of about 100 feet and a good water supply. The latter is assisted during seasons of shortness by well constructed reservoirs. The character of the gold is of the coarse order, but does not run to large nuggets. The pieces range from $4 or $5 down to fine particles. It is smooth, heavy, easily saved and of excellent quality. The ground that has been worked has fully satisfied the expectations of the owners. It takes some time to get a large hydraulic plant into perfect, smooth and systematic working order, and much time is lost during the first season in opening up and other preparatory work. Next year it will be in shape for constant operation throughout the season, and if the ground continues according to reasonable promise, this mine will be listed among the largest gold producers of southern Oregon.

Prefer Oregon Mines.

C. Fielding, a successful mining man of Slocan, B. C., is in Portland, with a view of locating in some of the Oregon mining districts, if he finds conditions favorable. Mr. Fielding is the original discoverer of the Arlington silver mine near Slocan, now known as one of the richest properties in British Columbia. He says American enterprise has developed enormous wealth north of the 49th parallel, within the past ten years, and that now British capital is willing to take the developed properties off the hands of the original owners. Americans prefer to live in their own country, and are likely to sell out by the wholesale and return to the United States, on an account of the pleasanter climatic conditions, as there is altogether too much good sleighing around Slocan.

Mr. Fielding will visit Southern Oregon first, as he has heard from reliable sources that good ledges are being opened up in Douglas, Jackson and Josephine counties, and only lack capital to convert them into valuable mines. The climate of Southern Oregon, too, has been heard of in the Slocan district, and he predicts an exodus of British Columbia mineowners into the Rogue River and Umpqua Valleys, as soon as they have disposed of their properties in the north.—Oregonian.

Yield of the Goldbug.

A recent trip to the Goldbug mine, on Mount Reuben, has shown that the winter's work has greatly increased the value of the property. Development is proceeding by four levels, the longest being 750 feet. The ore body is found in a true fissure vein, the hanging wall in many places being as smooth as a piece of slate. Although the vein is only three feet wide at the first tunnel, it gradually increases in size until on the lower level there is a solid body of ore 16 feet wide. Contrary to the usual run of things the value of the ore has increased as the lower levels were reached, and $80 ore is no rare thing. The quartz is white and very hard, showing some copper stain and peacock ore.

A five-stamp mill has been running steadily for 15 months, working night and day, while three men working ten hours a day are able to keep ore in the bins. The monthly cleanup has been $6000 to $10,000, the average yield being over $20 per ton. The percentage of free-milling ore runs up to 75 per cent of the assay value. All tailings are impounded, to be worked over at some later period.

The Goldbug is one of a group of eight claims which are owned by Senator S. P. Jones, S. L. Jones and H. M. Gorham. The company is a close corporation, no stock being for sale. Plans are being made to sink a two cage working shaft on the mine and also to develop some of the other claims further, as evidence of plenty of good ore are found in several of them. The claims are located 18 miles south of Gilendale. A fine mountain road has been built to the mine.—Oregonian.

Scotch Granite Ware

Warranted not to Chip, Scale nor Discolor

A First-Class Article made in America for the American trade.....

Hair-Riddle Hardware Co.

AT JEWELL'S OLD STAND.

New York Racket Store.

Garden Rakes	27c	6 large Plates	5c
Lamps	20c	Butter Dish	10c
Nest Eggs, 5 for	10c	Sugar Bowl	10c
Darning Needles, 25 for	4c	Looking Glass	14c
Men's Tap Sole Shoes	$1.65	Garden Hoes	30c

Embroideries and Lace, new designs and cheap. Bargain Table. Bring your Pennies.

NEW YORK RACKET STORE.

Election Notice.

To the residents and legal voters of the City of Grants Pass: Notice is hereby given that a Special Election of the said City, will be held on Monday the second day of April 1900 for the purpose of submitting to a vote of the electors of said city, propositions to issue bonds for the purpose of constructing and providing a suitable sewer system, electric light plant and water system for said City as is more fully set forth in ordinance No. 147 of said City, a copy of which ordinance is attached to, incorporated in and made a part of this notice, as follows:

ORDINANCE NO. 147.

An Ordinance providing for a special election for the purpose of submitting to a vote of the electors of the City of Grants Pass, propositions to issue bonds for the construction of a sewer system, electric light plant and water system for said City.

The City of Grants Pass ordains as follows:

Section 1. There is hereby called a special election of the City of Grants Pass, for the purpose of submitting to a vote of the electors thereof, propositions, as follows:

1. The proposition to authorize the Common Council to borrow money on the faith and credit of the City of Grants Pass to the amount of Six Thousand ($6000.00) Dollars, for the purpose of constructing and completing a sewer system for said city, and to that end, and for that purpose, issue negotiable bonds of said City to an amount not exceeding said $6000.00, and bearing interest not exceeding 5 per cent per annum.

2. The proposition to authorize the Common Council to borrow money on the faith and credit of the City of Grants Pass, (in addition to said sum of $6000) to the amount of Sixty-Nine Thousand ($69,000.00) Dollars, for the purpose of constructing and providing a suitable water system and electric light plant for said City, and to that end and for that purpose, issue bonds of said City to an amount not exceeding said $69,000.00 in addition to said $6,000.00 and bearing interest not exceeding 5 per cent per annum.

Section 2. Said special election shall be held on the 2nd day of April, 1900.

Section 3. The Police Judge is hereby directed to give ten days notice of said Special Election by posting notices in five public places in the City, to each of which notices shall be attached a copy of this ordinance.

Section 4. The Police Judge is hereby directed to provide official ballots for said Special Election, which shall be substantially in the following form, to-wit:

OFFICIAL BALLOT.
CITY OF GRANTS PASS,
APRIL 2ND, 1900.

PROPOSITION 1.

To authorize the Common Council to borrow money on the faith and credit of the City, to the amount of Six Thousand ($6,000.00) Dollars, for the purpose of constructing and completing a suitable sewer system for said City and to that end and for that purpose to issue negotiable bonds of said City to an amount not exceeding said Six Thousand ($6,000) Dollars, and bearing interest not exceeding 5 per cent per annum.

For Bonds, for sewer system ..... Yes
For Bonds, for sewer system ..... No

PROPOSITION 2.

To authorize the Common Council to borrow money on the faith and credit of the City of Grants Pass, (in addition to the said sum of $6000.00), to the amount of Sixty-Nine Thousand ($69,000.00) Dollars, for the purpose of constructing and providing a suitable water system and electric light plant for said City, and to that end, and for that purpose to issue negotiable bonds of said City to an amount not exceeding said $69,000.00 in addition to said $6,000.00, and bearing interest not exceeding 5 per cent per annum

For Bonds, for water and light plant ..... Yes
For Bonds, for water and light plant ..... No

(Vote on both propositions and strike out the line not voted for.)

Approved this 21st day of March, A. D., 1900. W. T. COBURN, Mayor.

Attest: GEO. P. FURMAN, Auditor and Clerk.

The polling places for said Special Election shall be as follows:

The electors of the First Ward will vote at the Public School house.

The electors of the Second Ward will vote at the Josephine Hotel.

The electors of the Third Ward will vote at the City Hall.

The electors of the Fourth Ward will vote at the Old Hose House.

Polls shall open at nine a'clock a. m. and close at four o'clock p. m. of said day.

GEORGE P. FURMAN, Police Judge.

Putnam Fadeless Dyes

Do not Stain The Hands.

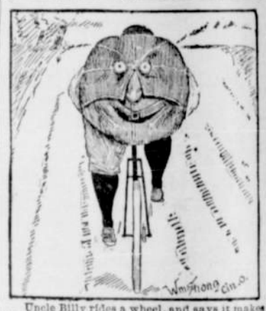
Each package Colors either Silk, Wool or Cotton at One Boiling.

10c per Package,

Sold by

M. Clemens,

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST.



Uncle Billy rides a wheel, and says it makes him feel good all over. It must. Even his back wears a pleased expression! If you want a Bicycle that will MAKE YOUR BACK GLAD, do as Uncle Billy did, buy it of the AGENTS FOR

CRAWFORDS

For Sale By

T. A. Hood & Co.

Our Guarantee.

We will return the price paid for every can of Fry's Granulated Squirrel Poison that fails to give satisfaction.

"Fry's" will kill more squirrels and kill them faster than any poison on the market.

Price 30c per can at

Slover Drug Co.

Front St., Opposite Depot.

Dr. Shilohs Cough and Consumption Cure

This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine ever known to science; a few doses invariably cure the worst cases of Cough, Croup and Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a fact which no other medicine can stand. If you have a Cough, we earnestly ask you to try it. In United States and Canada 25c., 50c. and $1.00, and in England 1s. 9d., 2s. 3d. and 4s. 6d.

SOLE PROPRIETORS

S. C. WELLS & Co.

LEROY, N.Y.

TORONTO, CAN.

FOR SALE BY W. F. KREMER.