

THE COUNTY FAIR

By Peter Radford
Lecturer National Farmers' Union

The farmer gets more out of the fair than anyone else. The fair to a city man is an entertainment; to a farmer it is education. Let us take a stroll through the fair grounds and linger a moment at a few of the points of greatest interest. We will first visit the mechanical department and hold communion with the world's greatest thinkers.

You are now attending a congress of the mental giants in mechanical science of all ages. They are addressing you in tongues of iron and steel and in language mute and powerful tell an eloquent story of the world's progress. The inventive geniuses are the most valuable farm hands we have and they perform an enduring service to mankind. We can all help others for a brief period while we live, but it takes a master mind to tower into the realm of science and light a torch of progress that will illuminate the pathway of civilization for future generations. The men who gave us the sickle, the binder, the cotton gin and hundreds of other valuable inventions work in every field on earth and will continue their labors as long as time. Their bright intellects have conquered death and they will live and serve mankind on and on forever, without money and without price. They have shown us how grand and noble it is to work for others; they have also taught us lessons in economy and efficiency, how to make one hour do the work of two or more; have lengthened our lives, multiplied our opportunities and taken toll off the back of humanity.

They are the most practical men the world ever produced. Their inventions have stood the acid test of utility and efficiency. Like all useful men, they do not seek publicity, yet millions of machines sing their praises from every harvest field on earth and as many plows turn the soil in mute applause of their marvelous achievements.

FARMER RADFORD ON WOMAN SUFFRAGE

The home is the greatest contribution of women to the world, and the hearthstone is her throne. Our social structure is built around her, and social righteousness is in her charge. Her beautiful life lights the skies of hope and her refinement is the charm of twentieth century civilization. Her graces and her power are the cumulative products of generations of queenly conquest, and her crown of exalted womanhood is jeweled with the wisdom of saintly mothers. She has been a great factor in the glory of our country, and her noble achievements should not be marred or her hallowed influence blighted by the coarser duties of citizenship. American chivalry should never permit her to bear the burdens of defending and maintaining government, but should preserve her unsullied from the allied influences of politics, and protect her from the weighty responsibilities of the sordid affairs of life that will crush her ideals and lower her standards. The motherhood of the farm is our inspiration, she is the guardian of our domestic welfare and a guide to a higher life, but directing the affairs of government is not within woman's sphere, and political gossip would cause her to neglect the home, forget to mend our clothes and burn the biscuits.

RURAL SOCIAL CENTERS

We need social centers where our young people can be entertained, amused and instructed under the direction of cultured, clean and competent leadership, where aesthetic surroundings stir the love for the beautiful, where art charges the atmosphere with inspiration and power, and innocent amusements instruct and brighten their lives.

To hold our young people on the farm we must make farm life more attractive as well as the business of farming more remunerative. The school house should be the social unit, properly equipped for nourishing and building character, so that the lives of our people can properly function around it and become supplied with the necessary elements of human thought and activity.

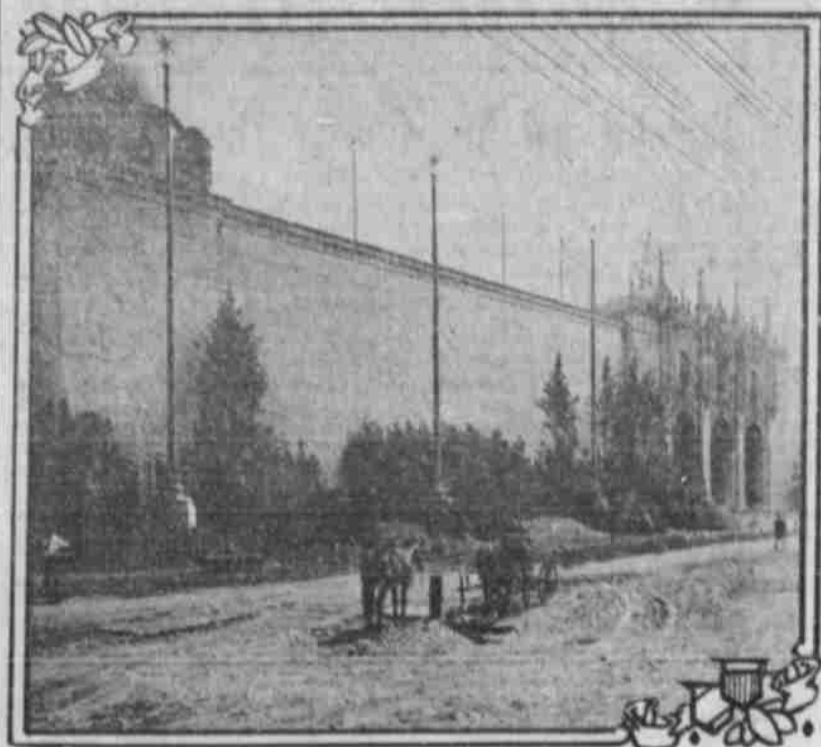
Education is a developing of the mind, not a stuffing of the memory. Digest what you read.

Old men have visions, young men have dreams. Successful farmers plow deep while sluggards sleep.

The growing of legumes will retard soil depletion and greatly add to its power to produce.



World's Greatest Agricultural Display to Be Made In Vast Palace of Agriculture at Panama-Pacific Exposition, San Francisco, 1915



THE accompanying photograph was taken of the Palace of Agriculture before the Esplanade was given the asphalt pavement which it now has. This facade of the Palace of Agriculture looks out upon the Marina and the waters of San Francisco Bay.

The outside height of this building is ninety-six feet. It is 579 by 630 feet and was erected at a cost of \$425,610. The opening at the left opens on the Court of the Universe, which is to be one of the architectural wonders of the entire Exposition.

The portals shown at the right are beautifully wrought and rich in color. The central niche is occupied by a sculptured figure of the Conquistadora. On either side of this in slightly lower niches are figures of the Miners, which stand eleven feet high.

The wall surface is of imitation Travertine and present a pinkish ochre tint. At the eaves other tones are used, and the dome shown here is of orange, while the base of the dome bears a blending of pinks, copper green and blue.

This palace is directly opposite the yacht harbor, which is to be the scene of thrilling events in 1915.

Portal In South Wall of Palace of Education, Panama-Pacific Exposition, San Francisco, 1915



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THE doorway shown is one of the lesser portals of this palace and overlooks the South Gardens and the southern end of the Fine Arts Lagoon. In influence the portal is early Italian Renaissance. The twisted fluted Roman columns have been given an eastern flavor by the application of contrasting colors in alternation, applied under the direction of Jules Guerin, director of color of the Exposition. The portal is over thirty feet in height. The outer wall of the palace is sixty-five feet high.

RIDING FOR HORSES.

Riding for horses began at the Millican ranch on Friday. Three outfits are engaged in the work, George Millican's, Bill Brown's and Charles Huston's. They are riding the Low Desert and expect to be busy about a week.

SIGNS FOR SALE.

"For Rent," "For Sale," "Rooms to Let," "Housekeeping Rooms," "No Admittance," "No Smoking," etc., etc., Placards printed in large type on heavy Bristol board, 15 cents each, less in quantities. Bulletin Office, 12th

A Subscription Opportunity

The Crook County Journal OF PRINEVILLE, AND The Bend Bulletin TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS FOR

\$2.00

or little more than the price of one paper alone. The Journal prints all the county tax matters. The Bulletin gives you the development news of the west side of the county. Two dollars will do the work of three if you SUBSCRIBE NOW.

STARCH FACTORY PLANS

Promoters of Company to Visit Bend Next Week.

The possibility of putting in a potato starch factory at one of the railroad towns in Jefferson or Crook county has been receiving considerable attention in the past few weeks and recently it has been reported that capitalists have been studying the prospects in Culver and Redmond. At each place, it is understood, some difficulty has been encountered and they now plan to investigate conditions in Bend. According to the latest reports the men who are working on the subject will arrive here on some day next week to go over the situation.

Manager Foley of the Bend Water Light & Power Co., has been in communication with them today and has learned that they will visit Bend before making definite arrangements.

REDMOND FINANCES.

According to message submitted to the Redmond city council by Mayor Hoch the present indebtedness of the city is approximately \$50,000, or 20 per cent of its assessed valuation. It also has outstanding warrants in the water and general funds amounting to \$9,058.17. The limit of warrant indebtedness allowed by the Redmond charter is \$10,000.

Use True Blue Flour! It is the best made and a Bend product.—Adv. 37 ff

RABBIT DRIVE.

There will be a rabbit drive on Sunday, February 21, at the 51 mile post on the Bend-Burns road. No guns allowed.—Adv.

Try True Blue flour. Ask your grocer for it.—Adv. 36 ff.

APPROPRIATION TURNED DOWN

(Continued from page 1.)

gest tax payers in the state. Bend and Laidlaw were the only Central Oregon towns represented at the hearing. From the Bend Commercial Club came Manager H. H. De Armond, A. O. Walker, and E. M. Lara and from Laidlaw J. N. B. Gerking and W. D. Barnes. O. Laurgaard worked hard for the measure.

The hearing before the Ways and Means Committees of the House and Senate in joint session was held on Wednesday evening. Speeches were made by Portland delegates and by the Central Oregon men, J. N. Teal, who fought for the plan at the irrigation congress, taking the lead. The "economy" argument was brought into the discussion by one of the committee who spoke of the increase in the taxes in Multnomah county in the past few years. Mr. Teal replied that

Multnomah had increased its taxes with its eyes open and called attention to the representative tax payers from that county present who favored the appropriation.

The Committee Report.

The unfavorable report from the committee was presented in the House on Friday morning with a minority report signed by Smith of Multnomah and Smith of Klamath. A motion to substitute the minority report was lost promptly and the speaker then put the question of postponement.

Representative Hinkle, chairman of the irrigation committee and the leader of the irrigation forces in the House, demanded a roll call. He then proceeded to argue in favor of the appropriation. He declared it also economy for the state to refrain from appropriating this money and prevent development of the arid acres of the state. He was supported by Lewis and Davey, who spoke in similar vein. The discussion began in the morning, was resumed at the afternoon session and continued until 3 o'clock, delaying action on the prohibition bill.

Strong opposition came from Representative Stewart, Clark and Hare, who pleaded for economy. Clarke's speech bore a touch of the dramatic when he depicted the plight of the Eastern Oregon farmer bearing the burden of taxation and so poor that he is unable to sow his acres to wheat.

In his closing argument Representative Hinkle painted a dreary picture of the future Oregon home if the people of the state continued to neglect their native resources. Failing to promote the cause of irrigation, he said, is but one step in this programme of neglect.

On the roll call 47 votes were registered against the measure to 13 for it and accordingly it was indefinitely postponed.

DRY LAKE SETTLER

(Continued from page 1.)

prevalence of mad dogs and coyotes in the vicinity of Dry Lake.

"It is reported that a dog bitten by a mad coyote bit his owner, who was out with the dog after cows. The dog bit the boy several times. Later the dog went into town and bit 12 persons. The boy is already dead and doubtless other deaths will follow. It is an every-day occurrence for stock to be bitten in this section and many have died; and the infection seems to be on the increase. In fact, it is no longer safe to travel without a gun, and even then, if you wish to visit a neighbor who has dogs, you are taking a great risk. The writer himself has narrowly escaped being bitten by dogs, several times, since people seem to have no inclination to keep their dogs muzzled."

The legislature has passed a bill, with an emergency clause, at the request of the Governor, increasing the bounty on coyotes to \$2.00 for this year.

TO EXTEND LINE

(Continued from page 1.)

Timber operators and the railroad of Bend see mutual advantage in the development of the pine lumber industry. It is said no difficulty has been encountered in negotiations for extending rail transportation facilities to penetrate well into the first unit of Hubbard area.

Among the plans of the timber operators is said to be the erection of a modern sawmill and planing mill of large capacity at Bend, where electric power is available from plants on the Deschutes river.

The proposed extension of the railroad south from Bend, as located a few years ago, will be a step in the lumbering project of both the Harriman and Hill systems to push on the former to a connection with the east and west line now building through Central Oregon and with the Klamath Falls-Natron cut-off of the Southern Pacific, and the Hill line to a connection with the Western Pacific in Northern California. Completion of the railroad southward would afford outlet by direct lines to Inter-mountain, Eastern and California lumber markets.

Not only is the Shevlin-Hixon syndicate preparing to manufacture lumber and place it on the market but the Bend Timber Company is also planning to utilize the pine timber of the Deschutes country. Both of these interests are rated high in the commercial world, the former having timber tracts and lumber mills in Minnesota, Montana and Canada and the latter having in addition retail yards in the Dakotas, Montana and Saskatchewan.

Croup and Whooping Cough.

Mrs. J. Neureur, Eau Claire, Wis., says: "Foley's Honey and Tar Compound cured my boy of a very severe attack of croup after other remedies had failed. Our milkman cured his children of whooping cough." Foley's has a forty year record of similar cases. Contains no opiates. Always insist on Foley's. Patterson Drug Co.—Adv.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon, February 8, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that Ed Ferguson, of Laidlaw, Oregon, who, on January 16, 1913, made Homestead Entry, No. 911186, for N¹/₂ SEC. 11, Township 17 South, Range 11 East, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before H. C. Ellis, U. S. Commissioner at Bend, Oregon, on the 5th day of April, 1915.

Claimant names as witnesses: Emil Anderson, Bend, Oregon; Fred Anderson, Bend, Oregon; Fred N. Wallace, Laidlaw, Oregon; Myron S. Bullard, Laidlaw, Oregon.

H. FRANK WOODCOCK, Register.

49-52 c.



The Bend Company

LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATH
FIR AND MAPLE FLOORING

MILL WOOD \$2.50 Per Load DELIVERED

TOWN LOTS AND ACREAGE