

EVANS SCORES SCHOOL STRIKE

Disregard of Authority Is Crime Wave Cause, Says Chautauqua Man.

The folly of school strikes, the danger which the nation faces through growing disregard of constituted authority as evidenced in this and in mob law, and America's need for better educators, were the points emphasized last week, at the gymnasium by Arthur Walswyn Evans, Chautauqua lecturer. Evans, a nephew of David Lloyd-George, premier of Great Britain, spoke before one of the largest audiences which has attended the Chautauqua sessions this week.

Evans blamed parents and lax home training for school walkouts. "Just because your boy chose you for a parent doesn't necessarily mean that he is always right," he admonished his hearers. "If he is encouraged to 'name' his teacher, he'll wind up by wanting to boss the boss."

The speaker made no direct mention of Bend's school strike of last fall, during this division of his lecture.

"If children are brought up without respect for authority, we may expect to continue in one of the greatest crime waves in history," he said, citing the large number of cities in the United States which have been under martial law in the last year.

One of the ways by which crime might be discouraged, Evans declared, is to "put the fear of God into the shyest lawyers."

"When the mob takes over the functions of constituted authority, it's 'goodbye, ship of state,'" he asserted. "Then it's a pirate craft."

Law violation still exists to a large extent, said Evans in touching on the subject of the nation's reduced consumption of alcoholic liquor. "Booze may not be dead," he admitted, "but the old gray mare, she ain't what she used to be."

Differing Tea Tastes.
Russians drink tea, not with the addition of milk as we do, but with lemon juice squeezed in, while in Germany tea is often flavored with cinnamon and rum.

Perhaps the quaintest form of "tea-drinking" is that practiced by the savage tribes in Tartary, Central Asia. The leaves are first boiled in soda, then seasoned with butter and salt, and then eaten.

Many people think that tea taken late at night produces sleeplessness. It does, but if a slice of lemon is added instead of milk, it will induce sleep. In cases of fever, tea taken with lemon and a little sugar, and, of course, no milk, is very refreshing.

A very common error is the belief that by adding a pinch of carbonate of soda, a stronger taste can be obtained. This is not so, carbonate of soda being only useful when the water is hard. A pinch of salt is invaluable for giving flavor at all times.

Use River as Washtub.
The River Seine is the great washtub of Paris. Here, as in Normandy, and Brittany and other places, the women wash in the river. Hundreds of white wash barges, or "lavoirs," are anchored along its banks. These barge are sunk just deep enough to bring the water to a convenient height. There is a row of wash stalls on each side. A "stall" in one of these barges is rented for two sous a washing. Here thousands of women may be seen washing busily. No hot water is used, often no soap. The women lean over the edge of the boat, as though it were a tub, and beat the linen with wooden paddles. The noise of these beating paddles, a steady "tap-tapping," can be heard a long distance. The clothes are dried on the grass, or on lines, along the banks of the river.

Alexander and the Knot.
Gordius, a peasant, being chosen king of Phrygia, dedicated his wagon to Jupiter and fastened the yoke to a beam with a knot that no one could untie. Alexander the Great was told that "whoever untied the knot would reign over the whole East." "Well then," said the conqueror, "it is thus I perform the task." And so saying he cut the knot in twain with his sword. This was in 330 B. C. A Gordian knot means in common use a great difficulty.

No Wonder.
Time works wonders—so would we if we could put in twenty-four hours every day, as Time does.

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is greatly relieved by constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced, your hearing may be destroyed forever. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system, thus reducing the inflammation and assisting Nature in restoring normal conditions.

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J. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

MADE MOCK OF SCIENTISTS

Man Emerged Unharmed From Oven in Which Chicken and Bread Had Been Roasted.

For a wager of \$200 a man named Martinez suffered himself to be practically baked alive some years ago in Paris in the presence of a number of scientists. He entered a huge oven, specially built, after it had been heated to a temperature of 312 degrees Fahrenheit, or about 100 degrees hotter than boiling water.

Then the door was closed, and he was left alone for an hour, in company with an uncooked chicken and an unbaked loaf of bread. Candles were also provided that he might have light during his incarceration—or incineration, as many people thought it would turn out.

When he was released, however, he was found alive and well, with the chicken and loaf cooked to a turn. The candles had become molten tallow.

Martinez afterward repeated his performance in Brussels, Milan and other cities, but there must have been something abnormal in his constitution, since several would-be emulators of his feat none succeeded in staying out the full hour, while two, at least, perished miserably.

Probably his success was due in part to the care he took to have every particle of moisture extracted from the oven before he entered it, since it is a well-known fact that hot, dry air does not so adversely affect a human being as hot, moist air.—Detroit News.

Color Blindness.

It is declared that people suffering from color blindness often have better, clearer vision than people with normal sight. While 4 per cent of our male population suffer from color blindness, only one-half of one per cent of the female population is affected. This imperfection of the sight is very pronounced among Jews and Quakers. The origin of color blindness is as completely unknown to scientists as is the reason for thus attacking only certain sections of people, but women may be free from it, probably because their eyes have been trained to color for generations, while Quakers are peculiarly susceptible, owing to the monotonous color of their garments. Color blindness runs in a family for generations, and although it is always in the males, it descends through the females. The daughters of color-blind men invariably have color-blind sons.—The Sunday at Home.

Ambassadors of the Air.

For some time France has had a new diplomatic function, that of ambassador of the air. And for that delicate function, for which not every one is fit, a woman, Mlle. Adrienne Bolland, has been nominated. This intrepid aviatrix was the first, it will be remembered, who flew over the Cordilleras of the Andes. This feat made her famous in South America. This renowned French government to accredit Mlle. Bolland to the Republic of Argentina, where she will represent France in all matters concerning aviation. Mlle. Bolland has left for Buenos Ayres, equipped with all diplomatic powers.—New York Tribune.

CROUP RELIEVED OVER NIGHT

M. T. Davis, leading merchant at Bearsville, W. Virginia, writes: "A few nights ago one of my patrons had small child taken with croup about midnight. Came to my store and got Foley's Honey and Tar. Before morning the child entirely recovered. Be sure to get Foley's Honey and Tar. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Synopsis of the Annual Statement of THE AMERICAN NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

of Columbus, in the State of Ohio, on the 31st day of December, 1921, made to the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Oregon, pursuant to law.

Capital	
Amount of capital stock paid up	\$ 500,000.00
Income	
Net premiums received during the year	\$ 659,683.62
Interest, dividends and rents received during the year	58,679.39
Income from other sources received during the year	82.67
Total income	\$ 718,445.58
Disbursements	
Net losses paid during the year including adjustment expenses	\$ 348,944.08
Commissions and salaries paid during the year	253,617.59
Taxes, licenses and fees paid during the year	27,532.90
Amount of all other expenditures	60,572.61
Total expenditures	\$ 690,673.78
Assets	
Deposit with Philadelphia Underwriters' association	\$ 100.00
Value of stocks and bonds owned (market value)	1,102,830.10
Loans on mortgages and collateral, etc.	62,703.00
Cash in banks and on hand	61,083.53
Premiums in course of collection written since September 30, 1921	106,384.20
Interest and rents due and accrued	9,125.66
Reinsurance recoverable on paid losses and loss expenses	6,783.66
Total admitted assets	\$1,349,072.15
Liabilities	
Gross claims for losses unpaid	\$ 92,059.41
Amount of unearned premiums on all outstanding risks	551,754.06
Due for commission and brokerage	1,500.00
All other liabilities	14,825.70
Total liabilities, exclusive of capital stock of \$500,000	\$ 660,740.07
Business in Oregon for the Year	
Net premiums received during the year	\$ 12,375.47
Losses paid during the year	6,013.82
Losses incurred during the year	5,829.10

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
Chauncey B. Baker, President.
John A. Dodd, Secretary.
Statutory resident attorney for service:
Wm. A. Lister

"Meanest" Man Took Stars And Stripes; Sought By Pythians

Who would be so mean as to steal the Stars and Stripes? The Bend lodge of Knights of Pythias is wondering about that question, for a valuable flag which was displayed in their registration room during the district convention, was missing the next morning and has not been located. It was the property of the city. A suspicion is entertained as to the identity of the thief, lodge members said.

MRS. STENSETH TO BE BURIED SUNDAY

Funeral services for Mrs. S. A. Stenseth, wife of the pastor of the Bend Lutheran church, were held Sunday at Enumelaw, Wash., where she died last Wednesday morning. Rev. Stenseth was to have been in Bend to conduct the services last Sunday, but on account of Mrs. Stenseth's death will not return until this week.

Synopsis of the Annual Statement of the MECHANICS INSURANCE COMPANY

of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, on the 31st day of December, 1921, made to the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Oregon, pursuant to law.

Capital	
Amount of capital stock paid up	\$ 600,000.00
Income	
Net premiums received during the year	\$1,105,490.71
Interest, dividends and rents received during the year	141,428.96
Income from other sources received during the year	53,411.24
Total income	\$1,300,330.91
Disbursements	
Net losses paid during the year including adjustment expenses	\$ 479,514.57
Dividends paid on capital stock during the year	60,000.00
Commissions and salaries paid during the year	381,978.30
Taxes, licenses and fees paid during the year	57,448.12
Amount of all other expenditures	125,487.24
Total expenditures	\$1,104,428.23
Assets	
Value of real estate owned (market value)	\$ 98,000.00
Value of stocks and bonds owned (market value)	2,568,472.76
Loans on mortgages and collateral, etc.	59,300.00
Cash in banks and on hand	158,623.30
Premiums in course of collection written since September 30, 1921	208,607.23
Association deposit	100.00
Interest and rents due and accrued	31,875.92
Reinsurance recoverable on paid losses	10,260.84
Total admitted assets	\$2,135,240.05
Liabilities	
Gross claims for losses unpaid	\$ 148,956.10
Amount of unearned premiums on all outstanding risks	1,562,357.21
Due for commission and brokerage	4,600.00
All other liabilities	31,600.00
Total liabilities, exclusive of capital stock of \$600,000	\$1,746,213.31
Business in Oregon for the Year	
Net premiums received during the year	\$ 4,635.33
Losses paid during the year	3,830.40
Losses incurred during the year	405.40

MECHANICS INSURANCE COMPANY
Daniel H. Dunham, President.
John A. Snyder, Secretary.
Statutory resident attorney for service:
Ray H. Keagy.

Synopsis of the Annual Statement of the FIRST NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

of Pierre, in the State of South Dakota, on the 31st day of December, 1921, made to the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Oregon, pursuant to law.

Capital	
Amount of capital stock paid up	\$ 250,000.00
Income	
Total premium income for the year	\$ 464,975.08
Interest, dividends and rents received during the year	89,045.05
Income from other sources received during the year	24,923.16
Total income	\$ 578,943.29
Disbursements	
Paid for losses, endowments, annuities and surrender values	\$ 94,392.62
Dividends paid to policyholders during the year	18,677.63
Dividends paid on capital stock during the year	9,195.02
Commissions and salaries paid during the year	132,499.44
Taxes, licenses and fees paid during the year	11,213.88
Amount of all other expenditures	62,194.13
Total expenditures	\$ 328,366.67
Assets	
Value of real estate owned (market value)	\$ 19,104.62
Value of stocks and bonds owned (market or amortized value)	80,619.87
Loans on mortgages and collateral, etc.	1,008,685.02
Premium notes and policy loans	363,361.38
Cash in banks and on hand	239,731.01
Net uncollected and deferred premiums	51,627.18
Interest and rents due and accrued	31,994.02
Other assets (net)	20,848.76
Total admitted assets	\$1,836,071.46
Liabilities	
Net reserves	\$1,263,385.70
Gross claims for losses unpaid	9,500.00
All other liabilities	60,540.40
Total liabilities, exclusive of capital stock of \$250,000 and surplus of \$126,445.76	\$1,450,426.10
Business in Oregon for the Year	
Gross premiums received during the year	None
Premiums and dividends returned during the year	None
Losses paid during the year	None

FIRST NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
Byron S. Payne, President.
O. W. Martindale, Secretary.
Statutory Resident Attorney for Service:
A. O. Barber, Commissioner of Insurance.

OPTIMISM AMERICA'S SECRET OF SUCCESS, SAYS LECTURER

Need of "Popularizing Peace" Shown By Private Peat.

Optimism and confidence alone have made the United States the successful nation that it is, was the declaration of "Private" Harold Peat in his Chautauqua lecture last week at the American Legion building, in which he compared this nation to his own, Canada.

"I have never gone into a community in this country which did not have something about it which the citizens would declare to be the most distinctive of its kind in the world," Peat declared.

Canada once disliked Americans for this characteristic, but now understands it and is trying to create a similar feeling in its own communities, Peat stated. Outside of this difference, the countries and their citizenry are strikingly similar, he said, in language, customs and laws—perhaps the only difference being that Canada's laws are enforced.

"Popularizing peace" is the great problem which Canada is trying to solve since the war, Peat stated. Canada and the United States, living side by side for a century without a threat of war, while controversies continually arose which would have plunged any other two nations into fighting, may show the rest of the world the way to permanent peace.

"It isn't because we love each other—we don't," he declared. "It isn't for any reason except that we understand each other a little bit."

Nationalism is, even in Canada and America, a menace to peace, said the lecturer. The glory of war and the heroism of the nation's soldiers—"the best in the world," no matter what the nation, are still taught to impressionable school boys, while the horror and degradation of war are covered up. Monuments are raised in memory of war heroes, but not of peace heroes; and school boys all have a desire to become fighters.

Wants Truth Told

"What are the nations doing to save our boy?" he asked. "Not one thing except the Washington conference. It would be just as easy to call a conference which would draft an

international history book which would tell the truth about war."

A striking picture was painted of the Christmas day of 1914, when the enemy armies went over the top, leaving their weapons behind them, and played games in no man's land on a friendly footing. Peat mentioned that he was intimately acquainted with John Pringle, brother of A. M. Pringle of Bend, and saw him killed in action.

Patrons of the Chautauqua heard for the first time in Bend last night, amplified music received by radio-phonograph. The Glenn Morris Co. set was put in operation, using the Legion aerial, and vocal and instrumental music broadcasted from Los Angeles was heard throughout the room, somewhat marred by static noises.

Londoners Go to Bed Early.

How early we go to bed in London is shown by a census of underground passengers. The last trains in various directions carried respectively 45, 18, 9 and 25 passengers. So hard are our war habits to cast off. But, indeed, 10 o'clock was bedtime for a multitude of Londoners even before the war, and in that multitude were, and are, quite a number of prominent business men. Your professional man seems to sit up later, and fashion, naturally, rarely retires till dawn.—London Times Weekly.

Original Oklahoma "Boomer."

David L. Payne, original Oklahoma "boomer," started the first colony of white men in Oklahoma in 1890, before the territory had been officially opened for settlement. He was arrested and expelled from the territory, and several other attempts at settlement were prevented by government troops. Wichita was the starting point of these expeditions. He died at Wellington, Kan., in 1884.

When the Heart Stops.

By injecting one cubic centimetre of a one-in-one-thousand solution of either adrenalin or pituitrin into the heart when it has stopped beating, many persons who seemed to be dead have been brought back to life. The injection must be made quickly into the left intercostal space one or two finger-breadths to the left of the sternal border, according to the Medical Record.

CARS DAMAGED IN CRASH; NONE HURT

Cars driven by G. H. Green and H. A. Miller crashed into each other on Franklin avenue near Broadway Sunday night when Green's car was thrown out of its course by hitting a rock. No one was injured. A wheel was smashed on Green's car, while a fender and running board were damaged on Miller's, and the windshield broken. The accident occurred about 9 o'clock.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned that he has made and filed with the County Clerk of Deschutes County, Oregon, his final account as administrator of the estate of Annie M. Shonquest, deceased, and that said court has set Saturday, the 29th day of July, 1922, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the County Court room in Bend, Oregon, as the time and place for the hearing and settlement of said final account, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and object to said settlement.

Dated this 29th day of June, 1922.
FRED A. SHONQUEST,
As Administrator of the Estate of Annie M. Shonquest, Deceased.
19-22c

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior
U. S. LAND OFFICE at The Dalles, Oregon, May 16, 1922.

Notice is hereby given that Jessie A. Stockwell, whose post-office address is 604 Harriman street, Bend, Oregon, did, on the 12th day of October, 1921, file in this office sworn statement and application, No. 622,595, to purchase the SE 1/4 SW 1/4, section 26, township 19 south, range 12 East, Willamette Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisal, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, at \$100 the timber estimated 40,000 board feet at \$2.00 per M. and the land \$20; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 25th day of July, 1922, before H. C. Ellis, United States Commissioner, at his office, at Bend, Oregon.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

J. W. DONNELLY,
Register.
13-22c.

Making an Asset of Difficulties

A great opportunity is now before American business—the opportunity of making a big and permanent asset out of the very difficulties of the present situation. The conviction that this can be done is extremely heartening. It is enough to put a new thrill of life and activity into every form of industry.

From one point of view the present situation is by far the most desirable, the soundest, the sanest, and the most hopeful this country has ever seen. Why? Because it brings into bold relief, through sheer necessity, the latent power to create conditions as we would like to have them.

The curtailment of Demand for the products of industry brought us face to face with the question, hitherto ignored, as to what causes demand. Then it was discovered that Demand was a created thing, and that more of it could be created in almost any direction—if enough of the right effort were applied.

Chief among the means of creating Demand is now seen to be Advertising. Wherever you find a big demand for any product you find, invariably, that the demand for that product has been stimulated by human effort, and chiefly through advertising.

It is obvious to any one who will think it through that the present demand for any product could be substantially lessened if it were possible to eliminate all forms of advertising—including pictures, displays, and word of mouth, as well as printed and painted messages—and just let that product depend on the natural or unstimulated demand.

And it is equally obvious that a demand for any worthy product can be created and stimulated by means of Advertising.

This fact puts within the hands of the business man the means of creating his own market. That would be the biggest asset he could have—an assured market for all he could produce.