

# The Times-Herald.

BURNS, HARNEY COUNTY, OREGON, AUGUST 29, 1898

NO. 41

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THINKS IT UNREASONABLE.

Now the principal big lakes of southeastern Oregon, Klamath, Harney, Malheur and others, and their shores, have been converted into a wild bird reserve by executive order, and nobody can kill any birds there any more. We suppose there is authority of law for this action, but while such a law, if reasonably and reasonably enforced, may have good results, it is questionable if it is wise to confer so much authority upon a single man, who may be one who acts sometimes on impulse, and who is inclined to be actuated on some occasions by violent schoolboy-like friendships.

The wholesale slaughter of birds for military purposes should certainly be suppressed, and all birds should be duly protected by law; but absolutely to prohibit the shooting of wild fowl in territories aggregating thousands of square miles seems to be carrying the bird protection policy to an unnecessary extreme.

But however that may be, these great lakes and marshes are within a duly organized state, which has or can have all the laws necessary for the protection of its birds. These grounds may be federal property yet, but people who go on them are subject to state laws. The state might be pleased to turn over any troubles it might have there to the federal government, if that were all that is to be considered; but if a federal order can extend this far, to what extent may not federal authority run within a state?

Besides, there is no occasion to prohibit all killing of wild fowl in those regions. They flock and breed there by hundreds of thousands, and the people of Oregon and visitors should have the right to kill them under reasonable restrictions. The slaughter of plumage birds for commercial purposes should be stopped, of course, but to prohibit all shooting of wild fowl in those extensive waters and marshes is unreasonable and absurd. —Portland Journal.

Governor Chamberlain intends to examine now terminal and will push a future connection north and also a practical line now being built and which have come time and the we went over on Mr. Harriman's

bin River to the California line and connecting with the Southern Pacific at Weed, California, also the extension from Klamath Falls to Natron and the continuation of the line from Detroit or Idaho over to Madras for a connection with the extended Columbia Southern road.

Nor were these all the projected lines which Mr. Harriman promised at the recent conference according to the Governor. The great railroad magnate declared he hoped to have the opportunity to make a personal trip with some of his officials over into Lake and Harney Counties with a view of determining the most feasible route for a line extending from some point on the California Northeastern over to Lakeview, thence on into Harney County to a connection with the Oregon Short Line at Ontario in the extreme eastern part of the state. Mr. Harriman informed Governor Chamberlain that if his health permitted it he intended to take a side trip over into the Harney country as he was deeply interested in that section.

No other projects were discussed at the conference at Pelican Bay, and no mention was made as to when the Coos Bay-Drain line would be completed, if ever. Nothing was said of the completion of the "Lytle Road" from Hillsboro to Tillamook.

Governor Chamberlain as the result of a meeting with leading citizens of Klamath, Jackson and Josephine counties, will appoint a highway commission in a few days to decide on ways and means for building a fine automobile road from Medford into the Crater Lake country, and from there to Klamath Falls. Mr. Harriman, himself, at Governor Chamberlain's request, said he would be glad to serve as a member of this highway commission, and he will probably be named as chairman.

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The irrigation districts of Malheur and Klamath Counties were represented in Portland this week by Messrs. W. H. Doolittle, Secretary of the Ontario Commercial Club, and R. H. Dunbar, Secretary of the Klamath Falls Chamber of Commerce.

## OUR LAKES A BIRD HEAVEN

### MADE NATIONAL GAME PRESERVES AND SHOOTING FORBIDDEN.

President Sets Apart Several Lakes Where Feathers Once May Meet and be Undisturbed During Nesting.

A recent dispatch says: No longer may the Oregon hunter look for sport on the lower Klamath, Harney or Malheur Lakes, for gunning on and around these famous shooting grounds has been forbidden by President Roosevelt, and violators of his orders will be prosecuted in federal courts.

The President has not undertaken to interfere with the Oregon state game laws, but by executive order has created a National bird preserve by embodying these three lakes, together with their shores, islands and abutting swamps and in these preserves no native birds may be killed, nor eggs taken, nor nests destroyed.

In a few instances lands abutting on these lakes may have passed to private ownership, and there gunners are not affected by the President's order, but such spots are scarce, and in the main it is believed these orders will put an end to the killing of birds on the Southern Oregon lakes.

This preserve was created on recommendation of the National Audubon Society, and is intended to prevent the extermination of various types of wild birds which frequent the lake region. The Audubon Society after careful investigation found that Oregon birds were being killed ruthlessly.



THE BURNS FLOUR MILL.

Mr. Sturtevant has just finished remodeling the flouring mill and it is now fully equipped with modern machinery with a capacity of 100 barrels per day. The mill is now in operation and is being supplied with fine Harney county wheat. The grade of flour turned out cannot be excelled by any mill.

ly, largely by hunters supplying and continue a week-track and the millinery market. Cases burns will be entirely completed were found where such hunters by the opening day. No matter in season were making from \$400 to \$500 a day selling bird crests, plumes, breasts, wings, etc., to milliners. With such profits in sight birds were being slaughtered by thousands.

On Klamath Lake and marsh no gunning will be permitted under any circumstances whatever. On the Malheur and Harney preserve birds may be killed in limited numbers for purely scientific purposes by persons holding licenses from the Secretary of Agriculture, but only one or two birds of a type will be allowed to any person holding a permit, and as permits will be issued solely to scientists, gunning is practically prohibited and absolutely so as regards sporemen.

Not only has the President put a stop to the killing of birds valuable chiefly for their plumage, but he has made it impossible to slaughter wild game. His order applies to wild ducks as well as to geese. In fact, it applies to all feathered game around the lakes.

### INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

(Portland Correspondent) Mr. B. Decker, one of the best known of American magazine writers, is making a tour of Oregon in behalf of the "World Today."

Fifty thousand souvenir postal cards showing the magnificent Oregon State Building at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition have already been circulated, and one hundred thousand more

have been ordered. This building is considered by many as the most artistic State Building ever erected at an Exposition. The Portland Commercial Club will send one of these cards for the asking.

The Committee on Ways and Means appointed by the Oregon Good Roads Conference have arranged for a Good Roads Convention at Tillamook September 5th, and another at Roseburg 22nd. Other meetings are under consideration and definite dates will be decided within a few days. There is universal determination to make this campaign the most effective the since orders will be prosecuted in federal courts.

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Owners of famous horses, as well as breeders of fancy stock, are coming to Portland daily from all parts of the country to see the marvelous grounds and track of the Portland County Club & Stock Association. The show will open September 21st

at Albany Day" at the Portland Commercial Club August 19th was one of the most pleasant incidents that has occurred in Portland for a long time. A delegation of representative members of the Albany Commercial Club, extended an invitation to the business men of Portland to visit Albany on November 3rd to celebrate the completion of the new depot and attend the Linn County Fruit Show. The invitation was accepted.

Experts from the Bureau of Plant Industry, in co-operation with the Forest Service, have made careful and painstaking investigations in the field, with a view of lessening the losses as far as possible, while several different plans have been tried, in hopes of completely destroying the plant. Larkspur grows very luxuriantly in the early Spring. On the Gunnison forest in June, 1898, the forest officers counted more than 1300 plants in blossom upon a single square rod. The plant seems to be more poisonous in hot, damp weather than in dry seasons, and it has been observed that when the ground is dry and hard, so that in eating it the stems break off, leaving the roots in the ground, it is not so deadly in its effects. Since certain areas are well known to be badly infested with larkspur, the stockmen have been in the habit of herding their cattle from such places. As far as possible these areas will be fenced by the Forest Service. On the other areas where it is not so plentiful the plants will be dug out by the forest rangers, and also mowed off to prevent seedling again.

It has also been found that the plant will not hold its own against certain kinds of grasses, such as timothy. A few acres sowed in timothy are being carefully watched, and it is believed that it is crowning the larkspur out. It seems probable that by sowing

timothy on the mountain meadows the larkspur could be gradually smothered and replaced by a valuable forage plant.

If this plan is supported by good evidence this season, timothy will be extensively sown later on. Meanwhile, upon this, as well as several other National forests where losses from this plant are very serious, the building of fences to keep the cattle of the most dangerous areas is being pushed by the Forest Service, and will be continued as fast as funds are available for the purpose.

Mr. J. C. Thomas, of Crawford, Colo., made an experiment in feeding the larkspur some years ago to determine, if possible, just what part of the plant contained the poisonous properties. A yearling steer was fed a large quantity of the leaves, with no injurious results. A few days later the same animal was fed a quantity of the roots, and within 10 hours it was dead, thus justifying the suspicion that the poisonous matter was contained in the root.

Miss Eugenie Snelling and Charles M. Faulkner, C. E., were married at the V. L. Snelling residence yesterday at 12 o'clock. Hon. H. Daly officiating. Engraved announcements were sent to their friends.

Miss "Genie," (that was) second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. V. L. Snelling, is well known in this county, the family having resided here for many years. Her gentle disposition and pleasant manners made her too well liked by a host of friends to need encomiums at our hands.

The groom is a civil engineer by profession and County Surveyor of Lake County, an earnest, industrious gentleman, who has made friends during his residence of something more than a year in this section.

We wish them all the marital felicity possible; all the good fortune and happiness—well, just all they deserve, we are sure they will be content with that.—Lakeview Herald. Mr. Faulkner is a brother to A. O. Faulkner of this city and spent several weeks here about a year ago.

## TO ERADICATE POISON WEED

### LARKSPUR POISONS SCORES OF CAT TLE EVERY SPRING.

Uncle Sam's Bureau of Plant Industry Waging War on Deadly Plants in The National Forest Reserves.

The losses to the cattle men in the Western States from larkspur poisoning every year have been so serious that the Government is making a vigorous effort to find an antidote for the poison, as well as to eradicate the plant itself. In the Gunnison National forest, Colorado, the losses to the stockmen last season from larkspur were conservatively estimated to equal almost five per cent of the total number of cattle grazed upon that forest. Its effects are almost immediate. Death follows the eating of the plant within a few hours. For this reason remedies are of little avail, because the animals are generally dead before they are discovered.

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Since certain areas are well known to be badly infested with larkspur, the stockmen have been in the habit of herding their cattle from such places. As far as possible these areas will be fenced by the Forest Service. On the other areas where it is not so plentiful the plants will be dug out by the forest rangers, and also mowed off to prevent seedling again.

It has also been found that the plant will not hold its own against certain kinds of grasses, such as timothy. A few acres sowed in timothy are being carefully watched, and it is believed that it is crowning the larkspur out. It seems probable that by sowing

timothy on the mountain meadows the larkspur could be gradually smothered and replaced by a valuable forage plant.

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Hundreds of people who suffer from backache, rheumatism, lame back, lumbago and similar ailments are not aware that these are merely symptoms of kidney trouble. Pineapple for the kidneys, act directly on the kidneys, bringing quick relief to backache and other symptoms of kidney and bladder derangements. 30 days trial \$1.00 and guaranteed, or money back. Sold by The Welcome Pharmacy, Burns, Ore., Fred Haines, Harney, Ore.

McGowan & Nichols have customers for relinquishments. See them if you want to buy or sell.

Job printing—The Times-Herald.

## NO TRESPASSING.

Hunting is forbidden upon my place adjoining forest. Trespassers will be prosecuted.

U. H. VOEGTLY

## NO TRESPASSING.

Notice is hereby given that hunting and shooting upon the enclosed lands of the American Land & Livestock Co. is strictly forbidden. Any person or persons found hunting or trespassing will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

E. B. HILL

Ranch Manager

## NOTICE

Being unable to give our personal attention to the cultivation of the acre lands, the same have been placed with Mr. C. H. Leonard. A year having elapsed since the dissolution of co-partnership a prompt settlement of the same is requested.

MARSDEN & GEARY.

## Religious Services.

Rev. A. J. Irwin will preach at Burns the 2nd Sunday of each month at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 2 p.m.

The Harney Sunday school meets at 2 o'clock each Sunday and a cordial invitation is extended to all who care to meet with us.

At the Presbyterian church

Burns, Rev. A. J. Irwin pastor.

Divinity services the third and fourth

Sundays of each month at 11 a.m.

and 7:30 p.m. Sabbath morning

At the Methodist church

Burns, Rev. W. H. Leonard pastor.

Divinity services the first and third

Sundays of each month at 11 a.m.

and 7:30 p.m. Sabbath morning

At the Episcopal church

Burns, Rev. W. H. Leonard pastor.

Divinity services the second and fourth

Sundays of each month at 11 a.m.

and 7:30 p.m. Sabbath morning

At the Lutheran church