# Harney Valley Items. 

 URNS. OREGON. SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16. 1901, Ni* мamin zis.

NO. 51.

Geer \& Cummins

onegon.

##  <br> THE CITIZENS BANK

 Capital Stock$A$ Ceneral B

OREGON' S OPPORTUNITY

Vor Commercial Clamor

Oor Commercial Chiou. :
A Portland paper says: "Uuless commercial interests of Portiand to the merchants of Portiand exèr "inventigate the situation in South of a railrosd tributary to this cits Auence to secure the coustrnction of with Southeastern Oregon, the im- a railfoud that will make this eec
mense trade of this vast section. (ion tributary- to Portland. Th already controlled by. Califorisis, matter is an important one, perliap *ill bech is the prophetic warniug sounded with no uncertain emphaxis
by W. P. Keady, the well-known mining usn, wha, is perhaps as
well posted upon Southeastern Ore well posted upon Southeastern Ore- Mr. Keady is of the opinion thal
en as anv man in the state. Mr. the asiest ingress into Southess
 is more furcibly than ever impress-
ed with the jupportange of the com. mercial field neglected by Portiand. Mr. Keady went br way of Prine-
ville, Silver Lake, Paisley, Lake-
view, Klamath Falls and Ashiad, view, hiamath Falls and shiaod,
returning over the Southern Pacific. "The commercial importance of
Southeastern Oregon is probably southeastern Oregon is probably
far beyond the knowledge of the
average citizen of Portiand, said average citizen of Fortuand, Were
He Keady, this morning.
it not, I am, satiofied that some concerted etifort would be exerited to ee-
cure the conatruction of a road into cure the construction of a road into
this fieli, At present all the trade of this sast section goes to Cali-
forais Freight is pauled from Red Blutf, at the hend of naviga tion on the Sacramento river, into
Oregon as far as Paisley, a distance of alout 3 co miles. Into the Kismath Falls country most of the
freight comes from Ager, just
across the Oregon line in Californim. The Liseviek country trade is als?
controlled bi San Francisco Nearly controlled bs San Francisco. Nearly
all the supplies for this section come from San Francisco over the
Southern Pacific to Reno, from Whtch point they are ohipped over
the narrow gauge road to Alturas,
and then by freight wagons into and then by freight wagons into
$O$ egon. The road from Reno to
$\qquad$ and if some of the Oregon rom ds do
not get action promptly and build into this part of the state, the Ne-
vada-California rosd will. The
road that gets into this country first wilf get the bueinessand re
tain it.
The refources of this neglected The refources of this neglected
country are immense, and did Port land merchants realize what they
are losing I am satisfied wome effort would bo wade to enter the field. In the Deachutes country the pop-
ulation is rapidly increasing. Irrigating ditches are building and the country is developing. The Sitver Lake country is thickly settied also, the principal industry being
stock raising. The wettlery are
thrifty and thrifty and prosperous, as is evi
denced denced by their well-improved
farms and good buildings. Th eame may be said of the Chewaksn River and Lost River Valleys and the Kinmath Lake country.
"The present retources of country justify a railroad, while
the further development of the country. resulting from railwa tranoportation facilities, would be
marvelous. In addition to the re marvelous. In addition to the re
sources alrendy de deloped, the build sources alreaty developed, the buita
ing of a railroad would mean th ing of a railroad would mean th
development of the promisising oi fields between Lakevicī̀ and War eer lake. There is a grod minera
diatriet about Paisley. as also im "The trade of this vast territor nearly all of which goes to Califor ma, as aiready etated, rightfull
belcugs, to Oregon, At prosen
the inhabitan'e of this uection the inhabitan's of this mection restly
$\qquad$ stitutional remedics. Deafness is
$\qquad$ We will give One Ifandred Dol-

NEEDED LEGISLATION
erly labeled, and suct goode that not pass out of the custody of suck officers until such tabels and tags
have tion so afixed; and every offiece of customs whe jermits any phoss outy of his custody this act te pass out of his eustody or contro
without compliance by the owner or-importer thereof with the pro
The legislative committee of the visions of this act, rbsil be gulli
ational Live Stock association of a misdemeanor and shal be fined as reported the following bill to the not less than $\$ 1,000$ nor more thall pased upon by the association at $\$ 5,000$ and imprisonment not lese
their annual meeting in Chicazo, than six months nor more than next month. This bill after being Stock Asbociation will be sent to Wa hington and asked to be passed by congress:
House of Representatives of and House of Representatives of the
Tiited' States of America in ConSection 1. That for the purpose of this aet the words "woolen or
woolen qoods or fabrics" shall he
understood to mean goociser fabrie understood to mean gooder fabrics
made wholly of theeps wond which hins not been previously used in
the manufacture or of the process of manufarture of any other astiele
goods or fabries. Section. 2. That for the purpose
of this act the word "shoddy" shall be underatood to mexn all wholly or partially of waste, hair mungo
worlextiact, waste woolen rags, and all fabrics in which wool in any
proportion-is used in connection with any of said fibers, materials
fatrics, and all siticles in whict enton. linen, hair or sther fibers or substances are used in connection
with wool or woolen fibers in the manufacture of any cloth, fabric or any other articie; and all other ar
tieles, goods or fabries into the manufacture of which wool enters which are not made of new or un
uscd sheep'\% wool, made in imita tion of woolen goods or fabries, o when made so, calcuiated or in
teuded to be suld or offered for sale ns woolens, woolen goods or fabrics Seetion 3. That all menufacturers
of goods or fabrics of any kind whatfoever made in imitation of which when so made are calculated or intended to be sold az woolens
or woslen goods, not made of new or unused sheep's woo shall so mark, label or tag such goode as that they mav be readily
distinguished from genuine wools or wonlens as defined in the firs
section of this aet. That such section of this act. That such mark
label or tes shall be attached to such goodior fabries as that they eanno such label shall aceurately stat. in plain printed letters and fizure cerisls or substances of which it per cent of each. Seetion 4. That all elothiers tailors and other persons who shal make mav of such adulterated or ments, or sanv article whateoever to be sold as -euch, shall also place the ear. There is only one way to be sold as euch, shall also place
$\qquad$ caused by an inflamed condition of made a label, tag or tab similar
the mucous lining of the Euetach- that required of the manufagtur inn Tube. When this tube gets in- of the goods or fabries of which
flamed you have flamed you have a rumbling found is made and showing the same
is entirely closed deafuess is the re- Section 5. All sholdy of every sult, and unless the inflawation kind and description whatsoever,
can be taken out and this tube re- including clathes, clothing and stored to its normal condition, every article manufactured or in
hearing will be deatroyed forever: any of the process or stages of hearing will be destroyed forever; any of the process or stages of
nitureases rut of ten ase caused by manufacture imported from foreign nitur eases rut of ten ase eaused by manufacture imporied from foreign
catarrh, which is nothing but an countries, shall be mark od, labeled antarrh, whech is nothing but an countries, shall be mark ed, isbeled
inflamed condition of the mucous or tagged as provided for in case of lars for any ease of Deafness (caused Uniied States. The Iabels, tage by catarrh) that enn, not be cured be affixed by the owners or imporiby Ha:l's Catarrh Cure. Send for ers while it is in the custody of the
cireulars, free.
eustom bouse officers, and it shall Sold by Druggiste. 75 c . Hall's Family Pilis are the thast. urticles and sec that they as prop-

Section 6 That any marufnctur$r$ or importer of shoddy as defined ell, or pernit to be sold or remer drom the place of manufacture or the custody of the custom house of any kind what tooever manufa tured, or in the process or anv stage efly innufacture, without being prop. by this act, shall to guilty of misdemesnor and shall not befineed $\$ 500$ for Section 7. That any clothire ailor, merchant or other persion
who knowingly purchares from manufacturer, or othor person. an is not as defined in this act. which to not iabeied or asarked according be guilty of a miedemeanor and miore thed not lese than $\$ 50$ of and if each elothier, merchant or or other pernon so purchasing any
such goods as afocessid thall such goods as afo: esaid rhall mat
efacture and sell, or offer to sell the same, or any such perion st the same, or any such person whin
sball vell. or expose for sale any such goods or fabric without being labeled shall be fined not less than $\$ 100$ nor niore than $\$ 1,000$ for each Section \&. That sar mannfacturr, dealer, agent eaploye of other person who shall knowingly sell. trade or exchange, ant to sell. goode, fabricange, any dotbirg. snown as shoddy as defined in this or and fined not less thim $\ddagger 10 \theta$ and not more than $\$ 1,000$.
Section 9. That any manufucturer, importer, werchant or other lecsly or carelessly marked, so as or a smailer per cent of shod wool. that aill or is calculated to deceive or mislead the purehseer thereot. and shall be fined not less than $\$=$ es or more than $\$ 5,000$ for the offense.


