

The official reports of the U. S. district attorney and marshal of Wyoming, of their investigation into the Bannock Indian troubles, the report of the district attorney partly reads as follows:

"I have no doubt whatever that the killing of the Indian Tanega, on or about the 13th of July, was an atrocious, outrageous and cold blooded murder; and it was a murder perpetrated on the part of the constable, Manning, and his deputies in pursuance of a scheme and conspiracy on their part to prevent the Indians from exercising a right and privilege which is, in my opinion, very clearly guaranteed to them by the treaty before mentioned.

"Should a prosecution on the part of the United States be determined on, it would be useless to commence it before a commissioner. As the law now is, we are bound to bring the prisoners before the United States commissioner nearest to the place of arrest, and in this case it would be before Mr. Pettigrew, the commissioner of Marysvale. I am informed that he is thoroughly in sympathy with the so called settlers of that region, and that he advised Constable Manning and his posse that the provisions of the treaty under which the Indians claimed the right to hunt on the unoccupied lands of the United States had, for some reason, ceased to be operative. Hence I think that, to cause the arrest of these men and take them for a hearing before this commissioner, would simply result in their discharge.

"It seems to me to be a great pity that there is no national law which can be certainly invoked for the protection of these, our domestic subjects, weak and defenseless as they are, in their rights to enjoy these privileges guaranteed to them by a solemn treaty, to the enforcement of which the honor of the country is pledged, and that their only protection against forcible resistance to their enjoyment of these rights must be found in the courts of the state where the juries will unquestionably look on them as possessing no rights which a white man is bound to respect."

Notice the ending "the juries will unquestionably look on them as possessing no rights a white man is bound to respect."

The Indians have the same rights a white man has in the states in question and these rights are and will be respected by the whites. But should they have superior rights and privileges to the white man, just because they are, as he says, weak and defenseless and Uncle Sam's pets? The dirty, lousy, strapping big fellows too lazy to work and depending on the government for support and at the same time must have privileges not granted the hard-working, tax-paying settler, with a family to support by the sweat of his brow, besides helping by taxation to support the dirty, lazy, trifling redskins. This is the kind of injustice the Indians get from the settlers.

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to cause the arrest of these men and take them for a hearing before this commissioner would simply result in their discharge."

What a great pity, he would have you think, it is that a dozen or two whitemen cannot be hanged for not allowing the Indians to break a law which the whites respect.

POLITICS.

The county political "pot" we noticed during the races, has begun to simmer, which indicates a speedy boil, and we predict it will be boiling over before very long. From present indications one would judge that a candidate for a county office cannot be "in it" unless he is avowedly for free coinage of silver. We are certain this will be the main issue in the coming county conflict for political honors. A candidate favoring the gold standard, let his politics be what it may, will be like a cat in a fight without claws, it will be all "mew" and no fight. The parties will not be recognized but money will. And can we blame the voter? Not a bit of it. If his party heaps abuse upon forbearance, then it is time to call a halt, and ask if the party is superior to the will of the people, or is it the people that holds the party subject to their will and wants. Should a party take it upon itself to dictate to the voter, just then the voter should show the party it must bend to his will, or go by the board. Party organizations in politics are necessary and proper, so long as the party is subject to the wishes of its followers but when a party desires to subordinate its followers to the dictation of a few leaders directly in conflict with the feeling of the majority representing the party, then these dictators should be taught a lesson in politics, enforcing the principle that a majority must rule and that coercion in government cannot be tolerated.

THE RACE.

The Burns races this year were conducted upon a principle of honesty which for the last five or six years this town has been a stranger to.

The newspapers and citizens of the place heartily indorse the honest method pursued by the racing men.

The objection to racing is the manner in which it has been carried on in this place heretofore or for several years. Sporting men should understand that people outside of their own clique have proper respect for law and order and expect it of them and when it is seen by the people that the sporting class rather encourage lawlessness instead of order and system, that class cannot expect to receive the approval of the citizens. When races are run and horses pulled for purposes of the ring, and outside persons bilked out of their money and if not money their judgment. People naturally condemn, without mercy, such actions of racing men and they have a right to do so. Though newspapers do not always do so, still, it is the duty of the papers to handle such conduct without gloves and place condemnation hard upon dishonesty and chuck races.

Be it said to the credit of our racing men and those who were here from elsewhere, that there has

been less profanity, less contention, and less quarrelling on the race grounds this year than has been for several years heretofore.

In France, a man with an income of \$4000 a year pays \$1000 in direct and indirect taxes. Such taxation in this country would raise a storm of protests and it would be proclaimed from a thousand stumps and through ten thousand journals that the people were taxed to death and that the country would quickly be involved in ruin. However that may be, it is nevertheless a fact that the French, with all their taxes are about the most prosperous people in the world.—Ex.

THE national government has resolved to ignore the Wyoming game law, so far as the Indians are concerned. Will it also ignore the Yellowstone park regulations and turn the lazy redskins in there to kill off the game?

America's Great Danger

AN ENGLISH COMMENTARY.

Said an eminent English scientist recently: "The danger that confronts the great American people to-day is not the possible adoption of a wrong financial policy for the nation, or the spread of socialism, or the increase of corruption among public men. All these are bad enough, to be sure, but they are as nothing compared to the terrible national disease—I had almost said national crime—of overwork. The mad rush for wealth is set at a killing pace, and thousands fall by the way every year.

You are likely to be one of the victims! How do we know? Because it is the exception to find a man or woman of adult age in perfect health. Nervous Disorders are spreading with fearful rapidity. Among the symptoms, are—Backache, Biliousness, Cold Hands and Feet, Dizziness, Hot Flashes, Fluttering Sensation, Fainting, Headache, Hysteria, Irritability of the Heart, Melancholy, Failing Memory, Palpitation, Rheumatism, Short Breath, Sleeplessness, Nervous Dyspepsia, Sexual Debility, Fits, etc. Rev. C. A. CARROLL, pastor First Baptist Church, Yellow Springs, O., writes as follows: "I have used Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine for the past six months. I find it acts like a charm on the whole nervous system. I have not found its equal in giving immediate relief. Dr. Miles' little Nerve and Liver Pills only need a trial and they will recommend themselves to be the best pills in the market."

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