

# The Times-Herald.

VOL. XVI.

BURNS, HARNEY COUNTY, OREGON, JANUARY 10, 1903.

NO. 7.

## The Times-Herald

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:  
 One Year \$2.00  
 Six Months \$1.25  
 Three Months .75

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY  
 STATE—OREGON:  
 U. S. Senators J. H. Mitchell, Joseph Simon  
 U. S. Senators M. A. Moody, J. H. Mitchell  
 Governor T. F. Geer  
 Secretary of State C. S. Moore  
 Treasurer J. H. Hines  
 State Auditor J. H. Hines  
 State Printer J. H. Hines  
 Supreme Judges E. S. Bean, C. W. Wolcott, F. A. Moore

NINTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.  
 District Judge M. D. Clifford  
 District Attorney Wm. Miller  
 Joint-Representative J. W. Morrow  
 Joint-Senator J. W. Morrow

COUNTY—HARNEY:  
 County Judge James A. Sparrow  
 Treasurer J. H. Hines  
 Assessor J. H. Hines  
 Sheriff J. H. Hines  
 School Superintendent W. Bartlett  
 Stock Inspector E. J. Noble  
 Commissioners A. V. Vason, E. J. Noble, J. W. Williams  
 HARNEY C. S. LAND OFFICE:  
 Register Wm. Farrow  
 Receiver Chas. Nowell

SOCIETIES.  
 SYLVIA REBEKAH Degree No. 48  
 Meets every 1st and 3rd Wednesday,  
 Mrs. C. G. Smith, S. G.  
 C. G. Smith, Sec. Sec'y.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.  
 W. J. COLEMAN,  
 Stenographer and Notary Public  
 Burns, - Oregon.  
 Office in Citizens Bank building.

GEO. S. SIZEMORE,  
 ATTORNEY,  
 BURNS, - OREGON.  
 Collections, Land business, and Real Estate matter promptly attended to.

WILLIAMS & FITZGERALD  
 Office in old Masonic building.  
 BURNS, - OREGON.

S. W. MILLER,  
 NOTARY PUBLIC.  
 Burns, - Oregon.

W. A. REMBOLD, C. W. PARKER  
 PARRISH & REMBOLD,  
 Attorneys-at-Law,  
 Burns (and Canyon City) Oregon.  
 Will practice in the courts of Harney and Grant counties and in the supreme court of the state, and also in U. S. land office.

Chas. H. Leonard,  
 ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
 Careful attention given to Collections and Real Estate matters.  
 Notary Public  
 Burns, OREGON.  
 Office in Times-Herald building

W. L. HARRISON, JOHN W. ORARY  
 MARSDEN & GEARY,  
 Physicians and Surgeons.  
 BURNS, OREGON.  
 Office at residence, Phone No. 20

R. D. BURROW,  
 PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON  
 Social attention given to all chronic diseases.  
 Calls to any part of the country will be a sacred day or night.  
 Rooms 1 and 2, Burns Hotel.

H. N. BRADSHAW, L. E. HIBBERD  
 Hibbard & Bradshaw,  
 DENTISTS,  
 Office two doors east of the Citizens Bank.  
 Burns, Oregon.

JOHN McMULLEN  
 Photographer.  
 Burns, - Oregon  
 Cloudy days preferred for making sittings. Photos finished in carbon and platinum effects.  
 Instantaneous process used extensively. First-class work and satisfaction guaranteed.

## THE LEWIS AND CLARK FAIR

BRIEF STATEMENT OF PURPOSES OF 1905 EXPOSITION.

The One Hundredth Anniversary of Arrival of The Lewis and Clark Party in Oregon—National in Scope.

A writer in the *Edinburg Review* in 1843 describing Oregon as the last corner on earth left free for the occupation of a civilized race. "When Oregon may be colonized," he declared, "the map of the world may be considered as filled up." This was written at the time the boundary question was pending between the United States and Great Britain, terminating June 15, 1846 in the addition of the territory between the 42nd and 49th parallels and west of the Rocky Mountains to our national domain. Fifty-one years before Captain Gray had discovered the Columbia River and 38 years before Lewis and Clark had completed their expedition across the continent by making camp on the shores of the Pacific.

The one hundredth anniversary of the arrival of the Lewis and Clark party in Oregon will be commemorated in 1905 by an exposition which will be representative of America. Preparations for this event are now actively under way. A company with \$500,000 capital has been incorporated at Portland, the site has been selected near the very point on the Willamette reached by Captain Clark in April 1806, and the various state legislatures and congress will be asked to make appropriations. Our Lewis and Clark exposition will be national in scope and importance.

Nothing that has occurred since the discovery of gold in California will so attract attention to the Pacific west and its wonderful capabilities for home building and industry as the Lewis and Clark Exposition of 1905. The east, now well filled up with people, and lacking the cheap land that in generations past was its chief inducement to the home seeker, now appreciates the west and realizes its value to an expanding country.

The great task the west has to overcome, the prejudice against it, was due to the fact that for forty years following the purchase of Louisiana the land was not needed for settlement and the people of the United States were at a loss to know what to do with the new possession. Between 1802 and 1853, purchase, exploration and war added 2,138,488 square miles to our national extent, over 2 1/2 times as large an area as Great Britain by the treaty of 1783 declared to be "free, sovereign and independent states." All this vast territory is west of the Mississippi River and the day when it began to be needed for settlement is within the memory of men yet in the prime of life.

The Oregon country, which the expedition of Lewis and Clark assured to American sovereignty, comprises all of the present states of Oregon, Washington and Idaho, the Western part of Montana and the Northwestern part of Wyoming. It had in 1850 an area of 307,000 square miles and a population of less than 14,000. It now has 1,500,000 people with room for 15,000,000 more, and an aggregated wealth, all classes of property included, of approximately \$2,000,000,000. Its two great cities, Portland and Seattle have over 100,000 population each, and three others, Tacoma, Spokane and Butte have nearly 50,000 each. Captain Clark found near Portland in 1906 a few miserable Indian huts. Today there is at the junction of the Willamette and Columbia Rivers, the 42nd city of the Union with a jobbing business of \$135,000,000 a year, banking power of \$25,000,000, mercantile capital of \$50,000,000 and foreign commerce of \$12,000,000. Lewis and Clark, it will be remembered faced starvation many a time and but for the dogs, berries and roots obtained from the Indians, must surely have perished.

## COMPLY WITH CONDITIONS

THE ONLY WAY TO GET GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE.

Must Have Clear Sailing in All Irrigation Work—People Must Dispose of All Conflicting Interests.

General Passenger Agent A. L. Craig of the O. R. & N., who returned from the east a few days ago, learned a few things about irrigation while he was in Washington. In reply to questions on the subject, by a Baker Democrat man Mr. Craig said:

"I believe, in the first place, the position taken by the Oregonian, in their editorial a few days ago, is wholly in accordance with the conditions that exist.

"From my conversation in Washington D. C. with some of the government officials most prominently connected with irrigation work, I formed the opinion that the only way to get the government started on this work in our state is for the locality to be benefited to get together and submit the proposition to the government with maps, etc., in proper shape particularly providing for proper adjustment of all private interests; for instance, if a proposition is offered to the government that involves private interests and there is nothing from the owners of these private interests to indicate that they desire the improvements to be made and are willing to bear a share of the expense, the same as would fall on the land they own if it was still owned by the government, that the government officials will not bother with such a proposition. All propositions must come to the government absolutely clean and free from questions of conflicting interests. Under the circumstances, if Baker county people expect to have the government take up any of the irrigation propositions in your county, they must take the matter up systematically and in detail, and present them, as stated, free from difficulties so that the government can proceed with the work of putting in the ditch without any interference from anyone.

"I am of the opinion that projects of reasonable size presenting no very serious difficulties will be taken up by the government first, so as to make more sure the successful consummation of the plan, so that experience may be had through the development of conditions which are likely to arise, but which cannot be definitely foreseen. I am anxious to see this work started in our state, and am sure that your people will be well repaid for any trouble necessary to get a proposition of this character in such shape as the government officials seem to require."

TO GROW CORN ON THE THIRD YEAR.  
 Special Varieties Would be Productive While The Soil is Being Rested.

Although there is no hope that the Pacific Northwest will ever be a corn producer in the same proportion that it now grows wheat, the O. R. & N. Co., during the year just opened, will do its best to bring closer that time when corn will form at least a portion of the crop of Oregon and Washington farmers. Col. R. C. Judson, industrial agent for the O. R. & N. has already taken up this matter, and is devoting no small amount of his time to corn.

It is also announced that the special stock sales held along the lines of the road during 1902, and which resulted in introducing much pure blood cattle, sheep and hogs, will be continued.

"We help the farmers, and by helping them we help ourselves," said Col. Judson. "That has always been our motto. There is nothing within reason that the O. R. & N. will not do for its patrons. We want to bring prosperity to farmers. Incidentally the prosperity of farmers along the lines of our road means a great deal to Portland, for all of the produce shipped over the

## COMPLY WITH CONDITIONS

THE ONLY WAY TO GET GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE.

Must Have Clear Sailing in All Irrigation Work—People Must Dispose of All Conflicting Interests.

General Passenger Agent A. L. Craig of the O. R. & N., who returned from the east a few days ago, learned a few things about irrigation while he was in Washington. In reply to questions on the subject, by a Baker Democrat man Mr. Craig said:

"I believe, in the first place, the position taken by the Oregonian, in their editorial a few days ago, is wholly in accordance with the conditions that exist.

"From my conversation in Washington D. C. with some of the government officials most prominently connected with irrigation work, I formed the opinion that the only way to get the government started on this work in our state is for the locality to be benefited to get together and submit the proposition to the government with maps, etc., in proper shape particularly providing for proper adjustment of all private interests; for instance, if a proposition is offered to the government that involves private interests and there is nothing from the owners of these private interests to indicate that they desire the improvements to be made and are willing to bear a share of the expense, the same as would fall on the land they own if it was still owned by the government, that the government officials will not bother with such a proposition. All propositions must come to the government absolutely clean and free from questions of conflicting interests. Under the circumstances, if Baker county people expect to have the government take up any of the irrigation propositions in your county, they must take the matter up systematically and in detail, and present them, as stated, free from difficulties so that the government can proceed with the work of putting in the ditch without any interference from anyone.

"I am of the opinion that projects of reasonable size presenting no very serious difficulties will be taken up by the government first, so as to make more sure the successful consummation of the plan, so that experience may be had through the development of conditions which are likely to arise, but which cannot be definitely foreseen. I am anxious to see this work started in our state, and am sure that your people will be well repaid for any trouble necessary to get a proposition of this character in such shape as the government officials seem to require."

TO GROW CORN ON THE THIRD YEAR.  
 Special Varieties Would be Productive While The Soil is Being Rested.

Although there is no hope that the Pacific Northwest will ever be a corn producer in the same proportion that it now grows wheat, the O. R. & N. Co., during the year just opened, will do its best to bring closer that time when corn will form at least a portion of the crop of Oregon and Washington farmers. Col. R. C. Judson, industrial agent for the O. R. & N. has already taken up this matter, and is devoting no small amount of his time to corn.

It is also announced that the special stock sales held along the lines of the road during 1902, and which resulted in introducing much pure blood cattle, sheep and hogs, will be continued.

"We help the farmers, and by helping them we help ourselves," said Col. Judson. "That has always been our motto. There is nothing within reason that the O. R. & N. will not do for its patrons. We want to bring prosperity to farmers. Incidentally the prosperity of farmers along the lines of our road means a great deal to Portland, for all of the produce shipped over the

## O. R. & N. comes to this city.

It has long been the opinion of Col. Judson that too much attention was being devoted to wheat farmers discriminating against other grains in its favor. Here is the plan he will follow:

Experiments made with corn have proved that it will produce well in the Pacific Northwest and certain especially adapted varieties have been shipped west from North Dakota and will be generally introduced along the lines of the road. These varieties of corn will mature in from 80 to 100 days, and are particularly adapted for sowing on ground where wheat has been winter killed or on summer fallow.

Pacific Northwest farmers have long been in the habit of farming their land two years and leaving it idle the third, thus making it available for cultivation but two thirds of the time.

It is claimed that constant growth of a single article on land robs it of its substance, but that on the year when it is "resting" a crop of a different variety can be produced without material injury. Corn is to be brought into use as the third year crop.

"The special stock sales were productive of excellent results," said Col. Judson, "and they will be continued during the year 1903. This shipping of pure-blood stock into the Northwest and allowing residents the privilege of purchasing from the original owners direct, has been of material benefit to the live stock industry.

"We stand ready to anything else that is asked. If the farmers, fruitmen or stockmen will only make their requests direct to the company, so there can be no question of their desires, we will meet them more than half way in any measure that will aid in developing or bettering the country tributary to our lines."

Col. Judson is especially well pleased with the action taken by fruitmen during the year 1902 toward purification of orchards. The fruit was more free from pests during the past year than before for several seasons, and if these efforts are only continued it is the belief of the industrial agent that the "bug scourge" can be put down and kept under forever.

Religious Services.

Services at Christian Science Hall every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Service Wednesday evenings at 8. Subject for Sunday, January 4 "God" January 11 "Life" January 18 "Truth" January 25 "Love."

Rev. A. J. Irwin will preach at Harney the 2nd Sunday of each month at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school every sabbath at 2 p. m.

Sunday school at Harney the first Sunday of each month at 10 o'clock a. m. On the second, third and fourth Sunday of each month at 3 o'clock p. m. Preaching service every second Sunday at 8 p. m.

At the Presbyterian church Burns, Rev. A. J. Irwin pastor Devine services the third and fourth Sundays of each month at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school at 10 a. m. every Sabbath morning.

Preaching services at the Baptist church every 1st and 2nd Sundays, morning and evening Sunday school every Sunday at 11 a. m. prayer meeting every Thursday evening.

"Hot Coffee Joe" at the Windsor Emporium can serve you with the best things on earth. Fresh Eastern Oysters now on hand.

GROSSMANN'S PATENT WRITING RING

THE most important improvement of the age in the art of penmanship makes the poor writer a splendid penman in a few weeks by the use of this ring. Endorsed by prominent College Presidents and Boards of Education in Europe and America. Sample dozen assorted sizes sent post paid for \$1.00 single sample 25c. When ordering a single ring, state whether for man, woman, or child.

PENN MFG. SUPPLY CO.  
 No. 116 S. Fourth Street, PHILADELPHIA.

# OREGON FORWARDING COMPANY.

GOOD GOODS

CHEAPER

Than any at any store --in--

EASTERN OREGON.

A Trial Will Convince You.

Oregon Forwarding Co.  
 Ontario, Oregon,

## UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT The Burns Hotel

MRS. A. JORDAN, Proprietor, BURNS, OREGON.

Strictly First-Class

Best Accommodation.

Special Accommodations for Traveling Men.

This hotel is centrally located and under the management of an experienced landlord. The building has been thoroughly renovated and is well furnished. The dining room is in charge of polite, accommodating waiters. The tables are furnished with the best.

FIRST CLASS BAR IN CONNECTION.

JOHN D. DALY, PRES. N. U. CARPENTER, CASHIER.  
 FRANK B. COFFIN, VICE PRES. A. C. WELCOME, ASST. CASHIER.

## First National Bank OF BURNS, OREGON.

Accounts of Corporations, Firms and Individuals Solicited.

WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS.

Stockholders—John D. Daly, Frank B. Coffin, N. U. Carpenter, R. J. Williams, J. W. Geary, C. Cummins, H. M. Horton, M. Alexander, Wm. Jones, Thomas Davis.

State and County Warrants bought at the market price. This bank is insured and will be reimbursed for any loss by burglary or hold up day or night.

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ONTARIO, OREGON.

Accounts of Corporations, Firms and Individuals Solicited.

STOCKHOLDERS.—John D. Daly, William Jones, Frank B. Coffin, Abner Robbins, B. F. Olden, M. Alexander, N. U. Carpenter, William Miller, E. H. Test, Thos. Turnbull.

E. H. TEST, Cashier.

Job printing—The Times-Herald