Rogue River Courier.

AN INDEPENDENT PAPER, DEVOTED ESPECIALLY TO THE INTERESTS OF SOUTHERN OREGON.

VOL. XVI. GRANTS PASS, JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1900. No. 16.

Five Cameras in One...

Do not buy a camera until you have examined the

"Al Vista" Panoramic Cameras.

With the patent long and short negative attachment you can take a 4x4, 4x6, 4x8, 4x10 and a 4x12 picture, as desired. Consequently you have five cameras in one. And the "AL VISTA" is made for time and snap-shot work, too Uses the ordinary 4x5 daylight loading film on spools. Drop us a postal and get our 1900 catalogue.

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BURLINGTON, WIS.

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Commissioners.....Nick Thoss, Dick George
County Clerk.....Roy Bartlett
Sheriff.....Ed Lister
Representative.....J W Virtue
Treasurer.....J T Taylor
School Superintendent.....J D Hayes
Assessor.....Tom Smith
Surveyor.....B O McCulloch
Coroner.....Dr. F W Kremer

PRECINCT OFFICERS.

Justice.....James Holman
Constable.....J H Colby

CITY OF GRANTS PASS.

Mayor.....W T Coburn
Auditor.....Geo. Furman
Treasurer.....Col Johnson
Street Commissioner.....John Patrick
Marshal.....Wm. Lister
Councilmen.....August Felsch, Tom Smith, L D Fay, E E Dunbar, T P Judson, N E McGrew, M M Rummage, H E Smith

Regular meetings of the city council of Grant's Pass are held in the council rooms in the city hall on the first and third Thursday evenings of each month.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Meets on the third Monday in April and the fourth Monday in September.

COUNTY COURT.

Probate court meets first Monday of January, April, July and September. County commissioners court meets first Wednesday after the meeting of the county court.

Mounted Animals and Heads.

A number of especially fine Animals and Heads are offered for sale at very reasonable rates. Among the lot are the following:

1 Mounted Elk Head.
3 Idaho Deer Heads.
1 Oregon Deer Head.
1 Deer.
1 Panther.
1 Black Bear.

If you wish anything in this line or have any specimens you wish mounted, apply at the COURIER office or call on

S. H. CALHOUN.

Why—

Do they like milk from the

Englewood Dairy?

Because our cows are all high grade.
Because you get it night or morning.
Because it is pure and clean.

17 Quart Tickets for $1.
Stop the New Wagon.

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Receive deposits subject to check or on certificate payable on demand.
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PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 CTS

Local Happenings

M. Clemens, Prescription Druggist.

Tablets of all kinds at the COURIER office.

H. L. Truax is now sporting a fine new buggy.

Where do you get your hair cut? Try Will Mallory.

Bicycle hospital for all repairing at Cramer Bros.

Mounts for stamp pictures, all kinds for sale by A. E. VOORHIES.

Geo. Hanson is making preparations to try his fortune at Nome in the spring.

Wm. Headech, mill man at the Victor Jr. mine, spent a few days in town last week.

County Superintendent J. D. Hayes spent several days in town last week holding teachers' examination.

40 acre farm 12 miles from Portland, 2 miles from post office, to exchange for Grants Pass residence property. Inquire at this office.

Does your friend have a camera? A flexible, leather covered album would make a splendid present—$1 and less. A. E. Voorhies has a stock of albums.

The Walter L. Main show sold at auction at Geneva, O., a few days ago. All the white-tent people in the country were bidders. Main has made a fortune in the show business and retires on account of ill health.

Get your writing paper by the ream and save money. We offer a ream of note paper, 480 sheets, 2½ pounds, for 45c. We get the paper in large quantities and can sell cheap; this is not cheap paper but first class goods.—COURIER office.

John R. Harvey, of the Old Channel mine, received word on Thursday that Mrs. Harvey was seriously ill at San Francisco whither she had gone a few days before. Mr. Harvey rode all night and reached here in time to take Friday morning's train.

In Camas swale, Douglas county, a mammoth tooth has been found by Robert Veatch. It is a molar, eight inches long, four inches through, and in a fair state of preservation. The editor of the Cottage Grove Nugget is "unable to say whether it belonged to the pliocene, miocene or any other kind of old age," and will submit to Professor Thomas Condon.

A Pure White Coyote.

Herman McDonald and Arthur Harriman, of the Dalles, two youthful trappers, are the possessors of a natural curiosity in the shape of a pure white coyote, which they found in one of their traps a few days ago. This coyote is alive and well, also well behaved. Unlike others of her kind, she allows poultry the freedom of her range, never attempting to disturb them.

Bargin on Driving Outfit.

A good sound horse in fine condition weighing about 1200 pounds, perfectly trusty and willing; a good strong buggy, 1½ inch axles, nearly new; good harness; all for $100.

Apply at this office or to S. H. Calhoun.

Prohibition Ticket Nominated.

Josephine County Prohibitionists have placed their first county ticket in the field in the history of the county. John B. Paddock was elected chairman, and Arthur L. Edgerton secretary of the convention, which was held in the court house, Wednesday evening, February 14th. The following ticket was nominated: Representative, W. M. Hair; Clerk, F. S. Dukes; Sheriff, John B. Paddock; County Commissioner, John Hackett; Assessor, M. C. H Day; Treasurer, Oliver C. Terrell, all of Grants Pass

The following platform was adopted: The Prohibition party, in convention assembled, declared its conviction that the manufacture, exportation, importation and sale of alcoholic beverages has produced such social, commercial, industrial and political wrongs, and is now so threatening the perpetuity of all our social and political institutions that the suppression of the same by a party, organized therefor, is the greatest object to be accomplished by the voters of our country, and is of such importance that it of right ought to control the political action of all our patriotic citizens until such suppression is accomplished. The urgency of this cause demands the union without further delay of all citizens who desire the prohibition of the liquor traffic, therefore:

Resolved that we favor the legal prohibition, by state and national legislation, of the manufacture, importation, exportation and interstate transportation and sale of alcoholic beverages; that we also favor an amendment to the constitution of the United States, by which United States senators shall be elected by the popular vote of the people; that we declare our purpose to organize and unite all the friends of prohibition into one party, and in order to accomplish this end, we deem it but right to leave every prohibitionist the freedom of his own convictions upon all other political questions not mentioned in this platform, and trust our representatives to take such action upon other political questions as the change occasioned by prohibition, and the welfare of the whole people shall demand.

John B. Paddock was chosen as chairman of the county executive committee, Arthur L. Edgerton as secretary, and F. T. Downing as treasurer. The executive committee was given the power to fill all vacancies.

Council Meeting.

The city council met for their regular semi-monthly meeting on Thursday night, all the members present. After the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting a petition from the Pacific Pine Needle company was read, asking that some action be taken to improve the condition of the roads leading to the company's factory. It was stated that the company had been obliged, several times this winter, to suspend operation on account of having no wood, the condition of the roads making it next to impossible to procure that necessary article. The condition of the sidewalk on east "F" street was also mentioned, and speedy repair solicited. One councilman suggested that the roads would soon dry. The matter was referred to the committee on city improvements.

The committee appointed for the purpose of considering the matter of extending the sewer system to the schoolhouse made no report, no progress having been made.

The following bills were allowed and warrants were ordered drawn: John Howell, assisting on city survey, $3; Smith and Norton legal opinion, $20; N. E. McGrew, drayage, $5.75; Wm. Huggins, plastering in city hall, $2 25; B. O. McCulloch, survey and plat of city grades, $15; Geo. P. Furman, hauling gravel $13 75, recording deeds, $2.

An ordinance had been prepared, and was read the required number of times, authorizing the appointment of a committee for the following purposes: to ascertain the best terms on which bonds could be floated; first, in the sum of $25,000 to pay the indebtedness of the city and for the construction of the sewer; second, in the sum of $75,000 for the construction of suitable water-works and electric light plant; the committee also to be instructed to inquire into and report on the probable cost of such water and light system. The question was raised if the ordinance could not be segregated into two parts, to be voted upon separately, the member favoring the issue of bonds to cover the indebtedness and to construct the sewer, but opposing the rest of the ordinance. It was the opinion of the chair that the ordinance could not be segregated. It was explained that this ordinance did not bind the council to any further proceedings beyond the appointment of a committee to investigate and report. The roll was called and the ordinance was passed, Dunbar and Judson opposing. The mayor appointed Tom Smith, Rummage and Fetsch as the committee.

Attorney Smith was present and addressed the council in regard to the injunction. It was decided to take no action at this meeting, as the full text of the judge's decision had not been received.

The consummated purchase of a strip of land along the river at the foot of Fifth street and below was brought to the council's notice, and motion was made by Tom Smith, Fetsch seconding, that a warrant for $150 be drawn for the payment of the same. Some opposition was raised and the opinion found expression that the money had better be applied to extending the sewer below the power house. The roll was called and the motion prevailed, Judson and Dunbar voting "no".

W. S, Wood of the Palace hotel stated that the sewer ditch near his place was a source of danger and annoyance and requested that it should be covered. Street commissioner Patrick was instructed to cover a portion of the ditch with lumber.

The council adjourned to meet on Monday night.

The Scissors.

Rumors that the Boers are on the run should always be accompanied by diagrams stating in which direction they are running.—Eugene Register.

Senators who are tempted to refer to Pettigrew of South Dakota, as a second Benedict Arnold, should remember that no evil ought be spoken of the dead.—Ashland Tidings.

There is no British general in South Africa who would not rejoice to have the reputation of General Otis for prudent and successful army operations.—Globe Democrat.

Ten carloads of mule shoes and one carload of nails were loaded on the Manchester City, at New Orleans, recently, for shipment to South Africa, for use on the Kansas and Missouri mules recently purchased by the English government.—Rural Spirit.

An English writer says the Boers are hypocrites. The only reason he assigns is that they read their Bibles and sing psalms. This "Britisher" will have to try again.—Drain Watchman.

A report has it that "the dove of peace is again perching over Kentucky." This is probably correct, but it may be imagined that the said dove sleeps with one eye and both ears opened, in expectation of hearing at any moment the crack of a rifle.—Telegram.

Interments are difficult to arrange for in Buenos Ayres just now, owing to a strike among the grave diggers. The trouble may be arranged, but there seems to be no doubt that the question is a grave one.—S. F. Bulletin.

London, Ky., wants it understood that no homicide has occurred there in twenty-five years, nor has a saloon been allowed in the town in the same time. The mountaineers object to judgment based on ancient feuds confined to a few localities.—Globe-Democrat.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Washington Letter.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12, 1900.

Judging from the amount of talk by senators, representatives and other officials, about the Nicaragua canal treaty, now before the senate committee on foreign relations, the canal is the most important subject now before the country. Although it is not yet absolutely certain that the treaty will be ratified without material amendment, it is probable, notwithstanding the efforts of shrewd lobbyists to fan the discontent with which the treaty was at first received, because of its providing for neutrality and forbidding fortification. Second thoughts have made friends for the treaty among those who were at first disposed to be its enemies. The neutrality of the canal is recognized by the conservative as a good move, not only in the interests of peace between the U. S. and foreign nations, but in the interests of American commerce. Some of the treaty's opponents concede that theoretically, but still insist that the treaty is practically a humiliation on the part of this government, and that public opinion would force this government to violate the neutrality clause by closing the canal to the warships of any nation we might be at war with; that it recognizes the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, which American secretaries of state have insisted was abrogated years ago, and that it is entirely too English. Everybody appears to be of the opinion, excepting those who are lobbying against it, that the treaty has made certain the passing of a bill at this session of congress, authorizing the government to construct and operate the Nicaragua canal.

The habit of senators of coming on the floor late gave some of them quite a shock Saturday, when with only about a dozen in their seats, Senator Allen offered a resolution declaring sympathy for the Boers and expressing the belief that this government should offer mediation, and asking unanimous consent for its immediate consideration, by his own vote alone had it declared adopted. Laughing heartily at the discomfiture of the senators who began to rush into the chamber from the cloak rooms, Senator Allen, at the request of Senator Frye, agreed that the vote be reconsidered and the resolution sent to the calendar.

Representative Campbell, of Montana, who is one of the counsel against Senator Clark, of the same state, in the case now being heard by the senate committee on elections, violated one of the unwritten laws of congress when he appeared in the case, and has consequently been criticized by the sticklers for the preservation of congressional etiquette. He is said to be the only member of either branch of congress who has ever associated himself as counsel with a contest against a member of the other branch.

It seems that Mr. Roberts was right when he said that men charged with polygamy had been appointed to federal offices in Utah. The house committee on post offices has ascertained that Mr. Graham, postmaster at Provo, Utah, has been under indictment for some time, but that the prosecuting attorney did not consider a conviction likely, and had not tried to have him brought to trial.

The Porto Rican bill will be taken up in the house next Thursday, and although it is strongly opposed there is no doubt that it will be promptly passed. It provides for the imposition of a duty equivalent to one-fourth of those imposed upon other foreign products upon Porto Rican products, and that all moneys collected for that duty, either in Porto Rico or the United States shall be spent for the benefit of the islands and its inhabitants. The report in favor of the bill says it will save the planters of sugar and tobacco in Porto Rico about $2,000,000 a year, and that the quantity of these products sold to us will be insufficient to bring about any reduction of prices in the United States. This argument is combated in some quarters, and Senator Platt, of Connecticut, whose constituents raise considerable tobacco, says he will offer an amendment in the senate to make the duty at least 50 per cent. The principal opposition to the bill, however, is political, based upon the principle that it is unconstitutional; that Porto Rico being now a part of the United State is entitled to free trade with all other parts of the United States. The question is an interesting one, and it is really regretable that it could not be discussed and decided without the drawing of political lines, but that has already been made impossible. The supporters of the bill say that it is intended for making a precedent for putting a duty on the products of the Philippines; that free trade cannot be granted to our island possessions, without abandoning the protection system of the government. It is already apparent that the question is going to figure extensively in this year's national campaign.

Senator Nelson's report in favor of the bill creating the department of commerce is an interesting and campact history of the growth of the executive departments of the government, since the creation of the first one by the act of July 27, 1789. The bill will most likely become a law.

Let go or die. That's the alternative of the shipwrecked man with the money bags. If there was only some one to throw him a life preserver, he might save both life and money. Without help it is let go or die. A great many people have a like alternative before them. Business men come to a point where the doctor tells them that they must "let go or die." Probably he advised a sea voyage or mountain air. There's an obstinate cough that won't be shaken off. The lungs are weak and perhaps bleeding. There is emaciation and other symptoms of disease, which if unskillfully or improperly treated terminate in consumption.

Thousands of men and women in a like condition have found complete healing by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It purifies the blood. It carries off from the system all refuse and poisonous matter. It gives the infected organs the strength to throw off disease. "I was taken sick and felt so stupid I could hardly go about," writes Miss Mary Rakew of Given, Jackson Co., W. Va. "I had smothering spells. I went to our best physicians and they doctored me all one summer. I kept growing worse and got so weak I could hardly go about. The two doctors I had said I had lung trouble. I had an awful cough, and one day my aunt told me of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I sent and got a bottle of both kinds—the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Favorite Prescription.' When I had taken that it helped me so much I sent and got more. I have taken of both medicines altogether, ten bottles. Now my lungs do not hurt me, and I don't have any cough. I am stout now and as well as ever in my life."

Given away. The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. The book contains 1008 pages and 700 illustrations. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper bound edition, or 31 stamps for the cloth bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Oregon Fruit Law.

To the Editor:

Agreeable with the conclusions arrived at by this board at its last fall meeting, all the commissioners of the various districts have been very active in field work, inspecting orchards, nurseries, home places, etc., and hundreds of notices have been served to clean up neglected places in accordance with the horticultural law governing such cases, and for their benefit and guidance these sections are herewith given in full. We also give the section covering the sale of diseased fruit, so that shippers and dealers may govern themselves thereby.

SECTION 2.

It shall hereafter be the duty of any person, firm or corporation owning or operating any nursery, fruit orchard, hop yard, flower garden, or ornamental trees, and knowing such to be infected with any kind of insects, pests or disease, to immediately spray or destroy the same in such a manner as the fruit commissioner for his district, may direct.

SECTION 5.

It shall be unlawful for any person firm or corporation to import or sell any infested or diseased fruit of any kind in the state of Oregon.

SECTION 7.

It shall be the duty of the commissioner of the State Board of Horticulture of the district in which a violation of this act occurs, to present the evidence of the case to the district attorney, whose duty it shall be to prosecute any person guilty of a violation of this act. Which prosecution may be brought in any of the justice courts of this state.

We call special attention of growers and shippers to Section 5, and notice is hereby given that diseased, scabby, wormy or scaly fruit will not be allowed to be sold in any of the markets of this state hereafter. While the board hopes that it will not be necessary to use harsh measures, it must be understood that in non-compliance the law will be strictly enforced.

H. B. MILLER,
President.
HENRY E. DOSCH,
Secretary.
Oregon State Board of Horticulture.

Education in a Normal.

The Southern Oregon Normal, at Ashland, gives a training of three and four years in branches of study above the eighth grade. One year of practice teaching in the training school is afforded to students preparing to teach. Many young people leave out the training and have the advantage of the academic work as a preparation for college. Not all students, by any means, attending a Normal school, make teachers of themselves.

Team for Sale.

A splendid team, (about 1150 weight) spring wagon and new harness for sale for $225. These are good driving or work horses and the outfit is a bargain. For particulars inquire at the Courier office.

Weather Report.

The annual summary of the climate and crop service of the weather bureau for the year 1899, just issued from the Portland office, gives some interesting figures.

Total rainfall for Grants Pass for the year is 39.04 inches, about 9 inches greater than at Ashland, and about 4 inches less than Roseburg and about 3 inches less than at Portland. We had 152 clear days, while Portland had only 74, Ashland 124, and Roseburg 107.

Our annual mean temperature was 52.7; Ashland, one degree cooler; Roseburg nearly the same; Portland one degree cooler. The hottest day of the year was July 25th, when the mercury stood at 99. Ashland's hottest day was two days later, 96 degrees, and at Jacksonville, the thermometer showed 99 on September 10th. Portland's warmest day was July 26th, 93 degrees, the same as Ashland. February 6th was our coldest day, 19 degrees above zero, while two days earlier the thermometer showed zero at Ashland. Portland's coldest day was February 4th, 9 degrees above.

Our total snow fall was 3.8 inches, Ashland 7 inches, Portland 17.8 inches.

Time books at the COURIER office.

Furniture, Carpets, Picture Moulding, Wall Paper, Tools, Glassware, Cutlery, Graniteware,

Thomas' Cash Store

Lace Curtains, Tinware, Lamps, Linoleums, Mirrors, Mattresses, Pillows, Cots.

We Prefer to Sell as

Low as We Can

Rather than as High as We Might.

Tin Coffee Pots	10c
Tin Tea Pots	10c
Cake Knives	10c
6 piece Carpenters' Chalk	10c
Comb and Brush Case	10c
144 Hooks and Eyes	10c
6 spools Embroidery Cotton	10c
Klenierts Dress Shields	10c
Thumb Latches	5c
Panel Bolts	5c
Paper File Hooks	5c
Buttons, 5 Dozen for	5c

We are Headquarters on Close Prices.

Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper.

Buy House Furnishings Right.

Mother's Chat.

Did you ever stop to consider, kind-hearted, faithful, affectionate, well-meaning mother, that perhaps you are making some very serious mistake, in the rearing of your children? Did you pause to think why you slapped little Edith the other day? Didn't a wave of anger sweep over your heart when you saw her wilfully and wantonly disobey your orders? Did it occur to you that your own manner of issuing the command might have been antagonistic, and just as offensive to her as her act of disobedience was to you?

Compare Edith's shortcomings, her little childish sins and failures, with your own. The contract will not be to your advantage, will it? Remember you are a woman, mature, perhaps educated and experienced, and she but a little untrained, unformed child.

Wouldn't you have accomplished a vast deal more, saved your temper and self-respect and increased your daughters filial reverence, if, instead of slapping her, you had gravely and quietly caused her to undo the thing she had taken so much trouble to do? Or if you had deprived her of some small pleasure which she had anticipated? Instinctively, she felt that mamma was wrong, too, but she could not explain or define the wrong. Her heart ached with a sense of injury, and very rightly too.

Dear mothers, can you realize that the every day training of your children, their home influence, the manner in which they are corrected, the food that they eat, the books they read and their associates and every thought, word and action are bricks laid in the foundations of their characters? When we issue a command to our children, let us be very careful that it is just and not put a threat after each command, A mother told her little girl that if she did that again she would whip her. The child had noticed that she had never carried out her threats and so she looked up and said, "I am not afraid; you have said that lots of times," Such threats as, "I'll cut your ear off," "I'll kill you", "I'll put you in the river" "I'll give you to the black-man", are very wrong. I believe the best way is to be sure that our commands are not arbitrary; that they be given in a calm, serene manner instead of loud, howling commands, empty threats, whippings and shakings, and then if we are not obeyed, punish the child. Never threaten and not carry it out. Let them know that if they disobey they will always receive a punishment. They will soon learn and it will be so much better for them. They will have so much more respect for us.

SOMETHING WORTH KNOWING.

Bed bugs: Use oil of cedar, apply with a brush.

To clean light kid gloves. 1 quart deodorized gasoline, 1 ounce ether. Mix and cork tightly in a glass bottle. Lay on a plate. Turn enough mixture to dampen well and rub gently with a soft linen or cotton rag. Then expose it well to the air.

Cleaning silver; 2 drachms of aqua ammonia, 2 ounces alcohol, 1 teaspoonful of precipitated chalk, shake before using, polish with Canton flannel.

COOKING RECIPTS.

Date Pudding. Turn a cup of hot milk over two cups of stale bread crumbs and soak until softened; add ½ cup of cream and 1 cup chopped and stoned dates. Mix all thoroughly together. Put in a china dish and steam for three hours. Serve hot with lemon sauce.

Soup without meat soup stock. Put some onions and rice to cook about 2 hours before dinner, add sliced potatoes about 20 minutes before meal time, just before taking it from the stove add 2 or 3 tablespoonfuls of tomatoes. Let come to a boil, season with butter and salt. It is nice when put through a vegetable press.

"AUNT JOSIE."

Preparations for the season's fishing at Rogue river, will soon commence. We are informed by Mr. C. S. Winsor, who will be in charge, that it is the intention to build up the settlement at that place by every possible means. In the work Mr. Hume should have the hearty support of the residents of that part of the country, which has been in the past retarded by blindly opposing improvements contemplated by Mr. Hume which would have redounded to the benefit of the entire county.—Del Norte Record.

"Porosity" Still Prevails.

In the early days of the pneumatic tire, porosity was the bane of both trade and riders. Whenever anything got the matter with a tire or an inner tube that could not easily be remedied it was pronounced to be porous, and that settled it, says the Bicycle News. At the mention of this fearful word all hope was given up, and if the maker could not be induced to step into the breach and make a replacement under the guarantee, the dealer or the rider had to suffer.

Even at the present time, when a wonderful advancement in the manufacture of tires has been recorded, porosity has not entirely ceased to manifest itself. It is caused, in the case of inner tubes, by minute air cells in the rubber sheet from which the tubes are made. This troublesome air is imprisoned in the rubber while it is being sheeted through the calendar, or whilst the rubber is being forced through the tube machine. It is most difficult to detect the defect of imprisoned air, therefore numerous defective tubes rapidly accumulate during the testing process, that is, when blown-up of under pressure of air.

Surely there is some way of making the walls of air tubes homogeneous, and of an improved construction. An English rubber expert and factory manager proposes that all air tubes be molded in molds with internal pressure. This method would consolidate the rubber material in the wall of the tube, and expel all hidden air from the rubber, at the same time pressing out all seams and joints.

Railroading Patents.

A single firm of Patent Lawyers, C. A. Snow & Co., of Washington D. C., have in the last year procured 1,630 patents for their clients, many of them for rejected inventions. C. A. Snow & Co. have been accused of railroading patents through the Patent Office, but they insist that this locomotion is better than excarting them, for by the latter process the inventor often dies before he gets his patent.

A Flag for Your Schoolhouse.

Every school house in the county should have a flag. If you want one for your district write to the COURIER about it.

Calaveras Big Tree Grove Sold.

Robert Whiteside, of Duluth, Minn., has practically purchased the Calaveras Big Tree grove, having paid the company owning it $1,000 for an option of 90 days. The price for the grove is $100,000, and it consists of 3800 acres. He has already purchased 5000 acres of timber land west of the Calaveras grove and has bonded two other large tracts east and south of the big tree park. A joint resolution is pending in congress authorizing the secretary of the interior to open negotiations for the bonding of the Calaveras county groves of sequoia gigantea for a government park.

100 Candle Power 3 Hours for .....1 Cent.

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