EAST OREGON HERALD.

Vol. 1--No. 8. BURNS, GRANT COUNTY, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1888. $2.50 a Year.

THE HERALD.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY

D. L. GRACE,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

SUBSCRIPTION TERMS:

One Year	$3.00
Six Months	1.50
Three Months	.75
One Year (in advance)	2.50

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Herald and The Century, one year	$5.75
Herald and St. Nicholas, "	4.75
Herald and Demorest Magazine, one year	3.75
Herald and Peterson Magazine "	3.75
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☞ A liberal reduction to all yearly advertisers. Call at office, or write Publisher.

Cuts charged extra, according to space, and none but metal base admitted.

As we stereotype our advertisements all changes after first four publications, $1.

☞ Advertising in Local Columns Ten cents a line.

Marriage, birth, and death notices free.

Most liberal terms to religious and social, and educational bodies.

Job Work done neatly and promptly, at reasonable prices, by an experienced Job Printer.

The Patronage of the Public respectfully solicited.

THE HERALD is kept regularly on file for reference, in the Geo. P. Rowell Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce st., New York.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

County Judge	N. R. MANEY
Clerk	J. T. MARE
Treasurer	E. HALL
Commissioners	T. A. McKINNON, T. H. MEADOS
Surveyor	J. H. NEAL
Sheriff	A. C. DORE
Assessor	M. D. CAMERON
School Superintendent	H. F. DODSON
Stock Inspector	J. C. LUCKEY
District Judge	L. B. ISON
District Attorney	M. D. CLIFFORD
Register, U. S. Land Office	A. F. SNELLING
Receiver " " "	W. M. TOWNSEND

U. S. MAILS.

BURNS—VALE:

Arrives Tuesdays and Fridays at 6 p m.
Leaves Mondays and Thursdays at 4:30 a m.

BURNS—CANYON CITY:

Arrives Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 p m.
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at 4 a m.

BURNS—CAMPVILLE:

Arrives Thursdays at 5 a m.
Leaves Thursdays at 6 a m.

BURNS—FORT McDERMIT:

Arrives Wednesdays at 9 p m.
Leaves Thursdays at 6 a m.

J. C. PARKER, Postmaster.

SOCIETIES.

HARNEY LODGE, NO. 77, I. O. O. F. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall, every Saturday at 8 p m. J. L. BAIRD, N. G.
CHAS. GUNTHER, Sec'y.
G. McGOWAN, District Deputy G. M.

A METHODIST CHURCH

organization exists in Burns, and a commodious house is in course of erection. The

THE BURNS SCHOOL

is a neat and large, white building, conveniently arranged for accommodation of both sexes.

LAKEVIEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAS. A. COGSWELL, Lakeview. F. A. COGSWELL, Linkville.

Attorneys-at-Law.

COGGSWELL & COGSWELL

LAKEVIEW AND LINKVILLE, Or. 1-1y

Attorney, Notary Public & Collector.

A. C. BRODERSEN, . . . Lakeview.

Any business entrusted to me will receive most careful and prompt attention. Land matters and Collection a specialty. Correspondence solicited in English and German.

Attorney-at-Law

M. A. KELTON.

Lakeview, Or.

Practices in the courts of the state, and before the U. S. Land Office. 1-1y

Watches, Clocks AND JEWELRY.

W. R. STARK, - - - LAKEVIEW. 1-1y

Has the largest lot of goods in this line ever brought to this section of country and sold at LOWER PRICES than offered here. When in Lakeview call and see. 1-1y

Livery and Feed Stable

P. H. MURPHY.

LAKEVIEW - - - OREGON.

HAY & GRAIN

Always on hand and Good Attention to all orders made for teams and vehicles. 1-1y

Watchmaker & Jeweler

J. W. BONEBRAKE.

Lakeview, Oregon.

Good Work—Reasonable Prices. 1-1y

East Oregon Herald.

Let every town that is without a newspaper get one at once by advertising the in our paper; meanwhile, let every business man send his name, place of business, and 25 subscribers to us, and thus help practically to boom his town.

BURNS ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE TOWN OF BURNS

Grant County, Oregon.

AS IT IS VOICED BY THE HERALD.

BUSINESS MEN ABROAD BY LOOKING OVER ITS COLUMNS WILL SEE THAT Burns contains

1 newspaper; 2 hotels; 3 saloons; 1 undertaker; 1 meat market; 2 lawyers; 3 physicians; 1 surveyor; 1 land agent; 1 drugstore; 1 jeweler; 1 blacksmith; 2 livery stables; 2 general merchandise stores; 1 bath house; 1 hardware store; 1 barber shop; 1 saw-mill; 1 ladies nurse; 2 carpenters; 1 reading room. Also, 1 Odd Fellows lodge; 1 school; 1 church organization.

☞ Mail a copy of THE HERALD to friends in the East. Advertise your town. ☜

The Saw-Mill

NEAR BURNS, OREGON.

SAYER & DORE - - - - - - - - - PROPRIETORS.

Keeps Constantly on Hand a Large Stock of

Flooring, Mouldings, Rustic, Shingles,

And all kinds of Surface Lumber thoroughly seasoned for building purposes and at REDUCED PRICES.

New Machinery

Having been added they are enabled to fill all orders as soon as received.

N. B.—Good Road all the way. 1-1y

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, BRUSHES,

Toilet Articles, Glass, Putty, Etc.

W. E. GRACE, - - - BURNS, OREGON.

A Large Assortment of

FINE CUTLERY

Has Just Been Received.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDD.

☞ Everything Guaranteed Pure and of the Very Best Quality. 1-2y

THE BAR.

ROBINSON & DODSON - - - - PROPRIETORS.

Burns, Oregon.

Full Supply of

THE BEST WINES & LIQUORS

ALSO

Beer, Bitters and the Best Cigars in the Market.

Drinks scientifically mixed in style and quantity to suit.

A First-Class Billiard Table.

1-1y ☞ ICE ALWAYS ON HAND ☜

GENERAL MERCAHNDISE.

BURNS, OREGON.

P. F. STENGER.

Has just received a Large and Complete Line
Of General Merchandise including Christmas
And Holiday Goods and now Offers them to the
Public at the most Reasonable Rates. Come One
And All. Come examine this fine, large Stock of Goods!

BEST goods to sell Cheap at a Cash RATE.

HARDWARE TINWARE, WAGON MATERIAL

-AND-

CROCKERY.

GEO. McGOWAN - - - BURNS, OREGON.

Agent for Studebaker, Wholesale Dealers in

Farm Machinery,

WAGONS, BUGGIES & CARRIAGES.

☞ AGENT FOR FIREMAN'S FUND INSURANCE COMPANY. ☜ 1-1y

FRENCH HOTEL.

Mrs. LOUIS RACINE - - - - - - - - - - PROPRIETRESS.

—Main st., Burns, Or.—

A New and Elegantly Furnished House for the Accommodation of the Public.

A Limited Number of Guests can secure the most Comfortable Lodging Rooms in the Town, at this House.

The Tables always supplied with all the Eatables Obtainable and Served in Best Style.

BURNS ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. A. WILSHIRE, Lakeview, Or. J. NAT HUDSON, Burns, Or.

WILSHIRE & HUDSON.

Attorneys-at-Law

LAKEVIEW AND BURNS, OR.

This firm practice in the Courts of the State, and before the U. S. Land Office. Any business in the Land Office entrusted to them will obtain prompt attention.

☞ Land Cases Solicited. 1-1y

Builder and Contractor.

T. D. HARRIS - - - BURNS, OR.

WAGON WORK

A Specialty.

☞ All orders for UNDERTAKING promptly filled.

Shop one door north of Post Office. 1-1y

BLACKSMITH.

P. S. EARLY - - - BURNS, OR.

—GENERAL REPAIRING—

AND

JOB WORK.

Promptly executed. The building is being enlarged and improved preparatory to turn out all kinds of blacksmithing on short notice and in best style. Terms: Cash. 1-1y

Physician & Surgeon.

Dr. S. B. McPheeters

Graduate of Iowa State University, respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Burns and surrounding country. Calls answered at all hours.

Office at W. E. Grace's Drug Store. 1-1y

Mrs. M. A. Fry,

Burns, Oregon.

Special attention given Ladies in Confinement. Calls answered at all hours.

Have had many years practice in Hospital as well as extensive experience in General Nursing. 1-1y

T. V. B. EMBREE, M. D.

Office at his residence on the east side of Silvies River, ten miles below Burns. 1-1y

J. G. Welsh, M. D.

Offers his professional services to the citizens of Burns and vicinity. Office at residence south of Herald building. 1-1y

ATTORNEY.

GEO. S. SIZEMORE - - BURNS, OR.

Criminal law a specialty.

Practical Surveyor

A. L. CONNOR

Burns, Oregon.

Any and all kinds of surveying done on short notice and reasonable terms. ☞ Settlers wishing to be located, can have plats furnished free of charge. 1-1y

Carpenter and Plumber,

W. A. RODIFER.

Burns, Oregon.

Orders for Painting, also, will be skillfully and promptly filled.

Livery and Feed Stable.

W. C. BYRD - - - - Proprietor.

Burns, Oregon.

A CASH BUSINESS

AT

Bed-Rock Prices

Is our motto.
Good Buggy Teams,
And Nice Saddle Horses Furnished at Reasonable Charges and Particular Attention paid to the Boarding and Grooming of Transient Stock. Hay & Grain on hand. 1-1y

WATCHMAKER

-AND-

Jeweler.

CHAS. SAMPSON - - BURNS, OR.

CANYON CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Business men will find Canyon City, Grant co. Or. has 1 newspaper; 2 hotels; 3 saloons; 1 shoe shop; 1 meat market; 2 lawyers; 4 physicians; 2 dentists; 3 jewelers (see ad. of Cresap); 1 harness shop; 1 blacksmith; 2 livery stables; 5 merchants; 1 bath house; 1 hardware store; 1 barber shop; 1 saw-mill—so says the Voice of the Town: its newspaper.

FINE SILVER WARE

O. P. Cresap,

Canyon City, Oregon.

Has, also, a fine assortment of Barbedine ware—something new, which for beauty of design and finish is hard to equal. A fine line (and in all shades), of

MOSAIC WARE.

Beautiful Glass Ware

Of every description—Toilet sets; genuine bronze Lamps with Duplex Burners, one sufficient to light the town. Eight-Day Clocks, and a fine line of

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

Tobacco and Cigars—Pipes, and Meerschaum Pipes a specialty, warranted. Oysters, Sardines, Crackers, all fresh. Soaps, best brands. Yeast Powders—everybody can draw a prize worth from 25c to $1. Full line of School Books, and Stationery of all descriptions. Orders from The Country promptly and correctly filled. 1-1y

THE HERALD.

D. L. GRACE - - - - Editor.

THE "FREE TRADE" CRY.

Being wholly unable to meet the arguments for a reduction of our burdensome tariff taxation contained in Cleveland's message,—especially in view of that plank in the republican national platform of 1884, pledging that very thing, to-wit:

"The Republican party pledges itself to correct the irregularities of the tariff, by such methods as will relieve the taxpayer, without injuring the laborer or the great productive industries of the country."

—the partisan republican press of the country is raising the "free trade" cry. In Louisiana, for example, they are raising the howl that sugar is to be put upon the "free list;" in Georgia and Mississippi the cry is "free rice;" it is "free lumber" in Maine and other states where the pine forests flourish; "free iron," in Missouri—and "free wool" in Oregon. That this "free trade" cry is the sheerest nonsense, is evident to even the most casual observer. While "tariff for revenue only" is an old democratic doctrine, there is not a "free trade" advocate in the democratic party. Even Watterson and Hurd, who have so long and persistently fought the "high protective tariff" iniquity, make no such demand. More money is every year exacted from the people than is necessary for the support of the government. This money lies idly in the treasury, "withdrawn from the people's use," an object of the schemes of speculators. A reduction—not an abolition—of the tariff is clearly the only existing remedy for this state of affairs, and is one of the crying needs of the hour. This was recognized by both of the great political parties in their respective platforms of 1884, and reform promised. The democratic party is endeavoring to carry out the promise contained in its platform—which was to "revise the tariff in a spirit of FAIRNESS TO ALL—not to injure any domestic industries—and with due regard to American industries." In his message to congress, President Cleveland sets forth plainly the necessity for not only a reduction of the tariff, but the equal necessity for doing the work carefully and wisely, so that business interests fostered and protected for 25 years, may not be injured. It is a reduction only that is contemplated, and if carefully and gradually brought about, "in a spirit of fairness to all"—as we doubt not will be done—we venture to assert that neither the patriotic cane and rice growers of the southern states, the manufacturers of New England, nor the wool producers of Oregon will be heard to complain.

THEY talk about the President's message being a free trade document! Why, it has taken the republican tariff over 25 years to foster into existence a system of protection which has permeated almost all the different sections of our Union and is supporting some of our greatest manufacturing and producing interests, and if the democrats can bring us back in 25 years to where we started they will do well. Under the President's plan it will take about that length of time, as he advises congress to keep in mind the interests of the American laborer and manufacturer. He warns us not to think of free trade or protection in the proposed re-adjustment of the tariff. It is, indeed, so far from a free trade message, that he apologizes for continuing the system of protection on the grounds that existing interests must be preserved.—World, Portland.

A GENERAL report is rife in the department of interior to the effect that Sparks will be restored to the position of commissioner of general land office.

CHAS. H. KNOX, for fifteen years a member of the republican county committee of the 21st assembly district, New York, gives the following reasons for resigning his position, and withdrawing from his party:

"My sympathies have been growing away from the republican party for some time. I think the objects for which it was organized have been accomplished, and am aware of no issue before the people on which it is entitled to support.

I believe that the civil war and all questions growing out of it have been decided, and am opposed to viewing the south as a conquered province ever to be reminded of her defeat and that her people were "rebels," the recent incident of the battle flags shows how a noisy and conspicuous portion of the republican party is willing, for political effect, to fan into flame sectional hatred. On the tariff I also find myself opposed to the republican party; it is not wise nor proper to keep up war taxes in time of profound peace. Not only is money unnecessarily taken from the people but a great surplus leads to improper expenditures.

In regard to pensions: No one believes more than I do in liberal pensions to the brave men who fought our country's battles, but I am persuaded that the honest soldiers do not approve of the greatly increased pensions provided for by the bill the President vetoed.

In 1884 I hesitated to support Mr. Cleveland, for I feared the effect on the business of the country of changing the party in power; but I can perceive no ill effects to business by his election. He has proved himself to be honest, energetic and faithful. I am in favor of his re-election, and I think him entitled to the votes of candid citizens. Holding these views, it will be apparent to you that I cannot, with self-respect, longer act with the republican party, which has honored me and which I leave with regret."

It has been circulated throughout the country by means of the Associated Press, that President Cleveland is lending his aid towards the carrying of Oregon for the democracy at the next election. Of course the story is simply a sensation and was manufactured for effect. But since we come to think about it, there are grave doubts about the state going republican at the June election. In fact we consider the chances fully even. Oregon is a doubtful state at best, and owing to her small electoral vote no great effort has ever been made to carry it in a presidential campaign for either party. If a good ticket nominated at the State Convention, and a platform adopted in harmony with the President's message, we know of no reason why the ticket should not be successful, and that without any federal interference.—Newport News.

Clippings from Exchanges.

Corvallis Gazette:

AN old man known as Dutch John aged 70 years, wandered away in the mountains and, although searched for, was not found for two days and nights, when he was almost frozen and starved to death.

Catholic Sentinel:

AMONG the expenditures on account of the Panama canal is the sum of $11,000,000 for quinine.

THE Russian war scare was the result of Bismarckian tactics to secure the voting of military measures by the Reichstag, Austria also availing herself of the opportunity to increase her military strength.

Sunday Welcome:

On all sides the belief is expressed that the business outlook for the next year or two is very encouraging. The past few years have demonstrated that a change in the administration of the country is not productive of panic or stagnation, so the feeling of dread, usually prevalent when a great campaign approaches, is missing just at present.

Dalles Review:

THE defeat of the amendment for the time of holding elections leaves Oregon the first state to hold an election in 1888. The election will be watched with much interest, because it is generally conceded that the republican party is badly demoralized, and the probability of a democratic victory is flattering. A democratic victory in this state next June would be a big boom for democracy, and it behooves the party to place men in nomination whom the entire party can and will support.

Demorest's Magazine:

FOR the first time in the history of the United States the Post Office Department, during the past year, has been self-supporting. This happy result has been brought about by the untiring work of Postmaster-General Vilas. He has conducted his department on business principles. In his annual report, he states that the deficiency in 1885 amounted to $6,900,000. This was reduced over $3,000,000 in 1887, and in a few months the whole deficiency will be made up.

Eugene City Guard:

If our local papers were liberally paid for advertising the advantages of our state and thousands of copies sent East to people who are tired of living there, then our country and our state would soon be filled with weary homeseekers. We want our state filled with honest, industrious, temperate people. Let our people advertise our advantages by contributing to the support of their local papers. Herald the advantages of our state and soon the tide of immigration will vastly increase and a grand boom will be the consequence. Not only a boom, but homeseekers can procure a home in a mild climate, a fertile, healthy, and prosperous country. Our climate is mild in winter, having but little snow and cold weather; and again, in summer the weather is cool and tranquil. In fact, and in few words, Oregon is a haven of security for the rich man and a paradise for the poor man."

The Portland World:

"THE telegraph informs us that President Cleveland is preparing to tax eastern officeholders [illegible] out of their boots to raise a large sum of money to send to Oregon, which he hopes will enable the democrats to carry the election next June."

The above is clipped from an editorial in the State Journal, of Eugene City. Personally, we are accustomed, from long years of political experience, to republican prevarication and misrepresentation, and naturally expect it, particularly in the partisan press. But the readers of the Journal must not be led into the error of believing such ill reports about our president. It is true that our congressional delegation (all repubs.) started a rumor over the republican wires that Mr. Cleveland was much interested in the approaching election in Oregon. This is all the truth in the Journal's statement. Even Messrs. Dolph, Mitchell and Hermann do not vouch for the above rumor. As to the "taxing of eastern officeholders," why, that came into the columns of the Journal "duty free," without any regard for the facts, or recollection of Sapphira and her lord. After Mr. Goldsmith's emphatic disclaimers, this chestnut of Dolph & Co.s should be rung out.

American Grocer:

THE "American Grocer" is a business journal circulating among business men of all shades of political belief in every state and territory in the Union. Consequently we have no partisan politics, although we and our subscribers, if the communications we receive are any indication, take a warm interest in politics which have a bearing upon the welfare of business. A few months ago, when we seemed to be upon the verge of a financial crisis, and business men were being squeezed by money-lenders because so much of the circulating medium of the country was locked up in the treasury surplus, we said it was the duty of every business man to impress upon his member of congress that the reduction of our revenue was a necessity paramount to all others. This opinion is now emphasized by the annual message of President Cleveland to congress, in which he ignores all other topics and mentions this alone. The sturdy common sense of President Cleveland was never better illustrated. The writer of this article opposed his election to the presidency, but we are free to confess that he has made, thus far, a good and patriotic president of the whole people; that he has been exceptionally level-headed on most subjects; and while we do not agree with him on all points, if he were again a candidate for the presidency to-day, we should feel that the business interests of the country would be safer in his hands than in those of any member of the opposite party who has thus far been prominently mentioned.

State Rights Democrat:

MR. BLAINE in 1871, while a member of the lower house of Congress, advocated a repeal of the duties on salt and coal. Therefore Blaine is a free trader. See? Nearly all the republicans in the country are in favor of putting sugar on the free list. Therefore nearly all the republicans in the country are free traders. See? Very many republicans in and out of Congress have declared in favor of putting rice, tobacco and cotton on the free list. Therefore very many republicans in and out of Congress are free traders. See?

OREGON is one of the largest and most fertile of the whole sisterhood of states. The attention of all the United States will be drawn to it now in connection with the completion of the great railroad reaching out to San Francisco. Its area exceeds 95,000 square miles, or more than double that of New York. It is equally as fertile and has a climate as genial and as equable as that of Georgia or Alabama. With the exception, perhaps, of citrous fruits, sugarcane and cotton, there is nothing that is grown within the whole area of the United States that cannot be raised in it. The grape grows in the southern portion, and even the orange, we believe, can be raised successfully in the southern portion of Willamette valley. Were it populated as is New York state it would to-day have twelve million of people within its confines, while its chief city would be one of the greatest in the world