

The Times-Herald.

VOL. XIV.

BURNS, HARNEY COUNTY, OREGON, OCTOBER 12, 1901.

NO. 46.

The Times-Herald.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
Year \$2.00
Six Months \$1.00
Three Months .50

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY
STATE—OREGON:
Governor.....J. H. Mitchell
Lieutenant Governor.....Joseph Simon
Secretary of State.....Thos. Tongue
Attorney General.....M. A. Moody
Comptroller.....D. R. N. Blackburn
Auditor.....F. I. Dunbar
Public Instruction.....C. S. Moore
Agriculture.....W. H. Ackerman
Fisheries.....W. H. Leach
Game Warden.....E. S. Bean
Game Warden.....C. W. Vetter
Game Warden.....F. A. Moore

NINTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.
District Judge.....M. D. Clifford
Clerk.....Wm Miller
Deputy Clerk.....Wm Miller
Prosecutor.....J. W. Morrow

COUNTY—HARNEY:
County Judge.....James A. Sperry
County Clerk.....H. Richardson
County Auditor.....E. A. Miller
County Treasurer.....R. Johnson
County Assessor.....Geo. Stealy
County Surveyor.....W. Buchanan
County Engineer.....J. C. Bartlett
County Inspector.....J. Noble
County Jailor.....R. J. Williams
County Jailor.....E. Williams

HARNEY, S. S. LAND OFFICE:
Register.....Geo. W. Harce
Clerk.....Chas. Newell

SOCIETIES.
ETNA RESERVE No. 43
Meets every 1st and 3rd Wednesday.
Tillie Jordan S. G.
Frankie Brenton Sec. Sec'y.

A. O. U. W. Burns Lodge, No. 47.
Meets every Friday night.
H. A. Dillard, M. W.
E. H. Hoyt, Rec.

HARNEY LODGE, NO. 77, L. O. O. F.
Meets at Odd Fellows Hall, every Saturday
J. M. Nelson, S. G.
W. Y. King, Sec'y.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

GEO. S. SIZEMORE,
ATTORNEY,
BURNS, OREGON.
Collections, Land business, and Real Estate matter promptly attended to.

W. W. BIGGS, DALTON BIGGS
Attorneys—AT-LAW,
BURNS, OREGON.
Practice in all the courts of Ore. Collections promptly made.

PARRISH & REMOLD,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Burns (and Canyon City), Oregon.
Will practice in the courts of Harney and Harney counties and in the supreme court of the state, and also in U. S. land office.

Chas. H. Leonard,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Careful attention given to Collections and Real Estate matters.
Notary Public
HARNEY, OREGON

ROBERTSON WILLIAMS & M. FITZGERALD
Attorneys at Law.
Real Estate Agent
WILLIAMS & FITZGERALD
Office in old Masonic Building.
BURNS, OREGON.

S. W. MILLER,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
BURNS, OREGON.

M. L. HANSEN, JOHN W. GEARY
MARSDEN & GEARY,
Physicians and Surgeons.
BURNS, OREGON.
Office at residence. Phone No. 29

DR. H. VOLP,
Physician and Surgeon,
OFFICE AT RESIDENCE.

H. KLEBS, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Vogtly Building.
BURNS, OREGON.
Telephone No. 171.

H. S. Brownston L. E. Hibbard
Hibbard & Brownston,
DENTISTS.
Office first door east of the Citizens Bank.
Burns, Oregon.

Having bought the Restaurant business of Simon Lewis, I respectfully invite a continuation of all old patrons, as well as new. Mrs. H. E. SMITH.

JOHN MULLEN
Photographer.
Burns, Oregon
Sittings preferred for studio settings. Photos finished in enamel and platinum.

UNDER THE CAREY LAW.

APPLICATION FOR IRRIGATION IN HARNEY VALLEY.

Water of Silvies River to be Drawn Upon—Will Diminish Marshes About its Mouth.

Application for approval of the plans for irrigating a considerable area in the Harney valley, in Eastern Oregon, is now before the State Land Board at Salem. Upon the approval of the board depends an extensive reclamation project in that country. This application is filed by the Harney Valley Improvement Company, which has expended about \$5000 in surveys and other preliminary arrangements this year, and which must await the pleasure of the state board before proceeding further with the enterprise. The company was organized last June with an authorized capital of \$100,000. The president is Wm Hanley, the Burns cattle king; L. R. Webster, of Portland, is vice-president, and Drake O'Reilly, of Portland, secretary.

The necessity for approval of the plans of the company in this instance arises from the fact that the company is proceeding under the provisions of the Carey arid land act, which was formally accepted by the state of Oregon by act of the Legislature last winter.

In the Harney valley it is proposed to bring about 100,000 acres of arid land under irrigation. About 50,000 acres of the arid land of the valley is owned by the Willamette Valley & Cascade Mountain Wagon Road Company, of which Charles Altschul, of San Francisco, is proprietor. Half of the remainder is owned by the Pacific Livestock Company. It is understood that Altschul favors the irrigation enterprise, because it would open the country to settlement and make his lands more valuable and saleable. The livestock company, is hostile to the reclamation project, because the settlement of the country would restrict the free grazing area. When settlers shall occupy the open land the grazing area will be correspondingly reduced.

This livestock company is said to be exerting an influence to prevent the approval of the plans of the Harney Valley Improvement Company. The water for irrigation would come from Silvies River, the land about the lower stretch of that river is more or less marshy. The reclamation project contemplates taking water from the upper courses of the river, leading it out in ditches through arid tracts and applying it to growing crops. This will inevitably have the effect of decreasing the flow near the mouth of the stream, and the marsh area will be diminished. Though the cultivable area would thus be increased to the same extent as the marshes shrink, it does not please the livestock company, which does not want cultivated land, but does want grazing and hay land. A few individual owners sometime ago undertook to divert waters from the Silvies for irrigation purposes, and the livestock company promptly began suit to restrain such diversion of water. These suits are now pending in the State Circuit Court, and the company argues that it would be unjust to approve a large reclamation enterprise in the same section before the courts shall have decided its rights in the matters now pending.

On the other hand, it is shown that that country is not, in its present condition, attractive to settlers, and that it is to the interest of the state to get settlers established in comfortable homes there. The general government and the state recognize this when they offer inducements for reclamation works. The livestock companies have already obtained the choicest parts of the country, and by means of their strategic locations practically control the Harney valley for them. It is argued, therefore, that the present reclamation plan would keep the Harney valley long in an undeveloped condition.

for it is beyond the power of individual settlers to make the extensive improvements necessary to get water on the land, and capital would be too wary to go in where one project has been defeated. It would also discourage the reclamation of other districts similarly situated. It is alleged that it is quite enough to allow the livestock companies to control the land they actually own, that they should be governed by the conditions of the country and recognize the right of all the soil to proportionate benefits from the water that may be available for rendering it fertile. That it is not the policy of the state or the general government to keep large tracts of land under conditions that operate against settlement and cultivation, is also urged against the attempt to keep cultivation out of Harney valley.

The irrigation company hopes to get the approval of the State Land Board in time to start its work this fall.

The Livestock Situation.

C. J. Millis, livestock agent of the O. R. & N., returned to Portland this week from a three weeks' trip through the stockfeeding regions of Kansas, Nebraska and Minnesota, where drouth made itself manifest the past summer. He made a careful examination of the conditions prevailing there, particularly with reference to the ability of that country to fatten livestock from the Oregon ranges. While the drouth did much damage there, Mr. Millis reports that losses have been considerably overstated.

In conversation with an Oregonian representative, he said: "With the price of beef steadily raising, with the feed lots empty, with the corn belt reserve gone, the feeders" shipped out, and the remainder hastily preparing for market, and with Montana grass 50 percent short, I think Oregon produces are justified in expecting high prices on all classes of cattle after March or April. Then our range men should find opportunity, for the reaction in the east will create a demand for animals for restocking, which can be met only from Texas, New Mexico and Oregon. Montana, Wyoming and Colorado will also be in the field as buyers.

"In the Middle West the sheep situation is similar to that of cattle. The farmers are cleaning up and the Chicago market is glutted with every thing that will make any kind of mutton. But the Montana supply is like that of Oregon—abnormal—and because of the inability of the sheepmen to carry their excessive flocks through the winter without great danger of loss they are offering large numbers at 40 to 50 cents per head less than the present Oregon figures. This in connection with the fact that Montana is nearer the market, will compel the Oregonians to reduce their prices or to wait until Montana shall have unloaded, probably the latter."

Mr. Millis says he was able to do considerable missionary work while in the East, and as a result of this he brought back orders for large numbers of cattle and sheep. It is expected that these may be procured for shipment this fall or early this spring.

"Are Oregon People Civilized?"

Governor Geer recently received a postal card from a resident of Canyon City, Colo., asking for a map of Oregon, and inquiring whether the people in this state are civilized. In reply to the request for information Governor Geer has this to say:

"I have no map of Oregon at my disposal at this time, but as to your inquiry whether the people of this state are civilized, permit me to say that if the lynchings and the attempt to mob the President of the United States which has occurred in Colorado during the past year are any indications of the degree of civilization in your state, it would be perfectly safe for your average citizen to take his chances among us—safer for him, perhaps than for you. There is ample room in our state for all the perfectly civilized people Colorado can spare, and I know she has a great many."

MEET TO TALK IT OVER.

FARMERS AND RANCHER ASSISTED TO FIND MARKETS.

Colonel Judson Inaugurates a System of Holding Livestock Fairs for Sale of Stock.

Through the efforts of Colonel R. C. Judson, industrial agent of the O. R. & N. and Southern Pacific, and several enthusiastic Oregonians having the good of the state at heart, a system will be inaugurated that no doubt will prove of great benefit to farmers, stockmen and indirectly to the general public. Monthly livestock fairs will be held in various parts of the state, where intending purchasers of cattle, horses or sheep may come in direct contact with the owners, and thus be enabled to transact business to a much better advantage than is now offered. Such fairer livestock shows have long been in vogue in the Middle states with very satisfactory results.

The first monthly fair of the Pacific Northwest will be held at Pendleton the first Tuesday in every month, commencing the coming month. The Commercial Club, of Pendleton, has taken the matter up, and being an up-to-date organization of prominent business men, will see that the plan be carried out successfully. Three years ago last February the Commercial Club of Pendleton called together the leading cattle men of the purpose of organizing an association. The meeting was a pronounced success lasting three days. The year following a woolgrowers' convention was held with like success.

The officers of the Commercial Club have taken up the matter of a monthly meeting in a business-like way, a committee having been at work among the ranchers soliciting stock of all classes to be brought to Pendleton during the meet. The stock will be sold on the ground if purchasers can be found. As soon as Col Judson returns from a trip to Southern Oregon, he will go to La Grande and Baker City and inaugurate the same kind of fairs. He will also start a similar plan on the Spokane division as soon as possible.

"The scheme is a most commendable one," said the Colonel, "and should be encouraged from all sides. It brings buyer and seller together, and they can personally carry on their transactions to more satisfaction than through a broker."

To Hunt Out Anarchists.

In his annual report to congress next December, says the New York Herald, Secretary Gage will recommend that an appropriation be

made to enable the secret service bureau to employ men for the suppression of anarchy, just as detectives are now employed to run down counterfeiters. The secretary, it is understood will ask for \$250,000 for the maintenance of the bureau, as against \$100,000 appropriated last year.

The law under which the secret service exists specifically limits its operations to the suppression of counterfeiting. There is nothing in its provisions which even authorizes the detail of secret service men as a personal guard for the president or any other public official. Whenever such detail has been made the suggestion has come from the White House.

Eats Sand For Medicine.

William Bybee, a pioneer of Jacksonville, has eaten sand for his health for the past 20 years, and seems to thrive on it. He thinks sand is the only medicine in the world for stomach trouble, and is not at all backward about recommending it to his friends who are suffering from dyspepsia, or any other affliction of the digestive organs. "I was nearly dead from dyspepsia 20 years ago, and had lost all faith in medicine," said Mr. Bybee, at the Esmond yesterday "when Mrs. Wimer, the wife of a miner on the Applegate River, in Southern Oregon, recommended sand. My body was paralyzed below the breast, and I was willing to take chances on anything. I began by swallowing a teaspoonful of dry sand on going to bed at night, and I soon noticed that I slept better than for years, though my appetite did not increase for a few weeks. I kept on swallowing the sand regularly until I was well. I have used it off and on, however, ever since, and I carry a vial of dry sand about with me as a tonic. When I happen to overeat or feel the need of a cathartic, I put a teaspoon of sand on my tongue and assist it down my throat with a swallow of water. Sand is the only medicine I have taken since 1881, though previously my pockets were always full of powders and liquids and my doctor and drug bills were large."

Proves To Be Anthrax.

Investigation of pathological specimens by the bacteriological department of Oregon Agricultural College at Corvallis, indicates that anthrax, or splenic fever has appeared at Marion county, and Klamath county, Oregon. The specimens were supplied to the department by the state veterinary, and Dr. McLane visited the department himself Friday. At Marion, 18 horses died of the disease, at Klamath Falls, a large number of cattle, one ranch losing 25, and another 30, while others lost more or less extensively. It is not believed that anthrax has hitherto appeared in Oregon.

The disease is fatal and infectious. No satisfactory remedy for it has been found. Vaccination properly applied, affords immunity. As the germs are fatal to man, care is necessary in applying the vaccine, or in handling specimens or parts from the bodies of infected animals.

The symptoms of the disease vary. In some cases cattle drop down and die in convulsions without previously having shown symptoms of the disease. Other cases begin with a high fever, rapid pulse and the animal stops feeding. Chills and muscular tremors may appear. The ears and base of the horns are cold and the animal becomes stupid and weak. The dullness may change to spasms with kicking and pawing. Breathing becomes hard, nostrils dilated, mouth is opened and visible mucous membranes become bluish. The bodies of animals that have died of the disease soon become bloated and limp.

We have the best stock of wall paper and Japanese matting ever brought from the railroad.—Burns Furniture Co.


J. W. BIGGS, PRESIDENT AND ACTING CASHIER.
H. C. LEVENS, VICE-PRESIDENT.
The Citizens Bank
(INCORPORATED.)
BURNS, OREGON.
CAPITAL STOCK \$25,000.00
A General Banking Business Transacted.
Directors: W. Y. King, I. S. Geer, Geo. Fry,
W. E. Trisch, J. C. Welcome.
Correspondence Invited.

...HOTEL ONTARIO...
FRANK SMITH Prop., ONTARIO, OR.
The Largest Hotel building in Malheur County.
Best equipped, best managed and most popular hostelry in Eastern Oregon.
HEADQUARTERS FOR HARNEY COUNTY PEOPLE.
First-Class Bar in Connection.

You that the spring season is on us we naturally turn toward looking after our machinery and see what is needed for the season's work. We wish to announce at this time that we have Wagons, Buggies, Mowers, Hay Rakes, Twines, Binders, etc., and are sole agents for Dain Trucks. You should profit by this windy weather and buy a Windmill from us. Call and examine goods, get prices and terms. We can save you money.
Seer & Cummins

R. L. GRIFFIN V. B. STAPLES
GRIFFIN & STAPLES
(Successors to Griffin & Pope)
Ontario, Oregon.
DRY GOODS
Ladies and Gents Furnishings.
We make a specialty of Clothing, Boots and Shoes.
THE TRADE OF THE INTERIOR SOLICITED.
ONE PRICE TO ALL.
Mail Orders Solicited.

CITY MEAT MARKET
P. G. SMITH, Prop., Burns, Oregon.
Fresh Beef, Pork, etc. in any quantity desired. Head Cheese Bologna and Sausage of all kinds always on hand.
Your patronage solicited.

White Front Livery, Feed & Sale STABLE.

McClain & Biggs Proprietors, Burns, Oregon.
This Stable is located on the corner of First and B Streets, and keeps hay and grain on hand. Has competent help, Runs a Job Wagon, Takes passengers to any part of the Country.