

PREVENT HORNS ON CALVES

Either Caustic Soda or Caustic Potash Without Other Substances Is Satisfactory.

(Prepared by the United States Depart-

ment of Agriculture.) When circumstances are favorable as in the case of farmers who build up their herds by raising the progeny. the horns may be prevented from growing by a simple and practically painless method, and the custom of preventing the growth of the horns is becoming more popular and more generally practiced under all conditions except in the case of culves dropped on the open range. The calf should be treated not later than one week after its birth, preferably when it is from three to five days old. The agent to be used may be either caustic soda or caustic potash, both of which may be procured in the drug stores in the form of sticks about the thickness of an ordinary lead pencil and 5 inches long. These caustics must be handled with care, as they dissolve the cuticle and may make the hands or fingers sore. The preparation of the calf consists in first clipping the hair from the parts, washing clean with soap and warm water, and thoroughly drying with a cloth or towel. The stick of caustic should be wrapped in a piece of paper to protect the hands and fingers, leaving one end of the stick un-

Moisten the uncovered end slightly and rub it on the horn buttons or little points which may be felt on the calf's head, first on one and then the other, alternately, two or three times on each, allowing the caustic to dry after each application. Be very careful to apply the caustic to the horn button only. If it is brought in contact with the surrounding skin it will cause pain. Be very careful also not to have too much moisture on the stick of caustic. as it will remove the skin if allowed to run down over the face. After treatment, keep the calf protected from rain, as water on the head after the application of caustic will cause it to run down over the face. This must be carefully avoided.

ash alone, without the admixture of other substances, answers the purpose satisfactorily. Some years ago, however, certain preparations or "dehorning compounds," composed largely of one or the other of these caustics, were generally used, and as inquiries are still occasionally received concerning such preparations, the following emulsion 50 per cent of caustic soda,



Custom of Preventing Growth of Horns is Becoming More Popular.

25 per cent of kerosene, and 25 per cent of water. The caustic soda is dissolved in the water and heated to the boiling point, then removed from stirred. This emulsion is applied in very much the same manner as the stick caustic, except that it is necessary to employ a short, stiff brush. Sometimes a meat skewer is used, the large end being mashed to form a stubby brush. Two or three applications should be made to each horn button, as in the case of the stick raustle, with intervals to allow it to

In the very young calf the horn button, or point that will ultimately develop into a horn, has scarcely any attachment to the skull, and may be felt as a small button embedded in the skin. In this early stage it may bettering living conditions through be easily removed with a sharp knife or a pair of curved scissors, but even then caustics should be applied to kill any remaining cell life belonging to this germ point; otherwise there may be some subsequent irregular horn growth, which is more or less of a disfigurement.

SHIPPING SWINE IN SUMMER

Proper Care Should Be Taken Not to Load Too Heavily-Most Common Cause of Loss.

When shipping hogs in warm weather care should be taken not to load too heavily. Too heavy loading is one of the most common causes of loss in shipments of hogs.

Reasons For the Third Red Cross Roll Call

Fund Campaign and the Roll Call.

The Red Cross will hold every membership fee of One Dollar.

may be summarized briefly as fol-

Cross is not yet Fully Performed.

vice through their Red Cross.

In certain portions of the Old and happiness World the American Red Cross still feeds and clothes the undernourished | World Red Cross Movement, and ragged babies, cares for the aged and the infirm, and assists the of all nations has been formed, people of these disease-ridden, fam- through the inspiration of the Red ine-stricken, war-rayaged countries Cross achievement of the United to organize their own resources. States. This League has no executive Since the signing of the Armistice, power whatever over the Red Cross this work has steadily declined, but of any nation, but will extend into it is not by any means fully com- every nation the benefts of a na-

Rellef Agent of the American Peo- problems of health and child welfare

which the Red Cross met the emer- part of the earth's surface. Through gency needs in Corpus Christi and these organizations many nations" vicinity gave a striking illustration will meet their own problems which of the value of nationwide Red Cross would otherwise be appealing to organization, and furnished convinc- America for relief and assistance, ing proof that we cannot afford to go | The United States, whose people have back to the pre-war basis when all shown the world how thus to rise Red Cross disaster relief was ad- out of dispair into hope, must keep ministered from Washington, D. C. the Red Cross banner floating high, In case of disaster, whether it be a The success or failure of this great small one due to forest fire in the world movement of practical ideal-Northwest or great Mississippi Valley ism will depend largely upon the Either caustic sods or caustic pot- flood, the first effective relief will manner in which the American peohereafter come from nearby commu- ple answer the THIRD RED CROSS ulties. working through their Red ROLL CALL. Cross Chapters which are part of the disaster relief machinery established by Congress in 1905.

3. In case of Epidemic Local Red

During the epidemic of influenza formula is given: Combine in an last winter many thousands of lives this winter and against a danger of Cross service thus rendered.

and Co-operation.

and the necessary adjustments that must be made by the nation as a influenza masks. whole to meet these conditions, the Red Cross is confronted with new by the war.

In addition to carrying on the already established system of national international relief in mitigating the the fire, and the kerosene added grad- suffering caused by famine, fire, ually, while the mixture is vigorously floods and great national calamities there is a stronger popular demand for the fied Cross to co-operate with all recognized agencies, both public and private, in the conservation of human health and happiness,

> In general the scope of the service of the Red Cross, in addition to the regular disaster function and cooperation with the military and naval forces will be directed to assisting, stimulating and supplementing all legitimate movements for the preservation, promotion and improvement of the public health and for applying and extending the principles of true neighborliness.

This means a great national program which will find expression in many communities in such activities bers. Alaska has 13,562; idaho, 103, as public health nursing, educational 055; Oregon, 243,614; Washington, classes in home nursing, dietetics 399,637. and first aid, extended home service. eo-operation of school children through Junior Membership, and MISSING CHILD IS

other activities later to be authorized. The American Red Cross is still an emergency organization. It must be realized that there is such a thing as a continuing disaster; thousands of 820 Newport, that Ruth Gedney, of babies under one year of age die her 12 year old daughter who disunnecessarily in the United States appeared Wednesday morning, might every year; thousands of mothers die have come to harm, were allayed

During the War the Red Cross held still possible for an epidemic like inwo campaigns each year, the War fluenza to take a toll within a compass of a few weeks five times There will be no more War Fund greater than the losses of our na-Campaigns unless there is another tion in a year and a half of war; hundreds of thousands of people in the prime of life die in the United year a RED CROSS ROLL CALL, States every year from wholly preat which time the American people ventable diseases. This is nothing will indicate their belief in the ideals short of a disaster which is a continuof the American Red Cross and their ing one and will be permanent unless support of its work by enrolling as the people co-operate with one anoannual members at the nominal ther to use the knowledge and wealth already in existence to bring The outstanding reasons why the nation into a better day. Many every patriotic and public spirited agencies are already at work on American citizen will wish to join these problems. The Red Cross will the American Red Cross during the not supplant or compete with the ef-THIRD RED CROSS ROLL CALL forts of any established and effective agency, public or private. But the Red Cross, through its millions of 1. The War Task of the Red members comprising every element in every community, many of them. To men still in service, and to themselves, the victims of the foes their families at home, to discharged that cut short human life and rob it soldiers not yet fully adjusted to the of its sweetness, can serve nation routine of civilian life, to boys suf- and community as can no other fering or convalescing in Military or agency in supplementing, reinforcing Naval Hospitals, the American peo- and supporting well directed efforts ple still give cheer, comfort and ser- for the conservation of the most precious things in the world, human life

5. America has set the Pace in a

The League of Red Cross Societies tional, voluntary Red Cross Society 2. The Red Cross is the Disaster on the American model, to deal with and to cope with the relief problems The speed and efficiency with that are so pressing over so great a

RED CROSS GIRLS FEED THOUSANDS OF DOUCHBOYS

Since the armistice, twenty-five canteens, operated by Red Cross Chap- from Bend. In the Tumulo section, days, ecming to school only at raters in Idaho, Oregon, and Washings tional co-operation in every commu- teens was accepted nine hundred then-Against sand times, often by men who would epidemic in the future, a continued allow that these men, through the universal membership in the Red 497 gallons of feed drinks; used 6,662 bars of soap, and 37,713 paper towels; 4. Red Cross Peace Program ate 57,491 checolate bars, 16,629 Merits Universal Support, Sympathy pounds of candy, 14,754 dozen cookies. 74,913 dozen doughnuts, 9,488 dozen Owing to the changed social and not rolls; wrote 436,400 post cards economic condition following the war furnished and stamped by the Red Cross; and to their own discomfort during a certain period, wore 12,250 All this, to say nothing of 22,956 full meals.

During this time 1847 sick men were responsibilities which must be dis- nided by the canteen, seventy-nine of charged with the same energy and ef- them being removed from trains as fectiveness as were those occasioned too sick to travel, and receiving immediate hospital attention.

Canteen work is nearly over, but the Red Cross still has vitally important work to do. Every membership in the Third Red Cross Roll Call will be a vote of confidence in the American Red Cross.

"It's a Long Way to Tipperary," but the Red Cross is there.



At the present time in the Northwestern Division alone-comprising Alaska, Idaho, Oregon and Washington-there are 759,868 Red Cross mem-

LOCATED AT RANCH

Fears of Mrs. Charles La Rocque, unnecessarily in child-birth; it is shortly before noon Thursday, the

The Golden Rule

Make this store your headquarters for good, warm Clothing at reasonable prices.

Now is the time to lay in a supply while you have your choice from a big stock

We Have a Few Specials for Next Week:

| Cardigan Jackets, blue and grey \$2. | 65 |
|---|-----|
| Roll Neck Sweater Coats, grey only \$2. | 35 |
| Heavy wool Shirts, in all colors; prices \$2.75, \$2.95, \$3.45, \$4.50, \$5.00 and \$7.5 | |
| Logger Shirts, all wool, with double back and shoulders, ra proof \$10. | 200 |
| Logger Shirts, heavy wool, single back \$8.5 | 95 |
| Wool mixed Underwear, all wool, prices from \$2.95 to \$10.0 | 00 |
| Wool mixed Underwear to all wool, prices from \$2.95 to \$10.0 | 00 |
| Heavy fleece lined Underwear \$2.45 and \$2.5 | 95 |
| Wool Hose 45c, 50c, 65c, 75c, 95c, \$1.25, \$1. | 75 |
| Canvas Gloves 15c, 20c, 2 | 5c |
| Leather faced 4 | 5c |
| Quilts \$3.25, \$3.75, \$4.50, \$4.5 | 95 |
| Blankets \$4.95 to \$10.4 | 15 |
| Our Shoe Dept. is complete in Work and Dress Shoes. Price from \$3.45 to \$13.5 | |

Rubbers for Men and Boys

Personal Service and Courteous Treatment

of J. N. B. Gerking nine miles absent from classes for several ber war on foot,

The little girl was backward in cess. ton have dispensed 23,379 gallons of her studies, her mother said, and | Mr. and Mrs. La Rocque spent the coffee, and 224,236 dozen sandwiches, started for school Wednesday mora- better part of the night searching agre of hand would fill more than 600 because the Red Cross was fully to soldiers, sailers, and marines en ing only after being threatened for her, with no results, but this harrels of 45 gallons each. organized for local service and na- route. The hospitality of these can with punishment. When she failed morning it was reported to the purto roturn. Wednesday, inquiry ers lies that the child was at the flor-

An inch of rain descending on an

Put it in The Bulletin.

Every Farmer Knew the scores of answers The Bulletin receives to

WANT ADS

every week, every farmer would make use of Classified Want Ads---

> TO BUY TO SELL TO LEASE TO TRADE TO GET HELP TO LOCATE ESTRAYS TO FIND LOST ARTICLES

A 40c, want advertisement recently helped to turn a \$5,000 land deal.

Use The Bulletin Want Ads.