

DIFFERENT THAN IN 1912

LaFollette's Independent Ticket Bids Four Votes From Both Republican and Democratic Ranks

Written Special for The Times-Herald
By EDWARD PERCY HOWARD
Through Autocaster Service

New York, July 8.—While New York has spent itself cheering for Smith and the throats of the McAdoo forces have worn themselves out boosting for their candidate, leaders of both the Democratic and Republican party have remained silent and thoughtful, for amidst the excitement and hysteria they have seen only one thing—the growing spectre of the man from Wisconsin, La Follette.

Two weeks ago political wisecracks thought the greatest danger in the La Follette movement was the possibility of the Senator throwing the election into the house. Today these same leaders privately admit even the possibility of a La Follette victory at the polls.

When the Underwood forces threw the Ku Klux hat into the Democratic ring the entire aspect of affairs changed with the rapidity of a flash of lightning. Now it is admitted to be impossible to down the issue. The cleavage is too wide, the bitterness too marked for compromise.

Just before the deciding vote was cast in Madison Square Garden one prominent Democrat even expressed fear for the solid south.

"Before Alabama grasped the religious issue by the throat and dragged it on to the convention floor La Follette's candidacy was a menace only to the Republicans," he said. "Now it is a danger to both parties. The South might not have gone so far as to support a Republican ticket, to lay the spectre of Roman spectre to an independent if necessary, beyond doubt. On the other hand the opposition to the Klan will march to La Follette unless some spectacular shift in the cards persuades them that the Democracy is safe from the influence of the hooded order.

"The burning fire of this religious issue will take years to burn itself out. The Klansmen grit their teeth and vow they will fight to the death against 'making America a seat of government from Rome.' They insist they will not tolerate religious domination in politics.

"Into the Fight"



Senator "Bob" LaFollette, of Wisconsin, who is out in the open with his Third Party and asking progressives of all parties to join in the fight "for real reform—no destruction."

"That is exactly what we are trying to do," retort the anti-Klan factionalist. "We want absolute freedom of religion with all barriers removed."

"As I see it, Alabama has lighted a camp fire that is likely to lead the La Follette forces straight down the path to victory. Certainly the old political alignments have been shaken to their foundation.

has been exhausted, and the plan will now be abandoned. Many apple growers hope that the work and money expended will not be a total loss, but that a further movement along this line by another organization may bring this big projected association into a reality. Such failures do much to discourage co-operative marketing movements.

A. S. Goss, master of the Washington state Grange, gives notice to the business interests of the country that a condition which forces nearly one-third of the population of the country (the farmers) to lose money and run into debt is certain to react to business generally, and that the other two-thirds, which have been enjoying prosperity, are certain to feel the depression of agriculture—in fact is already feeling it generally. He says agriculture has reached the limit of endurance, and the result is a distinct tightening up in industry and employment all over the country, and that further curtailment is certain until readjustment is made.

FOREST NOTES

The local Forest Service is already experiencing considerable trouble with fires. So far about one half of these have been caused by lightning and one half by the carelessness of travelers, campers, and others. The season promises to be one of the worst in years. A special appeal is made to local residents and stockmen to be especially careful with fire and to expedite reports on all fires to the nearest Forest Officer.

A wire has been received from the District Forester (July 2) forbidding the use of fireworks on the National Forests of the northwest. All publications are requested to give publicity.

Fires are spreading with unusual rapidity and quick action is necessary to catch them.

Ranger McCool went to a fire on June 30 near the head of Antelope Creek. He reached the fire while it covered but one acre but it spread so rapidly that he could not control it alone. He left the fire at 10 p. m., rode to a telephone, got Supervisor Reid out of bed at 12 p. m. Mr. Reid secured three men who were taken to Dark Canyon by P. A. Thompson during the night. These four men with McCool reached the fire shortly after daylight on July 1 and were barely able to hold the fire during the day. By night however, the fire was trenched and under control. Had these men delayed their start until morning and reached this fire about noon it would have been impossible to control it and, in all probability much damage would have been done as this fire was in a bad location.

This incident, illustrates the necessity for prompt action on all fires if damage is to be prevented.

The fire on the Byram grade, left for safe, crossed the lines and burned over several additional acres damaging mature timber killing young growth and scarring a beautiful hillside.

The slogan "GET THAT LAST SPARK" has become something more than a mere catchword this year. It is absolutely necessary to "GET THAT LAST SPARK" of your cigarette, your cigar, your campfire, your pipe ashes if damaging fires are to be prevented in eastern Oregon timberlands.

Fires are doing more damage to mature timber than is usual because of the extreme dryness of the bark and limbs and needles. This timber

means dollars to local counties. Do your bit and help PREVENT and SUPPRESS fires.

CITATION

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR THE COUNTY OF HARNEY.

In the Matter of the Estate of GEORGE H. PORTER, Deceased. To William B. Porter, Sarah M. Curtis, Eleanor B. Crook, Clara P. Atkins, Irving D. Porter, Sarah H. Porter, Mabel C. Porter, Dorothy E. Porter, Ella M. Hammerschmidt Charles A. Porter, Ruth Porter, Emma Mable Wilson, Agnes Porter Slack, Harriet E. Porter, Joseph Milo Porter, Ford Porter, Ashbol Porter, Arthur Porter, Earl Porter, Mark Porter. GREETINGS:

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON,

You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to appear in the County Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Harney at the court room thereof in the Court House, at 10 o'clock A. M. on Friday, the 8th day of August, 1924, then and there to show cause, if any you have, why the Court should not enter an order herein directing the administrator to sell at Public auction the following described real property, situated in Harney County, Oregon, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the claims against the said estate, to-wit:

The West half of the East half of the Southwest quarter of the Northeast quarter (W $\frac{1}{2}$ E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$) of Section Twenty-four (24) Township Thirty-nine (39) South of Range Thirty-five (35), and the Northwest quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$) the Northwest quarter of the Northeast quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$) the Southwest quarter of the Northeast quarter (SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$) and Lots One (1) Two (2) and Three (3) of Section Twenty-one (21) Township Twenty-four (24) South, Range Thirty-two (32) East Willamette Meridian.

Given under my hand and the seal of the above entitled Court at Burns, Oregon, this 26th day of June, 1924.
CHAS. E. DILLMAN,
County Clerk.

(Seal)
NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that under and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Harney,

wade and rendered on the 13th day of February, 1924, and, which judgment and decree was entered and filed in the office of the County Clerk of Harney County, State of Oregon on the 30th day of February, 1924, such judgment and decree being in favor of the State Land Board of Oregon, consisting of Walter M. Pierce, Governor, Sam A. Kezer, Secretary of State and O. P. Hoff, State Treasurer, as plaintiffs, and against Frank Baker, Grace Baker, N. Brown & Sons and P. C. Peterson, defendants therein, wherein judgment was entered against defendants Frank Baker and Grace Baker for the principal sum of \$2500.00, together with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from January 17th, 1921, until paid, and for the further sum of \$250.00 attorney fees, and for the costs and disbursements of this suit taxed at \$6.70.

WHEREAS by said decree it was further ORDERED and DECREED by the Court that the judgment aforesaid constituted a lien upon the following described real premises, by virtue of a mortgage thereon, to-wit:

The Southwest quarter of the Southeast quarter (SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$) of Section Twenty-three (23) and the West half of the Northeast quarter (W $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$), the Northwest quarter of the Southeast quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$) of Section Twenty-six (26) in Township Twenty (20) South of Range Thirty (30) E. W. M. and the Northwest quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$) of Section Thirty-one (31) Township Twenty-two (22) South Range Thirty-one (31) E. W. M. containing three hundred and twenty acres according to official survey thereof, and together with

all water rights appertaining thereto.

And the said decree ORDERED that the said real property above described be sold by the Sheriff of Harney County, Oregon in the manner provided by law for the sale of real property under execution; and

WHEREAS on the 20th day of June, 1924, an execution in foreclosure was duly issued by the Clerk of the above entitled court commanding me, the undersigned sheriff to levy upon and sell in the manner provided by law for the sale of real property under execution in foreclosure, all the right, title, lien, interest or estate of the above named defendants, or either of them, in or to the said mortgaged premises above described, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the said judgment hereinbefore described.

NOW THEREFORE, in obedience to the commands of said writ and by authority thereof, I have levied upon the said real property above described and I will on Tuesday the 22nd day of July, 1924, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M. on said day at the Court House door in the City of Burns, Oregon offer for sale to the highest bidder or bidders for cash all the right, title, lien, interest or estate of the said defendants, or either of them, in or to the above described real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the said decree and judgment aforesaid, and the costs of this sale subject to confirmation by the above entitled court and the legal equity of redemption of the defendants.

Dated at Burns, Oregon, June 20th, 1924.
W. A. GOODMAN,
Sheriff Harney County, Ore.

Crane-Burns Mail Stage
Seven Passenger Touring Cars
Best on the line
Leaves Burns Post Office every evening
except Saturday, at 6 P. M.
Fare \$2.50
BONDED CARRIER
U. S. HACKNEY, Proprietor

STATE MARKET NEWS

(C. E. Spence, Agent)

The grain crops of Oregon indicate about half the yield of the bumper crop of last year, the state over. There has been a general scarcity of rain. The yields are spotted, owing to local rains. Fall grains look fairly well, considering the limited moisture, but spring crops are in poor condition. Crops in the dry sections will run from 40 to 50 per cent. In the irrigated sections products have been slow in growth owing to the cool nights.

In the Willamette valley general production is spotted. The early potato crop does not promise a good yield and the late acreage depends almost entirely on what the rainfall may be. The grain crop will be about 60 per cent of last year. The southern part of the valley has had far more rainfall than the northern part.

The general production in the Hood River section is fair. The early frosts damaged the pears to a considerable extent, and the apple growers state that frost rings may result in quite a little damage to the apples. Cherries are about half a crop. In general there will be about the same yield as last year.

The cherry crop of the Willamette valley is large, but the price is poor. Four cents has been the highest price paid, and many have been sold for less. With one cent per pound paid for picking and with the added expense of boxing and delivery charges, the growers have not received very profitable returns. Fruit companies have been buying very carefully and in small lots, and many canneries have refused the Bings and Lamberts at any price, buying only the Royal Ann stock. Kentish cherries are about the same price as the sweet varieties.

Notwithstanding the extremely dry season, stock in the range country is generally looking good, but the pastures are getting very short. Stock men are rather discouraged over the results of the past year and the future prospects.

Farmers generally are buying only absolute necessities. The bumper crops of last year resulted in so small net profits that they have little purchase money. The farmer wage scale is very low in comparison with the trade scales—from \$2 to \$3 per day—and this also applies to the grain

ranches. Realizing that they will be unable to get all the help needed at these prices, many of the farmers are arranging harvest schedules wherein they will exchange labor with each other and reduce hired labor to the minimum. Many of them state that what they will not be able to harvest under such arrangements they will let go, as they have not the money to pay the prices asked by competent laborers.

It is announced that the newly-organized Northwest Fruit Growers' Commission, which was organized to co-ordinate the marketing of the apples of Oregon and Washington, has been abandoned. This marketing association was organized and financed by the chambers of commerce and banks of the northwest and specialists were sent to California to work out a plan. An organization fund of \$8000 was provided, which

CIGARS

*in our humidor are just like
they were fresh from
the factory
a
Good Cigar
in
Good Shape
for a
Good Smoke
at*

HOME DRUG Co.

CONSTANTLY IMPROVED BUT NO YEARLY MODELS

There are obvious benefits to the purchaser in Dodge Brothers policy of making constant, gradual improvements in their product instead of changing from one design to another year after year.

Chief among these is the fact that the car may be operated throughout the full limit of its usefulness without the extra depreciation loss which results from a rapid succession of radically different models.

R. V. HOPPER
Burns, Oregon

