

TAX SAVING DUE ON HIGH SCHOOL

DIVISION MEANS LOWER LEVY

Present Two Mill Tax Paid to Prineville Would Be Eliminated and Children Could Attend Their Home That Was Nearer Their Home

While there is no desire to discredit the Crook County High School as an institution, yet its situation as a burden to the taxpayers of the proposed Deschutes county is so evident as to require renewed comment.

Outside of the towns of Redmond and Bend every property owner in Deschutes county pays a two mill tax toward the support of the Prineville high school.

There can be no high school in Deschutes county until the majority of the people vote one. And there is no need of one, because the children of Deschutes county are welcome to use the Bend high school, without cost.

In other words, the formation of Deschutes county means a saving to tax payers of a two mill levy. It means the use of as good a school as the present high school, for nothing.

Here is what the Culver Tribune has to say on this head: "Too Far From School."

"In one of the county division meetings endeavor was made to show that the present high school at Prineville was the best for the present needs. The county school superintendent, who is, by the way, not in favor of county division, says that he finds dozens of boys and girls over the county who are anxious to go to high school but are unable to under present conditions. That just shows the situation. Dozens of boys and girls would be able to attend a high school close to home and as a matter of fact, in these times the expense of going to and from school is great. This same thing is true in all the operations of the count. Here we have a county, an empire in extent, with railroads extending the most of the way through it, yet in county affairs of all descriptions, all of the people are compelled to patronize a town many miles off the railroad. The people favoring division are doing so not because they dislike Prineville, but because they feel that they feel that they have passed the cow country era."

A. J. KROENERT IN CHARGE

Flour Mill Changes Hands—Preparations Made for Large Business.

Through a foreclosure of mortgage A. J. Kroenert of Portland has taken possession of the Bend Milling & Warehouse Company's flour mill, formerly conducted by C. I. Rozell. Hereafter the institution will be known as the Bend Flour Mill Co., and Mr. Kroenert will conduct its affairs.

The change means not only new blood but also new capital in the business, and a thorough overhauling of the plant is now under way. As a result, says Mr. Kroenert, the mill will be an first class in all particular as any on the Coast. Operation was resumed today and after this a large stock of flour will always be on hand. During the last week 10,000 bushels of wheat and five cars of barley have been bought, and a considerable stock of bran, shorts, oats, etc., is on hand. The company will, says Mr. Kroenert, not only always keep a large stock ready to serve the interior and local trade, but also will be ready to pay cash for grain.

Just arrived, nice line of candles, nuts, etc. You will appreciate our warm bath rooms in the cold weather. The same trio of barbers is at your service. The Metropolitan, Adv.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon, September 21, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Frank Massengale, of Bend, Oregon, who, on May 17th, 1911, made Homestead Entry No. 08948, for S 1/4 SW 1/4, Section 2, SE 1/4 NE 1/4, Section 3, N 1/4 NE 1/4, N 1/2 NW 1/4 Section 10, NW 1/4 NW 1/4 Section 11, Township 43 South, Range 14 East, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before H. C. Ellis, U. S. Commissioner, at Bend, Oregon, on the 6th day of November, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses: George H. Wendorf, Austin C. Barber, Charles Korakis, James B. Miner, all of Bend, Oregon. H. FRANK WOODCOCK, Register.

HOOD RIVER DRUG STORES FIND "BUSINESS IS FINE"

Grand Jury in Dry Town Says Too Much Liquor Sold—Raps Doctors.

Hood River is one of the "dry" towns that the Committee of One Hundred hasn't said anything about. But "business is fine" there too, especially in the drug stores. The October grand jury spent some days looking into the matter, and reported on it. In fact about all the grand jury did was to probe the liquor situation in "dry" Hood River, thus spending the taxpayers' money to discover if prohibition prohibited.

This is what they found out, as set forth in their formal report to the Circuit Court on October 6, 1914: "Nearly all of the time of the grand jury has been taken up with consideration of alleged violations of the local option law within this jurisdiction. We have received the report of the sheriff of the county as to the quantity of intoxicating liquor shipped into this county during the last three months. By this report it appears that a large amount of liquor has been shipped to private individuals during the period, and presumably procured and used legally. It further appears that the quantity received by the drug stores during the period was considerably more than during the preceding three months, and too large to be disposed of in accordance with the section of the local option law regulating the writing of prescriptions by physicians, and in this connection we call the attention of physicians of Hood River County to Section 4921 of Lord's Oregon Laws.

"We recommend that the physicians confine themselves more closely to the letter of this section of the local option law." The report is signed by Joseph Frazier, Jr., as foreman.

LIQUOR BUSINESS FINE SINCE EUGENE IS "DRY"

Southern Pacific Shipments Indicate How Normal Demand is Still Met.

EUGENE.—The Committee of One Hundred, together with other prohibition organizations, boasts that Eugene, the seat of the University of Oregon, is one of their "model" dry towns. And they say "business is fine" there. Investigation proves that is the university city at least one form of business is good—the mail order liquor business.

From January 1 to October 1 this year, the Southern Pacific alone has shipped into dry Eugene from outside points:

- 1,342 barrels of beer, 85 cases of liquor, 69 kegs of liquor, 21 barrels of liquor.

This is enough liquor to stock one busy saloon for a year. Doubtless similar amounts have been sent in by the Oregon Electric Railway, and by the several express companies operating within the city. The records do not show the amounts in each keg, case or barrel, but the figures in any event indicate that there has been a vast amount of liquor consumed in "dry" Eugene from which the city has received no license receipts at all.

The Committee of One Hundred says "business is fine in dry towns" but it has failed to specify the kind of business. Official records at Eugene, the home of the state university, when hundreds of young men and women go from all parts of the state, speak for themselves.

Eugene Matron Finds Liquor.

EUGENE.—Though one of the policemen had failed to find liquor upon the person of a drunk picked up on the streets here, Mrs. J. B. Cox, police matron, succeeded in discovering three quarts of whisky concealed in the prisoner's clothes, and confiscated the liquor.

Albany Bootlegger Guilty.

ALBANY.—A. J. Miller, charged with violating the local option laws, has been convicted of "bootlegging" by a jury in Judge Kelly's court. Evidence against the prisoner was strong, and the jury reached a verdict with but little delay.

Albany Has Twelve Cases.

ALBANY.—Thomas Irving Terrill, a local restaurant man, has been fined \$200 for selling beer in his place of business in violation of the local option statutes. His trial is the first of twelve to follow a dozen indictments handed down by the September grand jury, each one relating to liquor law violations in Linn county.

(Paid Advertisement, Taxpayers & Wage Earners' League of Oregon, Portland, Oregon.)

Fresh oysters any style at the Cozy Restaurant.—Adv. 31-34p.

FOR SUMMER
Wear get a pair of **WORLD'S WORK SHOES.**
Sold by **R. H. LOVEN**
the Shoe Repair Man.
Bond street, Bend, Ore

MANY NATIONAL CANDIDATES UP

35 SENATORS AND 432 REPRESENTATIVES

New York World's Forecast is For Democratic Gain in Senate and Loss in House—Wilson's Popularity is Prevailing Factor.

While the national election is not as picturesquely interesting as in a presidential year, the results next Tuesday are extremely important. Thirty-two senators out of 96 are to be chosen by popular vote, and 435 members of the House are to be elected, and five vacancies, caused by resignations, are to be filled for the short term.

The New York World has issued a forecast of the election, whose most important conclusions are as follows: "The Republicans will score gains in the Lower House, though the Democrats are sure to control it by a majority in excess of 15, and which is likely to reach 40."

2. In the Senate there will probably be 54 or 55 Democrats and 41

or 42 Republicans, as against 51 Democrats and 45 Republicans at present.

3. The 64th session of the House of Representatives will contain at least 226 Democrats, 179 Republicans and 11 Progressives, with 19 districts doubtful. In the present Congress there are 290 Democrats, 127 Republicans and 15 Progressives.

The forecast, then, shows Democratic gains in the Senate and loss in the lower house, and in no wise the landslide predicted by standpat G. O. P. papers a short time ago. The World says: "It is apparent that the chief factor in preventing complete reversal of the political control of the lower house, looked for in an 'off year,' is the popularity of President Wilson."

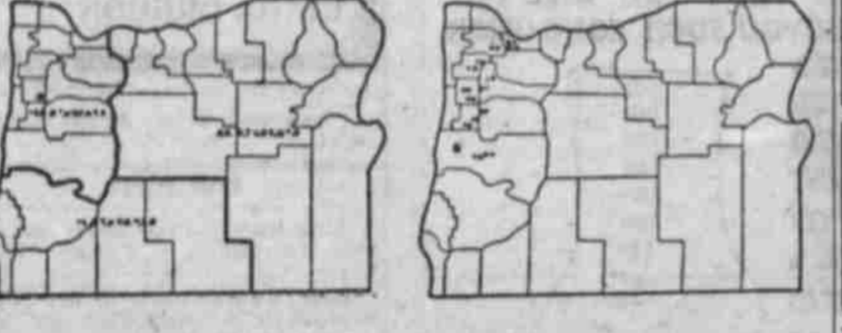
CITATION.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR CROOK COUNTY.

In the matter of the estate of John W. White, deceased. To Estella White and John Francis White, the known heirs of John W. White, deceased and to all the unknown heirs, if any, of John W. White, deceased, greeting: In the name of the State of Oregon: You and each of you are hereby cited and summoned to appear on Monday the 7th day of December, 1914, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the County Court room in Prineville, Oregon and then there show cause if any thereby why an order for the sale of S 1/4 NW 1/4, Section 5, T. 26 S., R. 12 E. W. M.; Lot 4, Section 2, Lot 1 and S 1/4 NE 1/4 Section 3, T. 21 S., R. 10 E. W. M., and SW 1/4 SW 1/4, Section 35, T. 20 S., R. 10 E. W. M.; SE 1/4 NW 1/4, NE 1/4 SW 1/4, Section 34, T. 17 S., R. 12 E. W. M.; W 1/4 SE 1/4, SE 1/4 SW 1/4 Section 3, NW 1/4 NE 1/4, Section

Be Fair To All OREGON

NOT ONE OF SOUTHERN OREGON'S COUNTIES HAS AN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION TO WHICH THE STATE CONTRIBUTES A DOLLAR OF SUPPORT



The heavy lines divide the state into three natural, geographic subdivisions. Our one normal school is indicated by dot. It is doing excellent work, but—its sphere of service is LIMITED TO ITS OWN SECTION; a fact that is equally true in every other state.

A COMPARISON

California has eight Normal Schools and eighty five percent of the teachers now employed in that state have had normal school training. Oregon has one Normal School, Eighty percent of last year's applicants for teachers' certificates had no training above the eighth grade.

ARE YOU RAISING CHILDREN FOR EXPERIMENTAL PURPOSES?

A noted oculist was once complimented on his wonderful skill. "Yes," he answered, "but I spoiled a hatful of eyes learning." Rather hard on the people who furnished the eyes! Yes, but how about the children all over Oregon that we furnish for untrained teachers to practice on? Moral: Let Oregon's schools have trained teachers by furnishing the normal schools wherein such training can be obtained.

HOW ABOUT THE NEWCOMERS?

Oregon wants more settlers. Will the man who says, "Give me the state that is alive and abreast with other states, especially along lines of public school advantages," choose Oregon with one normal or California with eight or Washington with three, all better equipped than our one? ECONOMY. Oregon spends over \$5,000,000 annually on its common schools. Why should this vast sum of taxpayers' money be uneconomically spent through teachers who have not been trained for their all-important work?

The Southern Oregon Normal School has a plant, owned by the state, sufficient to meet all requirements for many years.

"It is a fact well supported by experience that the majority of the students in any educational institution come from a territory included within a circle with the institution as the center and a radius of fifty miles. It is therefore imperative that each important division of the state should have a strong normal school."—William M. Proctor, Department of Education, Pacific University, Forest Grove, Ore.

"No school comes so near to the people and confers the immediate benefits that the normal schools do, for they train the teachers who train our children, during their impressionable years. Good schools are only possible by having trained teachers, and we can only have trained teachers by training them."—C. E. Spence, Master State Grange.

"There could be no greater extravagance than that of spending large sums of money on public schools which are kept by incompetent teachers. Not only is money wasted, but the injury done to the raw material is incalculable."—P. L. Campbell, Pres. U. of O.

"No more meritorious measure will be on the ballot than the one for the support of the Southern Oregon Normal School at Ashland. It is the height of business folly to allow it to lie idle when there is so much urgent need for trained teachers."—Dean A. B. Cordley, O. A. C.

To the man with property assessed at \$4,000 this school means the price of one cigar a year

VOTE FOR THE SOUTHERN OREGON STATE NORMAL SCHOOL — 312 X YES

Paid Adv., Alumni Assn. S. O. S. N. S.

10, T. 21 S., R. 10 E. W. M., should not be made to L. D. West as Administrator of said estate, as prayed for in the petition of said administrator filed herein.

WITNESS, the Honorable G. Springer, Judge of the County Court of Oregon for the County of Crook, with the seal of said Court affixed this 24th day of October, 1914. Attest: Warren Brown, County Clerk. 34-37 c.

Stop Those Early Bronchial Coughs.

They hang on all winter if not checked, and pave the way for serious throat and lung diseases. Get a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, and take it freely. Stop coughs and colds, heal raw inflamed throats, loosen the phlegm and is mildly laxative. Best for children and grown persons. No opiates. Patterson Drug Co.—Adv.

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

ROBERT B. GOULD
Civil Engineer
Bend Oregon

H. H. De ARMOND
LAWYER
Oregon Street, Bend, Oregon

ROBERT W. SAWYER
NOTARY PUBLIC
Bulletin Office, Bend, Oregon

H. C. ELLIS
Attorney-at-Law
United States Commissioner
First National Bank Building
BEND, OREGON

J. B. Bell **A. W. Sims**
CROOK COUNTY ABSTRACT COMPANY
(Incorporated)
Successors to The J. H. Haner Abstract Co., Prineville, Ore.
Abstracts Insurance

DR. J. H. CONNARN
DENTIST
Office in Sather Building.
Hours 9 to 12, 1 to 5.
Sundays and evenings by Appointment.

W. W. FAULKNER, D. M. D.
DENTIST
Office Over Postoffice
Bend, Oregon

C. F. NISWONGER, Bend, Ore.
UNDERTAKER
Licensed Embalmer, Funeral Director.
Phone. Lady Assistant.

WILLARD H. WIRTZ
LAWYER
Prineville, Oregon.

Fraternal Societies

I. O. O. F.
Bend Lodge No. 218.
Regular meeting every Monday night at 8 o'clock in Sather's Hall. Visiting brothers cordially welcome.
BERT SHUEY, N. G.
GEO. P. GOVE, Secretary.

C. J. BENSON
Attorney At Law
Benson Building, Wall Street
Bend, Oregon.

ROYAL NEIGHBORS OF AMERICA.
Banner Camp No. 6931.
Regular meetings second and fourth Tuesdays, Sather's Hall.
MRS. J. H. CONNARN, Oracle.
MRS. A. ORCUTT Recorder.

VERNON A. FORBES
LAWYER
First National Bank Building
Bend, Oregon

SIGNS FOR SALE.
"For Rent," "For Sale," "Rooms to Let," "Housekeeping Rooms," "No Admittance," "No Smoking," etc., etc. Placards printed in large type on heavy Bristol board, 15 cents each, less in quantities. Bulletin Office. 121f

GEORGES YOUNG
Civil and Irrigation Engineer.
City Engineer of Bend.
Room 5 First National Bank Building

THE UNITED WAREHOUSE COMPANY

Storage and Forwarding
General Commission Merchants

WE HANDLE OIL, GASOLINE, SUGAR, FLOUR, SALT, HIDES

FRESH and SALT MEATS
HAMS, BACON AND LARD

The United Warehouse Co.
A. M. Pringle, Mgr. Bend, Oregon

O'DONNELL BROTHERS
UNION MARKET