

Fall and Winter Supplies

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BURNS

Red Cross First Aid Standards Adopted In Great Industries

First aid in an emergency which assures the injured competent attention until the doctor arrives is making marked headway through the work of the Chapters of the American Red Cross. In populous centers 214 chapters conduct first aid classes and last year awarded 9,500 certificates to students. Eight big telephone companies have enlisted their workers in first aid classes, police and fire departments in large cities are making the course compulsory in their training schools, and through colleges and high schools large groups of students receive instruction. The Red Cross also gives this course through Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts, Y. M. C. A. and similar organizations, and its standard methods have been adopted by railroads, electric and gas companies, mines and in the metal industries. The aim of this Red Cross service is to cut down radically the average of 60,000 accidental deaths per year in the United States.

"Our country could secure no higher commendation, no greater place in history, than to have it correctly said that the Red Cross is truly American." —President Coolidge.

Junior Red Cross Spreads Good Will Throughout World

Nearly 5,000,000 pupils in the schools of America are following the standard of unselfish service as members of the American Junior Red Cross, the annual report of the American Red Cross discloses. This valiant host is represented in 125,072 school rooms of 24,289 schools throughout the United States. With a service program that is local, national and international in scope, the American Junior Red Cross is working unflinchingly for health and happiness and in the promotion of activities among boys and girls wherever there is opportunity for usefulness.

Increased activity on the part of the schools enrolled and deeper recognition by school authorities of the educational values of Junior Red Cross have been significant features of the last year. Carrying on educational and relief work in France, Poland, Austria, Hungary, Yugoslavia, Albania, Bulgaria and Rumania, the American Juniors have influenced the forming of Junior departments in the Red Cross organizations of these countries. American boys and girls wearing the "I Serve" button of the Juniors are proving apt messengers of the spirit of good will and mutual understanding through correspondence with pupils in schools scattered throughout the world. At the close of the school year in June 2,609 schools were engaged in correspondence with a like number of schools in Europe; 284 schools in our insular possessions and Alaska territory carried on an exchange of letters with schools in the United States and South Africa. In fact, nearly 2,700 schools with probably 100,000 pupils were busy in this fine act of cheerful communication, while 8,347 articles passed through National Headquarters of the Red Cross in exchanges between the interested pupils here and overseas.

An incident of the year's advance was the beginning of activity which will eventually install Junior Red Cross in the Indian schools of the United States. Reports of the tour of the unit of crippled children with their chorus which came from the Bakule school in Prague, Czechoslovakia, to show gratitude to the American Juniors for their assistance declare that nothing since the World War has done so much to awaken the Red Cross spirit in the communities visited by the unit.

The work of the American Juniors in foreign fields is emphasized in the advancement of playgrounds, scholarships in farm, trade and other schools, community and school garden work, and donations of cash and equipment to children's organizations. In these projects \$112,660.17 was spent during the last year in ten European countries, in China and in the Virgin Islands.

"It is inconceivable that the Red Cross could have come thus far only to retreat; that it could have succeeded up to the present time only to fail." —President Coolidge.

Liberal to Ex-Service Men
Over \$1,000 was expended by each of the 3,600 American Red Cross Chapters in the past year in behalf of disabled ex-service men. The actual total spent was \$3,530,000.

Life Saving Work Of Red Cross Corps Wars on Drownings

The insignia of the American Red Cross Life Saving Corps on the bathing apparel of men, women and youths is seen everywhere at favorite bathing places along the coasts, rivers, lakes and ponds. In its unrelent-

ing campaign to reduce loss of life by drowning the Red Cross is making constant headway. The demands for instruction from organizations in all parts of the country were so numerous the past year that it was necessary to more than double the staff of Red Cross instructors. This work of training for water life-saving showed an enrollment of over 30,000 volunteers enlisted for duty on patrol, for rescue and resuscitation, all competent to instruct others in the standard water-safety methods. The Red Cross by request of the War Department gives water first aid training at the United States Military and Naval Academies and in the military training camps for reserve officers and civilians. The four cash prizes awarded by the Red Cross last year for heroic rescues were conferred upon two girls, a boy and a man, indicating that the youths of the country stand well at the top in conserving life along our water courses.

Red Cross Field Of Action Covers All the World

Represented by 93,668 members, the American Red Cross penetrates to nearly every part of the world. The insular and foreign roll call statistics for the past year are a most conclusive manifestation of the Red Cross spirit carried into the most remote lands. In Europe there are 4,088 members; in Turkey, and active in the Constantinople Chapter, 3,545. China has an enrollment of 2,252; Africa, 136; India, 224; and Australia, 29. Even Vladivostok, in frigid Siberia, has a live chapter with 100 members. The Philippine Islands can mobilize 58,747 under the Red Cross banner and Hawaii 7,863. The total funds raised through foreign and insular membership enrollment and sent to national headquarters in Washington amounted to \$60,216.54, while an additional \$33,350 was forwarded for the endowment fund of the American Red Cross. The high seas roll call in 1922 was an inspiring success. The Navy signed on 4,331 for the Red Cross and the merchant ships 4,141. Of the total membership outside the United States \$3,990 are registered with chapters in foreign lands, the insular possessions and dependencies.

"I want to; therefore I can!" is the spirit that spurs the Red Cross worker in well-doing.

110 DISASTERS IN YEAR ENLIST RED CROSS AID

Nearly \$400,000 Spent in United States — Greek Refugee Work Completed.

For its preparedness to render relief through effective and generous aid to the sufferers from disaster the American Red Cross is universally regarded as the one organization from which response to appeal for help is immediate. In the last year, according to the annual report of the Red Cross, its disaster relief operations were carried out in 110 localities in the United States. This work, with activities carried over from the previous year, required the expenditure in the United States of \$397,468.04 by the American Red Cross, its Chapters and Branches. In the emergency following the defeat of the Greek forces in Turkey and the burning of the city of Smyrna, which entailed the relief of nearly 900,000 men, women and children, Red Cross National Headquarters expended \$2,605,696.09. The food distributed in Greece aggregated 25,000 tons; garments, 809,000; blankets, 48,550; new shoes, 5,000 pairs; medical, hospital and sanitary supplies, 394 tons. In the feeding of the refugees there was listed upwards of 32,000 children under three years of age.

The disasters in the United States during the past year reported 240 persons killed, 991 injured, 12,691 rendered homeless. The total property loss was estimated at \$20,710,000.

Relief of suffering caused by disasters of such magnitude as to overwhelm the resources of the communities in which they occur is fundamental to the charter of the American Red Cross. In addition to making appropriations from its treasury and assigning trained personnel to relief work, the Red Cross in disaster centralizes and makes more effective relief funds and supplies contributed by the country at large.

Since 1881 the Red Cross has administered more than \$20,000,000 for the single purpose of disaster relief. That it may continue to accept the responsibilities which grave emergencies place upon the American Red Cross appeal is made for a nationwide renewal of membership during the annual roll call, which opens on Armistice Day, November 11, and closes on Thanksgiving Day, November 29.

SUMMONS IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR HARNEY COUNTY.

CLARA LOCHRIDGE, executrix of the estate of R. E. Lochridge, deceased, J. J. Radford, J. L. Lewis Jr., and R. H. Cresson, a co-partnership doing business under the firm name and style of Lewis-Rad-

RATS DIE

so do mice, once they eat RAT-SNAP. And they leave no odor behind. Don't take our word for it—try a package. Cats and dogs won't touch it. Rats pass up all food to get RAT-SNAP. Three sizes.
35c size - 1 cake - enough for Pantry, Kitchen or Cellar.
65c size - 2 cakes - Chicken House, coops, or small buildings.
1.25 size - 5 cakes - enough for all farm and out-buildings, storage buildings, or factory buildings.
Sold and Guaranteed by Reed Brothers, and I. S. Geer & Co.
—Advertisement.

ford & Company, Plaintiffs.

vs. THE ALBRITTON TOWNSITE COMPANY, a corporation, T. C. Albritton, H. C. Albritton and J. R. Jenkins, Defendants.

To—T. C. Albritton and H. C. Albritton, defendants IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON:

You and each of you are required and directed to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the last day of the date prescribed in the order of publication of this summons, to-wit, on or before the 3rd day of November, 1923, said date being the expiration of six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, and if you fail to appear and answer, for want thereof the plaintiffs will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in their complaint, to-wit:

A judgment and decree against you for the sum of \$1,000.00 with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 2nd day of February, 1914, and for the further sum of \$100.00 attorney's fees; for the further sum of \$1,100.00 with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 27th day of August, 1914, and for the further sum of \$110.00 attorneys' fees therein; for the further sum of \$775.70 with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 15th day of January, 1916, and for the further sum of \$75.00 attorneys' fees therein; and for the further sum of \$5,000.00 with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 11th day of August, 1916, and the sum of \$500.00 as attorneys' fees thereon; and for their costs and disbursements; that the usual decree be made and entered for the foreclosure and that certain mortgage made and executed by Albritton Townsite Company, a corporation to R. E. Lochridge on the 2nd day of February, 1914, for the sum of \$1000.00 and recorded at page 86 Book F Mortgage Record for Harney County, Oregon, and assigned to the Plaintiffs herein, and that certain mortgage made and executed by Albritton Townsite Company, a corporation to Exchange Bank of Mayfield, Kentucky on the 23 day of August, 1914, for the sum of \$1100.00 and recorded at page 156 Book F Mortgage Record for Harney County, Oregon, and assigned to Plaintiffs herein, and that certain mortgage made and executed by Albritton Townsite Company, a corporation to G. A. Rembold, on the 15th day of January, 1915, for the sum of \$775.70 and recorded at page 275 Book F Mortgage Records for Harney County, Oregon, and assigned to Plaintiffs herein, and that certain mortgage made and executed by Albritton Townsite Company, a corporation, to Exchange Bank of Mayfield, Kentucky, for the sum of \$5000.00 on the 11 day of August, 1916, and recorded at page 17, Book G, Mortgage Records for Harney County, Oregon, and assigned to the Plaintiffs herein be foreclosed and that the property therein be sold as by law required; and that the proceeds be applied in payment of plaintiffs' debts and the amount due thereon under the terms of the said mortgages; and that at the sale plaintiffs be allowed to bid on said premises and become a purchaser thereof; and that plaintiffs be allowed to apply their judgment, or such part thereof as may be necessary, to the said purchase price or bid; that the interests of the defendants T. C. Albritton, H. C. Albritton and John R. Jenkins be declared subsequent and inferior to the rights of the plaintiffs herein.

This summons is published by order of the Hon. R. T. Huguet, Judge of the County Court for Harney County, Oregon, made and entered on the 21st day of September, 1923.

The date of the first publication of this summons is September 22, 1923; date of last publication, November 3, 1923.

BIGGS & BIGGS, Attorneys for plaintiffs, Post office and residence address, Burns, Oregon.

EXCLUSION OF INFECTED COWS PROMISE TO OREGON

Protection Against Tubercular Animals From California Assured Dairymen by State

From Department of Industrial Journalism Oregon Agricultural College.

A regulation to protect Oregon dairymen from tuberculosis infected California dairy animals will be passed by the state livestock sanitary board, Dr. W. H. Lytel, state veterinarian, assured county agents and members of the college dairy department staff in conference here. That the federal government will also take action against inter-state shipment of untested cattle was the assertion made by Dr. Sam B. Foster, in charge of tuberculosis eradication in Oregon for the United States bureau of animal husbandry.

"We will pass a regulation that nothing but cattle from accredited herds can be brought into Oregon from California," said Dr. Lytel. "That will amount to a virtual quarantine because there are very few such herds in that state."

"There is now on the statutes a law that prohibits shipping cattle from one state to another unless they have been tested for disease," explained Dr. Foster. "Give us information that will stand in the courts and we will place it in the hands of the United States district attorneys, who are directed under the law to proceed against violators."

Oregon dairymen are making a determined effort to stamp out tuberculosis and are demanding protection from animals shipped in from California, reported the county agents. Of 128,000 dairy animals tested in Oregon by federal and state veterinarians in the last few years, less than 1 per cent reacted. In Klamath and Josephine counties, where 5,000 head have recently been tested, most of the 5 per cent of reactors were found to have been imported from California.

FORD MOTOR COMPANY ADDS TO PLANTS

Detroit, Mich. Oct. 20—All major decisions covering the construction of the Ford Motor Company's plant to be erected along the Mississippi River between Minneapolis and St. Paul have been made and details just commenced here give the first information regarding the magnitude of the new Ford project.

Hydro-electric plant, steam plant and manufacturing and assembly plant constitute the three important buildings with interest centering chiefly about the hydro-electric development since it represents the company's most extensive undertaking

ing of this kind.

The dam where the power will be developed is 574 feet long and was completed by the government in 1917. When the Ford engineers started work it was discovered that modification of the power house structure built by the government was necessary in order to take advantage of improvements since made in water wheel design. More than 5,000 cubic feet of concrete work was torn out and the changes are now nearly completed. They will permit installation of modern turbines and besides improving flow conditions will effect the highest efficiency.

The power house will be 160 feet long by 74 feet wide and 48 feet above the foundation. Four water wheels of 4,500 horse-power will be installed, which, in conjunction with four vertical generators, will under normal conditions produce approximately 18,000 horse power.

Within a short distance of the hydro-electric plant, and on the river bank it also is planned to erect a steam power house to supplement the water power in case of emergency.

The immense manufacturing and assembly plant will be erected on an imposing site on the bluff 100 feet above the water level. It will front on the Mississippi River Boulevard and will be faced with stone on three sides and so designed as to present a most attractive appearance.

The building will be one story high, 1,720 feet long and 600 feet wide and will have more than 1,000,000 square feet or 23 acres of floor space.

Railroad tracks will, of course, enter the building, but a transportation feature will be two tunnels leading underneath the factory from a river dock to elevators which will carry freight directly into the building. This anticipates a new era of river transportation on the Mississippi. Special attention will be given to landscaping and general improvements of the grounds within the company's 187-acre tract so that all will blend harmoniously with the surrounding parkway development.

WATCH OUT FOR THIS ONE

SI: "What time is it, Eb?"
Ebner: "Tuesday, SI."
SI: "Gee gosh! My watch must ha' stopped."

TIME TO POISON COYOTES

Stockmen Throughout the Western States Now Cooperating With Biological Survey

(National Wool Grower)
October and November are the most important months for controlling the coyote.

No one can deny the seriousness of the loss still suffered by sheep owners through the depredations of predatory animals chief among which is the coyote. The extent of these losses has been materially reduced in recent years but still remains at a point which cannot be allowed to continue in these days of high expenses and narrow margins of profit. Neither can anyone deny that the prospective cost of controlling these pests is really small in comparison with the saving to be made.

Past progress has been slow because of difference of opinion and lack of concerted action on the part of sheepmen themselves and also between State and Federal officials. This condition is now practically remedied. Officials of all the range States recognize the need of cooperation with each other which is realized when each State cooperates in a hearty way with the Biological Survey which is operating over the entire territory.

The stockmen have generally decided to cooperate with each other and with the hunters employed in their own districts. With the various district organizations working along similar lines and in harmony with the plan of their States it can be said that we have effective cooperation all along the line. With this help continuing for a few seasons, it seems certain that coyote losses will be reduced to a very low point and that a reduction may also be effected in the annual expenditures required to keep predatory animals under substantial control.

A SQUARE DEAL FOR THE COUNTRY BOY AND GIRL

Who remembers the Friday afternoon exercises at the country school of 30 or 50 years ago?

This year, Friday, November 23, many thousands of people will be reminded of "old times" when they assemble at the country schoolhouse for "Community Day" exercises. This day of Education Week will be the "big day" in the rural schools when the community will discuss matters of vital interest. "Equality of Opportunity for Every American Boy and Girl" is the first subject suggested, to be followed by a discussion of the Rural School in particular, the slogan being: "A Square deal for the country boy and girl." In some communities the exercises will be continued Friday night.

Saturday, November 24, has been designated as "Physical Education Day" and most of the subjects suggested are of special importance in rural communities. In many places the exercises will be held Saturday night.