

OREGON ESSAYS ARE EXCELLENT

IMPORTANCE OF BUYING HOME PRODUCTS CLEARLY SHOWN BY GRADE PUPILS IN CONTEST PAPERS.

Thorough appreciation of the importance of buying Oregon made goods is shown in the essays of Bend school children, now being graded in the contest arranged by the Associated Industries in connection with Home Products week.

The three quotations are from essays written by pupils of the 5A grade, the first two from the Held school, the third from the Kenwood. "In our state millions of dollars are paid to men for manufacturing work every year. If we can keep these millions in our own state we will have a richer state. Let us make it a rule to buy from this state and not from Germany, China, Japan, England or New York. We simply must help our state to grow. We must work to increase every industry in the state in which we live, so that we may have larger manufacturing plants."

"Once my mother thought she would go to Seattle to buy me a coat, because she thought the coats would be better there. So we went to Seattle and she bought me a pretty coat, and when we came back to Bend we saw a child on the street with a coat just like the one we had bought in Seattle. We found out the price, and it was cheaper than the coat mother had bought for me. Mother said, 'Just think of the money I spent to take you to Seattle.'"

"Oregon has in the neighborhood of 25,000,000 acres of Douglas fir, yellow pine, spruce, cedar, hemlock and other varieties of merchantable timber yet in reserve. The timber in the state of Oregon, if cut into lumber, would require 33,000,000 cars to transport it. These cars would make a train that would encircle the globe about eighty times. It would require 300 sawmills, each cutting 100,000 feet per day, 110 years to accomplish this task. The products of Oregon timber bring into the state every day of the year more than \$110,000."

FARM PRODUCTS CO. HAS NEW SECRETARY

Carl D. Long, Formerly with Similar Venture in Idaho, Considers Packing Plant Opportunity Good.

As the result of a recent trip to Bend, during which he reached the conclusion that the opportunity for a packing plant in Bend is unexcelled, Carl D. Long, formerly of the Bannock County Farm Products Co., of Idaho, has made heavy purchases of stock in the Farm Products Distributing Co. of Bend, and has become secretary and treasurer of the company.

Bend's terminal location, together with the large stock raising industry and prospects for a considerable increase in this regard were particularly attractive to Long.

The family arrived in Bend this week.

FIND FOREIGN BORN PERCENTAGE SMALL

Census Figures For Deschutes County Show 10.7 Percent of Whites Not Native of America.

According to figures just received from the census bureau as the result of the 1920 census, the percentage of foreign born whites in Deschutes county is only 10.7.

There is of course no way of comparing this with the previous census, Deschutes county not being in existence at that time, but in every county where comparisons can be made, the percentage of foreign born has decreased with the exception of Wheeler and Wallowa.

COURT HOUSE TO HAVE JURY ROOM

To allow for a jury room in the west end of the Deschutes Investment Co. building, County School Superintendent J. Alton Thompson is preparing to move into two rooms of the suite recently occupied by the Deschutes National forest officials.

FIERCE LOOKING INSECT ODDITY BIGGEST SAND CRICKET SENT TO O. A. C.—WANT SPECIMEN INTACT

Classified by experts at the Oregon Agricultural college, the insect oddity with an oversized head, a striped body, and long bleached out legs, is identified at the college as a sand cricket, and is declared to be the largest specimen ever received there, being twice the size of a specimen previously rated as the largest, which had come from Arizona. This is the first to have been sent from Central Oregon, and college entomologists are desirous of securing another from this locality for their collection.

"The ferocious looking and otherwise interesting entomological specimen referred to in your letter of October 4 came in today," writes C. J. McIntosh of the department of Industrial Journalism at the college in a letter received at The Bulletin office Monday morning.

"It was identified as a sand cricket, one of the large headed burrowing type of the genus stenopelmatus," he continues. "It is erroneously often thought venomous, and aside from its wholly inexcusable homicidal expression it is fairly harmless."

"This specimen had evidently been started on his trip alive, since

crackers for food had apparently been enclosed. He arrived 'deceased.' He is also the victim of mayhem, being minus one full leg, which he must have been enclosed without or else eaten up, skin and bone. Also he had broken down most of his antennae, and his hard skull was slightly cracked. Otherwise he is in good condition for the taxidermist.

"This part of the immortalizing is to be performed here, as Prof. Fulton says the specimen is too big to be ethroned on his stick pin with viscera intact. So Fulton will do the residue up in arsenic and varnish, and later forward the product to you at Bend."

McIntosh mentions that Prof. Fulton would greatly appreciate having another male specimen. "This is the first specimen from Central Oregon, and—as it ought to be of course—is remarkable for its size and general worth," he says.

The college will be glad to repay costs of packing and sending a live specimen. If shipped alive, the insect should be placed in a small tin box with a few moist leaves to prevent its being bumped about and injured in shipping. Pin holes should be punched in the box to admit air. If it is not possible to send a live insect, McIntosh suggests that a dead one be sent, packed to prevent breakage.

EATON, IN LETTER, MAKES PLEA FOR PRESERVATION OF SCENERY

In a communication to the Portland Evening Telegram, Walter Prichard Eaton, author who visited Bend last summer, further explains his belief, expressed here at the state editorial convention dinner, that Oregon cannot have both sheep and tourists. His letter, bearing as it does on a question both angles of which are of particular interest to Central Oregon, is reprinted by The Bulletin as follows:

SHEFFIELD, Mass., Oct. 11.—Somebody has sent me a clipping from The Telegram, headed "Eaton's Attack on Sheep Stir Oregonians," and setting forth what is evidently the forest service's point of view regarding grazing in the Cascades. I have also received a long letter from a member of the forest service in Washington, D. C., on the same subject.

Both take the position that limited grazing does not kill the wild flowers, that if the sheep are taken in and out by trails of their own they interfere with nobody, and that, anyhow, we've got to raise sheep.

The first statement isn't true. So many wild flowers are annuals or biennials that sheep grazing wipes them out. I have proved this on my own farm. Unlike cattle, sheep eat everything, and if the blooms do not go to seed, the flowers disappear.

Trails Not Found. The second statement is all right, in a country where you can have trails for the sheep separate from those for men and horses. All I can say is that I didn't find these separate trails getting into the Cascades.

The third statement, that we must have wool and mutton, of course any sane man agrees with. But, in the first place, we can buy wool and mutton from the Argentine, if necessary, but we cannot buy scenery and camp sites.

I contend that the latter are just as necessary to a healthy people—healthy in mind as well as body—as the former. In the second place, and here is the real point of the matter, there are millions upon millions of acres in these United States far better adapted to grazing than the Cascade mountains, which are now lying idle, utterly waste land. What a silly situation, when you come to think of it!

My own state of Massachusetts has

at least 3,000,000 acres of such waste land, mostly abandoned farms, which will graze as many sheep to one acre as the Cascades will to twenty. I don't know but more, and graze them much earlier and later in the season.

Condition is Odd. Yet, because we have no proper dog laws, and because we are a sleepy, stupid lot, we buy our wool and mutton entirely from the West or South America, paying all the haulage. State after state is in the same condition. Why on earth should Oregon, peculiarly blessed with one of the beauty spots of the continent, spoil this beauty spot, which might be a revenue for the whole state, and a refreshment for the whole nation, in order to support a few local sheep men and supply Massachusetts with wool?

The problem is national, really—not merely local. We have, as a nation, pushed our sheep and cattle out along the frontier. Now that we have only a thin edge of frontier left, we ought to keep it forever, as a rare and precious thing. We ought to do what older European nations do—raise our sheep and cattle more or less locally, on land most suitable for grazing.

Under any sort of intelligent arrangement this country could raise ten times the number of sheep it does without having to use a single acre of the Cascades.

Pleads For Scenery. I certainly don't want to seem a butter-in. The whole process of readjustment, I realize, must be slow, and is complicated by local conditions and sentiments. But I am profoundly interested in saving intact what little wilderness we still have in this country, saving it in all its beauty for our children's children, and in helping ever so little to make people realize both the value of this, and the need of a better employment of our resources as a whole.

Now we leave it all to chance, which is one reason for the high cost of living. A suit of clothes manufactured in Massachusetts costs me more by the freight across the continent than it would if made from Massachusetts wool. And it costs exactly that much more in Oregon, too.

Ultimately, nobody will suffer by taking the sheep out of the Cascades. On the contrary, everybody will gain. Oregon most of all.

WALTER PRICHARD EATON.

LEGAL NOTICES

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912.

Of The Bend Bulletin (Weekly Edition) published weekly at Bend, Oregon, for October 1, 1921. State of Oregon, County of Deschutes, ss: Before me, a Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared Robert W. Sawyer, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the manager of the Bend Bulletin (Weekly Edition), and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the owner-

ship, management, etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in Section 433, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to-wit: 1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are: Publisher, The Bend Bulletin (a corporation), Bend, Oregon. Editor, Robert W. Sawyer, Bend, Oregon. Managing Editor, Robert W. Sawyer, Bend, Oregon. Business Manager, Robert W. Sawyer, Bend, Oregon. 2. That the names and addresses of the owners are: Robert W. Sawyer, Bend, Oregon. Mary Sawyer, Bend, Oregon. Henry N. Fowler, Bend, Oregon. 3. That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or

holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are: None.

4. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.

5. That the average number of copies of each issue of this publication sold or distributed, through the mails or otherwise, to paid subscribers during the six months preceding the date shown above is 1,056. (This information is required from daily publications the date shown above is:) This ROBERT W. SAWYER, Editor.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 4th day of October, 1921. (SEAL) CLAUDE H. SMITH, Notary Public. My commission expires June 24, 1923.

ORDER SETTING DATE FOR SETTLEMENT OF FINAL ACCOUNT OF ADMINISTRATOR.

In the county court of the State of Oregon for Deschutes county. In the matter of the estate of Charles A. Douglas, deceased. John M. Perry, as administrator of the estate of Charles A. Douglas, deceased having rendered and filed in this court his final account and petition for final discharge.

It is hereby ordered that Saturday the 22nd day of October, 1921, at two o'clock p. m. at the county court room, in the court house in Bend, in said county, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place for the settlement of said account and the hearing of said petition and it is further ordered that notice of said settlement and hearing be published in the Bend Bulletin, Weekly edition, a weekly newspaper published in said county as often as once a week for four successive weeks prior to said date of hearing and settlement. Dated this 19th day of September, 1921.

ROBERT W. SAWYER, County Judge. 30-31-32-33c

TUMALO IRRIGATION DISTRICT

NOTICE OF MEETING OF BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

The board of directors of the Tumalo Irrigation district, acting as a Board of Equalization, will meet at the office of the board at Tumalo, Deschutes county, Oregon, on the first Tuesday of October, 1921 (October, 4th.) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of reviewing and correcting its assessment and apportionment of taxes for the year 1921.

In the meantime all interested persons may inspect the assessment and apportionment list and record at the office of the Secretary in Tumalo, Oregon. Notice is also given that the esti-

mated list of expenditures and budget as required by the provisions of chapter 118, laws of Oregon, for the year of 1921, are now on file in the said office of the Secretary, subject to examination by anyone interested, and the same will be discussed and considered by the board of directors and the budget committee of the district at the meeting of said board, on October, 4th., 1921.

Published by order of the board of Directors of the Tumalo Irrigation District, dated August 31, 1921. FRED N. WALLACE, Secretary. 28-32c

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Ore., Sept. 17, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that George W. Shafer, of Bend, Ore., Star Route, who, on September 24th, 1917, made homestead application No. 019267, for NE 1/4, Section 20, Township 18 South, Range 13 East, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before H. C. Ellis, U. S. Commissioner at Bend, Oregon, on the 4th day of November, 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses: Claude C. Johnson, of Bend, Ore., Star Route; Dalphay Kutzman, of Bend, Ore.; Eli Brandon, of Bend, Ore.; Joseph McArdle, of Bend, Ore. H. FRANK WOODCOCK, 32-36p Register.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS TO PRESENT CLAIMS

In the County Court of the State

of Oregon for Deschutes County. In the Matter of the Estate of Annie M. Shonquest, deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed Administrator of the above entitled estate, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said estate and to all persons having claims against said deceased, to present them, duly verified, within six months from the date of this notice to the undersigned, at the law office of C. S. Benson, Sather building, Bend, Oregon.

Dated this 13th day of October, 1921.

FRED SHONQUEST, As Administrator of the Estate of Annie M. Shonquest, deceased. 33-38c

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior, U. S. LAND OFFICE AT THE DALLES, Oregon, October 3, 1921.

NOTICE is hereby given that William T. Moffett, of Bend, Ore., who, on February 1, 1918, made homestead application, No. 019629, for E 1/4 SW 1/4, SW 1/4 SW 1/4, section 17; SE 1/4 SE 1/4, section 18, township 18 south, range 13 east, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before H. C. Ellis, U. S. Commissioner, at Bend, Ore., on the 18th day of November, 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses: Charles H. Haines, Otis C. Henkle, Eli A. Brandon, Claude A. Johnson, all of Bend, Oregon. H. FRANK WOODCOCK, Register. 32-36p

IT PAYS TO SAVE WHEN IT'S A REAL SAVING WE SAY IT WITH A SMILE BULLETIN BARGAINS ON SUBSCRIPTIONS October 1 to 15 Daily, one year by carrier - - - \$5.50 Daily, one year by mail - - - \$4.00 Weekly, by mail one year - - - \$1.00 \$2.50 will buy the Weekly one year and the Daily for three months BETTER SAVE WHILE YOU CAN THE BEND BULLETIN

"999" A New Oldfield Tire "999" 30x3 Anti-Skid - - \$8.90 "999" 30x3 1/2 Anti-Skid - - \$9.99 Realizing the heavy demand for a 30x3 and 30x3 1/2 tire at a low price, Oldfield has made the market situation serve the light car owner by producing the "999" line. This tire will be sold to the public at the lowest price ever quoted by a company of Oldfield's reputation. The Oldfield "999" is an outstanding and exceptional value. Previously your choice lay between quality and low price in buying a 30x3 1/2 tire. The Oldfield "999" combines both. SEE IT AT ONCE! Saylor's Garage & Service Station Corner Greenwood Avenue and Harriman Street EXCLUSIVE OLDFIELD DISTRIBUTORS We carry all sizes Oldfield Tires and Tubes