

EAST OREGON HERALD.

Vol. 1--No. 33.

BURNS, GRANT COUNTY, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, JULY 11, 1888.

\$2.50 a Year.

THE HERALD.

A Newspaper Printed "All-at-Home."

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY D. L. GRACE, PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

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The Herald is kept regularly on file for reference, in the Geo. F. Rowell Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce st., New York.

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A METHODIST CHURCH

Organization exists in Burns, and a commodious house is in course of erection.

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Is a large, white building, conveniently arranged for the accommodation of both sexes is out of town limits. Mrs. Canfield, teacher.

A NEWSPAPER

Carefully edited and conducted in the interests of all is published in Burns, and circulates in every part of Harney Valley—THE EAST OREGON HERALD.

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A desk has been fitted up in THE HERALD office, where all the leading newspapers, magazines, weeklies, and Oregon newspapers, are placed at the disposal of all lovers of good literature. A cordial invitation extended.

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Any and all kinds of printing done, on short notice, and satisfaction guaranteed. 4-5-ly

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—AND—

WAGONMAKER,

J. W. NORTON - HARNEY, OR

FIRST-CLASS BRANDS MADE TO ORDER ON SHORT NOTICE.

Has an Improved TIRE SETTER, with which he can set ANY KIND OF TIRE.

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All kinds of Blacksmithing and wagon work.

Horseshoeing \$5.00 a span.

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O. P. Cresap,

Has also a fine assortment of Barbed-wire—something new, which for beauty of design and finish is hard to equal. A fine line (and in all shades), of

MOSAIC WARE.

Beautiful Glass Ware

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

Tobacco and Cigars—Pipes, and Meerschaum Pipes a specialty, warranted. Oysters, Sardines, Crabs, all fresh. Soups, best brands. Yeast Powders—everybody can draw a prize worth from \$5 to \$1. Full line of School Books, and Stationery of all descriptions.

Orders from The Country promptly and correctly filled. 1-ly

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STATE INSURANCE CO.

W. E. GRACE - - - - - AGENT.
BURNS, OREGON.

The satisfactory manner in which the State Insurance Company, of Salem, Oregon, has conducted its business, and paid its losses, is proven by the fact that for the past four years IT HAS RECEIVED MORE PREMIUMS, INSTALLED MORE HOMES, and different properties, LOSTED MORE POLICIES, and PAID MORE LOSSES in Oregon and Washington Territory than any other company.

LATEST FASHION NOTES.

From Godey's Lady's Book for July:

Foliage is extremely fashionable this season for hats, bonnets, and dress trimmings, and ivy leads the way.

Sprays of flowers are seen on many of the summer parasols—one spray, as if the wind had blown it there.

Braiding is the most fashionable trimming for wool dresses, and some are merely braided in fine and broad braid on the bodice; the skirt arranged with pleats and drapery.

There is a movement to introduce pale colored gowns for brides, but whether this fashion will meet with general approval is yet uncertain.

A great many bonnets are stringless (nearly all those worn by young girls are), and those that are not, have small bows of narrow ribbon tied under the chin.

All the garden hats are large, and black lace ones, with hops, acorns, and oak leaves, touched with gold, are the very height of fashion. Some have lace scarfs attached to them, for passing round the neck.

The newest pocket handkerchiefs are those in colored muslin, particularly those pink or blue hem, stitched, with insertion of Valenciennes lace; they are Irish and wear and wash well. Colored ones are general, or white ones with colored embroidered corners, or crossed with narrow lines.

OREGON NEWS.

Dalles Times-Mountaineer:

It is stated on good authority that soon The Dalles will have a flouring mill with all the latest improved machinery.

From Bedrock Democrat:

Several thousand sheep will be shipped by rail to the Chicago market from Baket City within the next few days. One party from Grant county will load 3,000 head. Upwards of 100,000 head have been taken out of the country up to the present time, this year.

Lake County Examiner:

Major Brockenbough and Special Agent McCormack, both agents of the government, are here on business in the land department. They will have many special hearings in this land office in the next few months.

From Ochoo Review:

Bennett and Hunt, the O. P. contractors, have disposed of all their supplies on the line of the railroad in the Cascades.

Prineville News:

Mrs. McGowan, of Burns, Grant county, Oregon, left this place last Monday for her home. She has been visiting in the Willamette valley.

Portland World:

On last Saturday, Inspector McKinnon saw a suspicious roll of blankets and carpet sack at the Kalama depot. On opening the roll and carpet sack, they were found to contain sixty-five 6-tael cans of opium, which were promptly seized and conveyed to the custom house. In the valise were a number of letters in German, which will be translated. No other clue to the identity of the owner. The seized opium is worth about \$400.

East Oregonian:

Pendleton can boast of a regular Chinese city on a very diminutive scale. It is on Alta street, and if large quarters in cities are of the same character, a walk along their streets would be positively unbearable. If the stench, the squalor, the filthiness, the utter depravity, that can be seen within the small space of half a block in Pendleton were magnified an hundredfold, as it must be in San Francisco, it is a mystery how a white man can live within a mile of its locality. Walk down "Chinee alley" in town and you will be assailed by a strong smell that will almost lift you from your feet and carry you away; look in, and you will be greeted by a sight of filthy squalor to which a hog-pen would be a paradise in comparison; and the whole atmosphere is impregnated with a sickening odor that needs but a word to describe it—opium.

Nebraska Republicans.

Stockton Mail:

We gave an account the other day of the remarkable platform adopted by the Nebraska republican convention. A verbatim account of the proceedings of the convention shows that the scheme of campaign by which a protective plank was incorporated into the plan of salvation was not agreed upon without heavy opposition. After the committee on platform had presented its conclusions, calling for a continuance of the war tariff and denouncing Cleveland and the Mills bill, no less a person than Ex-United States Senator Van Wyck asked leave to introduce certain resolutions for the convention. His request, being granted, he read and submitted the following as a substitute for the high tariff plank included in the report of the committee:

"Resolved, That high taxes, high tariff and high transportation rates are destroying the prosperity of the producers.

"Resolved, That the revenue whereby the expenses of the government are paid should be drawn from the Wealth of the nation, whereas by our present system the thousands of millions collected for carrying on the war and paying the national debt, the hundreds of millions now in the treasury and the millions gathered each day, have much of it been forced from the pockets of Labor. Years ago the money centers scoured from congress a repeal of the income tax, the tax on bank deposits, railroad receipts and others, while the tax on lumber, sugar and salt remain as before, while the tax on coarse fabrics, is higher in proportion than that on silks, satins and diamonds.

"Resolved, That more money is now being taken from the pockets of the people than is sufficient to defray the expenses of the government is an injustice; that hoarding in the treasury cannot be justified in buying our bonds before due and giving 25 per cent for the privilege of buying them, and is only a benefit to bond holders, as producers and laborers do not hold bonds."

The discussion which followed took a wide range and was deliberative throughout. On a final vote the substitute received the support of nearly a third of the convention. The main speeches were made by Van Wyck and Delegate Watson, a farmer from Otoe county.

"The free trade cry," said Van Wyck, "will not mislead a single thinking man in the country that gives attention to the existing conditions. We are collecting too much money, and that is all there is about it. If we should reduce taxes to the measure of our wants, free trade or pauper wages would not follow as a consequence, and it is unmistakable dishonesty to go to the working classes on that issue. They are sure to find the deception some day, and they will not be to blame if they desert us."

Watson spoke for the farmers, but he has a grasp on the financial situation which puts him away ahead of many so-called statesmen. We quote a portion of his speech:

"You are denouncing the Mills bill as a free trade measure, and yet if a republican president should be introduced into office next March he would fail in his duty to the country if in his inaugural he did not indicate a policy in consonance with the plan of the Mills bill. There are more farmers and farm laborers in the three states of Illinois, Iowa and Nebraska than there are working men and women in all the highly protected industries of the country. You tell us that there is a duty on wheat and corn, and on barley, oats, pork and beef. But what good does it do the farmer? Whom does it protect him against? The price of his crop is fixed at the threshing machine by the amount of wheat raised in India and Russia, the lowest wage countries in the world. Yet you increase the cost of production by laying a tax on the clothing and farm implements of the American farmer. We would not care for the tax if the government needed it. The farmers of the northwest are a loyal people. You know that. All that we have will freely give to the nation whenever she needs it. The grievance that we complain of is that you take our money when you have no use for it. We of Nebraska burn coal for fuel, and pay 100 per cent duty on blankets. Free trade would not follow if the duty were reduced one-half. There are more farmers in treeless Nebraska than there are persons employed in the entire lumber industry. Why

should we pay the lumber syndicates a premium of \$2 a thousand feet for lumber, which, with us is a necessity?"

We recommend the thoughts of this Nebraska farmer to the gentlemen who are organizing republican clubs on the high tariff basis.

LAND NEWS.

Women's Rights Under the Homestead Laws.

Unmarried women, widows, maidens and deserted wives, who are over 21 years, are entitled to all the rights, privileges and benefits under the homestead laws that can be enjoyed by men.

The mother of a living child, or children, whether widow, deserted wife or unfortunate single person, may acquire title to land as the head of a family, though under 21.

Widows of deceased entrymen succeed to the rights of their husbands, and may make final proof and take title in their own names. It is not absolutely necessary that they should reside upon the land after the death of the husband, as residence or cultivation for the prescribed time is all that is demanded of widows and minor heirs.

The widow of a person who served for ninety days or more, during the rebellion, in the U. S. army, navy or marine corps and died without making an entry, may make an entry the same as her husband, if living, might do, and making final proof receive credit, in lieu of residence on the land, for the period of the husband's service, not to exceed 4 years.

The deserted wife of a homestead entryman may make final proof as his agent and have patent issue in the name of her husband, or she may contest his entry on the ground of abandonment of the claim, and, after cancellation, enter the land in her own name. The latter is the wisest course, for many reasons.

An unmarried woman (widow or otherwise) having initiated an entry may marry without affecting her right to the land, provided she complies with the legal requirements. Should she marry prior to the time when she might make her final proof and perfect her claim, and leave the land to reside with her husband elsewhere, the entry would be liable to cancellation for abandonment—but not on account of the marriage.

Where a man and woman each make a homestead entry and marry before making final proof, one of the entries must be relinquished, or commuted, at their choice. If they live together on one homestead, the entry covering the other homestead will be liable to contest for abandonment, even though the land be cultivated and improved.

The homestead law requires three things to give final title: 1st, honest residence; 2d, good cultivation, to crops or otherwise; and 3d, fair improvements in the matter of buildings, fencing and the like. Compliance with only one or two of these requirements will not satisfy the law. Full compliance with all three requirements must be satisfactorily shown for the entire period at the date when the final proof is made.

The daughter of a deceased soldier, sailor or marine, if otherwise qualified, may enter land in her own right, notwithstanding an entry may have been made by her guardian and perfected for her benefit, during her minority. She can thereby secure two homesteads.

A widow, as the legal representative of her deceased husband may continue to cultivate his homestead and at the same time make an entry in her own name. A woman has this advantage over a man. She can thus secure two homesteads, while he is allowed only one.

The widow of a deceased entryman may purchase, under the act of June 15, 1880, the land embraced in a homestead entry in cases where that act is applicable.

HENRY N. COPP.

SAYS AN EXCHANGE: Kit Carson's old partner, Dick Wooten, who, among other notable deeds, once drove 14,000 sheep 1,600 miles overland to California, and made \$40,000 by the operation, and who is now 72 years old, has just had his sight restored by an operation by a Chicago surgeon, after eight years blindness.

SENATOR THURMAN will visit Washington in a few days and will probably prolong his trip to New York. In the autumn, he will make a trip to the Pacific slope, delivering speeches in California, Oregon and Nevada, and making occasional speeches along the route. He is likely to be the liveliest "old man" the republican party ever encountered.—Ex.

BURNS ADVERTISEMENTS.

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AMONG OUR GOODS YOU WILL PROBABLY FIND

WHAT YOU WANT AT THE RIGHT PRICE.

New Goods (A FEW) ARE NOW BEING RECEIVED DAILY.

Old Goods AT ALMOST YOUR OWN FIGURE.

Desirable Goods (SLIGHTLY DAMAGED)

AT COST AND BELOW.

But all for CASH.

STOCK NOW ON THE ROAD—

TO BE COMPLETE THE 25TH.

P. F. STENCER.

N. BROWN, DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE!

BURNS, GRANT CO., OREGON.

For Fine Quality and Low Prices, Give us a call.

THE BAR.

ROBINSON & DODSON - - - - - PROPRIETORS.

Full Supply of

THE BEST WINES & LIQUORS,

ALSO

Drinks scientifically mixed in style and quantity to suit.

A First-Class Billiard Table.

ICE ALWAYS ON HAND.

HARDWARE, TINWARE, WAGON MATERIAL, CROCKERY.

GEO. MCGOWAN - - - - - BURNS, OREGON.

Agent for Staver & Walker, wholesale dealers in

Farm Machinery,

WAGONS, BUGGIES & CARRIAGES,

AGENT FOR FIREMAN'S FUND INSURANCE COMPANY. 1-ly

The Saw-Mill.

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SAYER & DORE - - - - - PROPRIETORS.

Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of

Flooring,

Mouldings,

Rustic,

Shingles,

And all kinds of surface lumber thoroughly seasoned for building purposes and at REDUCED PRICE.

New Machinery

N. B. A Good road all the way. 1-y

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