

THE EAST OREGON HERALD stands firm in its position for the advancement of the common interests of the whole people of Harney county. While it quietly places the name of Burns at its masthead, and respectfully suggests it to the people as the most suitable location for the county-seat, after a careful consideration of its merits and demerits, THE HERALD does not ignore the local value to the county of every town or townsite within its boundaries—Harney, Drewsey, Riley, Diamond, Blitzen, Del Norte, Boat Ford, Saddle Butte, all these are representative of the various divisions of this great Harney county, and have many natural advantages and promises for the future, but Burns, in addition to equally good natural, has many more acquired advantages than the other points named, is much further advanced in the town-building process than any one of the others. A secondary consideration for this preference is more selfish, but readers will acknowledge it as of weight—all the editors' and proprietors' property interests are centered in Burns.

THE Grant County News says there is danger of the Democrats filling the offices of his county and administering justice, because Republican officials are resigning by the wholesale—two Republicans, Justices of the Peace, having deserted their trusts by resignation in the space of two weeks.

THE HERALD and Free Press, the best local and family papers, both for only \$2.65 a year.

JUDGE SPATER used the following course of the nefarious practice of a certain class of newspapers in California publishing other than the evidence duly and legally elicited in murder cases. THE HERALD endorses every word uttered, both in theory and by practice:

"One of the reasons offered in support of the motion for a new trial, was the inference of the public press on the details of this trial. I do not recollect or know whether they all occurred in the same paper, or different ones, but they were all of the same general tenor and effect.

These publications are criminal on their face. They are disreputable to the public press. The whole effort seems to be to bring the law and those who are called upon to administer it into contempt, both as to the court and the officials who are subject to the order of the court, upon all occasions. The persons who publish such things, whoever they may be, secure exemption from punishment from the fact that it is supposed to be dangerous to attack them.

They are criminals under the criminal law of this State. Their conduct is a contempt of court, and for the administration of justice. No community which suffers it to be done without attempting to bring them to punishment can be called civilized.

It is not my function to take action in open courts to punish those who did this. That must be presented upon affidavit, and if so presented, I should certainly give it a full and careful investigation. It should be done by libel, but that is a function belonging to other officers of the Government. I would not hesitate to inflict the utmost punishment in my power on these parties if they were brought before me.

As I have said upon another occasion, the public press is part of the Government. They assume to constitute themselves such, and to be paramount, and to control all the functions of the other three branches of the government. If this can be endured and passed by in silence, and they can do this with impunity from punishment, we might as well close our courtroom doors."

OBJECTORS is made now and then by party leaders to the people, the "common herd," "the voting masses," putting in their say about prospective candidates to official position in the county, and do not

hesitate to censure the newspaper that voices such "interference" in matters presumably beyond the limited comprehension of the common people.

There is a natural inclination to bossism in every person—as one may say it's pleasanter to be boss than to be bossed. Fortunately for the people of Harney county, however, THE HERALD is able to say:

"No Boss I own, save one alone, The Lord of earth and sky,

and, therefore, adds an invitation for them to write freely between now and the holding of party conventions, about what they need, whom they want, and wherefore. There is not a man in Harney county who is "free, white and twenty-one" and a citizen of the United States, but has a legal right to be an aspirant for the honors and emoluments of office, and the right to say so for himself or his friend, but, as there is no strength in disorganization, no confidence to be placed in a disorganizer, and the two antagonistic policies of government duly and fully recognized in the Democratic and Republican parties, every citizen must be for the public welfare, allied with one or the other of these two great organizations. And he should be at all times in harmonious action with one or the other—if he is a Democrat, let him rise or fall with the comrades of his own political faith, if he is a Republican, let him know what are the principles and policies of that party, and abide by them. Great and good men, noble civilians and brave soldiers, have lived and died in the political faith of one or the other of these two great organizations for the perpetuity of the American Republic. Thousands of the best citizens of this government of the People, are to-day laboring for the supremacy of the Democratic or Republican party, because they believe the purposes of the American Nation will be better served through the theories and practices of the party of their preference, rather than the one from which they differ.

THE HERALD believes with absolute faith, that through the policies of the Democratic party the People of the country will be more capably, more faithfully, more economically governed, than through the practices of the Republican party, that shows itself to be in accord with the monopolists' greed for increase, rather than with the people's demand for a common livelihood. That the Democratic party is the same party it was yesterday, is the same to-day, and will be the same in the future.—progressing with people as they advance civilization. It has tood the test of an hundred years as a vigilant guardian of the People's rights while the Republican party is but an organization of to-day, not yet in its thirty-fifth year, and may be absorbed into some one of the many "isms" that have laid in wait and captured the opponents of the Democratic party since 1789.

Then, fellow-citizens, let us act with as much freedom from Bossism as we like, but let us stand or fall with our comrade in the ranks of one party or the other—Democrats with Democrats, Republicans with Republicans, and cry out shame upon the disorganizer who for paltry self-aggrandizement, would trample down party lines in the name of local issues. Our local affairs are safe under the wings of recognized systematic organizations all over the county for active work. Take a living interest in the qualifications of the several names being mentioned for governor, for senator, for each county official, and that will keep your newspaper men on the qui vive to keep you posted.

S. F. Call: Fifty-eight years have elapsed since Dom Pedro of Alcantara, Emperor of Brazil, abdicated his throne and took ship for Lisbon, leaving the sovereignty to his five-year old son, and now that son, known to the world as Dom Pedro II, has in his turn taken ship for Lisbon—a monarch, personally amiable and just, popular at home and respected abroad. There was no bloodshed by the revolutionists who overthrew the Emperor of Brazil. He got free transportation, a couple of millions for an outfit, and a pension of \$450,000 a year. It is impossible to dethrone a monarch more civilly. Europeans are appalled at the event. If a man of personal virtues and irreproachable life as Dom Pedro, an enlightened, broad-minded, liberal statesman, could be overthrown in a day by a party which did not appear to have existence on the day previous, what

must those sovereigns expect whose rule has been for years an object of dislike, protest and contempt?

During 1890 the Century Magazine (whose recent successes have included the famous "War Papers," the Lincoln History and George Kennan's series on "Siberia and the Exile System") will publish the long looked for Autobiography of Joseph Jefferson, whose "Rip Van Winkle" has made his name a household word. No more interesting record of a life upon the stage could be laid before the public. Mr. Jefferson is the fourth in a generation of actors, and with his children and grandchildren, there six generations of the actors among the Jeffersons. His story of the early days of the American stage, when, a boy, traveling with his father's company, they would settle down for a season in a Western town, playing in their own temporized theater—the particulars of the creation of his famous "Rip Van Winkle," how he acted "Ticket-of-Leave Man" before an audience of that class in Australia, etc.—all this, enriched with illustrations and portraits of contemporary actors and actresses, and with anecdotes, will form one of the most delightful serials The Century has ever printed.

Amelia E. Barr, Frank R. Stockton, Mark Twain, H. H. Boyesen, and many other well-known writers will furnish the fiction for the new volume, which will be unusually strong, including several novels, illustrated novelettes, and short stories. "The Women of the French Salons," are to be described in a brilliant series of illustrated papers. The important discoveries made with the great Lick Telescope at San Francisco (the largest telescope in the world) and the latest explorations relating to prehistoric America (including the famous Serpent Mound, of Ohio) are to be chronicled in the Century.

Prof. George P. Fisher, of Yale University, is to write a series on "The Nature and Method of Revelation," which will attract every Bible student. Bishop Potter, of New York, will one of the several prominent writers who are to contribute a series of "Present-day Papers," on living topics, and there will be art papers, timely articles, etc., and the choicest pictures that the greatest artists and engravers can produce. Remittances may be made directly to the publisher, The Century Co., of New York. Begin new subscriptions with November (the first issue of the volume) and get Mark Twain's story, "A Connecticut Yankee in King Arthur's Court," in that number.

COMMUNICATIONS BY OUR READERS.

A cordial invitation is extended to each reader of THE HERALD to contribute to this department of the paper, on any subject of general interest. We claim the right to accept or reject any part or the whole, but not to change the ideas presented. We prefer articles over the writer's own signature, but non-signatures are admissible. We do not hold our selves responsible for the opinions advanced by writers under the above caption.

Why I Abstain from the Use of Tobacco.

As I am frequently called upon to give a reason of the hope that is within me, for not indulging in the use of smoking and chewing of tobacco, I will submit to the following consideration of the candid, who may judge of their validity, and trust they will be a just warranty in my case for abstaining from the use of tobacco in any shape or form.

1st. I do not use it, because I cannot see the necessity for its use, nor do I see that it would be the least benefit to me either physically, mentally, morally or spiritually; and it is the part of wisdom, as well as my duty as a christian, to deny myself of whatever does not answer some good purpose. "Let all things be done unto edifying."

2d. I abstain from the use, because it would occasion an needless expenditure of money, which could be usefully appropriated to benevolent purposes.

3d. I do not indulge in its use, because it is considered by many to be a filthy habit, and is more or less disgusting to those who refrain from its use. "Let us cleanse ourselves from all filthiness of the flesh and spirit."

4th. Another reason why I do not use it, is, that I can neither smoke nor chew tobacco in the name of Jesus. "Whatsoever ye do in word or deed, do all in the name of the Lord Jesus."

5th. Neither can I conceive how I can indulge in this habit so as to glorify God. "Whether, therefore ye eat, or drink, or whatsoever ye do all to the glory of God."

5th. I also abstain from its use, because it has the appearance of evil. "Abstain from all appearance of evil." C. M. T.

Sad Occurrence in Grant County.

On Saturday, Nov. 23d, a Dane named Andreas Hansen, a herder for the sheepmen, Hall Bros., on Bear creek, near Prairie City, shot and killed the old Grant county pioneer, Thos. H. Mills, aged about 70 years, under peculiar circumstances.

Mills, who had been to town and was returning in a wagon with a Mr. Riley, was intoxicated, and when in that condition was troubled with paralysis of the tongue. He had Riley stop and let him out to walk the rest of the way to his home. He appears to have pitched forward over a ditch down a rocky hill-side, and hurt his forehead and temple, as contusions were found after death, or he was unable to cry out, when he attracted the attention of the herder's dog.

Hansen's cabin was close by, and having heard of the habits and ferocity of the cougar, he took his gun with him when he went out to his dog's assistance. The evening about 9 o'clock, was quite dark, so he was unable to distinguish the form of poor Mills as he groveled about on all fours on the ground; the dog tried to make the dog "take" but could not, and becoming infuriated at the dog's and what he thought was the cougar's actions, he poured one shot after another into the object until no less than eight shells were picked up afterward. When Mills ceased to move he advanced and was horrified to find a man instead of the dreaded beast; calling to his wife, he and she carried the dying man to their cabin; he ran to Mr. Hall for help and the latter sent for a doctor, but four shots had entered the body and did its work.

At the inquest Hansen was exonerated from any intention to take human life.

THE New York World has sent Miss Nellie Bly eastward to beat Jules Verne's hero, Phineas Fogg's trip around the world in 80 days, by doing the journey in 75 days. The Cosmopolitan Magazine has sent Miss Elizabeth Bisland westward to beat the record of Nellie Bly five days. Money is no object with either parties as they are commissioned to charter vessels and railroads to help effect the object. Bly left New York by steamer for England, Nov. 14th, and Bisland left New York, Nov. 14th, by rail for San Francisco.

THE HERALD will keep its readers informed of all particulars of this novel race to beat a novelists' imaginary record of "Round the World in 80 days."

Christmas! Christmas!

Comes but once a year, but it brings loads of holiday goods to the J. Durkheimer & Co's. store when it does come.

Everything in the holiday line. Prices to suit the times. Attentive service by courteous clerks. The display goods is a holiday treat in itself. Call and enjoy the largest and finest invoice of holiday goods ever offered the Harney Valley.

Trip Around the World.

STARTING EASTWARD. Nov. 14—The New York World gave Nellie Bly, aged 23 years, the means to make a trip around the world in 75 days, to beat the record of 80 days made in Jules Verne's novel "Around the World in 80 Days," by Phineas Fogg, the hero. The following program was laid out for her, with liberty to charter steamers and railroads:

Nov. 14—Nellie Bly, in traveling dress and small hand valise, boarded the steamer "Augusta Victoria" for Southampton, 9:30 a. m. The following are the substance of despatches as we find them in the Daily Examiner and Weekly New York World:

Nov. 21—Nellie Bly lunched in London, 3 days after leaving New York, and goes thence to Brindisi to catch the steamer, "Cathay," for Hong Kong.

STARTING WESTWARD. Nov. 14—The New York Cosmopolitan Magazine gave Elizabeth Bisland, aged 24 years, means for making the trip around the world in 70 days, so as to beat Nellie Bly's record:

The program for the trip is not stated as to the time, but she says she is to go from New York to San Francisco direct to Yokohama, thence to Hong Kong, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Brindisi.

Nov. 14, 4:(?) p. m.—Miss Bisland, in traveling dress shawl-strap, hand valise and small traveling trunk, left New York City on the fast overland mail for San Francisco.

Nov. 19.—Miss Bisland arrived in San Francisco, 5 days after leaving New York.

THE HERALD, the Free Press and complete set of Dickens's works twelve volumes, for only \$3.50.

HARPER BROTHERS' PUBLICATIONS.

1890. Harper's Magazine. ILLUSTRATED.

ILLUSTRATED. A new Shakespeare—the Shakespeare of Ed. A. Abbey—will be presented in Harper's Magazine for 1890, with comments by Andrew Lang. Harper's Magazine has also made special arrangements with Alphonse Daudet, the greatest of living French novelists, for the exclusive publication in serial form, of a humorous story, to be entitled "The Colonias of Tartarin," the last Adventures of the Famous Tartarin. The story will be translated by Henry James, and illustrated by Ross and Myrbeck.

W. D. Howells will contribute a novelette in three parts, and Lafcadio Hearn a novelette in two parts, entitled "Youna," handsomely illustrated.

In illustrated papers touching subjects of current interest, and in his short stories, poems, and timely articles, the Magazine will maintain its well-known standard.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS: Per Year: HARPER'S MAGAZINE \$4.00 HARPER'S WEEKLY \$4.00 HARPER'S BAZAR \$4.00 HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE \$2.00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada, or Mexico.

The volumes of the Magazine begin with the Numbers for June and December of 1889. When no time is specified, subscriptions will begin with the Number current at time of receipt of order.

Bound volumes of Harper's Magazine, for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of \$3 per volume. Cloth Cases, for binding, 50 cents each—by mail, post-paid.

Index to Harper's Magazine, Alphabetical, Analytical, and Classified, for Volumes 1 to 20, inclusive, from June, 1880 to June, 1889, one vol. 8 vo. Cloth, \$1.00.

Remittances should be made by Postoffice Money Order, or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1889 Harper's Weekly. ILLUSTRATED.

HARPER'S WEEKLY has a well established place as the leading illustrated newspaper in America. The fairness of its editorial comments on current politics has earned for it respect and confidence of all impartial readers, and the variety and excellence of its literary contents, which include serial and short stories by the best and most popular writers, fit it for the position of widest range of readers and pursuits. The Weekly's supplements are of remarkable variety, interest, and value. No expense is spared to bring the highest order of artistic ability to bear upon the illustration of the changeable phases of home and foreign history. A new romance, from the pen of THOMAS A. JAVIER, will appear in the WEEKLY in 1890.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS PER YEAR: HARPER'S WEEKLY \$4.00 HARPER'S MAGAZINE \$4.00 HARPER'S BAZAR \$4.00 HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE \$2.00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada, or Mexico.

The Volume of the Weekly will begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the Number current at time of receipt of order.

Bound volumes of Harper's Weekly for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail postage paid, or by express, free of expense, provided the freight does not exceed \$1 per volume for \$7.00 a volume.

Cloth Cases for each Volume, suitable for binding will be sent by mail post-paid, on receipt of \$1.

Remittances should be made by Post Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Address: HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1890. Harper's Bazar. ILLUSTRATED.

HARPER'S BAZAR is a JOINTURE for the best of fashions, its numerous illustrations, plates, and patterns and supplements are indispensable to the home dress-maker and the professional modist. No expense is spared in making its artistic attractiveness of the highest order. Its clever short stories, parlor plays, and thoughtful essays satisfy all tastes, and its last page is famous as a budget of wit and humor. Its weekly issues everything is included which is of interest to women. During 1890 Olive Thorne Miller, CHRISTINA GARDNER, and MARY LOUISA DICKINSON will respectively furnish a series of papers on "The Parrot," "The Home," "Three Meals a Day," and "The Woman of the Period." The serial novels will be written by WALTER H. BART and F. W. ROBINSON.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS Per Year: HARPER'S BAZAR \$4.00 HARPER'S MAGAZINE \$4.00 HARPER'S WEEKLY \$4.00 HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE \$2.00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada, or Mexico.

The volumes of the Bazar begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscription will begin with the Number current at time of receipt of order.

Bound volumes of Harper's Bazar for three years in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail postage paid, or by express, free of expense, provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume for \$7.00 a volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding will be sent by mail post-paid on receipt of \$1.

Remittances should be made by Post Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Address: HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1890. Harper's Young People. ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY.

The Eleventh Volume of Harper's Young People, which begins with the Number for November, 1889, presents an attractive program. It will offer to its readers at least four serials of the usual length, and others in two or three parts. "The Red Moccasins," by William G. Stoddard; "Phil and the Baby," by Lucy C. Lillie; "Prince Tommy," by John Pussell; "Coryell and Mother's Way," by Margaret F. Sawyer; two short stories by Hjalmar Bjorch Boyesen. The serials will attract the attention of lovers of the wonderful world, via the quaint tales told by Howard Pyle, and as admirable illustrated by him, and another series in a different vein by Edward M. Ricknell. There will be short stories by W. D. Howells, Thomas Nelson Page, Mary E. Wilkins North Perry, Herriot Prescott Spofford, David Ker, Herkiah Hutterworth, Sophie Sweet, Richard Malcolm Johnston, etc.

A subscription to HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE secures a juvenile library. There is useful knowledge, also plenty of amusement.—Boston Advertiser.

TERMS: Postage Prepaid, \$2.00 a year. Vol. XI, begins November 3, 1889. Specimen Copy sent on receipt of cent stamp. Single Numbers Five Cents each.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Address: HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

Newspapers are not to copy any one, nor all of the above editors' names, without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

All of the above works are kept on file in the Free Reading Room as required. Also may be obtained from the Library. Subscribers to THE HERALD can obtain any one of the HARPER'S Periodicals at reduced rates.

BURNS ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR BARGAINS GO TO N. Brown, Leading Merchant of Harney County. DEALER IN DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, STOVES, TINWARE, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, THE CELEBRATED SULTANA RAZORS, AND "I X L" CUTLERY, WINES, CIGARS—AND A THOUSAND OTHER ARTICLES TOO TEDIOUS TO MENTION. Cheapest House in Eastern Oregon for Cash.

Geer's Hardware Store. CAL. GEER. AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, TINWARE, CUTLERY. Crockery, Queensware, Glassware, Shelf Goods of Every Description. This Establishment carries a full and carefully selected stock equal to demand. Hardware line—Cases of new goods are now being opened. Bird cages and seed offered. A reasonable price, only, is placed on the goods. We are Agent for the D. M. Osborne Company's Agricultural Implements.

"RED FRONT" FEED & LIVERY STABLE. On Main street, Burns, Harney county, Oregon. W. C. BYRD, PROPRIETOR. All the Hotels, Restaurants, and Boarding Houses are on this street. Personal attention given to Stock placed in care of this Stable, the best of Accommodation is given, and Charges reasonable.

FOR A SQUARE MEAL GO TO PARKER'S. THE PACIFIC FIRE INSURANCE CO. CAPITAL \$500,000. F. E. BEACH, President, E. HUGHES, Vice-President, Wm. McFALL, Treasurer, W. F. BROWNTON, Secretary. safe & reliable. List of Directors and Stockholders at the office of the Agent. J. D. Shaw, BURNS, OREGON.

Basche & Company. BAKER, CITY, OREGON. Have the Largest Establishment in Eastern Oregon stocked with AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, BUGGIES & BUCKBOARDS AND WAGONS, SPORTING GOODS, & CUTLERY. Tinware, Glass, Paints and Oils. All Kinds of Mowing, Deering Binder, &c. Communications answered. Place Orders with this House if you want to buy what you need.

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE. HENRY CALDWELL. Third st., South of HERALD Building. This new, fine, and commodious Barn and Stable is not to be equaled in any part of Harney county for accommodations. HAY & GRAIN ON HAND. SADDLE HORSES, GOOD TEAMS, SINGLE & DOUBLE HARNESS OUTFITS. For the Road on demand. Special attention given to the grooming and care of Boarding and Transient stock. Open Oct. 26th, 1889. Charges reasonable.

French Hotel. PROPRIETOR MRS. LOUIS RACINE. This handsomely appointed hotel is open to accommodate the public with the best rooms, table, and service the town affords. Terms Reasonable. A BAR Attached, where is Kept all Sorts of Liquors.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, BRUSHES. TOILET ARTICLES, GLASS, PUTTY, &c. W. E. GRACE, PROPRIETOR, BURNS, OREGON. A Large Assortment of FINE CUTLERY, NOTIONS, etc. Has just been Received. PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUND. Everything guaranteed pure and of the very best quality.

The Saw-Mill. NEAR BURNS, OREGON. SAYER & DORE. Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of Flooring, Moldings, Rustic. And all kinds of surface lumber thoroughly seasoned for building purposes and REDUCED PRICE. New Machinery. N. B. A Good road all the way.