ROGUE RIVER COURIER

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EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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THURSDAY, JANUARY, 26, 1899.

CHARTER BILL PASSED.

Special to the COURIER.

The Grants Pass Amended Charter bill passed unanimously both branches of the Legislature today. It passed the House under suspension of rules without objection or debate. The ward clause was a part of the amendment.

Recently Lake county had a great rabbit drive. Only 2341 were rounded up and it made fun for the natives and profit for the farmers.

California has had rain, rain, rain, so much has fallen that even the ducks are represented by the San Francisco Bulletin as having to walk on stilts.

There were over 16000 men engaged in mining in California last year for gold and silver. Quite an army, but not so many men as one would expect from a great mining state.

The Roseburg Review says that Douglas county warrants, i. e. good sized ones, are selling at 1 per cent premium, and it furthur says that the county is demo-populist.

Every state official should be paid a reasonable salary without any perquisites attached. The legislature now in session ought to see this if it is working for the good of the state and pass a law to that effect.

The Dallas Times Mountaineer opposes the appropriation for the Ashland normal, yet Representative A. S. Roberts of Wasco county is pushing the measure in the house. Roberts is a brilliant talker and an influential member.

The government will appropriate this year $2,500,000 for Indian schools, and still it is said that our country is doing nothing for the poor Indian. The money spent to educate them will do much good provided the education is of the right character.

E. E. Phipps of Medford, has sold out the Monitor-Miner and will engage in some other employment. Rev. J. S. McCain and A. H. Chessmore will take charge and run an independent sheet. Independent in politics is a good course to pursue and we wish the new proprietors, who will run on our line, much success

The Nicaragua canal bill has passed the United States senate. There was scarcely any opposition to the measure, only six votes recorded against it. Should the bill finally pass both houses, and receive the president's signature, it will be many years before the canal will be put through. We are anxious for the path to be rapidly made. 'Tis needed now.

Germany has been showing her ugliness again, this time at Samoa, where she wants to enthrone a king not satisfactory to the tripartite. The German government may, however, disavow the action of the German consul who precipitated the trouble. This consul must have felt that he had his home government to back him in the course he was pursuing.

The state offers inducements to honest men when elected to office to become rascals. The state still retains the fee system by which officials dive into the treasury. The state treasurer handles a great deal of money, gives a large bond, but his salary is only a few hundred dollars. The treasurer makes a good pile during his term, so people say, but he cannot make it strictly according to law, therefore he does well to come out as clean as he went in.

The committee appointed by the California legislature to investigate some of the scandals purported to have taken place in that body, is stirring up a great stink. It shows that money was used at the recent election for the purpose of helping certain individuals, if possible, into the United States senate. If the work as it progresses, reveals much more, California will be scarce of senatorial timber among those who have made application.

The United States is the only great country that spends more for education than for war. Four times as much for the former as for the latter. France nearly six times as much for war as for education; England about the same as France; Prussia four times as much; Austria nearly three times as much and Russia nearly 70 times as much. Education in the United States extends to the masses and this must account for American superiority in war. Other nation's educate in warfare but that is not an all round education.

Kincaid will be disturbed but little, if the examination of the state records is likely to involve many others. A little money spent in honest investigation might be the means of killing off a number of precedents that have been a curse to the state for years past. Kincaid claims to have followed a precedent. Who established the precedent and how many others are guilty of the same thing and who are they? *Precedent* is a good wall behind which to hide.

If the management of the army in all its phrases since the war began, is to be taken as a criterion, Secretary Alger has shown himself to be the least competent of any of McKinley's appointments. The war made his place the most difficult to fill and unfortunately a weak man was elected, who at any other time might have proven himself equal to the occasion. Those who are least competent to do good work are always the last to see their inability and hence they hold on with the tenacity of a molasses pup. He would not resign for the good of the order, but holds on for the good of Alger.

Harmon's registration bill may fail to pass in the great legislature of the great state of Oregon. The bill carries with it too much importance to go through without opposition. It would be well for the people to note the difference between this measure and the action of the special legislature in granting pay to the members of that old defunct legislature that never did any good for the people of the state. The act by the special legislature was a demerit that ought to be disgusting to even a half way decent man, but it went through as though it had been greased. Now, what will the same body of men do with a measure that would be worth something to the state? If Mr. Harmon has the ability to trade well, he may make it go.

Kincaid was very vigilant during his term of office to see that others made no inroads into the state treasury and this was good so far as it kept those from obtaining who had not just claims, but then in the face of all that to allow and pay himself $90 for 34 year's subscription to the Oregon State Journal seems too much for hoggishness. He should have applied the same rule to himself that he worked on others and then he might be called a man who would guard the state's interests. It was generally conceded when Kincaid took the office to which the people called him that, notwithstanding the many perquisites attached, he would take none except such as a just interpretation of the law would give him, but he took one and perhaps many more that he never could have gotten by any power of law.

Voters at School Election.

At the special session of the legislature the following law, setting forth who are entitled to vote at school meetings, was passed. As this is a question that has been somewhat in doubt in the past, it is very much desired that all superintendents and boards of school directors shall duly inform themselves in regard to the provisions of said special law.

AN ACT

To define the qualifications of voters at all school meetings and school elections, and to provide for the establishment and regulation of polling places and elections in districts having a school population of more than 2000.

Be it enacted by the legislative assembly of the state of Oregon:

Section 1. In all school districts in this state now created or that shall hereafter be created, any citizen of this state, male or female, married or unmarried, shall be entitled to vote at any school election or school meeting, who is 21 years of age, and has resided in the district thirty (30) days immediately preceding the meeting or election, and who has property in the district of the value of $100, as shown by the last preceding county assessment, upon which he or she is required to pay a tax; provided, that in districts of less than 1000 inhabitants women who are widows and male citizens over twenty one (21) years of age who have children in the district of school age, and who shall have resided in the district thirty (30) days, as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote at any school meeting for the election of school directors or school clerk.

Section 2. All school districts in this state having a school population of 2000 or over, as shown by the last preceding school census, shall be subdivided into voting wards by the directors of such district, such wards to conform as near as possible to the city wards comprised in its boundaries. The board of directors of all such districts shall establish at least one polling place in each ward, the judge and clerks of which shall be qualified electors within the provisions of this act, and residents of such ward; and each elector shall be required to cast his or her ballot in that ward in which he or she resides.

Section 3. All acts or parts of acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Section 4. Inasmuch as uncertainty now exists as to the qualifications of voters in such school districts, this act shall take effect from and after its approval by the governor.

Approved October 15, 1898.

There Are Two Sides.

Mr. Kubli's comment in last week's COURIER on four article of the previous week entitled, "A Word to Our Women" hit our merchants, as the little boy would call it in street parlance, a "ribreaster." If Mr. Kubli is correct in his statements the drubbing he gave would not be out of place, but most questions have two sides and in justice to all parties it is only fair that both sides be examined. The leading merchants inform us that they pay out a great deal of cash for farm produce from Josephine county. One gentleman invited us to look at his books and we found that he paid to one party alone for the one item of butter, at least $250 cash, besides hundreds of dollars in cash for various other things. Another merchant said, "We advertise in the COURIER that we will pay cash for produce."

Another merchant said, "Often we would gladly buy and pay the cash but we can't get the produce from the farmer for any less than we are compelled to sell it. A gentleman living not far from Grants Pass has a nice lot of onions but he will not sell them for less than 2 cents a pound cash which is the most we can obtain for them. We can send to Portland and have good onions shipped in for 1¼ or 1½ cents per pound after all expenses are paid, consequently we are compelled to send away for some things which we would much prefer to buy at home."

There is no question but what the merchants have paid out a great deal of cash for produce of one kind and another raised in Josephine county, but it should be borne in mind that a merchant cannot buy and sell at the same price and continue in business very long, hence he must be allowed to buy so as to sell at a profit and this, of course, a great majority realize and expect. Let us know each other better and then there would be less ground for complaint.

Look for the error in Harth's ad.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Communications

J. M. Chiles Speaks.

MR. EDITOR: I see in your paper that there was presented to the county court at the January term a petition from Thomas G. Reams, that the county court authorize and direct the district attorney to obtain an order in the circuit court annulling a certain decree entered therein, forever enjoining county officials from paying certain county warrants issued September 27th, 1890, Nos. 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, and 185, aggregating an amount of $3175, issued for the payment of the Rogue River bridge. The astonishing theory, to my mind, is the following comment to the court: "This court at this time looking favorable upon said petition and proposition." A copy of the old bogus contract signed by Volney Colvig and Peter Hanson, without date and of which the county court journal makes no mention, for $2800 is attached to the petition and proposition. Now, provided the bogus contract was good, the original for the construction of the bridge was $9000 and $2800 makes $11800, whereas $12175 was issued for the payment of the same, making a surplus of $375 over and above the bogus contract. This last amount with eight years of accumulated interest would amount to 615. But this business is settled as far as the court is concerned by a temporary injunction being placed therein against the before mentioned county warrants so wrongfully issued, which injunction was made permanent by the circuit court. In truth, I do not believe that a single warrant for the payment of the Rogue River bridge was issued according to law, but as the contract for $9000 seems to have been legally made, there was no contest for that amount of the first issued warrants up to that amount. The county court legally in session is the only authority to order the payment of this kind of service, and to make the order complete the journal must be signed by the presiding judge and the county clerk or deputy is the only party authorized to draw a warrant. Once establish the fact that a county warrant is good because it has been drawn by the duly acting clerk without the order of the court and every county in the state will be at sea without rudder or compass. If Mr. Reams wishes to collect the warrants in question, let him begin at the fountain where the gate was shut down, viz., the circuit court and then the proper sphere of district attorney will be there in defense of the county. It is easy to see the finger of long headed legal talent in the business and in this case he has used more sophistry than law to make the wheels go around and I anticipate the next ingredient in the mixture will be flattery. Let the people stand in judgment with their sentiments and threatening attitude to unload similar to that of a cart load of brickbats. We have had the experience of the city treasurer having the audacity of paying a city warrant with the circuit court's injunction resting thereon, when he should have stood with a denial until the heavens rained blue blazes of burning sulphur. Law, in the primary sense, was made for the protection of the weak, but sycophants occasionally play with that end that resembles the serpent's tongue and the people, dutchman like, rise in their indignation and come back with a pitchfork, sharp end foremost. Then mob reigns as a temporary equalizer while they sober down to common sense and then they will go on pretty well for a little while. J. M. CHILES.

Paul Perry, of Columbus, Ga., suffered agony for 30 years, and then cured his Piles by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It heals injuries and skin diseases like magic.—W. F. Kremer.

Messrs. James Grant and Gus Ahret of the Daisy mine near Cunningham, Coos county, Ore., sent in to Assayer Waters 50 pounds of pure white quartz on Monday morning to be tested by the cyanide process.

From the appearance of the rock an expert would imagine it to be absolutely worthless but when the Meteorolite magnet was applied to it, it told a very different tale, as the instrument became instantly sensitive thus showing the presence of gold in the rock, although not a particle was visible to the naked eye or even render a powerful spectrum.

When treated by cyanide, the ore gave up in the precious metal a return equal to $4 20 per ton.

This ore can be successfully treated at a cost of 90 cents a ton. J. K. W.

A limited number of Men's, Boy's and Youth's Suits to be sold at a Great Reduction. It will pay you to investigate. Dixon & McCroskey.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of his great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on W. F. Kremer, Druggist, and get a trial bottle free. Regular size 50c. and $1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

Leg Broken.

Some days ago while J. D. Stevens was at work in his mine on Pleasant creek a bank fell in on him breaking his leg between the knee and ankle joint. He was brought to Grants Pass where Dr. Flanagan set the broken limb last Thursday, and is looking after the patient who is doing as well as could be expected. J. D. is stopping at his mother's on Fourth street. We are sorry, Jim, that you are thus confined to your room but better be your leg than your neck which was broken.

Notice of Dissolution.

Notrce is hereby given to whom it may concern, that the partnership heretofore existing between H. C. Bobzien and Joseph Moss, under the firm name of Bobzien & Moss has been this day mutually dissolved. H. C. Bobzien will pay all existing liabilities and collect all debts due from or owing to, said firm.

H. C. BOBZIEN,
JOSEPH MOSS.

Dated this 7th day of January, 1899.

School Meeting.

The special school meeting to levy a tax was held at the school house last Saturday at 2 o'clock p. m. but on account of there being so few present it was deemed best to adjourn to 2 o'clock p. m. Tuesday, January 31. The question of a tax is a very important one and the people should turn out and attend to it.

The district's floating indebtedness is less this year than at the same time last year by over $1000, but still there are some important matters for the tax payers to consider and they by all means should attend to them and not leave it for a few to do. The question of educational efficiency is too paramount to be overlooked. The town is growing and the number of children increasing, and it takes money to keep things running. Turn out to the meeting and see what you are going to do with our schools.

Manilla Social.

The ladies of the Baptist church will give a "Manilla" social at Odd Fellows' Hall on Wednesday evening, January 25th. A special feature will be an exhibit of relics and souvenirs just brought from Manila and Japan by Mr. Everett Brown, who will give an interesting explanation of them and the costumes and maneuvers of the U. S. army. Refreshments will be served. Admission 20 cents.

Columbia

AT CRAMER BROS.

There are nearly 3,000 stitches in a pair of hand-sewn boots.

Women, according to Sir Erasmus Wilson, have, as a rule, much coarser hair than men.

There is a breed of dogs in Russia which are said to be naturally quite unable to bark.

It is said that every thread of a spider's web is made up of about 5,000 separate fibers.

To make 1,000 watch movements by hand would cost $80,822; by machinery they are produced at an expense of $1,799.

Chemists have extracted from coal tar 16 shades of blue, 16 of yellow, 12 of orange, nine of violet, besides shades of other colors too numerous to mention.

Whales from 300 to 400 years old are sometimes met with. The age is ascertained by the size and number of layers of the whalebone, which increases yearly.

Women students at the University of Berlin are not allowed to wear their hair in braids down their back. Two girl students who persisted in doing this were expelled.

It is reported from France that the juice freshly expressed from poppy stems, if promptly applied on bees' stings, will immediately alleviate the pain and not allow an inflammation to occur.

SAVED FROM SPANISH SHIPS.

Guns and Other Relics Recovered by the Navy from Cervera's Vessels.

The United States collier Leonidas lately delivered at the Washington navy yard and ordnance factory a vast amount of valuable salvage recovered by the wrecking companies from the hulks of Admiral Cervera's warships along shore near Santiago, which will be preserved by the navy as trophies of the war with Spain. The relics some of which are massive in proportions and in a fair state of preservation, considering that they were exposed to the conflagrations which swept the Spanish ships and to the action of sea water for nearly two months, will be put into thoroughly effective condition as far as possible in the ordnance shops and will probably be distributed in various points of the country for exhibition, the majority of them being destined to ornament the naval academy grounds at Annapolis.

Among the trophies are four 5½-inch guns, with their mounts and shields, taken from the Infanta Maria Teresa and the Almirante Oquendo, and ten guns of various calibers from the Cristobal Colon. The breech plugs of all the high-power rifles were not recovered, but they can be duplicated in the gun factory from working drawings which the naval attaches long ago secured abroad. Much of the salvage, notably the gun shields, show the results of the terrific fusillade maintained by the rapid-fire weapons of the Brooklyn and other American ships during the stern chase of July 3. Among the other articles saved by the wrecking company and brought to Washington in the Leonidas were a large quantity of shells of all calibers, including 100 of 13-inch diameter; an anchor and a lot of chain, 40 barrels of wine and the safe of the Cristobal Colon, which has up to this time successfully resisted all efforts made to secure its contents.—N. Y. Tribune.

A $3 Hat free—Read Harth's announcement in the local columns.

Correspondence.

Williams Items.

Miss Eva Sill made a business trip to your city Saturday.

Jessie Gotcher is suffering from a severe attack of measles.

Mr. Geed Howell returned to his home last week after an absence of several years.

Miss Carrie Farr is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. David John. Miss Farr has been in ill health for some time but is now improving.

J. P. Anderson and daughter, Miss Maude, went to Grants Pass last week. Mr. Anderson expects to work at Mt. Reuben for a short time.

George Sparlin is now at work on the night shaft in the Aleck Watts mine. Mr. Watts is one of the most prosperous mining men of Williams.

Last Tuesday the citizens were called together to clear the ground for the City Hall; but only a few responded; however quite a good deal of work was done.

It seems the people of Williams are composed of two distinct classes. A few who go ahead and do something, while the rest sit still and inquire why it is not done the other way.

Several of our fishermen have been trying their luck fishing and report quite a good many fish in the creek, but the water is most too deep to make it pleasant work. Most of the boys prefer fishing by moonlight. PRAIRIE FLOWER.

Leland and Vicinity.

Allie Osborn has returned from Wolf Creek after an absence of ten days.

E. W. Dana was one of our mining men who visited Grants Pass last week.

Miss Fan Osborn was the guest of Miss Mary Enyart of Grants Pass, last Saturday.

"All's well that ends well," our snow storm has ended and the miners are well pleased.

Mrs. J. D. Osborn of our town, visited the family of H. McKenzie of Grants Pass last week.

All of the "grip" victims of Tunnel 9 are better except August Lorenz but we hope for his speedy recovery.

Mr. Crockett and his wife have both been quite sick but we are pleased to say they are better at this writing.

J. M. Kenedy of Glendale, has been with us two or three days, and his smiling face always cheers up the sad.

Mrs. Phelps and little son Philip of Leland, are here this week as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Goff.

Peter Pueizer, our "Klondyker," has been in Grants Pass the past few days visiting friends and acquaintances.

J. A. Goff was the young man who visited the Hugo Sabbath school last Sunday and he says there was quite a number in attendance.

James Neeley and wife formerly of Merlin but present residents of this place, have been very sick with la grippe but are convalescent.

The miners have had several days and nights runs in the placer mines but owing to the cold nights and warm days the water is getting low again. The mines of this vicinity will surely develop into something more than is expected by most people. You can come down to Leland and just put in your time listening for a few hours, day or night, and you will be convinced of this fact, for there won't be half an hour at any one time that you won't hear blasting going on. In the quartz mines they blast the rock for the mills and in the placer, mines they use powder to loosen the dirt that it may be moved more rapidly with the hydraulic giants. The writer of this has heard as many as 25 shots in rapid succession in both the Van Brunt mine and the well known Lewis mine either within one mile of our town. Both of these mines are placer and both employ two shifts of miners and the mines are in operation day and night. T'would be useless to say that these mines pay well, for reason teaches us that this work wouldn't be done for nothing. MINER.

Glendale Items.

January 23, 1899.

Mr. W. R. Jones is in town from Gold Bug mines.

Enos Wall has returned from a week's visit to Canyonville.

William Woods of Waldo is here on a visit with his mother.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Kelleher, January 12, 1899, a son.

Mr. Jake Saunders has gone to Grants Pass for medical treatment.

"Grandma," (Mrs. Margaret Asher), has gone on a visit to West Fork.

Rev. S. C. Cultrin, the Adventist minister from Canyonville is in town.

Miss Ruth Roberts came home a day later from Hornbrook, via Jacksonville.

The steel gang is changing the steel on the S.P.R.R. from Glendale to Tunnel 3.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. David Thompson, of Jacksonville, January 14, a 12-pound boy.

Abe Miller has bought the residence of William Moore in Jacksonville, and will take possession in June.

Miss Alice Asher and her two brothers, Lewis and James, are here from West Fork attending the meetings.

Mr. Philip Dewey has gone to the Purdy-Dewey mines to work during the remainder of the mining season.

Mr. Charles Olinghouse, who has been attending school at Roseburg, was a guest at Hotel Glendale on his way home.

Mrs. S. R. Wallace, one of the pioneers of Wolf creek, is lying very low with paralysis. It is hoped that she will recover.

Miss Ethel Martin, daughter of H. D. Martin of Wolf creek, is very ill at the convent in Jacksonville, where she is attending school.

The smiling face of Miss Madge Day again greets us at Hotel Glendale, assuring her friends of her return from several days visit to Grants Pass.

Mr. Frank Wintemute is lying very ill at his home in Glendale. He was taken with what at first seemed to be la grippe, but which now seems to be developing a case of typhoid fever.

Mrs. Andrew Jaques and sister have returned from Riddle where Mrs. J. has been lying very ill for some time, but she is now much improved in health.

Mrs. Thomas Scott of West Fork was here this week on a visit to her mother, Mrs. Hodson of Hotel Glendale. Her sister, Miss Minnie returned home with her for a visit.

A unanimous vote of an overflowing house of people asked Mrs. Sweet to continue her meetings another week. Services every night at 7:30, and Sunday at 2 p. m, and 7:30 p. m.

Miss Pearl Kerns, of Wolf creek developed a fine case of measles, and as she was recovering, Miss Jennie Darniel also at Kern's hotel came down with a good recipe for the same disease. Both cases are now on the mend.

Attorney Abraham and Miss Nettie Redfield, of Roseburg, Will Levins of Galesville, Harmon Swank of Victor mine, Mr. S. Buell of Myrtle creek and Wash. Moore of Canyonville, are guests at the Hotel Glendale.

Mrs. A. Miller has returned from several weeks' stay in Jacksonville, where she was called to what was expected to be the death bed of her father's wife but who now is slowly convalescing. Mrs. Miller's twin sister, Mrs. W. J. Plymale, of Jacksonville is also very ill with a complication of chronic diseases.

Carl Nelson and family were met at the train by a large party of friends and relatives to see them as they passed through to their future home in Portland. Mr. Nelson has been engaged for the last three years at the mint in San Francisco, and now goes to take a position in the custom house in Portland, for a change of climate advised on account of his wife's health. Mrs. Nelson is a daughter of Mrs. A. Miller of this place. Miss Genevieve Roberts, who has been visiting in Hornbrook and Jacksonville, joined her sister, Mrs. Nelson at Medford and came home on the same train.

Read P. H. Harth & Son's announcement headed "Now is Your Chance" in another column.

School Notes.

(From School Correspondent.)

Hattie Smith served as substitute for teacher in one of the upper rooms several days this week.

Superintendent Hayes visited school last week.

School is dismissed 15 minutes earlier each Friday.

Several of the rooms had to be dismissed Monday morning on account of their being filled with smoke.

The 10th grade is diminishing in number.

Walter Harmon and Willard Denison were visitors at school this week.

John Winders has resumed his studies at school again.

The endless chain in boys' games has changed again,—now it is base ball.

Echoes From Althouse.

"Don't Tell" has ceased to be,
Ah, there—look out for me!

What shall I say! Well, can always talk about the weather:

Bright sunshine has brought the fair
Out to breath the balmy air.

School is progressing very nicely under the management of Miss Fiester.

Tom and Jack have a pipe and hose on their claim now, and, well, just wait till they clean up.

Althouse can boast of Tre-fat hens with only one bill.

S. W. Forbes, the Browntown postmaster and merchant, made Grants Pass a flying visit last week.

The Southern Oregon packers, Bill Keffer, head manager, are always on hand and will pack to any mine between Jack Snock's store and Klondyke. Billy can't be beat.

Little Vivian McVey, Miss Minnie Johnson and our good natured old bachelor, Mr. Arch Tycer, are all on the sick list.

Cal Griffin, the Althouse architect, has his eye on a pocket up the hill. Cal says he does not want to dig it out but wants to know it is there that is all.

Mr. King, superintendent of the Hansen mine, is pushing through the hill with a tunnel to tap Althouse creek, and is doing a piece of work creditable to any mining engineer.

George Benson, the former owner of the Diamond R mine, made a flying trip up the mine with the S. O. packers Friday.

Our old time honored packer, Sam Siscel, made the run to the top of the hill Saturday with mail for Camp Jupiter at the Frank Houston mine, now owned and operated by a New York firm with Mr. Francis Wardle, secretary of the company, in charge. This mine from present prospects will be the largest in southern Oregon by next summer. NUGGET.

Schilling's Best

Japan Ceylon
English Breakfast
Oolong Ideal Blend

Tea

Indian War Veterans.

Persuant to call by D. S. Holton, captain of Camp No. 11, the Indian war veterans of the North Pacific coast met in city hall at Grants Pass on January 7th, A. D, 1899. The following preamble and resolutions prepared by Shad Hudson were introduced to the senate and house of representatives of the United states, your petitioners:

The Indian war veterans of the North Pacific coast would earnestly and respectfully ask that the bill now pending in the house of representatives and twice passed the senate, providing pensions for Indian war veterans, pass and become a law.

Whereas, That now many of the old Indian war veterans have spoliation or depredation claims pending in congress or sleeping in or about the court of claims, anything you may do to hasten or facilitate action on those claims will be thankfully received by the few remaining old pioneers of Oregon.

Whereas, We are all now old, decrepit and many of us in pecuniary need, and as we are fast passing away, and in a few more years there will be nothing to mark the graves of the hardy pioneers who fought their way through bands of uncivilized savages to this coast and were engaged in almost a continuous Indian warfare for 10 years, from 1847 to 1857, before we brought the Indians under subjection and control on reservations, so that it was possible for people to live in peace and enjoy their homes and firesides and the women and children safe from the scalping knives of the wily savages.

Whereas, Are we to receive any reward of merit for the hardships, privations and dangers we have gone through, to gain and maintain peace and liberty on this coast, or shall we go down to oblivion, without even a stake driven in the ground to mark the resting place of the hardy pioneers who paved the way for the advancing steps of civilization at the present day and built as it were a city by the sea?

Whereas, Had it not been for us in those pioneer days of more than 50 years ago, the Northwest territory, as it was those days termed, would today still be a howling wilderness, inhabited only by savages and wild beasts. We would therefore respectfully ask that the bill pass, for the benefit of the few that are now living, and the memory of the dead.

D. S. HOLTON,
Capt. Camp No. 11, P.W.V.N.P.C.
HENRY THORNTON,
Treasurer.
SHAD HUDSON,
Orderly Sergeant and Sect.
W. N. SAUNDERS,
Com. Sergeant.
A. M. JESS,
Cop. of Guard and Messenger.

Wm. Griffin,	Jasper N. Daniel,
James Hoxey,	James Neely,
Jacob McDaniel,	R. Benedict,
David Sexton,	Samuel Hawkins.
Wm. Stringer,	Joseph Pollie,
Garet Crockett,	James Tuffs, Sr.
Henry York,	Frank Needham,
Isaac Van Dorn,	John B. Risley,
J. T. Layton,	J. M. Furman.
Alex Watts.	

The public schools teach almost every known branch of study but the one most important branch of all. What does it profit your son if he has an intellect like a Newton, and is mentally an Admiral Crichton, if he has a weak and puny body and not the remotest idea of how to care for his health? A boy should be taught from the start that his health is his most precious endowment. Without health, all the talent, all the genius, and all the ambition in the world are worthless. A boy should be taught that success in any walk of life, that happiness, and life itself, are dependent upon his care of his health.

When a man feels that he is losing his health and vigor, when his cheeks no longer glow, his step is no longer elastic and the sparkle of health is no longer in his eyes, he should work less, rest more and resort to the right remedy to restore his bodily vigor. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a natural medicine—a scientific medicine. It does no violence to nature. It works with and not against nature. It promotes the natural processes of secretion and excretion. It imparts vitality and power to the whole system. It gives plumpness and color to the cheeks, sparkle to the eyes, steadiness to the nerves, strength to the muscles and the animation of health to the whole body. It makes the appetite keen and hearty. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and nerve-tonic and restorative. Medicine dealers sell it and have absolutely nothing else "just as good."

"I was afflicted with pimples and boils, and running sores on face and neck," writes Robert S. Wert, Esq., of No. 615 Galloway Ave., Columbus, Ohio. "I took Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets,' and was cured."

Constipation is the commonest beginning and first cause of many serious diseases and it should always be treated with Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets used in connection with the "Discovery." These are the most perfect natural laxatives and permanently cure.

STRAYED.

STRAYED—Red bull—There now is and has been on my farm on Louse creek for the past two years a stray bull, red-brindle, slit in right ear, will weigh about 1200, 4 or 5 years old. Owner will please get same and pay charges. A. COLE.
Cole's Ranch, Dec. 3, 1898.

WANTED.

WOOD wanted on subscription, at this office.

EXCHANGE.

ORANGE GROVE—10 acres of 4-year-old trees just coming into bearing, 2½ miles from Orville, Cal., a city of 3500 population. Will exchange for hotel or stock of goods or good farm in the Rogue River valley. If you want a good orange grove call on Price & Voorhies.

REAL ESTATE.

DAIRY RANCH.—We have for sale within 8 miles of this city, one of the best dairy ranches in Oregon, which we offer for sale at a bargain to any one who has money to put into a business of this kind. Write Price & Voorhies for particulars; it costs but little to inquire.

$700 will buy a lot in Grants Pass, 100 x 100, on which there is a beautiful cottage which cost $800. The place is well improved, has good water and is one of the pleasant homes of Grants Pass. This is a bargain. Call on Price & Voorhies before it is too late.

BEST RESIDENCE LOCATION in this city—you will say so yourself when you see it. Can be bought for half its real value. A bargain rarely offered. Inquire of Price & Voorhies.

400 ACRES on Applegate, a fine grass farm, 200 acres in cultivation each year. Entire farm can be covered with ditch taken from the Applegate. This farm could be made very profitable by an up-to-date farmer. Worth $50 an acre, can be bought for half that amount. Inquire of Price & Voorhies.

Seven hundred dollars will buy a farm on Rogue River about four miles below Merlin. Fine water, fair house, some fruit etc., etc., and a splendid hog range in the hills back of the place. This place is well worth the money asked for it.

Nine hundred fifty dollars will buy an acre of ground in this city on which there is a good house. The place is well situated and in a healthful location.

Five acres of choice land in the Eastern part of town, every foot of the land is rich; good variety of fruit, good home and excellent water. This property is very cheap and is a home on which a small family can make a good living. Call and inquire about it.

40 ACRES not far from Kerby, 15 acres in cultivation, fair house, out buildings, good range, living water, will make an excellent home for an industrious family. Ask for the price of Price & Voorhies.

J. K. WATERS,
SCIENTIFIC ASSAYER,
Late from Johannesburg, South Africa.

Assays by a New scientific Chemical System (the most reliable methods). Cut rate charges from today. Gold, 75c; Silver, 45c; Copper, $1; Gold, Silver and Copper, $2; Other metals extracted from ores at cut rates. Office in Opera House Block.

neral Application No.

U. S. Land Office, Roseburg, Or., November 2.

Notice is hereby given that W. James, by William F. Horn, his attorney in fact, whose post office address is Grants Pass, Oregon, in pursuance of the Mining laws has made application for patent for 1500 linear feet on each of the Silver Dollar, Oregonian, Bimetallist and U. S. lodes and for 300 linear feet on the Gold Bug lode, situated in Greenhorn Creek Mining District, Josephine County, Oregon, being survey No. 331, designated as the official plot posted and by field notes filed in this office as follows:

GOLD BUG LODE: Beginning at Cor. No. 1, identical with Oregonian Cor. No. 2, and the ¼ Sec. Cor. on West side Sec. 30, T. 34 S., R. 7 W. W. M., bears S. 89° W. 7364.1 ft., Mt. Reuben U. S. L. M. bears S. 84°55'31" E. 2045.63 ft.; thence N. 15°02'16" W. 450.66 ft. to U. S. Cor. No. 1, identical with Cor. No. 2, identical with Cor. No. 1, Silver State; thence S. 74°57'44" W. 600 ft. to Cor. No. 3, identical with Cor. No. 2, Silver State, and Cor. No. 2 Silver Dollar; thence N. 15°02'16" E. 793.46 ft. to Cor. No. 4, identical with Cor. No. 3 Oregonian; thence N. 74°57'44" E. 600 ft. to Cor. No. 1. From discovery tunnel, the presumed direction of the vein is S. 15°02'16" E. 700 ft.

SILVER STATE LODE: Beginning at Cor. No. 1, whence said ¼ Cor. Sec. 30 bears S. 81°10'26" E. 7681.41 ft.; thence N. 15°02'16" W. 333.8 ft. to U. S. Cor. No. 4, identical with Cor. No. 2; thence S. 74°57'44" W. 600 ft. to Cor. No. 3; thence S. 15°02'16" E. 793.46 ft. to Cor. No. 4; thence N. 74°57'44" E. 600 ft. to Cor. No. 1. From discovery cut the presumed direction of the vein is N. 15°02'16" W. 1500 ft.

SILVER DOLLAR LODE: Beginning at Cor. No. 1, whence said ¼ Cor. Sec. 30 bears S. 82°06'36" E. 7792.36 ft.; thence N. 15°02'16" W. 706.54 ft. to Oregonian Cor. No. 4, identical with Gold Bug Cor. No. 4, 1500 ft. to Cor. No. 3; thence S. 74°57'44" W. 600 ft. to Cor. No. 2; thence S. 15°02'16" E. 1500 ft. to Cor. No. 1. Thence N. 74°57'44" E. 600 ft. to Cor. No. 4. Corners Nos. 1 and 3 are each marked X chiseled in solid rock and witness trees erected respectively N. 74°57'44" E. 15 ft. and S. 74°57'44" W. 5.29 ft. from corners. From discovery cut the presumed direction of the vein is N. 15°02'16" W. 385 ft. and S. 15°02'16" E. 20 ft.

OREGONIAN LODE: Beginning at Cor. No. 1, whence said ¼ Cor. Sec. 30 bears S. 81°34'24" E. 7071.75 ft.; thence N. 15°02'16" W. 459.66 ft. to Bimetallist Cor. No. 4, identical with Cor. No. 2; thence S. 74°57'44" W. 600 ft. to Cor. No. 3; thence S. 15°02'16" E. 793.46 ft. to Cor. No. 4; thence N. 74°57'44" E. 600 ft. to Cor. No. 1. From discovery cut the presumed direction of the vein is S. 15°02'16" W. 385 ft. and S. 15°02'16" E. 1300 ft.

BIMETALLIST LODE: Beginning at Cor. No. 1, whence said ¼ Cor. Sec. 30 bears S. 88°39'56" E. 6612.96 ft.; thence N. 15°02'16" W. 1500 ft. to Cor. No. 2; thence S. 74°57'44" W. 667.6 ft to Cor No. 3, identical with Cor. No. 1; thence S. 15°02'16" E. 1500 ft. to Cor. No. 4; thence N. 48°57'19" E. 667.6 ft. to Cor. No. 1. From discovery cut the presumed direction of the vein is N. 15°02'16" W. 1490 ft. and S. 15°02'16" E. 10 ft.

U. S. LODE: Beginning at Cor. No. 1, whence said ¼ Cor. Sec. 30 bears S. 85°37'19" E. 7652.54 ft.; thence N. 48°57'19" E. 1500 ft. to Cor. No. 2; thence N. 15°02'16" W. 300 ft. to Cor. No. 3; thence S. 48°57'19" W. 1500 ft. to Cor. No. 4; thence S. 15°02'16" E. 300 ft. to Cor. No. 1. From discovery cut the presumed direction of the vein is N. 15°02'16" W. 385 ft. and S. 15°02'16" E. 10 ft.

Of record on pages 19-20 and 75-76 of Misc. Mng. Records of said Josephine County.

The Sunset lode, unsurveyed, adjoining ground in conflict being excluded from application. Area, 110.54 acres. Situated in a portion of Tp. 33 S., R. 8 W. of the Willamette Meridian (not subdivided). Adverse all persons claiming adversely any part of said mines or surface ground are required to file their adverse claims with the Register of the United States Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon, during the sixty days next after publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the statute.

J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

First publication Nov. 24, 1898; last publication Jan. 26, 1899.

Mineral Application No.

U. S. Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, November 2.

Notice is hereby given that W. James, by William F. Horn, his attorney in fact, whose post office address is Grants Pass, Oregon, in pursuance of the Mining States Mining laws has made application for patent for 1500 linear feet on the Oregonian lode, situated in the Wolf Creek Mining District, Josephine County, Oregon, being survey No. 352 described by the official plot posted, and by the field notes filed in this office, as